

THE WORK OF FLAMES

LIVES LOST AND MUCH PROPERTY BURNED IN WASHINGTON.

Summer Villas on the Massachusetts Coast Swept Away by Flames—A New Jersey Village in Peril—Forest Fires Cause Great Damage in Several Sections.

GOVERNOR N. Y., May 20.—Forest fires are raging to an alarming extent along the edge of the Adirondacks. The southern sky is all aglow, and upward of 50 fires are reported. The woods are very dry, as dry as in July or August, and the underbrush burns like tinder.

In some of the burning districts there has been a general call for men at \$2 per day to fight the fires, and employment would be given to many more could be secured. The wind has been terrific and swept the fires through the woods to a considerable distance. Couriers have been sent out in some places to secure help from the neighboring towns.

The worst fire reported is near Oswego, three miles from Star Lake. Unburned it threatens to reach that popular summer resort, and fears are entertained for the many cottages and the costly hotels.

A special to a local paper reports the burning of the residence of George Tins and the Castleton lumber camp. Unless a heavy rain sets in soon the damage to the lumber interests will be enormous. The residence of George Tins and Charles Borland of this place have been burned. Marshall Chibbesman, a neighbor, who was assisting in getting out the furniture, was burned to a crisp.

Fireman Lose Their Lives.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—A conflagration, which resulted in the loss of almost \$300,000 and in which two firemen were killed and four seriously injured by falling walls, occurred in this city. Twenty-one buildings with their contents were totally destroyed in the space of about two hours. The burned district consisted almost entirely of commission and wholesale jobbing houses in the square bounded by B street, Louisiana avenue, Ninth and Tenth streets. The residence of a prominent resident of the Postal Telegraph company located on the Post office and is supposed to have been caused by lightning, a severe thunderstorm having just before passed over the city.

The buildings were filled with a mass of inflammable material, which made it difficult for the firemen to cope with the progress of the flames. The fire spread with great rapidity. After two hours' hard work the flames were under control.

The list of the dead and injured, all of whom are firemen, follows: Deceased—Giles, engineer, company No. 9; Griffin, member of Truck No. 6. Injured—Joe Muthall, J. Melillo and Arthur Donaldson.

Warrentown's Close Call.

TOMES RIVER, N. J., May 19.—The forest fire swept down on the little village of Warrentown and the houses were wiped out of existence. Men, women and children turned out to fight the flames, and assistance from other places was sent to the threatened village and the place was saved. The Central Railroad of New Jersey sent a force of its men to the village to relieve those who had been fighting the flames.

Those who did not escape entirely. The famous Hopkins House, a summer hotel and sportsman's gathering place, kept by Charles Martin, was totally destroyed with about everything it contained. The fire started in the walls, six miles from the village. It was a small thing at first, but fanned by the wind it spread out fan shaped until it reached the outskirts of the village. It was in front of almost three miles. The village was not far from the center.

The second fire started to the south of the village. It is supposed that the dry grass was fired by sparks from a locomotive on the Central railroad. While the residents were spending their energies on this fire that from the south swept up before its presence was known. It was fought by fire fighters. The Hopkins House stood a little outside of the village, and it was soon in flames. The news spread along the line, and every one rushed for the village to protect as well as they might their own homes.

Summer Cottages Burned.

NABANT, Mass., May 19.—An incipient blaze from a painter's lamp at the old summer cottage once occupied by the poet Longfellow on Willow road was the beginning of a fire which, fanned by a strong southwest gale, devoured five handsome summer residences and contents, entailing a loss of \$100,000. The timely arrival of a fireman from Lynn prevented the destruction of other buildings in the vicinity.

Within a few moments after the fire started the entire Longfellow cottage was a mass of flames. The residence of Mrs. Henry C. Daneon of Boston, across the street, soon was a roaring furnace. The fire then recrossed the street to the cottage of Mrs. Frederick Cunningham of Brookline. The gale seemed to increase at this point, and the cottage of Charles R. Greene of New York, several hundred feet away, caught fire from embers. This and a cottage owned by the Samuel Russell estate of Boston were destroyed.

