PIKE COUNTY PRESS.

Advertising Rates.


Legal Advertising.



Regular Republican Nominations. mLIAMM MKINLEX
yon viop-rusamerr,
GARRET A. HOBART,
republican gtate thoket

republioan county ticket. For Repreantative,

AARON COURTRIGET. | For Prothonotary |
| :---: |
| EPHRIAM кimble | For Conty T Trasurer.

CHARLES
W. BAA ANON For Associta Juadge,
WILITAM Mitchell. For County Commingoner,
JAMES M. AENSLEX For County Auditor,
JOHN C . WARNER.


## 

$\qquad$
$\qquad$

| ite majority, will just as surely and relentlesaly, distategrate, crush out, |
| :---: |


|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |

\section*{1818

## 1818 <br> -

## ling tureruend employment at the

 Who would hive ventursed tho nos.

##  

## Democraoy and frier trade.

## 

 "Triumph of Demooracy and FreTrude" an follows:
In ocncluing this brief review In concluding this brief review of
the triumph of free trade, it ts un
neocessary to pointotot the mnny lee
sons which it teaches. Under the
phee sons whioh it teaches. Under the
plea of hepping the farmers, und
the olaim that consumers would
bent benefltted, under the pretense tha
our forvign trade woula be extende
the manufactaring intereste the manufacturing interests wer
strioken down. The calamitie
which have betallen the peopl
should ever stand as a warnin whioh the American people made in
taking advioe from visionary and
sham reformerss. It has been de-
monstrated that the farmer destroy the mannfacturer without
inflicting an injury upon himself.
The laborer cannot ruin the buel ness of his employer without losin
his job. It proves that injury car production without bringing disns.
ter to every other line of industry
within the borders of our country hike a great temple resting on pllin
no one of which can be torn dow
without bringing the whole stract the dependence of one industry npon
another which binds them all to-
gether and makes protection neoes. satd in his great speech in Now York
september 17th, 1880 : "From the
wheat fields of Minnesotu through Wheat flelds of Minnesota through
the pastures of Toxas there ts not an
cre whose fertility does not beneft acre whose fertlity does not beneffit
misfortune or poverty of a hamlet in
all our borders."
IF WE STLL HAD THE M'KIN.
LEY BILL. LEX BILL.
$\begin{aligned} & \text { Although it is not argued that the } \\ & \text { MoKinley bill } \\ & \text { Rhould be reemacted } \\ & \text { exaetly as it stood bofore, yet had it }\end{aligned}$ axactly as it stood beforo, yet had it
not been repealed the country would not now be suffering as it is to-day,
Had tho MeKinley bill remained
in force untll now, we should doubt be able, nearly or quite, to
supply our wante. The new and ex-
endod mills would heve then from the farms, and labor would

have been so adjuated as to give the | grostest advantage to all. The in |
| :--- |
| meased $n$ and | creased nimber of nill hands would

hive griven the farmuor a groater
and better market, and he would not
have to consider an a compotton then
whest grower of Rumele or the Ar
sontine Repahlio. More of our cot-
on would have been consumod
home to the triple advantage
planter and manufacturee and

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { planter and manafactaree and oon } \\
& \text { sumer of the fabio. Our nhioe } \\
& \text { would have been increapod in num }
\end{aligned}
$$

