THE BLACKBERRY PATCH.

blackberry patch near the gar nee-marvels its depths may hold! e in its jungle what strange events t, to challenge the bold! ony corners which none can see chances to know them not! from the cares of the day I fice

And lot when I gaze at the tangled rows. Where a thousand times I've been, A queer little boy, with freekled noze, Appears and leads me in. Together we cravit on hands and knees Though a barbed and winding way. And here, in the midst of the ants and be To our hearts' delight we play.

He shows me his treasures, one by one The nest of the old black hen;

The energy energy of the old black her, The ness of the old black her, the terrible bandi's den; The curving retreat where Tower hides When he wants enjoy a bone; Mad many a curvious thing besides, Confided to me, alone.

Have you guessed the secret? Why, don' you know? That queer little boy is I! And he takes me into the Long Ago, Where the realms of Childhood lie. We play at the wonderful make-believe We oiten have played before, Til the dawn arrives, and from mort til

I am only a man once more. --Edwin L. Sabin, in Puck.

THE CRIMINAL AND THE PHILANTHROPIST.

OU really are that cele-brated—I should say no-torious—criminal. Louis Parrage?' asked the phil-inthropist, doubtfully. "Certainly," said the big man in the easy chair. He looked good-natured and at the same time rather tired and contemptuous. He had been through it all; the accepted ideas and the usual people did not matter much; but there was no reason to be angry with them or anything else. "I was extremely glad that our mu-mual friend, Mr. Timmins, was able to diath. You have nothing to fear." A snile flashed over the criminal's face; the philanthropist went on rap-ing: "We are not in with the police. I

idly: "We are not in with the police. I won't say we oppose them—that would be illegal—but we are not in sympathy with them. Now, before we begin to talk, what may I offer you? A cup of talk, what may I offer you? A cup of talk, what may I offer you? A cup of talk, what may I offer you? A cup of talk, what may I offer you? A cup of talk was no fanatic—''a whisky and soda? And what about a cigarette?'' "Thanks," said the criminal: 'I never drink at three in the afternoon. For that matter, I never drink tea or whis-key at any time: they undoubtedly poll the nerve. For the same reason I prefer my pipe, if you don't mind?'' "By all means. Fin afraid I smoke four of these every day of my life, and sometimes it runs to five or six— mere habit. Now, my lews are pretty welk known, and it would interest me extremely to have the views of a great -I should perhaps say remarkable— criminal upon them. I hold that the the pollanthropist had used it on many antorus. "Undoubtedly," said the criminal. ly: "We are not in with the police.

platforms. "Undoubtedly," said the criminal. "But what else can you expect?" "Surely in this twentieth century," the philanthropist began, and stopped blankly

"But what else can you expect?" "Surely in this twentleth century," the philanthropist began, and stopped blankly. "Briefly, there are more stupid and ignorant people than elever and well informed people. Our method of treat-ing criminals pleases the stupid and ig-norant majority." "You're quite right," said the phil-anthropist, eagerly. "That majority must be educated. Alrendy there has been some advance. Look at the sen-tences that used to be carried out less than a hundred years ago; they would not be tolerated now. But there is much to be learned. Now I see the prison of the future as a handsome, well-lighted, airy place, with a fine garden attached and a swimming bath, and-er-a gymnasium and li-brary, and-er-aerything of that sort. There would be comfortable recrea-tion-rooms, bagatelle -perings bil-lards. Gambling and had language; of course, prohibited. There would be a n employment bureau, which would look after every mau when he had finished his term. There would be a system of rewards for good conduct, and there would be low for a for a setting proces." "The philanthropist was conscious

Side-we should believe in a termination process." The philanthropist was conscious that he had put it better on platforms. There was something in the criminal's good-natured and contemptuous eye that disconcerted him. "How does it strike you?" he asked. When the criminal was able to speak for laughing, he said: "Excuse me—it's rublish, of course?" "You don't think that as a method of reclamation—" Again the philanthrone is atomed blankly.

