

Old Frocks for New. Dress designing is becoming quite an intellectual pursuit. I heard the other day that one of the great Paris-ian dress designers has been traveling in the east to get fresh inspiration; while it is well known that the picture galleries of Paris are haunted by the model-making fraternity, and old books with prints and plates of the eigh-teenth century are quite at a premi-um in the old bookshops and the book-stalls of Paris.—London Gentlewoman.

two pendants in the form of diamond drops. Dainy Bit of Neckwars. A certain pretty girl has made for herself one of the prettiest stock col-fars! And it is one which any girl which is at all clever with her needle white Liberty satin, the cut (that should go without saying) is perfec-tion. Around the top are two rows of French dots in black. Then comes a row of ribbon, a dainty pink baby rib-bon, edged with black, just below this are two rows of the black dots, then another row of ribbon, and another double rows of dots and two of rib-bon. The whole comes little below the middle of the stock. It is suffi-ciently dressy, but better yet it is dainty, and that is the great quality in neckwar. Once one has achieved by the didth esote.

problem is solved. Neck Ornaments. Neck ornaments are particularly pretty. The liat plaited white and col-ored mousseline boas more resemble shoulder fichus, being invariabily bor-dered with mousseline roses or velvet rose leaves applique at the edge of the mousseline kilting. Ends of black rib-bon velvet or strands of jet beads finish the fronts. Others of tulle, forming ruches turning down from the hair, are embellished by long pompa-dour silk stole ends trimmed with large steel buttons. Effective et cet-eras are always an important item on a Parisian toilet, and some of the lat-est cravats and boas are particularly attractive this season. Spotted kilted est cravats and boas are particularly attractive this season. Spotted kilted white mousseline trimmed with lace, pompadour ribbon latticed on net, col-ored bebe ribbon velvet gathered up into rosettes in front of neckbands and embroidered lawn and linon sole collarcties are among the most popu-flar accessories.

Interpreting Baby's Walls. Poor baby has only one method of making her wants known-namely, by ther cry, and it takes some little prac-tice to ...stinguish between the cry that merely says. "Please, I'm so hun-gry!" the temper cry of pain or ill-

Till baby is four or five months old she doesn't shed tears, so when her little temper is very much upset she cries furiously and in an unreasoning sort of way.

cries furiously and in an unreasoning order of way. When he is merely hungry, the cry is still passionate, but somewhat thoarse, too, and accompanied by sun-try sounds as if she were on the verge of the land of dreams, whereas a she passed of the series there of if it's a pin that's offending, they is the series of the series of the series of the series the series of the series of the series of the series of the series the series of the series o

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be wears a tube rose he immediately becomes sad and melancholy, and searches for tragic books and plays, dons dark clothes and performs sad music on his violin." A famous judge remarked to an interviewer his ab horrence of the mingling of scenti women in court use on their handker chiefs, and declared that they sont him home at night after a "fashion able" case a prey to the very worst of headaches.—New York Commercial Advertiser. Advertiser.

tended Over Two States - A Powerful Man Though of Very Slight Eudd. The death of outlaw Tracy by his own hands ends perhaps the most re-markable man hunt in the annals of crime, and closes a life and death chase which lasted without cessation for 58 days and extended over the greater part of two states. Since June 9 hast Tracy, hunted by Indian trackers, bloodhounds, hun-dreds of authorized officers of the law, the state troops of Washington, and unnumbered volunteer bands of vigi-lantes, with a price on his head that amounted to a fortune, traveled over about fifteen hundred miles of wild country, and defied capture to the last. From the moment of his daring es-

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at the waist. For trimming linen lawn dresses, Parisian modistes and tailors are ef-

whose attire they likewise appropriat-ed. Both Stewart and the expressman were held captive until the next day, when after having spent a comfortable night and been well fed, the fugitives stole two horses from another Salem resident and started for the north. On the second day of the pursuit bloodhounds were pressed into service and the chase grew hot. Within a day there was set on the heads of the fugi-tive pair a price of \$4000. Neither of the bandits was heard of for some days, till, at a place called Gervals they further altered their attire by robbing a man named Roberts of his ciothing. A cordon of several hundred men

