Board rejects

(continued from page 1)

"It would cost over 10%, near the 11% mark if we gave them all the benefit packages that they're asking for," said Ashbridge.

The teachers are doing a great job, we don't say they are not," said Ashbridge. "I don't think the association is being reasonable when they ask for that kind of increase." Ashbridge feels that a reason-

able increase in today's market would be a cost-of-living increase.

The three board members, they were asking to be realistic, but that fell on deaf ears," said Ashbridge. "There are steps so that a teacher's salary, if they were to continue with their current contract, they would automatically get a raise. What they want to do is get 8.5% on top of their step."

The highest increase in salary would be about \$8,800 in a single year, said Ashbridge

Among the school board's concerns in negotiating the contract is a possible change in funding from the state. State support decreased from 44.7% of the district's budget in 1986-87, to 37.9 percent in 1991-92.

funding is. It's really a whole different ballgame. We have to walk lighter than we have been," said board member John George. "I'm would commence in the middle of and Ferko are on sabbatical. not in favor of anything but a two-

year contract, possibly a three. I would be for a status quo, Just By ERIC FOSTER stay where you are and see where you're going."

Steve Werner, president of the Dallas Taxpayers Forum, said that one of the objectives of his organization is to change the way teachers bargain with the school district.

"We don't want to hurt the teachers," said Werner. "There are some very fine ones. Our goal is to evolve a system where we don't have to part-time status. The teachers, contracts every two or three years, but where the teachers are judged by merit."

The Taxpayers Forum has presented the school board with 1,176 signatures asking for a two-year salary freeze and the implementation of a merit pay program.

Bargaining between the district and teachers began in January of 1991, and the teachers have been working without a contract since September of this year.

Wagner says that the teachers have not discussed striking, but added that it's "always an option."

'My hope is that we'll be back at We don't know where the state the table," said Wagner. The teachers will meet in early January to discuss their next move.

Ashbridge said that negotiations January.

Post Staff

The Dallas School Board voted 5 to 3 to uphold the furloughs of four teachers at a special meeting curriculum changes, were ap-December 17

The district held a two-night hearing on October 21 and 22 to determine if it was legal for the four teachers to have been furloughed, and one teacher changed from full, represented by attorney Charles Herring of Philadelphia, argued that they were furloughed for economic reasons, which is contrary Assistant superintendent to state law.

The school district, through the testimony of superintendent Gerald Wycallis, argued that the furloughs were because of changes in the district's curriculum.

The teachers were furloughed on July 8, and include Catherine Wega, Mary Ann Storz, Carol Harding, Margaret Schuler, and Paul Brown. Harding withdrew her request for a hearing, to be replaced by Nancy Ferko, who was demoted from full to part-time status. Brown and Storz are currently filling in for teachers who are on leave, while Schuler, Wega

Board members John George. Thomas Stitzer, and Clarence Michael voted against accepting the "Findings of Fact" document prepared by attorney Robert Panowicz under the board's direction. Ernest Ashbridge, Ellen Nagy, James Richardson, Richard Coslett and John Cleary voted to uphold the furloughs.

was absent from the meeting because of military reserve duty.

Dallas board upholds 4 teacher furloughs

The report concludes that the furloughs were done because of proved by the Department of Education, and were not arbitrary, capricious, and an abuse of discretion.

The four furloughed teachers may appeal the decision to Luzerne County Court, while Ferko may appeal to the state Secretary of Education.

appointed

The school directors also voted 6 to 2 to appoint middle school principal Dr. Gilbert Griffiths to the position of assistant superintendent of curriculum and instruction

Stitzer and George both voted against the appointment because they felt a new administrative position is not needed.

"Mr. Griffiths is an excellent principal, we just don't have the money," said Stitzer. "I don't know how we can go ahead and spend \$40,000 or \$50,000 when we don't have a contract with our teachers.

"I think we need a superintendent of curriculum and instruction, but not with four teachers furloughed," said William Wagner, president of the Dallas teachers' union. "This puts the administration at status quo. They have the same number of administrators they had last year. But we are still short our four teachers. That's at a Board member Thomas Landon cost of \$30,000 to \$40,000."

While Griffiths' position as said board member Ellen Nagy. middle school principal will be "This is a \$14 million dollar busiposted, for the time period, he says ness we're talking about and you he will wear both hats, and earn have to have management people the same salary as he now does, there. It's not a new position. It which is approximately \$45,000. was done before by Mr. (Fred)

"There are no additional funds Templin and Mr. Wycallis. being spent," said board member

the appointment. "I feel we are tremendously 1991 semester, and his position short-handed in management," was not filled at that time.

