

BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATIONS

Of America Use Pe-ru-na For All Catarrhal Diseases.



MRS. HENRIETTA A. S. MARSH. Woman's Benevolent Association of Chicago.

Mrs. Henrietta A. S. Marsh, President Woman's Benevolent Association...

I suffered with the grippe for seven weeks, and nothing helped me until I tried Peruna...

Independent Order of Good Templars, of Washington.

Mrs. T. W. Collins, Treasurer I. O. G. T., of Everett, Wash., has used the great cathartic tonic, Peruna...

"After having a severe attack of la grippe, I also suffered with dyspepsia. After taking Peruna I could eat my regular meals with relish...

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna write at once to Dr. Hartman...

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

EARTHQUAKE RECORDS.

Are Carefully Kept from All Points by New Seismograph.

We have lately heard much of the wonderful manner in which earthquake disturbances are registered very often at places remote from their center of activity.

The seismograph invented by Prof. John Milne, and kept at his home in the Isle of Wight, has been known to record earth vibrations which had their origin at the other side of the world.

The main feature of the instrument is a slender rod of steel about a yard long, which is attached to a solid upright, the two being arranged like a mast and boom of a ship.

At the ends of this delicately balanced horizontal rod or pendulum is a tiny plate of brass with a slit in it parallel with the boom itself.

This crosses a similar slit at right angles to it in the top of a box which contains a slowly traveling ribbon of sensitive photographic paper, and by means of a lamp and mirror a beam of light is sent through the crossed slits onto the paper below.

So long as the boom remains perfectly still the record traced on the paper by the light takes the form of a continuous line; but when the delicate rod is caused to vibrate the line is interrupted by lateral thickening.

As the paper tape is marked with hours and minutes the exact time when any earth disturbance takes place is plainly indicated.

USE PINEAPPLE.

To Cure Diphtheria and a Sore Throat Will Remove Any Corn.

Pineapple, in virtue of its active principle, bromelain, has considerable virtues as a proteolytic digestive.

The texture of the fruit, however, is such that its indigestibility more than offsets this virtue. Dr. Wyatt Wingrave, however, finds that the expressed juice has a powerful solvent action upon plastic exudate, such as diphtheria membrane.

This can be demonstrated in vitro, and though, owing to the shortness of contact, its solvent action on membrane on the throat is necessarily slight, he finds that it exerts a decidedly softening effect on the stringy exudate, so as to admit of its easy detachment.

He also finds with success a thin slice of pineapple, applied for eight hours, as a means of softening the horny epidermis of corns, ready for removal.

Within his own special province he has employed the juice usefully for softening the horny papillae in keratosis of the tonsil—Therapeutic Gazette.

Long Hair

"About a year ago my hair was coming out very fast, so I bought a bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor. It stopped the falling and made my hair grow very rapidly, until now it is 45 inches in length."

—Mrs. A. Boydston, Atchison, Kans.

There's another hunger than that of the stomach. Hair hunger, for instance. Hungry hair needs food, needs hair vigor—Ayer's.

This is why we say that Ayer's Hair Vigor always restores color, and makes the hair grow long and heavy.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office.

J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Black Adventure.

Ten Days in an Open Boat.

AFTER a 1400-mile jaunt in an open boat, with water soaked bread and moldy beef, Captain J. Nevius Kay, his young wife, nine seamen and "Whiskers," the cat of the British barkentine Florence B. Edgett, arrived at New York recently from St. George, Grenada, on the steamship Grenada.

The barkentine sailed for Buenos Ayres from Bear River, N. S., on August 11, with 500,000 feet of spruce deal. She ran into a hurricane on September 18, and in an hour's time was dismantled and dismantled. The crew stuck to her until October 15, when they set sail in a life-boat. Ten days later they arrived at Grenada, having sighted not a single vessel until the night before they landed at Grenada.

"We were in latitude 17.09 north and 39.30 west longitude when the hurricane struck us," said Captain Kay. "The winds, which were northeasterly, had been increasing on September 17, and the next morning while I was shortening sail a heavy squall struck us and carried away a lot of canvas, started the deckload and carried away the port bulwarks. The gale increased, and in half an hour we were flooded fore and aft, the skylights were broken and the deckhouses stove in. Then the mizzen mast snapped off at the hounds, and it wasn't long before the mainmast and foremast followed suit, carrying away the starboard lifeboat, the head gear and jibboom and splitting the forecabin. The after cabin was full of water, and it was impossible to get about the deck. Two men were stationed at the wheel. The men's chests were broken open and floated about the cabin, the chronometers were smashed and the provisions were soaked. All the ship's papers and what money I had were lost.