For trimming inter law dresses, Parisian modistes and tailors are ef-fectively employed linen passe-menterie in soft ecru shades. One inch in the back graduating to three quarters of an inch in the front, is a good width for a belt; or one and a half inches in the back to one inch in the front. The lace trimmings of some of the more beautiful and elaborate of the new cloaks are often made up over cloth of gold. Occasionally an ap-plique of lace flowers constitues the trimming. Pretty things in the way of fine lawn stole stocks have the stock of the plain liawn, with the hemstitched top turned

one and a haif inches in the back to one inch in the front. The lace trimmings of some of the more beautiful and elaborate of the cloth of gold. Occasionally an ap-plique of lace flowers constitues the trimming. The ty things in the way of fine lawn stole stocks have the stock of the plain lawn, with the hemsitched top turned over after the fashion of a top collar. The two stole ends fastened to the lower edge of the collar are of fine embroidery and are plaited. In the custro of each are three little lace buttons. The turnover edge has a very inch wide.

the water of the swamps and doubling back on the trail. It was at this point in the man hunt that another victim fell, this time one of the pursuing party being shot by his own friends in mistake for one of the outlaws. While the pursuit still was making a dragnet search through the swamps, the fugitives, traveling with incredible swiftness, made their way 100 miles north to the line of the Northern Pacific railroad, which connects Portland with Puget Sound.
At this point in the flight Tracy and Merrill were known to have been to gether, but when Tracy next was heard of he was alone and in the close neighborhood of Oipnpia. A few days later the dead body of Merrill was found further back on the trail with a bullet wound in his back.
After this discovery, the facts of the killing of Merrill came out in the boasting of Tracy, who said he had killed him as he had suspected Merrill of having betrayed him at Portland. They had agreed, he said to duel, the strange conditions of which showed in a seriking manner the nature of the escape and flight, and as na he held Merrill to be the inferior, they had come to words and agreed to fight. They were to walk, back to back, a certain number of paces and then turning, deliberately short the others were compelied to man the launch and held up on the shore while the others were completed to man the launch at the other in the back.
At Olympia Tracy visited a fishing camp in the neighborhood and held up on the shore while the others were compelied to man the surfax mas soon as he departed, and Tracy within a few hours was trailed to a clump of timber.
The sheriff of the county, Edward Cudhee, a noted man. Are having added one more murder to the list by the killing of Deteive Frank Raymond and wounding Williams himself.
When Tracy renewed his flight hood here the rawing with the result that the dogs had their noses filed with pepper and were thrown off the scent, where he obliterated his urul the deet water.

until Tracy had time to get to water, where he obliterated his trail effec-tually. Cudince took up the hunt when he learned of the disastrous defeat of his deputies, and promptly with the return of the Sheriff, Gov. McBride of Wash-ington ordered out the Washington National Guard and set 200 soldiers on the chase in addition to the numer-ous bands of county and state officers who already were hot on the murder-er's heels. The story of the pursuit of the out-

er's heels. The story of the pursuit of the out-law after this is a long and exciting one, only a few incidents can be giv-en here. Tracey was run to earth on July 10 in a thicket near Covington on Green river, but when the pursuers were sure they had him he burst through the lines, and after two in-terchanges of shots slipped away, leav-ing one wounded deputy behind him. The trail then was lost for two days, and when picked up called for another outing for the bloodhounds and Indian trackers, but with the same results. Then Tracy was lost for four days, till an old-time criminal seeking a share in the reward in-formed the sherif's officers that Tracy had submitted to a surgical operation performed by one of his companions with a razor, but the nature of the wound that was so treated was not known. There was a long break in the hunt thereafter, and it was but a few days ago that he was heard from moving toward the point in eastern Washington where he was run down. Tracy's real name, or at least the name of his father, is said to have been Garr. As a boy of 12 years in 1890 he was arrosted in Dillon, Mon., where he spent his boyhood for steal-ing a keg of beer, and his record ever since has been criminal. In 1897 he appeared in Cache county, Utah, in company with a robber named Dave Lant, and the two together commit-ted many thefts, the burglary of a store in Cache county finally causing the arrost of both and their conviction and sentence to the Utah penitentiary for terms of eight years. Tracy escaped by taking a revolver away from a guard and marching the guard out of the lines of the prison work before he released him. He next was connected with two notorious bands of young robbers in Colorado. In a fight between officers and the Robbers Roost gang, headed by George Curry, Tracy and a companion who and killed a deputy sheriff named Valentine Day, but both were wounded and their capture followed. They were taken to Aspen, Cal., and placed in sight bet in a few days overpowered the jailor and regained t



