TAKE The Press
IT Will Inform You.

Pike County Press.

TRY A Press Ad.
IT Will Pay You.

VOL. 3. MILFORD, PIKE COUNTY, PA., FRIDAY, JULY 22, 1898. NO. 38.

BRIEF MENTION.

Pillsbury's vitos at Mitchell's.

There will be preaching at the Qaicktown School house on Sunday, July 24, at 3 o'clock

Services may be expected at the Sawkill School house, Sunday July 24, at 2:30 p. m., the weather permitting.

Ammi Brown, a former visitor at Milford, is now with Grimes 24 U.S. artillery and greatly distinguished himself at El Caney.

Jas. W. Correll, of Easton, was last week appointed by Governor Hastings a member of the State Board of Fish Commissioners.

The employment of young women on electric cars at Chillicothe, Ohio, has been followed by an increase of 30 per cent in receipts.

The State's second quota of troops under the call of the President has been mustered in, without costing the State a cent. The number is 6,400.

Theodore H. Eberling, of N. Y., a boy of 15, who was boarding with Walter Vottelein in Paupac, was drowned in the river there last Sunday while bathing.

Lightning during the storm of Tuesday damaged several phones in town and many in P. J. It struck the Hudson River Co's. wire at Normanock cutting it clean off

The corner stone of the new capitol building at Harrisburg will be laid Aug. 10, and Col. A. K. McClure, editor of the Philadelphia Times, will deliver the address.

Congressman Ermentrout, of the Berks-Lehigh District, made a strong speech in favor of the Annexation of Hawaii, refusing to follow the Leadership of Bailey, of Texas.

Some Carbon County papers are asserting that Laird H. Barber's chances for the Democratic nomination for Congress are brightening. How about the chances for election?

Miss Louisa Stoll, of N. Y., will give, under the auspices of Y. P. S. C. E. a recital of humorous and pathetic stories from popular authors in the Presbyterian Church, Monday evening, July 25, at 8 o'clock.

The mid-Summer meeting of the Minisink Valley Historical Society takes place to-day at Caudebeck Park. Addresses will be made by Rev. Dr. D. F. Bonner, of Florida, N. Y. and Geo H. Decker, of Middletown, N. Y.

Are the people minding the difference between the way the stuffed prophet Cleveland and his administration sold bonds and the way President McKinley has sold the late issue. There is an object lesson for them in it.

Wallace Bensley's barn in Lehman was struck by lightning during the storm Tuesday and with its contents—hay, grain, etc., and a team of horses, completely burned. The building was insured, but not in an amount sufficient to cover the loss.

We were mistaken last week in assuming there would be but one Democratic candidate for Congress from this county. To make things more interesting, Hon. Joseph J. Hart has announced his willingness to serve the dear people again in the capacity of Member from the Eighth. Mr. Mutchler, of Easton, will be suffused with grins when he hears the news.

If our neighbor in reprinting extracts from the Report of the State Commissioners of Fisheries for 1897 would avoid perpetuating the numerous errors with which that work abounds it would be doing a good service to the cause of accuracy in names and other matters. For instance two ponds owned by the Forest Lake Association are correctly called Little and Big Corilla, not Gorilla.

M., M. & N. Y. R. R.

Not much progress has been made in grading for the past two weeks. The Italians with the exception of a few engagen in laying a little track in Matamoras have been idle. Bridge work has progressed and probably within ten days the structure will be completed. The reason assigned for cessation of work on the line is absence of A. H. Haight, engineer in charge, who, by reason of an injury which caused excessive hemorrhage of the nose, was obliged to go to his home for rest. This suspension, it is said will only be temporary, and work will soon be resumed with a much larger force and the road pushed to completion as far as Milford.

PERSONAL.

John Baldwin is at Frontenac, N. Y.

Miss Corrine Reed is visiting friends on Staten Island.

George Machaelis assistant editor of the Boston Journal, is visiting Dr. Reed.

Mabel Armstrong and Ann Wheeler are staying with friends at Belmar, N. J.

William Armstrong and wife, of N. Y., are visiting his father on Second St.

