# PIKE COUNTY PRESS.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 6, 1897.

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Court Proclamation, Jury and Trial List for several courts per term, $24.00
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Sheriff's sales, Orphans' court sales, County Treasurer's sales, County statement and election proclamation charged by the square.



J. H. VAN ETTEN, PUBLISHER.

Milford, Pike County, Pa.


1897 AUGUST. 1897

| Su. | Mo. | Tu. | We. | Th. | Fr. | Sa. |
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| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
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MOON'S PHASES.

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|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| First Quarter | 5 | 1:24 p.m. | Third Quarter | 20 | 3:39 a.m. |
| Full Moon | 12 | 9:22 a.m. | New Moon | 27 | 10:29 p.m. |

## EDITORIAL.

### BALLOT LAW CHANGES.

The ballot law passed by the recent Legislature of Pennsylvania is of some importance in that it makes certain provisions of the former law more consistent, harmonizing it with some judicial opinions, and in making plainer the directions respecting the administering of the law.

The amendments specify more definitely the shape in which nomination papers shall be prepared and filed, and provide a sort of copyright for any political appellation agreed on by five electors of any political body who make a nomination by nomination papers: provides against the use in nominating papers of party appellations not only at nominating conventions composed of delegates, but also at primary meetings and caucuses. It also requires certificates of nominations of Representatives to be filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and requires that all certificates to be so filed shall be filed at least forty-five instead of thirty-five days before election and nomination papers thirty-five instead of twenty-eight days.

The secretary in certifying the form of ballot is authorized to place a circle at the top of the column containing nominations made by political bodies by nominating papers.

The size of the ballot is also attempted to be controlled by a provision that a name shall appear but once by certificate of nomination and once by nomination papers. It would probably have been better to have a name appear but once on the ballot in any form. There are several defects in the ballot which are not remedied, one is as above stated, and another is that which allows a voter on his mere statement that he cannot mark his own ballot to take help in the booth to aid him. This is a fertile source in aiding bribery and the law should require a man to be actually disabled and to state wherein he is so before he can call in assistance.

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A lot of new straw and felt hats at W. & G. Mitchell's.

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It is always gratifying to receive testimonials for Chamberlain's Colic Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and when the endorsement is from a physician it is especially so. "There is no more satisfactory or effective remedy than Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, writes Dr. R. E. Robey, physician and pharmacist, of Olney, Mo., and as he has used the Remedy" in his own family and sold it in his drug store for six years he should certainly know. For sale by Druggists and General Merchants in Pike County.

### The Dangers of a Scratch.

Scarcely a day passes that many persons do not in some way or other get a scratch, a small cut or a bruise that may break the skin. In most instances, not the slightest attention is paid to this beyond the temporary annoyance of the pain and the possible irritation when the hands are put into the water, or some subsequent blow on the same spot brings an exclamation on account of the hurt. This, while a common practice, is by no means a wise one. The air is full of floating disease germs, especially the air of cities and towns, and an injury of this sort, be it ever so slight, might furnish excellent breeding ground for some deadly bacteria. It is a good plan always to keep a bottle of prepared carbolic acid and glycerine, and frequently touch all bruises or sore spots with it. This is one of the most convenient and effective germicides imaginable. It is said by excellent medical authority that the use of this preparation would prevent half of the contagious diseases that afflict the country. It is believed that many cases of fever and other serious ailments can be contracted by a floating germ coming in contact with the abraded skin. Once snugly lodged in this most congenial dwelling-place the germ multiplies with amazing rapidity and soon overruns the entire system. Therefore, whenever there is a bruise or scratch, or any injury of this sort, germicidal applications should be at once resorted to.—The Home Doctor.

### A Remarkable Cure of Chronic Diarrhoea.

In 1862, when I served my country as a private in Company A, 167th Pennsylvania Volunteers, I contracted chronic diarrhoea. It has given me a great deal of trouble ever since. I have tried a dozen different medicines and several prominent doctors without any permanent relief. Not long ago a friend sent me a sample bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and after that I bought and took a 50 cent bottle; and now I can say that I am entirely cured. I cannot be thankful enough to you for this great Remedy, and recommend it to all suffering veterans. If in doubt write me. Yours gratefully, HENRY STEINBERGER, Allentown, Pa. Sold by Druggists and General Merchants in Pike County.