The burned cottages were unoccupied, but all contained much valuable furniture. The Longfellow cottage was quite old, but was in the best of condition. It was in this cottage the famous poet wrote "The bells of Lynn." It was owned by his daughter, Miss Alice W. Longfellow, who was killed by the Samuel Russell estate of Boston were destroyed.

Big Fires in the Catskills.

KINGSTON, N. Y., May 19.—The forest fire in the Catskills which have been raging for several days are now more serious than ever. The famous Stony Clove is ablaze for miles on either side. Mountain after mountain has been licked up, and the blackened crags are smoking for miles and miles. From Lawrenceville through the notch, the massive slopes are all ablaze, and the smoke is so dense that passengers on the Stony Clove train can scarcely see or breathe at times. The clouds of black and smoke fill the ravines, and the roaring fire heat the rocks in places until they burst asunder.

Forest Fires Near Egg Harbor.

EGG HARBOR, N. J., May 19.—Galloway township was visited by a destructive forest fire, caused by the wind blowing a lot of burning brushwood from the Little Swamp farm into the timber land. William Freidhofer's orchard, berry and vegetable plots were destroyed and John Menous and Edward Mosler's farms badly damaged. The loss to lumber alone is thought will exceed \$10,000.

Archduke Charles Louis Dead.

VIENNA, May 20.—Archduke Charles Louis of Austria, brother of Emperor Francis Joseph, died at 10 o'clock this morning. The news of his death had created a feeling of sorrow throughout Hungary, where the archduke was very popular, and a great number of his men over the celebration of Hungary's millennium. The principal celebration, which was to take place on June 8, has been postponed, and a period of mourning has been officially ordered. Archduke Charles Louis was born July 30, 1853.

ORLEANS DEFIANT.

The Causes of the Split in the Ranks of French Royalists.

PARIS, May 19.—A letter which the Duke of Orleans has written to the Duke of Anjou, who has resigned the presidency of the Royalist committee, has just been published. The letter shows that the split in the ranks of the French Royalists is in part due to the committee's decision to elect the Duke of Orleans king of admitting himself as a candidate for election at Chatelet, not in order to sit in the chamber of deputies, but to give an opportunity for a Royalist demonstration, and also because the Duke of Orleans declines to disavow his cousin, Prince Henry of Orleans, for accepting the decoration of the Legion of Honor from the government in recognition of his travels in the far east.

The Duke of Orleans' letter is very blunt and dictatorial in tone. Referring to the question of his candidacy, he says: "It is necessary to choose between playing at monarchy and making it a reality. If you think that the French monarchy as it was constructed in the past can be reconstructed in the future by an affection of instant and expectant dignity stand-

The object of French buyers in seeking the control of the Cuban debt is said to be to obtain from Spain a direct intervention in the Cuban treasury department, placing a representative of their syndicate in every custom house on the island to see that these are honestly administered, and thus insure prompt payment of the interest on the debt.

Major General Moreno Jimenez, who was chief of staff to Captain General Martinez Campos here last year, has been made military governor of the island of Terregona, in Spain, while Jose Martinez Campos, the deposed captain general's youngest son, was recently elected a deputy to the cortes.

Brigadier General Suarez Inclan, who has left Havana for Bahia Honda, has also been elected to the Spanish parliament.

St. Domingo Ports Closed.

To stop excessive immigration of Cuban refugees into Santo Domingo, President Herceux has closed the ports of that republic against vessels from Cuba, under the pretext that smallpox is raging here.

Cubans apparently have very little confidence in Captain General Weyler's latest decree offering amnesty to Havana and Matanzas rebels who voluntarily present themselves at government posts and, surrendering their arms, accept again fealty to Spain. The decree is not held by General Weyler and his officers to apply to Cubans who have been members of insurgent parties charged with having at any time since the outbreak of the revolution taken part in the fight.