Rev. Geo. P. VanWyck and family are now sojourning at Highland Falls, N. Y.

S. W. Smith, Esq., of Port Allegheny, McKean Co., spent a few days in Milford recently.

W. V. Hilliard, wife and son have returned home after a visit of several days in Sullivan Co., N. Y.

Hon. John D. Biddis, of Washington, joined his family here last Monday for his annual vacation.

Moses Detrick has been nursing a sore hand caused by a scratch which resulted in blood-poisoning.

W. H. Armstrong and wife returned to Milford this week after a two weeks' visit at Nova Scotia and other points.

Dr. H. C. Beemer and Mr. Nichols, of Naugton, accompanied by Dr. Say and wife, of Buffalo, drove over to Milford last Saturday.

Howard Reed is now at Portsmouth, N. H., where the rebuilt monitor Lehigh is fitting out for a station on the Cuban coast.

A number of Milford people attended the Mikado given in Port Jervis Tuesday evening and were highly pleased with the performance.

Gifford Pinchot was a short time since appointed Chief of the Forestry division of the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, with headquarters at Washington.

Lancelot Wilson gave a large party in honor of his eighth birthday last Monday. Thirty-four of his young friends enjoyed the occasion. Real peaches and many other dainties were served the happy youngsters.

Judge William D. Porter, recently appointed by Gov. Hastings, was on Friday nominated by the Republican State Committee a candidate for Superior Court Judge. Jas. M. Bensley, the member for Pike, was present at the meeting

Itinerary of Spain's Invincible Armada, 1898 Style.

March 13.—Sailed from Cadiz for Caba, Pluton, Furor, and Terror.

April 1.—Arrived at Cape Verde Islands, Pluton, Furor and Terror.

April 9.—Sailed from Cadiz for Cape Verde, Maria Teresa, Cristobal Colon: sailed from Porto Rico for Cape Verde, Vizcaya, and Oquendo.

April 14, Arrived at Cape Verde, Colon, and Maria Teresa.

April 19., Arrived at Cape Verd, Vizcaya and Oquendo.

April 29., Sailed from Cape Verde, the invincible Armada, Vizcaya, Oquendo, Colon, Maria Teresa, Pluton, Furor, Terror.

May 12., Arrived off Martinique the Cape Verde Armada.

May 14., Arrival off Curacoa the Cape Verde Armada.

May 13, arrived at Santiago de Cuba, the Cape Verde Armada. Cervera promptly notifies the home Government in the following historic telegram: "Santiago de Cuba, May 19.—This morning I have, without incident, entered this port, accompanied by the squadron. Cervera." Whereat there was great rejoicing in the official circles in Madrid, votes of thanks in the Cortes, and general congratulations throughout the peninsula.

May 25, Sampson and Schley bottle the Cape Verde fleet in Santiago Harbor.

June 4, Hobson puts the Merrimac stopper in the bottle.

June 22, disabled at Porto Rico, by St. Paul, the Terror.

July 3, Sailed from Santiago, Vizcaya, Oquendo, Colon, Maria Teresa, Pluton, Furor.

July 3, Arrived Davy Jones' locker the invincible armada, late of Cadiz, Cape Verde, Curacoa and Santiago.

Ladies' Fair.

The ladies of the Presbyterian Church will hold their annual fair on the church grounds on the afternoon and evening of Thursday, Aug. 4, from 4 to 10 P. M.

There will be a sale of fancy articles. Supper a la carte.

To Aid the Soldiers.

A number of patriotic ladies assembled at Brown's Hall Monday to take measures to augment the fund being raised for the aid of our sick and wounded soldiers and sailors. The meeting was called to order by Mrs. Kenworthey; Miss Bessie Van Etten was elected Secretary and Mrs. A. E. Lewis Treas. The object was stated and a committee consisting of of Mrs. J. H. Van Etten, Mrs. B. S. Lassiter, Mrs. J. J. Hart and Miss Blanche Bidlack was appointed to decide on the manner of doing the work and to what organization it should be auxiliary. It reported favoring the raising of money and sending it to the Phila. Branch of the Red Cross Society. A committee consisting of Miss Bull, Mesdames Unsworth, Reed, Wood, Neff, Lassiter, Barckley, and Jennings, was appointed to determine the method of raising funds and reported in favor of canvassing the town. Proper committees were appointed for this purpose and the meeting adjourned. While Pike has few soldiers or sailors in the army or navy no doubt she will yet do her full share in furnishing money to alleviate the sufferings of those who have gone out, and the commitees appointed to solicit funds here will doubtless find a cordial reception by our people.

