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FREELAND, PA., MAY 28, 1902.



Notice to Patrons.

In order to give the employes of the TRIBUNE a holiday on Memorial Day, no paper will be issued from this office on Friday. Instead, the Tribune will be published tomorrow at the usual hour. Carriers, advertisers and others whom the change may concern are requested to be governed accordingly.

CURRENT COMMENT

Brief Discussions of Political and Other Matters of Public Interest.

ANDREW J. PALM.

The demand for the nomination of good men for the legislature on the part of the Democratic party was never more urgent than at the present time. If all those elected as Democrats to the last two sessions had been faithful to their party trust and true to the principle of honest manhood, the political situation of the state at the present time would be vastly different from what it is. Quay would have been relegated to private life, where he should have gone thirty years ago. The state would have been saved the disgrace of having Marshall as speaker of the house and Garvin as chief clerk. Men, who according to the sworn testimony of their own chief stenographer falsified the records to pass some bills and defeat others. There would have been no ripper legislation destroying the rights of citizens, no franchise grabs; and Quayism, which has become a disgrace to the state and a reproach to the nation, would have received its death blow. If there are not enough honest Democrats in every county of the state to select candidates who will not sell their souls for the money or the favors of the enemy, there are certainly enough of them to join with the Republicans to defeat the rascals who are nominated. Better elect a good Republican or even a bad Republican than a crooked Democrat, whose vote like some of those at the last session, will be in the open market for the highest bidder. Every honest Democrat owes it to himself, to his country and to the state to see to it that no man who has once played the party false is again nominated for the legislature, and that no one be named who may not be safely trusted not to perjure himself, at least. Several men are seeking a re-nomination who should not be permitted to enter a Democratic caucus. It is not necessary to name them, for their names have repeatedly been held up to the public gaze as worthy only of execration. Hit every such head as soon as it appears, and let the next legislature be free from villains elected under false pretenses as Democrats.

He Should Demand an Inquiry.

"If General Jacob H. Smith is a man jealous of his honor he will ask for a court of inquiry to disprove the allegation made by Major Waller that he, General Smith, supplemented his published orders with oral instructions to kill and burn indiscriminately. If he does not ask for it the War Department should order it."—Commercial.
According to recent report, General Smith is to be recalled to this country and given a comfortable home command in which he can enjoy life after his strenuous service in the Far East. What sort of feeling must the people among whom he will come have for him if he does not disprove the charge that he gave the inhuman order to "kill everybody over ten years of age" in the island of Samar? He denied at the Waller court martial that he gave orders to butcher prisoners, but several witnesses swore that he did.
The grounds upon which Waller was acquitted have not been made public as yet. He admitted that he killed defenseless prisoners in Samar without trial, and acknowledged that he did the same thing in China, as was done after he was succeeded in command by another officer. These are horrible things for the American people to contemplate. But, so far as known, the chief point of Major Waller's defense was that he acted under the orders of his superior, Gen. Smith, an old regular army officer. If Gen. Jacob H. Smith does not ask for an investigation he should be required to submit to one.—Buffalo Courier.

OLD MAYAN SCULPTORS.

How They Carved the Great Monuments of Prehistoric America.

Many persons have wondered at the excellence of the carving which ornaments the prehistoric monuments that lie scattered and in ruins over a large part of Mexico and Central America, especially since it is known that the ancient peoples who erected them were unacquainted with the use of iron and had only roughly shaped tools of obsidian to work with. Mr. George B. Gordon of the Peabody museum at Harvard, however, who has spent a large part of the last ten years in studying the remarkable ruins of the prehistoric Maya city of Copan, in Honduras, and who has given particular attention to the methods of the ancient sculptors, has brought forward a number of facts which seem to throw light upon a question that has long interested the archaeologist.

In his recent report on the great hieroglyphic stairway, which is one of the chief features of Copan, Mr. Gordon points out that, contrary to the methods of much of our modern work, it is probable that the elaborate carving of the stairway was done not before, but after the various blocks of stone had been set in place. In illustration Mr. Gordon cites the careful way in which a piece of carving occupying two or more blocks of stone is fitted together, often with a skill which would do credit to the most up to date stonecutters.