"You don't think that as a method of reclamation—" Again the philan-thropist stopped blankly. Is "No criminal is ever reclaimed. Peo-ple who are not criminals, but have made mistakes, may see the advantage of not making any more—that happens sometimes. But the natural criminal remains the natural criminal, just as the natural genus remains a genius, and for just the same reasons. En-vironment and circumstance may make the occasional criminal, but the real thinself."

self." the but I can't hold with you there," the philanthropist, plucking up t. "That is a desperate doctrine, the facts are all against you. Do know the work that the Salvation ty is doing?"

It is well meant. And

hypnotic state under which suggestion acts very strongly on them. That is found in all religions. The perma-nence of the conversion in the real criminal depends on the hypnotic con-dition and the suggestion being fre-quently renewed. Take these away and the man goes back again; he is no more reclaimed than I am." "That's not my version of it at all," sadi the philanthropist. "No?"

and the philanthropist. "No?" "And look here. You think the pres-ent penal system all wrong. You seem to have no faith in wide-minded religious and philanthropic endeavors. What is left?" "Science. The study of the correla-tion of mental and physical abnor-malities is in its infancy: on the moral side the map of the brain is very in-complete. There are some splendid things in their early stages. If we get on as fast this century as we did last in our study of the human double-dumpiling we shall have practically settied the criminal question by the end of it."

in our study of the human double-dumpling we shall have practically settied the criminal question by the end of it." "It's awful-this idea of that irre-sponsibility of the criminal." "On the contrary, it's most hope-ful." "And how is the brain of the crimical to be altered?" "How should I know? I'm not a doctor. By altering the character of the blood supplied to it, I suppose. Possibly by operation-the, tendency nowadays seems to be toward more knife and less pill-box. Of course, where nothing else can be done the criminal will be killed. I personally ought to be killed, and should be if I were in a civilized country. I am the real thing. But we hang only murderers, who nearly always are use-ful poople, and ought not to be killed at all. It's a fuuny world. But I am afraid I shall never make you see these things my way. In any case I must be off. I am going to-I shall be rather busy to-night, and I want, if I can, to get a few hours' sleep first. Good-by. Charmed to have met you." He shook hands warmly with the philanthropist and left quickly. "Extraordinary case," the philan-thropist thought to mimself. "Must have had some smattering of educa-tion. Well dressed too. Wonder if there is any time to make a note of it before I go to dress for the annual dinner." And then he noticed that a little bit had gone. So also had the very hand-some gold watch presented to him by the committee, with the pretty in-scription about "twenty years of de-voted and voluntary service."-Barry Pain. NEW IN STREET CAR TRAVEL. Toledo Merchants Provide a Passenger

NEW IN STREET CAR TRAVEL.

NEW IN STREET CAR TRAVEL. Toledo Merchants Provide a Passenger Station to Help Their Trade. One of the novelles of street rallway travel in this country is a passenger station provided rent free by the mer-chants of a certain street in Toledo. It has a newsstand in it and a parcel check room adjoining. Through this particular street five car lines run, and they bring to the city on an average 5000 passengers a day. The merchants doing business in the street, realizing the advantige to themselves of having these passengers alight there wanted the rallway com-panies to establish the station. The companies didn't see why they should. So the merchants have done it for themselves. They have rented a large store for three years and provided it with benches and lockers. Any citize may rent a locker for five cents a day and have packages sent there, to be put in his box. Then when the time comes for him to go home he can start with his purchases without having had all the trouble of lugging them about with him all day. The experiment, though a new one,

The could of lugging them about w him all day. The experiment, though a new o has been so successful already that is likely to be imitated elsewhere New York Sun.