The Cuban rebel who, repenting of his disloyalty to the crown, comes to seek quarter in a regular army, is asked to sign his name to the oath of allegiance and is not infrequently invited to the table of the local commandant. An hour afterward, notwithstanding that he has been forgiven his act of rebellion, the same man is arrested on the charge of insubordination, tried by a drum court martial and may be shot the following morning.

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

Summary of the Proceedings of the Senate and House.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—In the senate yesterday the river and harbor bill was passed. It makes direct appropriations of \$13,200,000 and authorizes continuing contracts for \$4,000,000, an aggregate of \$17,200,000. The bill was passed by a long and bitter parliamentary struggle over the contested election case of Hinaker against Dowling in the Sixteenth district of Illinois, which was finally sent back to the courts.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—In the senate yesterday the Du Pont election case was taken up, Mr. Platt advocating Colonel Du Pont's right to a seat. Mr. Caffery argued for protection to American sugar producers against German discrimination. The illiteracy test for immigrants was discussed. In the house most of the session was devoted to consideration of private pension bills. The contested election case of Chestnut against Woodard was decided in favor of Mr. Woodard, the sitting member.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—In the senate yesterday the claim of Henry A. Du Pont to the vacant seat from Delaware was rejected by a vote of 11 to 20, the Democrats and Populists voting solidly against the contestant. In the house the day was devoted to private pension bills, 101 of them being passed. The contested election case of Woodard against Chestnut was decided in favor of Mr. Woodard, the sitting member.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—In the senate yesterday the bill to amend the act relating to the election of the president was passed, leaving only two appropriation bills to be acted on. In the house the title of W. C. Owens and the seat from the Seventh Kentucky district was confirmed. Bills to restrict immigration were discussed.

Abraham Lincoln's Niece Killed.

LEXINGTON, Ky., May 14.—Miss Marie Todd, aged 30, daughter of Dr. Lyman B. Todd, was killed by a trolley car while she was bicycling. She was a cousin of Robert T. Lincoln and niece of the late President Lincoln.

Two Hundred People Killed.

BRASS, West Africa, May 18.—An explosion at Bida, in the Nupre country on the Niger river, has razed to the ground the palace of the Emir Mahedi and has killed 200 people.

General Markets.

NEW YORK, May 19.—FLOUR—State and western dull and nominally unchanged; city mills steady. RICE—White, steady with corn. CORN—No. 2 white, steady with corn. WHEAT—No. 2 red, steady with fair fall buying, eased off under good crop news, but rallied again on covering; May, 94 1/2; July, 95 1/2. OATS—No. 2 white, steady with corn. HAY—No. 1 timothy, steady, \$18.00; No. 2, \$17.00. BUTTER—Steady, state dairy, 10 1/2; creamery, 11 1/2. CHEESE—Steady, state, large, 10 1/2; small, 10 1/4. EGGS—Fresh, state and Pennsylvania, 10 1/2; foreign, 10 1/4. SUGAR—Raw dull and nominal; fair refined, 10 1/2; centrifugal, 10 1/4; powdered, 10 1/4. COFFEE—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. PEPPER—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. SPICES—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. LARD—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. TALLOW—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. SOAP—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. CLOTHING—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. SHOES—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. HATS—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. FUR—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. SILK—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. WOOL—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. COTTON—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. LINEN—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. JUTE—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. HEMP—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. ROPES—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. CABLES—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. IRON—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. STEEL—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. COPPER—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. BRASS—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. ZINC—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. LEAD—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. TIN—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. GOLD—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. SILVER—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. DIAMONDS—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. GEMSTONES—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. WATCHES—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. JEWELRY—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. OPTICALS—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. PHOTOGRAPHS—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. BOOKS—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. PAPERS—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. STATIONERY—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. TOBACCO—No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 2, 10 1/4. 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