The hieroglyphic stairway takes its name from a series of "glyphs," or picture writings, which run all the way along the face of the steps. Here, Mr. Gordon notes, the carving is very perfect and regular until one reaches the ends of the stairs, where the balustrades apparently interfered with the freedom of the workmen, and the carving, therefore, is distinctly inferior, a fact which apparently proves Mr. Gordon's contention conclusively, since if the glyphs had been cut before the steps were laid no such irregularity would be noticeable.

The stone used at Copan is a variety of trachyte and was brought from the hills surrounding the valley in which the city of Copan was built. It is a rather soft material and corresponding easy to carve, but weathers easily. The Mayan sculptor, however, got over this difficulty by covering his carvings with a layer of stucco, which could be more perfectly modeled when soft and which soon hardened into a surface which was afterward richly colored in accordance with the character of the design.

Odd Titles of Rulers.

Among the seventy-one titles of the sultan of Turkey are "Abdul Hamid, the Eternally Victorious," "the Eternally Smiling," "the Eternally Inevitable," "Distributor of Crowns to the Heroes Seated on the Thrones" and "Shadow of God on Earth."
The shah of Persia has also many pompous titles, among them being "Luminous Star of the Firmament," "The One Star That Gives Light to the Terrestrial Planet," "Pivot of the Universe" and "Magnetic Center of the Globe."

The funniest title, however, is borne by the ruler of Ava, a small kingdom on the borders of Afghanistan. This monarch signs all his decrees as follows: "Signed and sealed by the king of kings, whom all the world should obey, because he preserves life in all human beings, because he regulates the sun and because he is the father of the twenty-four umbrellas."

In order to convince the skeptical that there are no unmeaning words twenty-four umbrellas are always kept in the king's private closet.

A New Money Scheme.

A plan to simplify the postoffice money order system is now proposed. The scheme is to reprint all one dollar, two dollar and five dollar treasury notes, coin or silver certificates now in circulation and have the faces of the new bills provided with blank lines and spaces. This would be the ordinary money of the day. Then, when one wishes to send money by mail he takes such a bill from his pocketbook, writes on its face the name of the person or firm to whom it is to go, the city and state and affixes a two cent stamp in the square indicated, canceling it, with his initials and date, and signs his name on the back. The bill, which previously was negotiable money, is instantly transformed into a personal check on the United States government, as safe for transmission as any bank check. This is included in a letter to the person or firm desired and can be collected by the receiver upon identification at the postoffice named.—Argonaut.

China Making Arms.

China is making arms at a great rate, all the Yangtze arsenals being at work full time. At Hankow over 200 workmen are employed in making field guns, Mauser rifles and all kinds of ammunition, including smokeless powder, and at Shanghai an equal number are employed in turning out a like product. As treaty stipulations prohibit the importation of foreign arms into China, the home production, particularly in view of the recent experience, is stimulated to a degree of activity not often witnessed in any Chinese industry.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *W. D. Parke*

Read - the - Tribune.



GRIM COURTSHIPS.

Kidnaping and Murder Still Extant in the Caucasus.

The manners and customs of the people of the Caucasus have not changed to a great extent since the country was subdued by Russia. One of the relics of the good old times to which the Caucasians especially cling is the custom of kidnaping the women whom they desire to make their wives. Recently a case of this kind resulted in a tragic end. A prominent inhabitant of the little Caucasian town of Katulagan named Ismail Oglu Oki tried to kidnap the sister of his best friend's wife while his friend was absent from home. The girl resisted his attempt to carry her off, aided by her married sister. The baffled lover drew his sword and inflicted dangerous wounds on both the ladies. At this moment his friend returned and, enraged at finding what had occurred, killed Ismail on the spot. Then he cut off Ismail's head and carried it around to show the neighbors what a fearful revenge he had taken.