Centenarians Without Doubt

Centenarians Without Doubt. Talk about centenarians! A Welsh correspondent informs us, says the London News, that the following in-scription on a tombstone in Amroth churchyard, near Tenby, has just been brought to light: "Here lleth the body of John Rees, who departed this life October 17, 1824, Aged 240 years. Reader, prepare to meet thy God." John Rees is not "in it" when com-pared with the following Irish record of longevity sent us by "J. B.": "In the Daily News of the Sth inst. an inscrip-tion from Wales records the death of one John Rees at the (over) ripe age of 240 years. John was only a youth in comparison to Dennis Grady, whose gravestone in the churchyard of Bally-sallagh. near Charleville, County Cork, reads: IS HIS HERE LIES THE BO

IS HIS HERE LIES THE BO HERE LIES THE BO DY OF DENNIS GRA DY WHO DEPARTED THE 5TH OF MAY BEING THE 480TH YEAR OF HIS AGE, 1727." But, of course, we know even laws of nature are inverted in the tressful country."

tural criminal, just as instance may make criminal, but the real born, that is the man ibrorg, that is the man is a desperate doctrine, re all against you. Do rock that the Salvation it is well meant. And I upon a religious orgy some people a kind of
Great Record of a Marrying Preacher. Great Record of a Marrying Preacher. The sixth annual reunion of the Rev. W. L. Meese Matrimonial Association was held in Noel's Grove at Lagrange, Ind., and a very large number was present. The members of this association is a desperate doctrine, real digitation are the hundreds of couples marriages it is claimed that no one has a marriages it is claimed that no one has a some mercial Tribune.

SCIENTIFIC

Two great Minneapolis flour mills vill soon be burning Texas oil instead will soon of coal A greet railway company operating in that city, as well as St. Paul, is also conducting experiments with oil for the same purpose.

Corn oll, made from the germ, form the basis of a substitute for rubbe when vulcanized. This substitute con pounded with sixty per cent. of con mercial rubber is used in the manufa-ture of rubber boots, linoleum, when thes, rubber blankets and many othe articles.

A new explosive, which is said to be more powerful than dynamite, maxi-mite or lyddite, and yet which may be handled with absolute safety, has been invented by Professor G. M. Hath-away. It is named bathamite, after its inventor, and at a recent public test Professor Hathaway demonstrated its safety by pounding the explosive upon an anvil, throwing it into a fire and firing rifle bullets through it at a speed of 1850 feet a second. In order to fire the new explosive it is necessary to use a strong defonating cap. About 160 photographs of Nova Per-

to use a strong detonating cap. About 160 photographs of Nova Per-sei were taken during the year at the Greenwich Observatory. The results of determinations of its parallax from a study of these photographs were negative, the parallactic shift being apparently insensible, probably not more than one-twentieth of a second. This would imply a distance from the earth of at least sixty years of light passage, and possibly much more, so that there is really nothing impossible in Professor Kapteyn's hypothesis that the apparent expansion of the nebula was simply due to the outward pas-sage of the light from the nova, il-luminating in succession more and more distant regions of mebulosity. The distance required by this hypo-thesis is 200 light years, so that the outburst we witnessed last year might have taken place in the relign of James to exist many years ago. o exist many years ago.

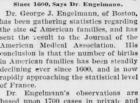
Drs. Sante de Sanctis and A. Neyroz, of Rome, have invented an instrument which they call a Griessbach ethest-ometer, and with which they have re-cently been conducting experiments to determine how much excitation is necessary before sleeping people begin to move, and how much it requires to wake them. The sleepers are prodded with this instrument until the desired data are obtained. "It may be used with either a sharp or a blurn point." The practical or scientific value of the information to be derived from this investigation is any thing but obvious, and the necessity of a special instru-ment for securing it is even less so. There are so many factors endering into "sleepiness" – muscular, mental, fa-tigue, the condition of the stomach, the temperature, pathological condi-tions, temperament, etc.—that the bare determination of the stimulus neces-sary to awaken a sleeper would have almost no psychological value. Drs. Sante de Sanctis and A. Neyroz