"When the hurricane had spent its force we fixed up a jury rig with the aid of the stumps of the main and the mizzen, and we made a little headway until October 14, when the rudder was carried away, leaving us helpless. The next day, the remaining lifeboat having been repaired in the meantime, we decided to take our chances in the little boat.

"The boat had a twenty-foot keel and two masts. We carried a forestaysail, a foresail and a spritsail for a mainsail—just like a Chinese junk. Nobody had any belongings to take away from the ship, and our only cargo was fifty pounds of bread, fifty pounds of salt beef and about thirty-five gallons of water. I fixed up a cabin for my wife, so we were all fairly comfortable, although, on account of being so close to the water it was very hot.

"We made good headway, having the advantage of the trades, and logged as much as 140 knots a day. For our daily rations we had two quarts of water and two pounds of bread. Some of the men were sick, but nobody grumbled. My wife stood the hardship better than any of us. The watches were divided as on shipboard, and we were constantly on the lookout for some vessel. I have been sailing in those latitudes for twenty years, but that is the first trip I ever made without sighting something.

"I had a compass on board, and I verified my bearings by the North Star. When the compass had deviated a half point I judged that I had made about half the distance to the mainland, so I steered a straight course for the coast of South America. The night before we made St. George we saw three steamers some distance off, but could not attract their attention. The next day we made the harbor, and when our little boat was rowed in a big crowd of Africans was lined up on the shore. We got dry clothes, some body photographs of us in a group, and five or six churches took up a collection for us that amounted to \$75 or more. Those natives never saw a ship, wrecked crew before, and whenever any of us went out on the street a big crowd would collect and follow us around."

The Florence E. Edgett was built at Ditchy, N. S., twelve years ago. She is of 491 tons register, and is owned by Troop & Son, of St. John, N. B. The men were sent back by their different Consuls, and Captain Kay has put the case before the British Consul. Some of the men are at the Sailors' Home, in Cherry street, and others scattered around with friends in the city. Captain Kay and his wife will stop in Brooklyn.—New York Times.

The Escape of Scout Burnham.

Burnham, the American scout, who was Lord Roberts' chief of scouts, was one of the most interesting figures in the South African war. Some of his adventures are as thrilling as the wildest inventions of the writers of dime novels, differing only in the important respect that they are true. Mr. Frederick Unger, the American war correspondent, relates one of them in his book, "With 'Bobs' and Kruger."

Burnham once allowed himself to be captured and led into De Wet's camp, hoping to get information and then escape. He conceived his identity, but was betrayed by another prisoner, a British officer, who, in spite of Burnham's signs, stupidly called him by name. A special guard was immediately placed over him, and on the march he was put into a trek wagon, closely covered except in front. An armed driver sat on the seat, a guard rode at each side and one behind. Learning from the conversation of his guards that when they reached the railway he would be sent on to Pretoria by train, he knew he must escape then or never.

He kept awake at night and watched

his chance. It came when the driver got down to give some directions to the native boy leading the oxen. Burnham crept up on the seat, from which he slipped down to the cart-tongue, and from there he slid quietly to the ground, prostrate under the cart, which passed over him. The guards on the sides could not see, but those behind might. He lay still, preparing to endure even the tread of a horse and not give a sign.

The night was dark. The horses of the following cart stepped carefully over him, and their riders just happened not to look down. The next cart, drawn by oxen, was some distance behind, and before it came up Burnham rolled swiftly to the side of the road, where he lay until the cart passed. Then, before another came up he had time to roll several hundred yards into the night, and was for the moment safe.

But now his escape was discovered. The column halted and lights appeared. Horsemen rode up and down the line, shouting and firing shots. Other horsemen rode over the veld, and several came close to where Burnham was lying. In the darkness he looked so like a lump of grass that he escaped notice. Had his pursuers waited till daylight he would have been taken.

After a while the column moved on, and Burnham rose to his feet and struck off southward for Bloemfontein. He spent two days and nights on the veld, hidden by day on the summits of kopjes, from which he could see Boer scouts, evidently on the lookout for him. At last he succeeded in reaching Bloemfontein, after forty-eight hours without food. He had gained important information from the careless conversation of his guards and had accomplished his purpose.

The Leopard-Slayer.

A recent writer in Chambers's Journal gives an interesting reminiscence of his official experience in India. As he sat outside his tent one day he heard wild cries, and an orderly dashed up, crying excitedly that a wild leopard had invaded the cavalry lines. It had killed one horse and stampeded a hundred, and the sahib must come at once. Hastening to the spot he found the leopard dead on the ground, surrounded by a crowd of men, six or seven of whom were standing close beside the body with naked swords in their hands and the swaggering air of victors.

