The house in Boston from which Paul Revere started out on his immor tal ride on April 19, 1775, is now a "Banca Italiana."

The Russianizing of the Chinese at The Russianizing of the Uninces at Port Arthur has already begun. The Chinese dealers and merchants now make a point of adding Russian ter-minations to their family names, be-sides aping the Russian dress and man-

There is a large proportion of for-eign residents in Fall River, Mass., than in any other city in the country, forty-eight per cent, of her population being of alien birth. Montgomery, Ala., with ninety-eight per cent, of her pop-pulation years here comes negrest to ulation native born, comes nearest being an all American city.

Albany has \$34,000,000 worth of prop erty exempt from taxation, of which \$22,000,000 is State property. New York City has nearly \$5,000,000 of ex York City has nearly \$5,000,000 of ex-empt State property; Buffalo, \$2,800,-000; Nlagara Falls (the Park reserva-tion), \$1,500,000; Elmira and Bigham-ton, \$1,500,000 each, and Auburn (the State prison included), \$1,400,000. There is \$90,000,000 worth of school property in New York State exempted from taxation

There is reason to think that the horse will continue to be with us. There will always be men who will prefer a high-stepping thoroughbred for their own use to any rattling, pu? for their own use to any rattling, puYing automobile, asserts the Philadelphia Record. No improvement in road
locomotives can suppress the natural
affection of men for a good horse.
Perhaps for commercial purposes the
horse may cease to be used, to the delight of all humane may whose hearts. light of all humane men whose hearts have bled over the cruelties of brutal drivers; but of fine pleasure and racing horses we shall probably always have

And now a London publisher announces that he has in his possession the manuscript of a novel by John Milton, whose "Paradise Lost" was one of the best selling books of the day and has gone into editions enough to furnish some very imposing figures for advertising nurposes. Probably the story vertising purposes. Probably the story deals with the period in which Milton deals with the period in which Milton lived, and has been held back by generations of shrewd publishers for the physic moment when it could be sprung as an historical novel, opines the Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post. Its publication will serve one useful purpose, at least, for we shall learn from its relative serve. it whether people really used to say "S'death!" when they were annoyed.

The automobile is a useful but some what dangerous contrivance when in the control of a careful man who un-derstands all its cogs and evolutions; but a speedy automobilie, gfided by a daring and reckless man, is a terror liable at any moment to become a dangerous nuisance. When used it cities these machines should be so geared as to be incapable of a dan-gerous speed. If the percentage of deaths and maining already attained in this country shall be maintained as the automobile shall become of more common use, the life insurance com-panies will have to recast their tables and the cemeteries enlarge their grounds, remarks the Philadelphia Rec-

Within the last two years American eash to the amount of \$200,000,000 has been invested in mining and indushas been invested in mining and industrial enterprises of Northern Mexico, according to the report of United States Consul Hanna at Monterey. The Consul reports that investment money is still coming over the border at the rate of \$100,000,000 a year. These announcements will carry supprise with acements will carry surprise with nouncements will carry surprise with them to those who have not closely fol-lowed the movements of American cap-ital in seeking newly profitable fields. An effect upon Mexican prosperity of the incoming money and energy may undoubtedly be read in the increase of the export trade from \$148,452,834 in 1889 to \$158,247,933 in 1900—a growth of nearly eight per cent. of nearly eight per cent.

The eccentricities of English game

preservation laws are past all under-standing. Lately a gentleman was fined \$30 for selling salmon out of season. It seems that he owned pri-vate fishing rights on the banks of the Tay and last January caught five sal-mon which he sent to London for Tay and last January caught five sal-mon which he sent to London for sale. It was not disputed that it was legal to catch the fish with rod and line at that time of year, but it is forbidden to sell salmon in England between September 3 and February 1. Had he eaten the salmon himself or given them to friends he would have been within his proper visible to the been within his proper rights, but as he sold them the salmon were con-fiscated by the Fishmongers' Com-pany, and he was fined.