### Cinders or Dirt in the Eye.

The instant a foreign substance is felt in the eye throw the head back and drop two or three flax seeds on the ball of the eye and lift the upper lid and draw it down over them, so as to hold them in. There is no disagreeable sensation attached to putting the seed in, and the relief will come instantly. The moisture of the eye dampens the seed, and it gives out a mucous substance which spreads over the eye and covers the grit. After awhile the seeds will bring the offending particle out with them.

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Now that the country has had time to examine the charges of the Democrats who were saying that the Dingley bill was advantageous to the sugar trust, it is quite apparent that the charges were entirely without foundation. It is generally conceded that the bill deprives the trust of the advantages which it had under the Wilson law, and is less advantageous to trusts generally than its predecessor which was framed by the very men who were foremost in the charge against the Dingley bill.

### Soft Corns.

Many people want a cure for soft corns. First, keep the toes constantly apart by placing a wad of cotton between them. Second wear broad-toed shoes made of soft leather. Third bathe the feet in warm water every night, wipe them dry, and apply aqua ammonia to the corn. Soft corns are caused by squeezing the feet in narrow toed shoes. By keeping the toes apart, you remove the cause and cure the corn.

### To Take Out Ink Stains.

To take ink stains from white cotton goods, wet the garment in water, rub common soap on the spot and pour on spirits of turpentine. Lay aside awhile, rub gently, adding more soap and turpentine, until the spot disappears.

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Just try a 10c box of Cascarets the finest liver and bowel regulator ever made.

### When he Stuttered.

A man who stuttered badly went to consult a specialist about his affliction. The expert asked: Do you stutter all the time? N-n-no, said the sufferer I s-s-stut-t-ter only when I t-t-talk.

### Political Gossip.

Silver bullion fell to the lowest price ever known last week.

Business in Mexico is in bad shape owing to the continued fall in the price of silver, and there is talk of going to the gold standard.

Wheat goes up and silver goes down despite the assertions of silver orators of last fall that these two commodities kept pace in the markets of the world.

"The House sugar rate is written in the tariff bill, not the corruptly purchased Senate rate. It is a great victory for right, for justice, and the people."—New York World (Democratic).

"The new tariff cuts very severly into protection granted the sugar refiners under the Wilson bill."—From "Sugar Trade Journal," (official organ of the American sugar interests.)

"If the promise of the harvest fields is fulfilled it will be hard for theorists to persuade a thriving people that they need monetary panaceas to keep them out of the poor-house."—New York World.

The last week in July, 1897, will long be remembered as the first one under the new tariff law. Reports from every direction show that the effect has been instantly effective, both in manufacturing and business circles.

The solid business men of the country lying west of the Mississippi are greatly depressed over the failure of the Trans-Mississippi Congress, which was intended to be useful in a business way, but failed because of its capture by the silver politicians.

Sugar refineries and factories will soon be scattered over the prairies of the Mississippi Valley in a way which promises to make the sugar trust extremely weary, especially in view of the fact that it has already lost the advantages which it enjoyed under the Wilson law.

The "hold up" of the Dingley bill in the Senate by the Democrats and Populists is the cause of the light receipts which may be expected under that measure in its first few months by reason of the enormous importations that the "hold up" permitted the importers to make.

"The case of the farmers has certainly been hard for several years past. It has been a principal cause of discontent, and the fruitful mother of wild financial schemes. With that betterment which is now so surely approaching, the occupation of the demagogue and the Utopian dreamer will be gone."—New York World.

Australia, which last year produced 643,000,000 pounds of wool, is likely to produce no more than half that in the coming season. Her sheep are dying by thousands from starvation on account of shortage in pasturage, and the quantity as well as quality of her product in this line will be materially reduced, thus adding to the price that American farmers will probably get for theirs.

An interesting feature of this fall's campaign is the development of strength among the gold Democrats. It is quite apparent that in every State where there are to be campaigns their organization will be much stronger than it was last fall, while the national organization is pushing work from its national headquarters in New York and will aid with speakers and by other means wherever there are State campaigns.