In the same district a young nobleman desired to marry the daughter of a neighboring landowner and invited the girl with her parents to a grand ball given at his castle. During the evening he found an opportunity of deceiving the girl into a secluded part of the house, where she was seized by his men and placed in a carriage. The prince joined her and, in spite of the girl's entreaties, started out to drive to a place where they could be married without much delay.

The girl's father, on finding that his host had disappeared with his daughter, gave chase and, being on horseback, overtook the carriage. He shot the nobleman without ado and took his daughter home. The nobleman, however, had won her heart during the drive, and the girl was reluctant to marry the man of whom her father approved, but the stern parent insisted on the wedding taking place at once. The bride appeared in the church pale, but cool and collected. During the ceremony she drew a dagger and stabbed the bridegroom to the heart. Afterward she committed suicide.—London Mail.

Americans Who Move.

Study of the recent United States census shows some remarkably interesting facts and among them the one that we are the greatest nation of rolling stones on the earth, but notwithstanding that fact we succeed in gathering the moss of material prosperity.

The official figures show that out of a native born population of 65,843,302 there are 13,863,051 living in states different from those in which they were born—that is, more than one person out of five has left the state of his birth to seek his fortune elsewhere.

If we count the 10,460,736 foreign born residents, we find that about one-third of the population has moved from the state or country of birth. These figures show our mobility to be in the ratio of ten to one as compared with that of Europe.

The state of New York has sent out 1,300,000 of her children, who are now residing in other states, and has received from other states in their stead 531,000 residents. Vermont has a most remarkable record, which shows that she has children living in other states equal in number to one-half of her present population.

A Windy Tale.

Because the umbrella is the most unpopular article in ordinary use the announcement that it is doomed to go will be of universal importance and gratification. It is by means of small boxes containing compressed air that the umbrella is to be superseded. These boxes are made to fit inside any hat, having a small tube adapted to the center of their summit, says the Scottish-American. By the simple pressure of a button placed at the side of the hat the compressed air may be allowed to escape from the tube, and by a most ingenious arrangement instead of flowing upward it is made to expand all round, like those fountains which form like a ball. The rain falling on the compressed air is of course compelled to rebound according to the well known laws of gravity and resistance and, as it does with the umbrella, falls around the happy possessor of this most useful contrivance. After the rain is over another touch at the button deprives the compressed air of its outward expansion.

Fooled His Relatives.

A rich and eccentric man who died the other day in Berlin left a will which was to be opened immediately and a codicil to be opened after the funeral. The will said, "Every member of my family who shall abstain from attending my funeral is to receive 500 marks." As a result the funeral was attended by his housekeeper, a distant cousin. On the codicil being opened it was found to enact that the residue of his fortune was to be divided among those who, notwithstanding the loss of the 500 marks, attended his funeral. Hence the housekeeper gets all, but the heirs threaten to dispute the will.

Rhodes Quoted Tennyson.

In spite of the vast numbers who have read "In Memoriam" how many have recalled a passage which Cecil Rhodes may or may not have had consciously in mind when he said as he lay dying, "So little done, so much to do." In the "In Memoriam" we find:

So many worlds, so much to do;
So little done, such things to be.

—Hartford Times.

IF YOU ARE SICK

And Need Medicine for Your Kidneys, Liver, Bladder or Blood, Get the Best.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy.

If you are suffering from kidney or bladder disease, the doctor asks: "Do you desire to urinate often, and are you compelled to get up frequently during the night? Does your back pain you? Does your urine stain linen? Is there a scalding pain in passing it, and is it difficult to hold the urine back? If so, your kidneys or bladder are diseased."

Try putting some of your urine in a glass tumbler, let it stand twenty-four hours. If there is a sediment, or a cloudy, milky appearance, your kidneys are sick.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy will surely relieve and cure the most distressing cases of these dread diseases, and no physician can prescribe a medicine that equals it for kidney, liver, bladder and blood diseases, rheumatism, dyspepsia and chronic constipation.