sary to awaken a sleeper would have almost no psychological value. A house of artificial stone blocks, two-thirds of which are material and the rest hollow, will soon be built at New Orleans. The mold in which the blocks are built is a simple contriv-ance. It consists of a foundation pro-vided with three rectangular columns, that may be elevated, whose dimen-sions are those of the cavities in the blocks, the foundation of the mold are hinged its ends and sides, which her down. When the ends and sides of the mould are in position, it is mere-ly a box; a plate is let down upon the bottom of the mould; then the columns at the bottom of the mold are eie-vated through openings in the plate. The mould is then in readiness to re-ceive the mixture of sand and Port-land cement, which is shovelled into the mould, filling the entire space sur-rounding the elevated columns. It is tamped with great force. After the tamping process, the sides and ends of the mould are let down, the columns are depressed, and the plate on which the materials were poured is lifted out, with the manufactured block rest-ing upon it. The blocks are put out in the ar, and in the course of a week they are ready to be used for building. They should not be subjected to too great heat from the sun, and it is neces-sary to moisten them each day. The great simplicity of the process lies in the fact that sand is absolutely incom-pressible, and tamping secures as com-plete results as are obtained from the pressible, and tamping secures as com-plete results as are obtained from the smaller expenditure of labor. The sand and cement are moistened while being mixed.

being mixed. Gall and Grit. Gall, in the present use of the term, is a persistent determination to do. It is a twin brother to Grit. It is a business-bringer that brings. It is the bell-wether that jumps the fence and gets fat on the clover. It is the Gall that wins when the other man has dealt his cards from the bottom of the deck. Gall is the anti-fat of fate. It is the safest substitute for brains—it is many a politician's capital stock. In this new century rush to win you must be brave. Therefore be not ashamed of your Gall. Add to it Grit—and you'll win!—Richmond Missouriar Sing to Their Oxen.

Sing to Their Oxen. In France the oxen that work in the fields are regularly sung to as an en-couragement to exertion, and no peas-ant has the slightest doubt that the animals listen to bine with pleasure.

FAMILIES GROWING SMALLER. erican Birth Rate Has Been Decli Since 1600, Says Dr. Engelmann.



The second secon

Diversion is Rest

ent. Diversion is Rest. That physical rest may be obtained by bringing into play a different set of muscles from those previously in use is illustrated in the old story of the pugmill mule that was found to stop off briskly in the afternoon it mill, The child who produces incipient iddiness by twisting up a swing, brings the unequal congestion of the mill the child who produces incipient iddiness by twisting up a swing, brings the unequal congestion of the centres of equilibrium to a balance by a rapid untwisting motion. Absolute rest of mind or body scarcely exists, relative rest or modification of the mode of activity gives a sensation of rest at any rate. After a long day of close visual application, when the hands press the tired eyes (although this particular mode of stimulating visual sensation may be harmful), how delightful to many persons are the subjective sensations of color-the kaleidoscopic effects that come and go with slight variations in pressure. The brind finds rest in an objectless play of color; so the tired mind seeks rest from the stress of routine duites, not in the unconsciousness of sleep, but in the follesome vaudville, or the per-supar of light literature or the news-soft the hydress the scylains to some strent the wonderful demand for books of retion and magazines, as well as for the plotess stag performance so onus intellectual life.-American Medi-tine.-

Tricked Out of Her Girlhood. Angelina had attended all the term with exemplary regularity--therefore twas more than annoying that she should drop out of the class just as the examinations were coming in. Her work had reflected credit upon her. "If she was a stupid girl," her teacher said, "she'd be sure to be on hand to disgrace me. You go right up to An-gelina's house and tell her mother she must send Ange to school to take her examinations." "Yes'm," said the class Mercury, and departed. "Please 'm now Ange's mother says she ain't got no say no more about Ange's comin' to school an' I ast her huisband n' he says she's got to stay home an' cook his mearon!." "Her huisband!" gasped the teacher. "Yes'm yestidy was her birthday she got 13 years old on yestidy, an' her mother let her get married." But the teacher wasn't lis black-eyed, bright-faced child who had been tricked out of her girlhood.-New York Sun.