The recent increased gold developments, not alone in Alaska, but in the increased production of mines everywhere, is a hard blow to the 16-to-1 theorists, and, when coupled with the fact that the prices of farm products have advanced and that crops are plentiful and that farmers are paying off their mortgages, must prove very depressing to those who have insisted that prosperity could alone come through the adoption of free silver.

"When Mr. McKinley sent a commission to Europe to plead again for international bimetallism, two classes of men confidently prophesied ignominious failure. Both must be somewhat discouraged by the results attained and promised. * * * The hope of international bimetallism is not dead. The time has not come when we must choose between making silver a base metal on the one hand, or making it in its depreciated state our only money metal on the other."—New York World.

### The Doctor's Office.

Little boy—Please, I want the doctor to come and see mother.

Servant—Doctor's out. Where do you come from?

Boy—What don't you know me? Why we deal with you.—We had a baby from here last week.

# HARRISBURG LETTER.

## Some Important Changes in the Ballot Law.

## GOVERNOR ENDS SESSION'S WORK

**His Veto As Was Used on Numerous Bills Conscientiously — Appropriations Cut Down and Approved—Pennsylvania Day at Tennessee's Centennial.**

(Special Correspondence.)

Harrisburg, Aug. 1.—Some important changes in the ballot law were made by the late legislature, and Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth Barnett, in an interview, sets forth what these changes are. Owing to the trouble about nomination papers a year ago, and the numerous contests in the Dauphin county court, as a result thereof an amendment was inserted providing that all blank forms for nominations shall hereafter be furnished by the secretary of the commonwealth in the interest of uniformity. No other form shall be used for such purposes. Another amendment provides that five persons shall have the exclusive right to a party name, providing proper certificates shall have been filed with the prothonotary and certified to by the secretary of the commonwealth. In the old act the "representatives" were not mentioned. Another important change is that which provides that objections to certificates to nomination must be made 35 days before election, instead of 18. This gives more time to print the ballots in the case of contests in court. It is further provided in the amended bill that the name of a candidate for any office shall not appear more than once on a certificate of nomination or a nomination paper. This will have the effect of reducing the size of the ballot, which has been growing to mammoth proportions.

Governor Hastings has concluded the work left him as a legacy by the legislature, and on Friday started overland for his home in Bellefonte. He had many things to consider in disposing finally of the bills, but the work was conscientiously done, and he leaves the result to the people. When he started a few weeks ago to investigate the expense accounts of the several committees he realized that he was undertaking something that was bound to arouse the enmity of all persons interested and the criticisms of newspapers unfriendly to him. But having mapped out a line of policy with respect to these bills he continued to the end, and as a consequence of his course the commonwealth has been saved in the neighborhood of half a million dollars. In vetoing the expense accounts of members of the investigating committees the governor took occasion to say that many members had made up their accounts under the honest assumption that they were entitled to mileage and to other compensation not authorized by law. The fact of the matter is, the whole system of legislative investigations, having grown into an abuse, Governor Hastings determined to make a start in the direction of abolishing this species of extravagance. It will be noticed in his vetoes of these bills that he has allowed expenses where it was shown by those who submitted itemized statements that the expenditures were properly made in the line of investigation. He cut down the item of $76,000 for salaries of officers and employes of the house to about $60,000, and reduced the senate item for the same purpose in a proportionate degree.

**Appropriations Approved.**

Among the items in the general appropriation bill which were approved are the following: For fitting Grace church for the use of the legislature, $56,530.36; for rental of Grace church two years, $20,000; for expenses of Tennessee centennial commission, $15,000; for unveiling ceremonies of the monument to General John F. Hartranft in the front of the capitol, $500; for payment of expenses incurred by the Gettysburg Battlefield Monumental association in the dedication of the equestrian statues of Generals Meade and Hancock, $1,200.