Only one of the men did not swagger and his sword was the only one that had blood upon it. This man stood aside while the others rushed up claiming to have slain the creature, and only after they had finished speaking stated quietly that he had killed it, as he had killed his horse, and that they had only come up after it was dead. They wished to share the reward offered by the Government for killing dangerous wild beasts. He asked respectfully for an investigation, which was promised.

But in conversation at the dinner table that night it appeared that the leopard was probably not a wild beast at all, but an escaped cheetah, or trained hunting leopard, belonging to the local judge. The next morning its owner accompanied the colonel to the lines, where he immediately identified the carcass in the presence of the regiment, which stood drawn up waiting for the award of the Government bounty to be decided. Then he turned to the colonel and said in an angry and accusing voice, "Please order the men who killed the leopard to fall out."

Only one man, Hazara Sing, came forward, out of all the previous claimants to the honor.

"Are you the man who killed my leopard?" asked the judge.

"Yes," answered he, steadily. "The leopard came into the lines, leaped on my horse's back and began tearing its throat open. I drew my sword and cut it down with one blow. My horse died last night, and I am now a beggar, having no money to purchase another horse, which would cost me 300 rupees." (The native cavalry provided their own mounts.)

"Well done, my man," said the judge to the amazement of the listeners, who had expected an outburst of wrath. "Come up to my house and I will make you a present of the amount you will need to buy another horse. I will do this because I consider you to be a brave and truthful man."

The braggarts of the bloodless swords got only the ridicule of the regiment, both for their hasty claim and its hasty withdrawal, while Hazara Sing, here afterward the nickname of the Leopard Slayer. He was later, for gallantry in battle, promoted to the rank of a native officer.

A Girl's Presence of Mind.

The presence of mind of a Trenton (N. J.) girl in an emergency saved the life of her father by stopping the slow flow of blood from an artery in his wrist until the arrival of a physician.

Enoch Knowles, with his daughter, Miss May Knowles, were driving when their horses became frightened and ran away. The wagon was overturned, and in falling out Mr. Knowles had an artery in his wrist severed. The girl was not hurt, although a little shaken up. She took hold of her father's wrist above the artery and held it tightly until the arrival of a physician, who had been summoned by a farmer who happened to be passing in his wagon. Miss Knowles is a trained nurse, and is a graduate of Zercher Hospital.

Prevention of Tartar.

Rinse the mouth freely once a day with water, in which a pinch of alum has been dissolved. It is harmless to the teeth, and keeps the gums in good condition, preventing the accumulation of tartar.—International Dental Journal.

MEMORY OF MONARCHS.

The Repeated Initials of Napoleon and Henry IV. Seen in Paris.

For nearly a century thousands of feet every month have pressed the present pavement on the river side of the Louvre, in Paris, and as many eyes have looked on it, and yet, strange as it may seem, not until the pavement was quite recently repaired were huge letters discovered that take up the entire width of the way. Now, when attention is called to them, outlines of repeated initials of two sovereigns under whom the palace was largely increased can be plainly seen, and there they will be allowed to remain, though the pavement all around them be relaid. These paving stones are supposed to have been put down by Lefuel when he laid the pavement, and in front of the Pavillon Lediguieres they are so arranged as to form two large letters "H," evidently in memory of Henry IV., who finished the long gallery west of the southwest corner of the original quadrangle. Two letters "N" are in front of the Pavillon Tremolle, initials that recall the great Napoleon, whose victories in Italy gave him the spoils of its works of art in the beginning of the last century, that were placed in the Louvre, which under his direction was restored and completed and made the repository of the art works of France.

Wife's Perseverance.

Ten years ago a miner of Santa Fe, N. M., gave up in disgust after working for months on a claim which showed nothing. His wife refused to yield to discouragement, started operations on her own account, and eventually sold out to a big syndicate at a high figure.

Many of us might be happy if we did not suffer from disorders of the liver. Then we ought to use Dr. August Koenig's Hamburg Drops, which cure the disorders and bring the whole system to a healthy condition.

Two hundred and seventeen lions have been born at the Dublin zoo during the last seven years.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Dr. J. C. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

West & Traut Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio. WARDING, EMMAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 50c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

It takes the constant labor of 60,000 people to make matches for the world.

ETTSner a nasally cure. No fits or nervousness. Dr. King's use of Dr. King's Great Peppermint Cure, which cures influenza, colds, coughs, and croup. Sold by all druggists. Dr. J. H. Kline, Ltd., 901 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

The number of laborers required to cultivate the tea crop of India is 665,000. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle. A chimney of 115 feet high will, without danger, sway ten inches in a wind. Carpets can be colored on the floor with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. The average of wrecks in the Baltic Sea is one every day throughout the year. I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900. Forty-four muscles are called into play in the production of the human voice.