Walter D. Miller, of Delhi, N. Y., writes:

"I suffered for years with kidney trouble and severe pains in my back, at times it was so bad I could hardly walk. My stomach also troubled me and I frequently had twinges of rheumatism. I suffered a great deal and received no benefit until I began the use of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. After taking it a short while it cured me."

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, is for sale by all druggists, at \$1 a bottle, or 6 bottles for \$5—less than a cent a dose.

Sample bottle—enough for trial, free by mail.

Dr. D. Kennedy Corporation, Rondout, N. Y.

Not a Compliment.

There is a delicious story told of an old minister of the Church of Scotland, who was often obliged to employ assistants during the latter part of his life. One of these was rather vain of his qualifications as a preacher, but affected to be quite embarrassed by any compliments he received on that score. On his first appearance, after the sermon, the old divine went up to the prostrator and was going to shake hands with him. Anticipating nothing short of high flown praise, the young man exclaimed, "My good sir, no compliments, no compliments, I beg." "Na, na," replied the parson; "nowadays I'm glad of anybody."

How far this decidedly left hand compliment fell short of the recipient's anticipation he alone could tell, but his feelings must have been somewhat similar to those of the redoubt orator who, having been in vain told by Henry IV. of France that he would be obliged to him if he would make his father any brief as possible, was at length crushed by the king rising and saying, "You must be kind enough to say the rest to M. Guillaume" (the court fool).

Assyrian Seals.

The ancient Assyrians nearly 6,000 years ago put in moist clay their seals, engraved in intaglio upon precious stones, on chests and doors, in order to prevent their being opened. There were no locks or keys in those days. If they wished to send a private letter, they would often seal it with a hippogriff, which fabulous winged horse was regarded as the emblem of secrecy. Centuries later the Greeks and Romans adopted similar devices for the same purpose.

How It Sounded.

"How is the board down at your place?" asked the ribbon clerk.
"Oh, we have nothing but health food every meal," responded the lace clerk.
"Then I don't think I'll come."
"Why not?"
"I'm not looking for the board of health."—Chicago News.

Popular Decoration Day Exemption.

To March Chunks and Glen Onoko. On May 30 the Lehigh Valley Railroad will sell tickets at the low rate of one fare for the round trip from points Easton to L. & B Junction, inclusive, and from Mahanoy and Hazleton Division points, limited to date of issue only, and will be honored on any train, except the Black Diamond express.
Consult Lehigh Valley ticket agents for further particulars.

Decoration Day at Niagara Falls.

Special low fares via the Lehigh Valley Railroad. Tickets sold and good going May 29, limited for return to June 1, inclusive, and will be honored on any train, except the Black Diamond express. Consult ticket agents for particulars.

The Politician's Friends.

"I never went back on a friend," said one politician.
"I never found it necessary to do so," said the other. "As soon as I was not in a position to favor him my friend always went back on me."—Washington Star.

If You Could Look

into the future and see the condition to which your cough, if neglected, will bring you, you would seek relief at once—and that naturally would be through

Shiloh's Consumption Cure

Guaranteed to cure Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all Lung Troubles. Cures Coughs and Colds in a day. 25 cents. Write to S. C. Willis & Co., Le Roy, N. Y., for free trial bottle.

Karl's Clover Root Tea purifies the Blood

Negligee Shirts for Summer

Here is important news for men who are fond of a negligee shirt—and what man is not? We have for your inspection a beautiful line of negligee shirts in materials of Madras, Percalé and Chevioti. All the new colorings, conspicuous for their original designs. Our better grade shirts are \$1.00 and 1.50, yet we boast of an unequaled line at 50c, about twenty different styles.

A full and complete line of Neckwear, comprising all the latest creations and styles.

McMenamin's Gents' Furnishing, Hat and Shoe Store.

South Centre Street.

Nature's Tonic.

A ride in the open,
For Health,
For Pleasure,
For Business.

You should ride a Bicycle,

RAMBLER.