In the general bill among the items approved was one making an appropriation of $5,750 for the salary of the chief of bureau of mines for two years; also $2,684 for assistant chief of this bureau for two years, and $575 for messenger of the bureau, and $5,000 for contingent expenses thereof. This is the new bureau created by the last legislature, and Governor Hastings will have the appointment of the chief. It is said that Robert Brownlee, superintendent of the Red Run coal mines, located near Ralston, in Lycoming county, a personal friend of Attorney General McCormick, is his selection. No name has yet been announced in connection with the office of assistant.

Attorney General McCormick has handed down an opinion in the matter of publishing mercantile appraisers' lists. In York county some of the newspaper owners held that selecting newspapers for printing the list was a subject for the auditor general to determine, rather than the county commissioners, and some of the newspapers printed the list without authority to do so and sent in bills accordingly. The attorney general held that the matter was one for the commissioners only to decide.

**No Bird Day in the Public Schools.**

The late legislature passed a bill to establish "Bird day" in the public schools and providing for a proclamation of the same by the superintendent of public instruction. This bill has set apart one day in each school year on which the schools would have exercises in the form of lectures upon birds, readings from bird literature and essays containing results of the observations of birds by the pupils, the singing of songs about birds and the recounting of personal experiences with them. Governor Hastings vetoed the bill on the ground that the school children could find more profitable employment in adhering to the established curriculum of studies as is now required than they would if they were occupied in the way provided by the act. He said further that the significance of such school holidays as Christmas, Washington's Birthday and Lincoln's Birthday, Fourth of July and Memorial Day, would be detracted from by adding "Bird Day."

Two years ago the governor disapproved the bills for the Heller-Laubach senatorial contest from Northampton county, aggregating about $32,000, because the bills were not itemized. This year other bills were sent to him with the total reduced to about $18,000, and he approved them. In cutting down the expense accounts of the various investigating committees the governor makes this suggestion: "Inasmuch as there appears to be no legislation fixing the fees of stenographers for services to legislative committees, the fees and mileage of witnesses, and the fees and mileage of the sergeant-at-arms, in performing service for the committees, I earnestly recommend that an act of assembly be passed governing all these subjects."

**Portraits of State Officials.**

At every session of the legislature there is a bill or two making appropriations for the painting of portraits of state officials or the purchase of portraits of distinguished Pennsylvanians. This year there was an item in the general appropriation bill for $800 to purchase the portrait of Thaddeus Stevens, painted by Matthew Wilson, for the executive department. The governor disapproved it because the state already owns a fine portrait of Stevens. There is in the bill, however, an item which was approved, making an appropriation of $2,500 to replace the portraits of ex-Lieutenant Governors John Latta, Charles W. Stone, Chauncey F. Black, William T. Davies and Louis A. Watres, which were destroyed by the burning of the capitol building. These portraits will be placed in the department of the lieutenant governor. There is also an item of $500 for the painting of the portrait of Lieutenant Governor Walter Lyon, to be placed in the same collection.

**The Fish and Game Bill.**

The State Sportsmen's association was intensely interested in the Baldwin bill providing for a state game and fish warden at a salary of $1,200 a year, which was vetoed by the governor. At the hearing at the executive department the president of the association made a strong plea for the bill, and even went so far as to pledge the association for the salary of the warden if the governor thought the finances of the state would not justify the approval of the bill. It was disapproved on other grounds, which were set forth at length. The general fish law, framed by the state commission and introduced by Representative Peoples, of Lancaster, was also vetoed, the framers of the measure having repudiated it on account of the changes unsatisfactory to them which were made by the house. This bill was a codification of all the fish laws and a repealer of a number of them.

Among the bills vetoed by the governor was one bearing the name of Representative Simon, of Pittsburg. It provided for the purchase of the franchises and property of electric light companies by the municipalities within whose limits such franchises were exercised, and restricting municipalities from performing any business of such corporation without first acquiring its franchises and property. Strong pressure was brought to bear upon the governor to induce him to sign the bill, but many of the boroughs and cities of the state protested on the ground that such a law would be a serious hindrance to them.

It was expected that the governor would disapprove the appropriations for the Lehigh university and University of Pennsylvania, but he only cut $50,000 from each institution, giving Lehigh university $150,000 and the University of Pennsylvania $200,000. There were few appropriations to hospitals and other private charities disapproved. In fact, with the exception of two hospitals that were not yet built, all these appropriations were signed.