Freight Car Broken Open.

Recently two of the Erie employees found a sealed car open and the seal broken at Lackawaxen B. F. Holbert and David Walls at once started to investigate and found a young man inside who said he went in there to keep warm as he was stealing a ride between the bumpers. He says he concluded to go inside the car which he claims was open. The employees promptly arrested him and brought him before Justice J. Van Gordon, who held him over to await the action of the next Pike county grand jury and was taken to the Milford jail by constable Totten. Posibly if he can find bail, he may be admitted to bail. Conductor B. F. Holbert and fireman D. Walls who brought the prisoner to Matamoras showed commendable zeal in defending the interests of their employers, the Erie R. R. Co. The man, who was sent to Milford jail gave his name as John Warning and his home as Jamestown, N. Y. He denies that he made a forcible entrance into the car.

OBITUARY.

JOHN B. LAYTON.

This well-known citizen of P. J. died at his residence in that village last Monday after an illness extending little more than a month, at the advanced age of eighty-one years. He was born in Sandyston, N. J., and was a son of John and Abbie Brink Layton. Until 1870 he conducted a store and managed a farm at Laytons, when he removed to Port Jervis and engaged in business there, in which he was very successful. He was director in the First National Bank and latterly was its vice-president.

In 1841 he married Kate Jane Everitt, who died some years ago.

Two sons, Daniel D., of Susquehanna, and Joseph, of Branchville, survive.

The funeral was held Wednesday.

MAN LOST.

Jacob Maguire, of New York, who has been boarding at Narrowsburg, being apprized of the death of his brother, left on a train last Saturday for his home. Arriving at Parker's Glen he refused to go on and returned to Shohola, where he remained until Monday, when he wandered off into the woods and it is supposed, lost his way. Searchers were out Tuesday and Wednesday but did not find him. A reward of fifty dollars it offered for his discovery. He was a rather tall, smooth-faced young man.

Real Estate Transfers.

James Milham et ux. et al. to J. J. Rankin, dated Oct. 4, lot on Big Pond Paupac; consideration $250.

Thad. Mead and wife to O. L. Jenkins, dated June 27, 300 acres Thos. Ewing, Westfall; consideration $50.

J. B. Westbrook to H. S. Albright' dated June 8, 1896, Catharine Clifford 32 acres Lehman.

Commonwealth to the Milford Gas Company, Charter, dated July 11.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.
Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 18, '98.

On to Porto Rico! and on to Spain! are now the twin watchwords of President McKinley and his administration. Commodore Watson's fleet will probably be on the way to Spain before this is printed, and the expedition against Porto Rico will be started at the earliest possible moment. Havana is to be left alone for the time being, as the delay is daily weakening the effectiveness of Blanco's troops.

Gen. Shafter's great victory in the capture of Santiago and 25,000 Spanish troops, with their arms and ammunition, would have caused much more rejoicing had it not been accompanied by the news that yellow fever had broken out in our army at Santiago. Everything that money and science and medical skill can do to stamp out the disease is being done, and the reports indicate that the fever is so far of a mild type, but there will be much uneasiness until the full extent of the infection becomes known.

The War Department is perfecting arrangements to send the Spaniards, who surrendered at Santiago, back to Spain, under parole, in accordance with the terms of surrender, and they will be hurried off as soon as possible. Sending them to Spain is the best possible thing they can do with them. It will be cheaper than feeding them and keeping them as prisoners, either in Cuba or in the U. S., and even if it wasn't it would still be the best way to get rid of them.