## 生生死死死死死死死死 Farm Topics

A Large Duck Incubator.

Some one in Australia has had built an incubator on a duck ranch, which is said to be the largest in the world, having a capacity for, 11,440 ducks' eggs, or 14,800 hens' eggs. It is built in the open, of ordinary pine weather boards with a corrugated iron roof, and is properly a hothouse, being heated by steam pipes from a boiler. There are four trays end to end on each side of the room, in eleven tiers, each holding 130 ducks' eggs or 160 hens' eggs. It is said to be working well and bringing out a good percentage of ducks. They do things on a large scale out there.

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centage of ducks. They do things on a large scale out there.

Young Pigs on the Pasture.

The summer season is the time to make pigs pay. They then need no protection against cold, are not stunted in growth, and demand but little attention. Grass is the cheapest and best focod for pigs, and they will thrive and grow upon such diet, as grass contains an abundance of mineral matter, which promotes the growth of bone. Grain is deficient in lime, which is essential for all young stock. Clover contains more than twenty times as much lime as corn. To feed corn to pigs in summer is to supply them with a kind of food which they do not require, as growth at this season is more to be desired than fat. Those who make a profit from hogs depend largely upon the pasture freedom and the privilege of selecting a variety of food, promoting the thrift of the pigs and warding off disease.

A Modern Bee Hive.

An up-to-date hive should contain movable frames so that the bees may be easily inspected and manipulated in any way desired. It should contain an air space all around the sides and over the top as a protection from the heat of summer and the cold of winter. It should be made in a first-class manner of seasoned material, with corners perfectly true and tight. The hive and supers should be as simple as possible for ease and quickness in handling. There are several makes and styles of hives and the choice between them is largely a matter of personal taste. Few beekeepers have the necessary tools to make hives, and it is generally more satisfactory, and quite as cheap, to buy them in the flat from manufacturers who get them out in large quantities by machinery with all pieces cut true and uniform. They are easily and quickly put together.

clipping the Queen's Wings.

Clipping the Queen's Wings.

Clipping the queen's wings is commonly done to prevent the queen from flying away with the swarm. It should be done when the bees are gathering a liftle honey, and is best accomplished in the early part of the season during fruit bloom. The bees should be handled, if possible, without moke. When the queen is found, which is a somewhat difficult feature for the novice, she should be taken by the wings with the thumb and finger of the right hand, pass her to the left hand, let her grasp the end of the second finger of the left hand with her feet and then close the thumb and forefinger gently against her body, letting the abdomen hang down from the second finger. Clip the wing on one side slantingly lengthwise, taking only the lace. Do not cut the hard bony part. Place her on the top bar of the live and let her go. If it is done right there should be no loss of queens. — New England Homestead.

Cheap Brooder House.

These little houses are scattered over my place, about 150 feet apart, so that one colony will not interfere with the other at feeding time, and each flock will go to its own house at night. The dimensions are six by six feet with shed roof five feet high at front or south side and three feet high on north. Sills are two by six, and the house is studied with two by four, two feet on cert. , and sided with six linch drop siding. cet. , and sided with six inch drop siding. The front has a window nine by twelve feet set eight inches above the



sill so as to leave place for the chicks to get to the yard, and the window should be arranged to slide wide open, making a kind of shed of it when weather is warm. The door is two and a half by four feet, placed on east side so you can enter the building without first climbing into the yard. The roof is of dressed and matched fencing, then shingled, making it almost windproof. The interior shows a brooder, a, set therein. These brooders are hot air, thirty-six inches square, sunk in the ground floor of these houses about four inches. The dirt that is taken from the excavation is filled in around the brooder, which gives the chicks a nice earth floor to scratch and ruille in when the weather will not let them go out. As they grow older, say when four weeks old, they are given full liberty in pleasant weather.—C. E. Matteson, in New England Homestead.

The luxurious wood carving of twen-ty years ago is now done by machinery at a fraction of the former cost.