**New Mercantile Tax Bill Vetoed.**

The governor sprung a surprise on the last day by disapproving the mercantile license tax bill, which was opposed by the merchants throughout the state. He says in conclusion, after a full discussion of the measure: "For several years the business depression has been so great that almost every industry has struggled to exist, and I am unwilling to impose further burdens upon these interests for the reasons that I have stated." It was generally expected that the governor would approve this bill, and there were many interested persons who were desirous of being appointed to the positions of mercantile appraiser under this act."

Several prominent Democrats, among them former Lieutenant Governor Chauncey F. Black of York and James Kerr of Clearfield, were here the other day to arrange for a meeting of the executive committee of the State League of Democratic societies on Aug. 12, in this city. This meeting has been called to make arrangements for the annual convention of the societies, which will be held at Wilkesbarre shortly after the Democratic state convention at Reading, when the nominations will be ratified and plans adopted for the campaign.

Owing to the late day the state commission authorized by the late legislature to arrange for Pennsylvania's exhibit at the Tennessee centennial has decided to erect no building, but to recommend to the manufacturers of the state that they make such exhibits as they think best. The Tennessee managers have agreed to reserve for Pennsylvania such space as may be necessary for the state exhibitors. An appropriation having been made by the legislature for the dedication of state monuments at Chicamaugua, and also for the transportation of survivors of that battle to the battlefield on the occasion of the dedication of the monuments, it is proposed to have Pennsylvania day at the Tennessee centenial about the 1st of October, so that the old soldiers and others who go south about that time may be able to participate in both events. The Army of the Potomac will have a reunion at Columbus, O., a few days previous, and the general idea is to have the veterans of the war go first to Columbus, thence to the Chattanooga ceremonies and on to Nashville for the Pennsylvania day exercises at the centennial. Governor Hastings and his staff, with other state officials, will go south at this time. An elaborate program has been promised for this occasion.

STACKPOLE.

## THE GRAND ARMY.

**Orders Issued For the Annual Encampment at Buffalo.**

Buffalo, July 30.—Commander in chief Clarkson of the G. A. R. has issued a general order from national headquarters at Omaha in regard to the arrangements for the great encampment. The commander in chief, escorted by the department commander, will leave Omaha on Saturday, Aug. 21, at 6 p. m. by special train. National headquarters at Omaha will be closed on that date and opened in Buffalo on Monday, Aug. 23.

The thirty-first national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic will assemble in Music hall, Buffalo, on Thursday, Aug. 26, at 9 a. m. As there is much business to come before the encampment its sessions will be called to order promptly at the place named.

**New York State Chemists.**

Albany, Aug. 4.—Fred D. Fuller of Geneva and Edward B. Hart of Ohio have been appointed from the civil service eligible list as assistant chemists at the state agricultural experiment station at Geneva.

# SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an alias writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Pike County, to me directed, I will expose to public sale by vendue or outcry, at the Sheriff's Office in the Borough of Milford, County of Pike and State of Pennsylvania on

## Friday, August 27, 1897.

At 2 o'clock p. m. All the right title and interest of Jacob O. Brown to the real estate described as follows to wit:

All that piece or parcel of land situated and being in Delaware township, County of Pike and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a chestnut tree and stone on line of land of John L. Rosencrance's. Thence along land of the same south 19 degrees west 120 rods to stone. Thence along land of Joseph Buckley south 87¼ degrees west 74 rods to a post. Thence north 73¾ degrees west 62¼ rods to a stone. Thence along lands of James Hatton north 19 degrees east 69 rods to rock oak stump to corner in J. Retallick's line and Phebe Jagger's line. Thence south 71 degrees east 38 rods to black oak and stone near birch. Thence along Phebe Jagger's land north 19 degrees east 115 rods to a stone. Thence along John Whitaker's land south 60 degrees east 84½ rods to the place of beginning. Containing 33 acres and 48 perches and allowance of six per cent. for roads. Also, all that certain tract or piece of land situated in Delaware township aforesaid: Beginning at a stone corner of land surveyed to Hugh Lattimore and land of John Gilmore, and the premises hereby conveyed. Thence south 2 degrees east 97¾ perches. Thence along the line of land surveyed to Martin Ryerson north 66 degrees west 14¼ perches to a stone. Thence along the line of said Martin Ryerson tract south 24 degrees west 21 perches. Thence along line of James Stokes south 88 degrees west 76 perches to stone. Thence along land of James Stokes north 2 degrees west 46 rods to a stone. Thence along land of James Stokes and Hugh Lattimore north 88 degrees east 86½ rods to place of beginning, containing 52 acres and 128 rods and allowances being the same land surveyed on a warrant from the land office of Pennsylvania to Samuel Cole July 14, 1893, being the same premises and lands which Samuel Cole and wife by deed dated March 31, 1881, and recorded in Pike county, Pa., deed book, vol. 39, page 245, conveyed to Jacob O. Brown.