\$35 to \$65.

The 1902 Models
Bristle With
New Ideas.

Call and Examine.

A complete stock always on hand.

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RAILROAD TIMETABLES

LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD.

May 19, 1902.

ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

LEAVE FREELAND.

6 12 a m for Weatherly, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Philadelphia and New York.

7 34 a m for Sandy Run, White Haven, Wilkes-Barre, Pittston and Scranton.

8 15 a m for Weatherly, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Philadelphia, New York, Hazleton, Delano and Pottsville.

9 30 a m for Hazleton, Delano, Mahanoy City, Shenandoah and Mt. Carmel.

11 45 a m for Weatherly, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Philadelphia, New York, Hazleton, Delano, Mahanoy City, Shenandoah and Mt. Carmel.

11 4 a m for White Haven, Wilkes-Barre, Scranton and the West.

4 44 p m for Weatherly, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Philadelphia, New York, Hazleton, Delano, Mahanoy City, Shenandoah, Mt. Carmel and Pottsville.

6 35 p m for Sandy Run, White Haven, Wilkes-Barre, Scranton and all points West.

7 29 p m for Hazleton.

ARRIVE AT FREELAND.

7 34 a m from Pottsville, Delano and Hazleton.

9 12 a m from New York, Philadelphia, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Weatherly, Hazleton, Mahanoy City, Shenandoah and Mt. Carmel.

9 30 a m from Scranton, Wilkes-Barre and White Haven.

11 51 a m from Pottsville, Mt. Carmel, Shenandoah, Mahanoy City, Delano and Hazleton.

12 35 p m from New York, Philadelphia, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk and Weatherly.

4 44 p m from Scranton, Wilkes-Barre and White Haven.

6 35 p m from New York, Philadelphia, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Weatherly, Mt. Carmel, Shenandoah, Mahanoy City, Delano and Hazleton.

7 29 p m from Scranton, Wilkes-Barre and White Haven.

For further information inquire of Ticket Agents.

ROLLIN H. WILBUR, General Superintendent, 20 Cortlandt Street, New York City.

CHAS. S. LEE, General Passenger Agent, 20 Cortlandt Street, New York City.

G. J. GILDROY, Division Superintendent, Hazleton, Pa.

THE DELAWARE, SUSQUEHANNA AND SCHUYLKILL RAILROAD

Time table in effect May 19, 1902.

Trains leave Dighton for Jeddo, Eckley, Hazle Brook, Stockton, Beaver Meadow Road, Iron and Hazleton Junction at 6 00 a m, daily except Sunday; and 7 07 a m, 2 38 p m, Sunday.

Trains leave Dighton for Onondaga Junction, Harwood Road, Humboldt Road, Onondaga and Shepperton at 6 00 a m, daily except Sunday; and 7 07 a m, 2 38 p m, Sunday.

Trains leave Hazleton Junction for Onondaga Junction, Harwood Road, Humboldt Road, Onondaga and Shepperton at 6 32, 11 10 a m, 4 41 p m, daily except Sunday; and 7 37 a m, 3 11 p m, Sunday.

Trains leave Deringer for Tomhicken, Cranberry, Harwood, Hazleton Junction and Iron at 5 00 a m, daily except Sunday; and 3 37 a m, 5 07 p m, Sunday.

Trains leave Shepperton for Beaver Meadow Road, Stockton, Hazle Brook, Eckley, Jeddo and Dighton at 5 36 p m, daily, except Sunday; and 8 11 a m, 3 44 p m, Sunday.

Trains leave Hazleton Junction for Beaver Meadow Road, Stockton, Hazle Brook, Eckley, Jeddo and Dighton at 5 49 p m, daily, except Sunday; and 10 10 a m, 5 40 p m, Sunday.

All trains connect at Hazleton Junction with electric cars for Hazleton, Jeannetteville, Anderson and other points on the Traction Company's

LITTELL C. SMITH, Superintendent



PRINTING

Promptly Done at the Tribune Office.