THE CHILDREN ENJOY. Life out of doors and out of the games which they play and the enjoyment which they receive and the efforts which they make, comes the greater part of that healthful development which is so essential to their happiness when grown. When a laxative is needed the remedy which is given to them to cleanse and sweeten and strengthen the internal organs on which it acts, should be such as physicians would sanction, because its component parts are known to be wholesome and the remedy itself free from every objectionable quality. The one remedy which physicians and parents, well-informed, approve and recommend and which the little ones enjoy, because of its pleasant flavor, its gentle action and its beneficial effects, is—Syrup of Figs—and for the same reason it is the only laxative which should be used by fathers and mothers. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy which acts gently, pleasantly and naturally without griping, irritating, or nauseating and which cleanses the system effectually, without producing that constipated habit which results from the use of the old-time cathartics and modern imitations, and against which the children should be so carefully guarded. If you would have them grow to manhood and womanhood, strong, healthy and happy, do not give them medicines, when medicines are not needed, and when nature needs assistance in the way of a laxative, give them only the simple, pleasant and gentle—Syrup of Figs. Its quality is due not only to the excellence of the combination of the laxative principles of plants with pleasant aromatic syrups and juices, but also to its original method of manufacture and as you value the health of the little ones, do not accept any of the substitutes which unscrupulous dealers sometimes offer to increase their profits. The genuine article may be bought anywhere of all reliable druggists at fifty cents per bottle. Please to remember, the full name of the Company—CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.—is printed on the front of every package. In order to get its beneficial effects it is always necessary to buy the genuine only.

GERMANY'S MEAT INSPECTION.

The New Law That is Now in Force There.

On April 1, 1903, Germany's new meat inspection law goes into effect, necessitating the erection of many new buildings for use as inspection stations, etc., and among the experts employed will be microscopists, veterinary surgeons and chemists, entailing a preparatory expense that gives the law a stamp of permanency. It is believed that the inspection will materially retard the importation of meats, which amounted to over \$7,000,000 in value last year. It is reported that butcher's associations have within the past two months held many meetings to devise means of stopping the continual decrease in the supply of live stock available for their use. The sale of fresh meat to the laboring classes is steadily decreasing, which accounts for the gain of over \$1,200,000 in the importation of fresh and smoked fish last year, as compared with 1900.

The London Crowd.

One of the things that most impressed General Wood was the stolidity of the London crowds. They disappointed him. He heard so much of "British cheers" that he expected to see all American outbursts thrown into the shade. Instead of that he found less show of enthusiasm, even when the King and Queen rode through the city, than may be met with any day in the States at a baseball match. This is a comment which American visitors often make, and not without reason. The London crowd is more hearty and vociferous than the French or German crowd, but compared with an American gathering on any big occasion, a civic meeting, for instance, a civic welcome to a victorious admiral, or a 'varsity football match, it is as Abernethy to Niagara. On the other hand, it is claimed that Americans do not really cheer; they yell.—London Daily Chronicle.

ST. JACOBS OIL. POSITIVELY CURES Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Backache, Headache, Footache, All Bodily Aches, AND CONQUERS PAIN.

CONQUERS PAIN. DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY: gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment free. Dr. H. M. GREEN'S HOME, 202 E. Atlanta, Ga.

Forty-four muscles are called into play in the production of the human voice.

Cascarets. BEST FOR THE BOWELS. Genuine stamped C. C. C. Never sold in bulk. Beware of the dealer who tries to sell "something just as good."

HAMLINS WIZARD OIL. CURES ALL RHEUMATIC PAIN, SORENESS, SWELLING, INFLAMMATION. FROM ANY CAUSE. 50c.

Capsicum Vaseline. PUT UP IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES.

A substitute for and Superior to Mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain alleviating and curative qualities of this article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once and relieve headache and neuralgia. We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant known, also as an external remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all rheumatic, neuritic and gouty complications. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household. Many people say "It is the best of all your preparations." Price, 15 cents, at all druggists, or other dealers who will send you a tube by mail. No article should be accounted by the public unless the name carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine.

Chesbrough Manufacturing Co. 17 State Street, New York City.

RIPANS. I suffered from indigestion and thought I would rather die than live. I was not able to work for fourteen months. A friend recommended Ripans Tablets to me and I got a box. I immediately began to improve. I enjoy three good meals a day now and never felt better in my life.

At druggists. The Five-Cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion. The family bottle, 60 cents, contains a supply for a year.

VIRGINIA FARMS of all sizes at low prices. Write to H. W. WELLS, Manager of Colonization, Emporia, Va.

P. N. U. 51, '02.

PISO'S CURE FOR BUSTS WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup, Tastes Good. Use in Time. Sold by druggists.

CONSUMPTION.