Secretary Alger is very proud of a letter he has received from a gentleman who held high command in the Union army during the Civil War, and who has a world-wide reputation as an authority on military matters. The tenor of the letter may be judged from this extract: "You have shown the world what American staff departments under a head of great executive ability can create in an emergency. It is difficult to create an army, equip it and move it, and it requires a peculiar kind of ability.

As an additional proof that Americans always keep near the head of the procession, whether they are engaged in fighting with deadly weapons or in the struggle for the Almighty dollar, it may be mentioned that application for authority to establish National banks in the following places have been filed at the Treasury Department: Honolulu, Havana, San Juan, Porto Rico; and Manila.

A Washington delegation of the Red Cross Society made a thorough personal investigation of the arrangement for the comfort of the sick and wounded in the hospital at Fortress Monroe and report all patients comfortably provided for in the way of accommodations. To meet a need, the Red Cross has issued an appeal for contributions of delicacies for the patients.

Gen. Miles added much to his popularity by giving Gen. Shafter entire credit for the victorious campaign against Santiago, in his official dispatches to Secretary Alger and proved that he meant exactly what he said when he went to Cuba that he was going to make observations, and not supercede Gen. Shafter.

It might be supposed from the tenor of the European cable news that the negotiations for peace between the U. S. and Spain were under way. Such is not the case. There has been no negotiations, in fact no word from Spain on the subject. This government has ample sufficiency of negotiating with Spain, and it is not likely to countenance any in connection with peace. There will be no need for any. When Spain thinks she has been thrashed sufficiently, she can obtain our terms by asking for them As they will not be deviated from there will be no occasion for any negotiations; the terms must be either accepted or rejected at once The statement that President McKinley had told the terms of peace to a European diplomat in order that he might make them known to Spain, was a bare-faced lie, with not even a probable foundation. It is not customary for the victorious country to offer terms of peace before they are asked for, and any statement that President McKinley has done so, or that he intends doing so, may be put down as unmanufactured.

SANTIAGO SURRENDERED.

July 16, negotiations for the surrender of Santiago were completed and on Sunday at 12 o'clock A. M. the Spanish flag was hauled down and the American flag hoisted. The conditions of capitulation included all forces and war material in the territory described, the United States to transport all the Spanish troops in the district to Spain with as little delay as possible. They number about twenty-four thousand men. Everything except the side arms of the officers was given up. Seven thousand Mauser rifles and six hundred thousand cartridges were turned in. The defenses of Santiago were very strong and it would have cost many lives to capture the city by storm.

The details of the Porto Rican expedition have been perfected, and it is the understanding in Washington that the invaders have gotten under way.

Gen. Miles will command the expedition to Porto Rico in person.

The Germans still have a big fleet in Manila Bay. Admiral Dewey has acted Admiral von Diedrichs whether Germany and America were at peace or at war, and received an apologetic note.

No move against Manila is contemplated prior to Gen. Merritt's arrival.

Commodore Watson will be under way for the coast of Spain within ten days.

At least five Penna. regiments are likely to be sent to Porto Rico.

Peace seems to be yet afar off. Spanish pride blocks direct overtures, and Spanish honor does not seem to have been sufficiently satisfied to allow the representatives of other nations to act for the belligerent country.

The President announced a long list of army apointments.

The entire number of fever cases among our troops in Cuba is three hundred.

Schley has entered Santiago harbor with a small flotilla.

Official returns of the killed and wounded in Lawton's division at Santiago show the losses to have been heavy.

Cumulative Voting.

An interesting question was before the Monroe County Court at its May session. At an election held by stockholders of the E. S. Normal School in 1897 two trustees were elected by cumulative votes and two others by votes not cast by the cumulative system. The former held certificates of election from the Judge and Teller, and the latter from the president of the annual meeting.

Yetter and Rosencrans, the two who were elected by the majority votes of the stock were admitted to seats as trustees, when Eilenberger and Gardner, who had the greatest number of votes by reason of certain stockholders having cumulated their votes for them, brought suit. July 11 Judge Albright filed an opinion holding that the defendants unlawfully hold and exercise the office of trustee, and that they be ousted, and that the relators were duly elected, thus holding that the cumulative method was properly exercised.

The Great Sea Fight.