A Pretty Bed Cover. A very pretty bed cover may be made out of heavy butcher's linen, in white, of course, and neally hem-stitched into a two-inch hem, then em-broidered in daisles at "actervals. If time is an object or one is not expert in embroidering a rich effect may be had by using a sewing machine and outlining some pretty designs with outlining some pretty designs one of the heavy white braids. with

Cleaning Hints. Mother of pearl may be cleaned by washing with whiting and cold water. Never use soap or soda. If door or window screens move with difficulty rub their edges well with hard soap. Insect specks may be removed from gilded picture frames by dipping a small camel's hair brush in alcohel and applying it to the spot. To remove tar put soft grease on the spot, rub it thoroughly with the hands and wash off both the grease and tar with warm salt water.

and tar with warm salt water. A Cover for the Piano. Covers of Oriental weave come for the backs of upright pianos, but they are by no means inexpensive. An ex-perimenting housekeeper who wished, but could not afford, one of these bought as a substitute and at much less cost one Japanese portiere. This was too long and too narrow, but a piece taken from the bottom was fitted at the side and a second piece was added at the top to go over the lid of the piano. A pattern in shades of gold in a striped effect was chosen which lent itself readily to the piec-ing scheme, and the new cover is ex-tremely effective.—New York Post.

Tremely effective.—New York Post. For Ironing Days. Try making your ironholder this way if you don't want your hand to get dry and heated on ironing day. Cut from the upper part of an old boot a piece of leather the size you wish the holder to be. Cut a piece of brown paper and two pieces of finnel or cloth the same size, says Home Char. Then cover the holder in the ordinary way, except that on the top two thick-nesses of material should be put in-stead of one. Sew all round the edge; the all the top upper covering across the centre, and bind the edge of the slit. This forms a pocket on each side, into which one's thumb and fingers are slipped. To Hide the Municl Firce.

To Hide the Mantel Piece

To Hide the Maniel Piece. The old-fashioned white marble mantel-piece is now considered so ob-jectionable and so out of keeping with modern furnishings that many novel expedients for alteration are being tried where the expense of a new mantel is not desired. One is to plas-ter it all over and finish in a Vene-tian red where this will harmoniza with the woodwork. When very care-fully done this may be ruled off to imitate bricks or titles. Another is to coat it over with plaster of paris and then color it to harmonize with the woodwork of the room. The best scheme of all, however, is to have a wooden cover built to fit right over the mantel, with bookshelves down cach side of a fire-place and a shelf.



Mixed Mustard for Cold Meats— Cream two level teaseoonfuls of but-ter and one tablespoonful of sugar; add two tablespoonful of sugar; the two tablespoonful of salt; beat one egg until thick and beat it into the creamed mixture; heat half a cup of vinegar, and when bolling add if to the mixture; stand the bowl over bolling water and stir until it thickens a little.

over boiling water and stir until it thickens a little. Cocoanut Hiscuit—Grate a cocoanut and let it dry on paper before a fire; beat to a stiff froth the whites of two eggs, ald to them five ounces pounded loaf sugar, six ounces of the grated cocoanut and one ounce corn flour; beat all well together, and if found to be too moist add a teaspoonful more corn flour. Drop the mixture in spoonfuls on a sheet of buttered pa-per; bake in a slow oven. Curried Tomatoes—Wash one cup of rice in several waters; add one tea-spoonful of curry powder to one quart can of tomatoes, and season with salt and pepper; put a layer of tomatoes in the bottom of a baking dish, then put in a layer of uncooked rice, then a layer of tomatoes and continue until all is used, having the last layer of tomatoes; sprinkle the top with bread crumbs moistened in a little melted butter; bake in a moderate oven one hour; serve in the dish in which it is baked. Cream of Cheese Soup—This soup may be made with all milk, but is

hour; serve in the dish in which it is baked. Cream of Cheese Soup—This soup may be made with all milk, but is nicer if part white stock be used. In the latter instance put a pint of milk and pint of stock in double boiler, with a large slice or half of a small onion. When at scalding point remove the on-ion and thicken the milk with two level tablespoonfuls of butter and two of four rubbed together to a smooth "paste. Season to taste with salt and pepper and then stir in two-thirds of a cup of krated or finely chopped soft cheese and an egg beaten light. Serve as soon as these are put together, Athletic Training for Soldiers,

PEARLS OF THOUGHT.