New York Sun. The Country's Paint Output. About thirty million gallons of mixed paint were sold in the United States during 1901. The greater portion of this was not used in the large cities but in the towns and villages where the structures are of wood. In no country is so much paint made as in the United States of America, and the buik of that paint is composed of lead, zinc and linseed oil, and only the dark-er shades are made of oxides of iron and other pigments. Many manufacturers use a small quantity of water in their mixtures, over two per cent. It cannot be re-garded as an adulerant. The water used is usually slightly alkaline, and in the³ case of lime water it forms a calcium soap with linseed oil and thickens the paint so that it never settles bard in the tin and is easily stirred.—Scientific American.

A Substitute For Sleep.

A Substitute For Step. A London paper says that the health of people in fashionable society is being dangerously threatened by a new drug which is popularly regarded as a sub-stitute for sleep. Very discretely it declines to name this dangerous sub-stance When tea was first introduced into Europe it was commended for the same virtues, and it was believed that it would no longer be necessary to waste seven or eight hours in sleep. But extended experience has shown the disastrous results of cutting short the period of natural rest and keeping awake by the help of tea. and there is no reason to suppose that scientists will ever be able to devise any substitute for sleep which will not in the long run bring nervous breakdown.



5/10RTICULTURE

A trellis of light stakes and wire is so simple that a child can make it. One plant is set at each of the stakes, these being about fifteen inches apart. The training is a delightful task. To cause branches to spread, pinch back the leaders; to elongate the growth in any given spot nip back the lateral shoots.

the leaders; to clongate the growth m any given spot nip back the lateral shoots. **Insoluble Phosphates.** The use of insoluble phosphatics, whether in the form of phosphatics, whether in the form of phosphatics, the set in the form of phosphatics, the set in the form of phosphatics, the set in the form of phosphatics, is a long been a bone of contention or debatable matter, not only among the scientific men, but the practical farmers. The former have questioned whether the insoluble phosphate could be of any value as plant food, and some of the farmers have claimed that their crops were very much beneficed by it. Although we have not tested their crops were very much beneficed by it. Although we have not tested they only on scientific principles may be wrong. We do not place sufficient confidence in the power of the soil and the action of forsts, rain and sum-mer heat upon what are sometimes inal effect of decomposing vegetable matter, either as stable manure or as green manure plowed under, we can only asy that we think they have much effect in making soluble not only phos-phatic but other mineral elements in the soil. Those who have used the findely ground rock or Thomas sing upon fields which had received a lib-eral dressing of stable manure, or had been treated with a green crop plowed under, are so unanimously in its favor that we cannot doubt but that the so-called insoluble hosphates do become soluble in the soil under certain coultions, depending upon the soil or the treatment it has received.--American Cultivator. The Seventeen-year cleand. The soluest, the soluest, the soluest, the soluest the soluest the soluest the soluest the soluest. The Seventeen-year cleand. The soluest, the soluest the soluest.

American Cultivator. The Seventeen-Year Cleada. The seventeen-year-cleada, or locust, as it is more generally but wrongly called, is now in full possession of the territory in which it is due. In all probability succeeding broods will be less destructive, as the areas over which it occurs are less favorable for egg-laying than formerly. Another important factor in its destruction is the English sparrow. This is particu-larly true in public parks and other places near cities and towns. The sparrow is very fond of these insects and devours them greedily as soon as

EVENTEEN-YEAR CICADA AND YOUNG.

SEVENTEEN-YEAB CICADA AND YOUNG, they come from the ground. An adult cleada is shown in our illustration at c. The female deposits her eggs in twigs and ends of trees and shrubs. The eggs hatch and the young fall to the ground, bury them-selves and remain below the surface for seventeen years. They then ap-pear as shown at a. Crawling upon some object near where they emerge, they transform, leaving the skin, as seen at b, clinging to the object where it was fastened. The next appearance of this particular brood will occur in a less restricted area in 1919.—American Agriculturist.