Fact-finder

(continued from page 1)

Templin, who had been super-James Richardson in defense of visor of curriculum and instruction, retired at the end of the spring

what percentage increases other districts have given their teachers in recent years. "The state made a big thing on

doing this," said Cleary of the in the area. "Both of my parents hearing, which lasted for about six hours on October 24. Cleary said that Hamrick showed up at the making half of what the guys in the hearing without enough cassette tapes to record all the testimony.

"He had Pavarotti tapes he didn't want to tape over," said Cleary. "You couldn't possibly sit through that without a stenographic record. What he recommended was no meeting in the middle.'

"I think some of the factors were not taken into consideration," said Dallas superintendent Gerald Wycallis, "... the state of the economy. The economy is not in good stead. I personally think that this has to come into play."

Wycallis wouldn't comment on the Pavarotti tapes, except to say the outcome," said Ashbridge, who that there was some difficulty in is in his fifth term as a school taping the hearing, and the taping board member. "It's really what I is not required.

"If our teachers were grossly underpaid, I would be the first to lead the charge," said Cleary, but he points out, they're the best paid were teachers. My mother, I can remember days when she was UAW were."

"First and foremost we have to acknowledge that we have some excellent teachers," said Cleary. "I have a business, and I would very much like to make what I made last year. The benefit package that exists now is twice what I can afford for my company and myself.

For his part, Ernest Ashbridge, president of the school board and a member of the negotiating committee along with Cleary and James Richardson, says he wasn't surprised by the report.

"I was not surprised at all with expected."



Report

(continued from page 1)

educational excellence of the 1994-95. Obviously the teachers School District and they both real- in that school district are playing ize that the objective requires sacsides.

average 9.85% over the five year to Hazleton's 11.51% contract.

indicates that average salary in- increases are as follows: creases in the contiguous school districts shows an average increase of 8.25% in 1991-92; an 8.9% increase in 1992-93; a 9.0% in 1993-94; a 9.6% increase in 1994-\$31,915.00, had the lowest aver- contract. age salary of the twelve school,

districts in L.I.U. 18. Meanwhile, salary question and the obvious Dallas School District had the emphasis given to the salary prohighest average salary of posals by the respective parties,

"catch-up". However, those perrifice and compromise on both centage increases definitely skew the average percentage increases The School District raised its noted in the foregoing paragraph. original proposal from \$2,100.00 For instance, the percentage inper year for two years to \$2,450.00 creases for nine of the districts, over its proposed three year con- excluding Hazleton Area, ranges tract. By its own computation such form 7.5% to 8.54% in 1990-91. increase would amount to 17.68% For eight districts in 1992-93, again for the three year period. The Asso- excluding Hazleton Area's 14.95% ciation's proposal ranged from an increase, the range is from 7.8% to 11.93% for the 1991-92 school 8.26%. For six districts in 1993year to 8.12% for the 1995-96 94, the range is 8.0% to 8.78% school year or the fifth year of the compared to Hazleton's 13.01%. contract. By the Association's For three districts in 1994-95, the computation such increase would range is 8.19% to 9.78% compared

RECOMMENDATION: My rec-An examination of the evidence ommendations regarding salary

> 1991-92 - 8.50% 1992-93 - 8.75% 1993-94 - 8.75% 1994-95 - 9.00%

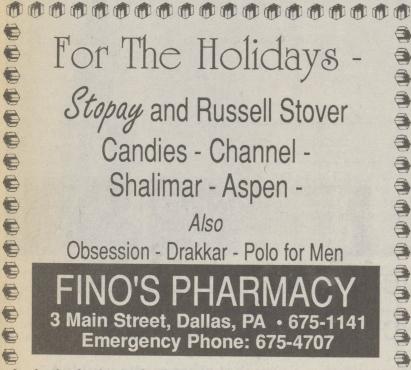
The percentage increases are to 95. A closer examination of those be applied to the rates set forth in average increases indicates that the 1990-91 salary schedule at the Hazleton Area School District, each of the steps and to each of the which in the school year 1990-91 columns. The columnar differences had an average salary of are to remain as in the current

Realizing the complexity of the \$39,620.00 in 1990-91, which was this Fact-Finder would be recep-

over \$3,800.00 above the average tive to assisting the parties upon for the districts of \$35,789.00. their request. It should be under-

As a result of the above figures, stood that such offer of assistance Hazleton Area School District has is restricted to the question of increased its salary by 9.6% in salary. 1991-92; 14.95% in 1992-93; John M. Hamrick 13.01% in 1993-94 and 11.51% in

Fact Finder





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