## Improvements,

The improvements are a good frame dwelling house with spring of never failing water near the door, barn and cow sheds with wagon house attached, pig-pen and other outbuildings. Also an apple orchard and peach orchard and other fruit trees on the premises. Public road from Dingmans to Silver Lake and public road from Milford to Porter township run through the premises, a large portion of the first described tract is good meadow, balance under a good state of cultivation. The second piece covered by young thrifty timber.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Jacob O. Brown and to be sold by me for cash.

H. I. Courtright.
SHERIFF.

Sheriff's Office, Aug. 4, 1897.
Milford, Pa.

# Auditor's Notice.

In the Orphan's Court of Pike county.
Estate of Mary Mattons, deceased.

The first and partial account of William Mitchell, executor, etc.

The undersigned appointed auditor to make distribution of the funds in hands of said executor as shown by his first account to the parties entitled thereto and report same to the court, etc., will attend to the duties of his appointment and meet the parties interested in said estate, on Thursday, the 2nd day of September, A. D. 1897, at 2 o'clock p. m. at his office, corner Ann and Third streets, in the Borough of Milford, Pa., when and where all parties entitled to share in said fund, or who are in any way interested therein, are required to present and prove their claims, or be debarred forever from participating in said fund, or coming in upon the same.

HY. T. BAKER, Auditor.

Milford, Pa., Aug. 4, 1897.

# Auditor's Notice.

Estate of Julius Schussler, deceased. | In the Orphan's Court of Pike Co.

In the matter of the account of Christiana Mueller, administratrix, d. b. n.

The undersigned appointed by the court: "Auditor to make distribution of the funds in hands of said administratrix as shown by her account to the parties entitled thereto and report same to the court with the evidence taken by him," will attend to the duties of his appointment and meet the parties interested on Saturday, the 28th day of August, A. D., 1897 at 2 o'clock p. m. at his office on Broad street, Milford, when and where all parties interested in said fund may be present and prove their claims or be forever debarred from coming in upon same.

J. H. VAN ETTEN, Auditor.

Milford, Pa., Aug. 3, 1897.

# Auditor's Notice.

Estate of John Henry Meyer, Frederick Meyer and Christian Meyer, deceased. | In the Orphans' court of Pike county. The undersigned appointed by the Court to make distribution of the fund in the hands of John E. Olmstead, administrator, as shown by his account arising from sale of real estate of said decedents, to and among the parties entitled thereto etc., will attend to the duties of his appointment and meet the parties interested in said estate on Saturday the 21st day of August, 1897 at 2 o'clock p. m. at his office on Broad street in Milford, Pa., when and where all parties interested in said fund are required to be present and prove their claims or be forever debarred from participating in said fund.

JOHN A. KIPP, Auditor.

Milford, July 27, 1897.


**Bargains to Quick Buyers.**

George Daumann offers a good lounge, kitchen, parlor and store stove and gasoline range, also three Fairbank's scales, 1 large, 2 small; cheese safe and 1, 2 bbl oil tank at low figures to quick buyers.

**Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.**

If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac of your druggist, under guarantee to cure, 50c or $1.00. Booklet and sample mailed free. Ad. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

When bilious or costive, eat a Cascaret, candy cathartic, cure guaranteed, 10c, 25c.