In another column we print a letter from one who participated in the famous sea fight when Cervera's squadron was destroyed. It will be read with interest as coming from one well known here and in Port Jervis, and as having an exceptional opportunity for observing the terrible conflict which he so graphically describes. It was no doubt the sight of a life-time, and imagination falters before the awful reality of shrieking shells, thundering guns, and blazing ships. The intense excitement of two of the finest fighting machines which the skill of man can devise, running side by side for miles, each bent upon the destruction of the other, is a picture before which words must fail, but our correspondent gives such a vivid portrayal that one can almost fancy hearing the cheers of the victors when the yellow flag was lowered, and the hope of Spain was borne down under the skill and bravery of the Yankee tars. No wonder he is proud of his good ship, the Oregon, and her gallant Commander, Captain Clark.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

THE SANTIAGO FIGHT.

LETTER FROM A PARTICIPANT.

How the Oregon Fought the Spaniards.

On Board the U. S. S. Oregon,
Guantanamo, Cuba, July 9, '98.

As requested, will try to give you some account of our great fight at Santiago, Sunday, July 3, at 9:35 A. M., just at the time when we were to have general muster, which means inspection by the Captain, which would occupy about an hour. I have since heard there was a Spaniard discharged at Hong Kong from one of our war ships whose name was Pershed, who was a chief Quarter Master and would have to understand all signals. After his discharge from our navy he joined Cervera's and at Santiago he could read all the signals transmitted between Schley and Sampson, so he knew that the first Sunday of each month was inspection day and no doubt Cervera thought he had ample time to get out and away. He also mistook the Oregon for the Massachusetts and came out of the harbor, the Cristobal Colon leading, the Vizcaya a close second, with Cervera on board the Maria Teresa third, Almarante Oquendo, fourth, Torpedo and Pluton, torpedo boats, in the rear. The course was to the westward, and as we chased them I will name the distances and points where they perished, and also the number of prisoners taken.

Cristobal Colon, Rio Farquene, 48 miles.
Vizcaya, Ascercadero, 16 miles.
Maria Teresa, Nima, 6½ miles.
Almarante Oquendo, Juan Gozales, 6 miles.
Torpedo boats, Santiago, 3 miles
The Colon's speed at times was 17½ knots, average 13½ knots.

Prisoners taken from the Colon's crew 525 by the Resolute; Vizcaya, 218 men and 38 officers by the Iowa; Vizcaya, 231 men, 7 officers by the Indiana.

Prisoners sent north, St. Louis, officers, 76, men, 641. Harvard, officers 39, men 539.

Shells used by Oregon July 3d:

Kind	No	Weight.
13 in	34	1100 each
8 in	125	250 "
6 in	11	100 "
6 in	1500	6 "
1 in	141	1 "
Total	1805	Total weight, 81,605.

We were the first to see them come out and we steamed right for them. The Massachusetts had gone to Guantanamo, 20 miles east of Santiago, for coal; the Iowa was about 3 miles to the west of us and 5 from the harbor. The Brooklyn was about the same distance from the Iowa, and several gun dispatch and paper boats, including the flag ship New York, were along the Eastern coast, communicating with the transports having troops to land at Baraiva, a point nine miles from the harbor, or Fort Morro, so you see if fighting "Bob" or any of the others want to claim the fighting, it shows they were not in it, for we did it all; sunk every Spaniard. Our range was 7,0 yards, close on them, and flying our 13-inch shells just where we wanted to put them. One struck the Vizcaya astern, and then amidships, and when we left her she was one great blaze, her crew could be seen jumping overboard, some looking for a place to hide; it was terrible for them.

Small shot such as 6 and 8 sunk the rest but we had a fine chase after the Colon. It was a grand sight. She threw her shot and shell as fast as she could but her aim was poor at every time, some flying over us some astern and some short of us, some few shells bursting 20 feet from us with loud reports. I have often held my ears when standing near a toy cannon, but those shook the deck, and I cannot describe the effect as I would like. When our 13 inch-guns are fired should any one be on the forecastle it would instantly kill him the concussion is something awful. I happened to be underneath one of the turrets near a doorway not know ng they were going to fire and when they did it raised me off my feet and as I tried to get out it seemed as if my clothes were all torn off.