Patience is a necessary ingr genius.—Disraeli. Aspiration sees only one side of every question; possession many.—Low

Do what you can, give what you have. Only stop not with feelings; carry your charity into deeds. Do and give what costs you something.—J. H. Thom,

give what costs you something.—J. H. Thom. By rooting out our selfish desires, even when they appear to touch no one but ourselves, we are preparing a chamber of the soul where the divine presence may dwell.—Ellen Watson. No man can learn what he has not preparation for learning. Our eyes are holden that we cannot see things that stare us in the face until the hour ar-rives when the mind is ripened.— Emerson. Think of yourself, therefore, nobly, and you will live nobly. You will realize on earth that type of charac-ter and faith which is the highest ideal allke of philosopher and hero and saint—Charles W. Wendte. To him who has an eye to see, there can be no fairer spectacle than that of a man who combines the possession of moral beauty of form, corresponding and harmonizing with the former be-cause the same great pattern enters into both—Plato. Progress is without doubt the law of the individual of nations.

into both.—Plato. Progress is without doubt the law of the individual, of nations, of the whole human species. To grow to-wards perfection, to exist in some sort in a higher degree, this is the task which God has imposed on man, this is the continuation of God's own work, the completion of creation.—Demo-geot.

ALL ABOUT BUTTONS.

Their History Traced from Time When Waoden Molds Were Used. The original button was wholly a product of needlework, but was soon improved by the use of a wooden mold, over which a cloth covering was sew-ed. From this if was only a step to the brass button, which was introduced by a hardware manufacturer in Bir-mingham in 1689. It took 200 years to improve on the method of sewing the cloth on the covered button; then an ingenious Dane Invented the de-vice of making the button in two parts and clamping them together with the cloth between. In 1750 one Caspar Wistar set up the manufacture of brass buttons in Phil-adelphia, and soon afterward Henry Witeman began making them in New York. The buttons of George Wash-ington and most of the continental army were madd in France. Connecti-cut presently came to the front and began making buttons of pevter and tin at Waterbury, the present center of the button industry. Buttons are now made of almost ev-erything fromseaweed and cattle hoofs to motica-of-pearl and vegetable lyory, Excellent buttons are made from potatoes, which, treated chem-ically, become as hard as lyory. Large buttons factories make their entire product from various mixtures of guta percha, skim milk and blood; others from celluiod and horn. The patent office has issued 1355 patents for making buttons. The making of the massissippi river. Ta's industry has practically grown up within the last ten years, and its introduction is due entirely to J. F. Boopple of Muscatine, lowa, a native of Germary, who had learned the trade abroad. He saw that millions of dollars were going to waste in the shells known as "niggerheade," of which tons were piled up on the banks of the river. Thousands of people are now employed in turning these shells into buttons, the little plants being found all the way from Minne-sota of Missouri, Muscatine is still the great headquarters of the industry. It has forty factories. The value of the shells has risen from 50 cents to \$30 a hundredweight. And yet Amer-ican buttomakin

tis said.-Rehoboth Sunday Herald. Horse With a Taste for News. A horse feeding complacently on a diet of old papers was a sight see, at Eleventh and Grand avenue. A stonecuter drove a horse up to the Star office and left it standing in front of one of the city's garbage cans. The horse had a weil-groomed appearance. No ribs were visible or would its appearance have attracted the attention of the humane agent. The animal moved up to the garbage can and began nosing its contents. The can was filled to the top with papers. There were newspapers, wrapping paper and paper of various other kinds. The horse began nib-bling on a piece of old gray wrapping paper. It appeared to be palatable. A bite followed the nibble and soon the horse was enting the paper as voraciously as an Angora goat. A newspaper followed the wrapping paper and uncheon paper with role for an was just pulling from the bottom of the can a luncheon paper with a pink string. The driver did not seem to mind or notice the purloined meal of the horse se cheved, own the street with the horse cheving the pap-per. The horse appeared to relish the different paper did not seem to mind or notice the purloined meal of the horse growence in the site of the horse cheve did not seem to mind or notice the purloined meal of the horse cheving the paper. The horse appeared to relish the breeze.-Kansas City Star.

per. The horse appeared to relish the breeze.-Kansas City Star.

Qui'e True. It is well enough to take things as they come, but there are a good many of them that you might just as well pass on.-Puck.