Quite Easy. It's easy enough to laugh at troubles unless they happen to be your own.-New York News.

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An Exceptional Accomplishme She didn't know much Latin; She had never studied Greek; Yet she met with admiration Which she didn't have to seek

For in getting off a street car She created no delny; She didn't travel backward, But stepped out the proper way. —Washington Star.

Whitewashing Tre-s. Trees that have been whitewashed are attractive, as they present a con-trast with the green tinge of the leaves and grass, but the whitewash should-be applied several times during the season, or whenever it is washed off by rains. season, or whenever it is washed 'off by rains. The Petunia. The petunia in its habit of blooming partakes of the constancy of other ten-der perennial bedding plants, being much more continuous in blooming than most of the true annuals. On this account petunias in a fair state of cultivation will be found to bloom con-tinuously from June to fail, a great ad-vantage in home embellishments. There is special pleasure for the home gardener in growing the free flowering single strains. In adaptabil-ity petunias have an advantage over almost every other seed grown flower. Do you want a fine pot plant for the window sill? The petunia will full the bill second to no other kind. Do you require something suitable for continuous bloom in a large vaso or in a veranda bac? The petunia will perfectly meet your wants. Is it a fine mass of flowers on the lawn or a lively contribution to the mixed flower border than is desired? Nothing will meet the need as will the various petunias. Do you desire to display taste in training flowers over trellises or to form pillars, conces or balls? Then we counsel the use of single petunias. They are perfectly adapted to such purposes. A trellis of light stakes and wire is --Washington Star. Stationary. "There's no progress about him." "No? But he's still doing business a the old standstill.-Philadelphia Press

Rather Rough on Pa. "What is a vacump, ma?" "That part of your father that is di-rectly under his hair."-New York Press.



Mar Aller "Willie, if yer knew how benefit mud baths is youse wouldn't put sech a holler!"--New York Journal. ficial

Nothing Doing. "What is the matter with Bills?" "Worring over business affairs." "I didn't know he had any business." "That's it. He hasn't."—Indianapolis

Discounted. First American Boy-"My papa lives like a prince." Second American Boy-"That's reth-ing. My papa lives like the president of a trust."-Detroit Free Press.

Perfection. "Do you think perfection is ever actually attained in this life?" asked the serious youth. "Yes," answered Miss Cayenne; "some people become perfect bores." -Washington Star.

-Washington Star, The Disappointed Boy. "Gracious Bobby," said the second Mrs. Jencks, nee Ann Teek, to her step-son; "what are you crying about?" "Boo-hoo!" sobbed the boy, "papa promised me a new mamma, an' you ain't new at all."-Philadelphia Record.

Another Public Benefactor. Hewitt--"That plumber claims to be a public benefactor." Jewitt--"How is that?" Hewitt--"He says that it is a dis-grace to die rich, and that he has saved a good may men from disgrace."--New York Sun.

The Only Way. "Ah, Reginald, dearest," she sighed, "but how can I be sure that you will not grow weary of me after we have been married a little while?" "I don't know," he answered, "un-less we get married and see."-Chicago Record-Herald.

Easy Proposal. "If I only had an ambassador at the ourt of love!" sighed the bashful "If fonly had an ambassador at court of love?" sighed the bash swain. "A minister would be good enor for me," replied the demure maiden "Arabella!" "Herbert! And so they were margied.—N Orleans Times-Democrat,

were married.-New

essed.



Father-"Another foolish question and you go to bed!" Willic-"But this ain't foolish! I only want to know what holds the sky up an' why ducks don't bark, and if--!"-New York Journal. Her Observation. "Miss Gloriana," said the college ath-lete in the outing suit, resting on his oars a moment, "let us co-educate a little in rowing. Leave the tiller, come and sit by me and take this other ore."

"But this is not co-education, Mr. "But this is not co-education, Mr. McCorkle," she said, noticing that they were a long distance from all the others. "This is segregation." And she put the boat about.--Chicago