We have Chinese and Japanese cooks aboard and they are frightened very easy. We have a splendid crew. Every man a fighter. They all hail from Frisco and are known as Slopers among the fleet. Too much praise cannot be given them in time of action.

The papers seldom say anything about the firemen they are given little thought when in fact they deserve great praise, for they worked with forced draft and few realize what this means if they have not experienced it. All ventilation is shut off the blower is put on and the temperature in the room is 140. It takes a game man to stand that and work hard too. But I am digressing. The Colon was spitting fire and she also had on forced draft trying to get away but the Oregon was too much for her build for 15 knots and making 17.9

The Brooklyn was about a mile astern of us signalling that her compartments were full of water and she could not keep up, but telling us to go on, saying, "Oregon, you have done it all; finish your work," and we did. We drove the Colon on shore. She was hugging the beach and the ins and outs of it was a disadvantage to her and in our favor, for we kept a straight course. She saw the jig was up and hauled down her yellow flag, but still kept on firing; that is the Gronser of it.

We waited an hour and a half for the New York Texas, Vixen and Resolute, and while waiting the band came out on the forward 13-inch turret and played "The Gladiator, everybody cheering everybody, the captain officers and crew, and I want to say there is no braver man living than our beloved Captain Clark the finest of men, a gentleman as well as a thorough Yankee, every inch of him. After all had cheered he suggested three cheers for the Chicago Naval Reserves on board the Oregon, and the way they gave them made me feel as though we had figured some where in the great battle.

When the flagship came up she lowered her gig and Sampson boarded the Colon, and read the riot act to the bunch of greasers left on her, for many were strewn around the decks, dead and wounded, and some crazy with fear. Sampson returned to his ship and hailing us through a megaphone said: "Oregon there! Take care of your prize; the prisoners will be transferred to the Resolute. Take the Colon in tow." We sent a launch and a few boats with a 2-in hawser, but on examining her found that she had been hit by a six inch shell near the water line, where the water was rushing in, and within an hour she had 14 feet of water in her hold, so we gave up towing her and tried to get her farther on the beach. The New York went up to her and I guess tried to ram her because she put a larger hole in her and she sank, but not out of sight. When we left we could see her smoke stacks; mainmasts and starboard side. Our Captain remarked she was in good position for the wreckers. The men who boarded her got all kinds of souvenirs. I have Cervera's photograph, his great cloak and an umbrella, and I enclose a bean of a kind that was plentiful on board her, as everything smelled of them. The crew never drank water, for they had nothing but wine on board. There were 6 head of cattle drowned, but we got a dog, pig, six chickens, two cats and five kittens. We named the dog Cristobol Colon, and the pig, a little fat fellow, we are going to brand Oregon. The cats and dog are with the officers.

As we could not get the Colon away we took three wounded prisoners whom our doctor attends as if they were our own men.

On coming back to Santiago we found an Austrian man-of-war with a British steamer keeping tab on her. That night we saw signals on the mountain top saying that General Pando with 8000 soldiers had arrived. Then came the same old shell game again. I was at my post at the two Stern search lights and saw the Vesuvius throwing her dynamite charges, but was ordered to keep the lights on Morro, and in the harbor, as they were going to sink a vessel in the mouth to prevent us from entering. If the harbor is mined, why should they do this? I think it is not and would like to go in there, it is such a pretty place, with its ancient castles, fortifications and mountains. We had an hour's fighting, when at 10 a. m. retreat was sounded and everybody turned in to sleep as if nothing had happened.