BUSINESS CARDS.

**Dr. von der Heyde,**
**DENTIST,**
Brown's Building, corner Broad and Catherine streets, Milford, Pa.
OFFICE HOURS: 8 to 12 a. m.; 1 to 5 p. m. Also at Dingman's Ferry, office of Dr. Kenworthy, every 2nd and 4th Wednesday in each month.

**H. E. Emerson, M. D.**
**Physician and Surgeon.**
**OFFICE in Drug Store on Broad Street.**

**J. H. Van Etten,**
**Attorney-at-Law,**
**OFFICE, Brown's Building,**
MILFORD, PIKE CO., PA.

**John A. Kipp,**
**Attorney-at-Law,**
**OFFICE, opposite Court House**
MILFORD, PIKE CO., PA.


## CHURCH DIRECTORY

**MILFORD.**

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Milford; Sabbath services at 10.30 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Sabbath school immediately after the morning service. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 7.30 P. M. A cordial welcome will be extended to all. Those not attached to other churches are especially invited. REV. THOMAS NICHOLS, Pastor.

CHURCH OF THE GOOD SHEPHERD, Milford: Services Sunday at 10.30 A. M. and 3.30 P. M. Sunday school at 2.30 P. M. Week-day services, Friday 4.00 P. M. Seats free. All welcome.
D. S. LAMPITT, Rector.

M. E. CHURCH. Services at the M. E. Church Sundays: Preaching at 10.30 a. m. and at 7.30 p. m. Sunday school at 2 p. m. Epworth league at 6.45 p. m. Weekly prayer meeting on Wednesdays at 7.30 p. m. Class meeting conducted by Wm. Angle on Fridays at 7.30 p. m. An earnest invitation is extended to anyone who may desire to worship with us.
REV. W. R. NEFF, Pastor.

**MATAMORAS.**

EPWORTH M. E. CHURCH, Matamoras. Services every Sabbath at 10.30 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sabbath school at 2.30. C. E. meeting Monday evening at 7.30. Class meeting Tuesday evening at 7.30. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7.30. Everyone welcome.
REV. F. G. CURTIS, Pastor.

HOPE EVANGELICAL CHURCH, Matamoras, Pa. Services next Sunday as follows: Preaching at 10.30 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday school at 3 p. m. Junior C. E. before and C. E. prayer meeting after the evening service. Mid-week prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7.30. Seats free. A cordial welcome to all. Come.
REV. J. A. WIEGAND, Pastor.

## Secret Societies.

MILFORD LODGE, No. 344, F. & A. M.: Lodge meets Wednesdays on or before Full Moon at the Sawkill House, Milford, Pa. N. Emery, Jr., Secretary, Milford. Gotfredd Wieland, W. M., Milford, Pa.

VAN DER MARK LODGE, No. 228, I. O. O. F.: Meets every Thursday evening at 7.30 p. m., Brown's Building. Geo. Daumann, Jr., Sec'y. D. R. Hornbeck, N. G.

PRUDENCE REBEKAH LODGE, 197, I. O. O. F. Meets every second and fourth Fridays in each month in Odd Fellows' Hall, Brown's building. Mrs. Alice Hornbeck, N. G. Miss Katie Klein, Sec'y.


**LIVERY STABLES.**

If you want a stylish single or double rig, safe horses, good harness and clean, comfortable carriages at reasonable prices call on

**J. B. Van Tassel,**
Corner Ann and Fourth streets,
MILFORD, PA.

**WHY NOT BUY THE BEST?**

A GOOD SADDLE is the most noticeable and taking point on a Bicycle. When buying insist on getting a

**BURNS SPRING SADDLE.**

Take no other. Get a Burns and GET THE BEST.

Manufactured by the
GRAND RAPIDS CYCLE SEAT MFG. CO.,
Grand Rapids, Mich.


# NOTICE.

All persons are hereby notified that throwing or burning papers or refuse of any kind in the streets of the Borough is prohibited.

By order of the town council,
J. C. CHAMBERLAIN,
President, pro tem.

Attest, D. H. HORNBECK, Sec'y.
Milford, May 5, 1896.


Cascarets stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe. 10c.