Next day Commander Watson with his staff came on board and stayed until yesterday, when they went on the Newark to Havana to join his fleet. On leaving he said: Goodby, Captain; you will go to Guantanamo, take on four months' provisions, and then to Spain. God speed the Oregon and its crew. I would have given my right leg could I have been on board this wonderful ship when it captured Cervera and sunk his fleet." We then sailed for this place and are now taking on the provisions and also the ammunition. We are to remain here ten days to overhaul our boilers and machinery and prepare for our long trip. The boys are discussing the prize money we are to get and some of the officers estimate it at from $1500 to $2700 a man for the Vizcaya and Colon, and the rest of the fleet will come in for a share on the other boats, as they claim to have fought some of them after we went to chase the Colon. There is great rivalry between the Iowa, Brooklyn and Oregon, but Sampson, Schley and Watson's reports to Washington will settle it, and we must have the award, for they all say had it not been for us three of the enemy would have got away

I received Mr. Van Etten's request for news and would like very much to have copies of the PRESS sent me. Tobacco is hard to get and I would like a little smoking.

Yours,
SAMUEL H. MC EWEN.

THE GIBSON PICTURES.

The evening of Saturday, July 16, witnessed a brilliant scene in the ball-room of the Sawkill House, whither the amusement-loving portion of Milford society, both resident and visiting, had repaired to enjoy "An Evening with Gibson," given by the young people of the Presbyterian Church. About twenty of the characteristic pictures of this famous illustrator were reproduced in a series of living tableaux, arranged with the most careful attention to detail in the matter of stage setting and accessories. Another pleasant feature of the evening was the music interspersed thro' the programme, consisting of several vocal solos by E. P. Crissman, accompanied by Prof. Field, piano solos by Miss Blanche Cross, Miss Mabel Grant, Prof Gilchrist, and Fraley Baker, and piano duets by Misses Lily and Jeanette Mott, and Profs. Gilchrist and Fields. Prof. Gilcrist's playing was especially delightful to the music-lovers present, because his name and fame as the son of the composer of that name had preceded him.

Among the most taking pictures presented were: "His First Love," "At the Club;" the puzzle pictures, "Find the Two Loves," "Find the Man Who is Paying for the Dinner" and "Find the Girl who has just been Kissed," while the crowning feature of the evening, was the last picture, "Kneeling to Liberty," represented by Miss Nell Quick as Liberty, and an artistic group of all the other participants in the entertainment waving flags to the music of the Star Spangled Banner. This group was the signal for an outburst of patriotic enthusiasm, and at its close the entire audience rose to their feet and joined in singing the refrain of our inspiring National air.

Among those who impersonated the different pictures were: Madams Hart, Bull, Van Etten and Lanchantin, Misses Ann Baker, Hattie Decker, Nell Quick, Bess Van Etten, Helen Biddis, Sue Nichols, Bertha Reed, Lily, Elsie and Jeanette Mott, Blanche Cross, Mabel Grant, and Messrs J. J. Hart, A. Q. Wallace, Fraley Baker, Lancelot Armstrong, Jr., Herbert Alton, Herbert Kent, Clarence Angle, George Wheeler, Theodore Baker, John Van Etten, E. P. Crissman, Otto von der Hyde, Master Percy Hart and Master Robert Brown, together with "Mac" Baker, a leader of Milford's cantoe "four hundred."

Much credit for the smoothness of the affair, which went off without a hitch any where, is due to the efficient stage manager, Mrs. J. R. Bull, and capable property directress, Miss Bettie Cornelius, and any notice of the entertainment would be incomplete without a reference to the kindness of Mr. Tobias Nelson, who loaned his piano for the occasion.

The proceeds, amounting to $45, are to be devoted to inaugurating an Organ fund for the prospective purchase of a new Organ for the Presbyterian Church. B

Change in Spelling.

The Easton Free Press announces that it will experiment with the simplified form of spelling suggested by Dr. F. A. March, of Lafayette College, giving a trial to class T, which provides that where the final "ed" on a word has the sound of "t," the spelling of which shall be "t" instead of "ed", for example, affixt, bleacht, blackt, dipt, tackt, walkt, workt, etc.

Sawkill Falls.

Visitors are requested not to smoke or use matches in the paths or woods about the falls during the present dry and dangerous condition of the leaves and underbrush.

The roads and grounds are closed to the public after nightfall.

J. W. PINCHOT

Ball Game.

The Milford nine played an alleged game of base-ball with the Dingman boys last Saturday on the grounds here. The score was a lopsided affair, being 37 to 4 in favor of the home team.