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FREELAND, PA., APRIL 4, 1902.



WHAT THEY SAY

Extracts From Various Sources, Indicating Democratic Opinion Regarding Questions of the Day.

Shame on those narrow-minded individuals who are so hopelessly ignorant as to argue that freedom of speech breeds anarchy. It is just the opposite. As a rule, anarchists are not sons of America; they are sons of tyranny. We don't just want to accuse any certain country in particular; but all enlightened men know that anarchy is bred and born in these countries where freedom of speech, and all other freedoms are extremely limited.—Indiana Moderator.

The significance of the Babcock iron and steel bill is not affected by the fact that there is little chance for its becoming a law at this session of congress. The bill, coming as it does from a protectionist, is the entering wedge of free trade. It marks the beginning of the end of the high tariff system. Mr. McKinley recognized the drift of public opinion in his last speech in Buffalo the day before his assassination. The Babcock bill is in line with the policy suggested in that address. Protection is stabbed in the house of its friends.—Kansas City Star.

Well Bred Children.

The hallmark of good breeding is self possession, and that should be learned early in life. It can be taught to very young children, but not by giving them a free rein. A child is naturally composed. Circumstances and surroundings make him awkward and self conscious. There are homes without number where the children are well bred and happy on an income that is pitifully small. They have no luxuries, but that does not mean that they may not have them in the future, and surely no access of worldly wealth would ever place them at a disadvantage. The simple home life is as refined as you could possibly wish it, and the children are being fitted for any station the future may have in store for them. I do not suppose that the parents expect to see a son in the presidential chair or a daughter occupying the position of first lady in the land, but they do expect honorable positions are awaiting them if they choose to work for them.

How Business Women Should Dress.

The subject of dress is a question difficult indeed to the woman in business, who of course has the feminine tastes and foibles peculiar to other women, yet who must study carefully the economy of the question, for her clothes must answer many demands. Always first comes the tailor made costume, which seems to answer so well the many requirements of modern life, and particularly the needs of the business woman. It is certainly the most useful and economical costume that she can have, for new changes in the way of little accessories are possible with a suit of this sort. With a few blouses a tailor made suit means almost a "wardrobe" to the woman of slender means. With it and a flannel or challie blouse for working hours, a silk one for evening and church and one of chiffon or lace for the theater or any small informal affair she may always appear well dressed.—Mrs. Ralston in Ladies' Home Journal.

The Tail Grass of Yucatan.

The sisal grass of Yucatan is one of the most remarkable vegetable products known. It grows in long blades, sometimes to the length of four or five feet, and when dry the blade curls up from side to side, making a cord which is stronger than any cotton string of equal size that has ever been manufactured. It is in great demand among florists and among manufacturers of various kinds of grass goods, but is known as its valuable properties become known it will have a thousand uses which are now unimagined. Ropes, cords, lines of any description and any size may be manufactured of it, and a ship's cable of sisal grass is one of the possibilities of the future. It is almost impervious to the action of salt water and is not readily decayed or disintegrated by moisture and heat and will in time prove one of the most valuable productions of Central America.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

MAKING BONELESS HAMS.

Housekeepers May Do It as Well as a Professional Butcher.

Little though one may think, the process of making a boneless ham is quite a fine art and one that requires no small degree of skill in the undertaking. In fact, it is not every one who can "bone" a ham successfully. In the event a housekeeper unfamiliar with the art of removing the bone from hams were to undertake the job she would be almost certain to begin operations by first of all splitting the ham open and endeavoring to carve out the bone by cutting around it. The result would be failure and vexation of the worst sort, to say nothing of a ruined ham. The proper way to remove the bone would never suggest itself to the average housekeeper.

The operator stands the ham on end against a supporting block and proceeds to carve around the bone from one end as deep as it is possible for him to run his hand and knife down into the flesh and around the bone. Having reached the extreme limit as far, in fact, as it is possible to extend the knife, he reverses the ham and begins cutting around the bone from the other end, cutting downward until he reaches the point that he attained in cutting from the end on which he began, the entire operation being scientifically correct and on the principle of skinning an animal. The bone then slips out clear and smooth, free from any adhering flesh.

As soon as this is done stout twine is wrapped around the ham and drawn taut, completely closing the aperture left by the removal of the bone. The twine is thus made fast and the ham laid away for a day or two, at the end of which time the hole has closed so neatly that, in slicing the ham, it is difficult to determine the exact spot from which the bone was removed. This is the proper mode of making boneless ham, and with a little practice any housekeeper can learn to do the work as well as a professional butcher. They will observe that first of all the bone is surrounded by a tissue, and by starting the operation from the ends they will be surprised with what facility this tissue, dividing the bone from the flesh, peels loose from the former.

A CURE AND A FEE.

Peculiar Experience of a Doctor With a Business Man.

In conversation one day about the peculiar views that commercial men sometimes entertain about professional services Dr. S. Weir Mitchell told us the following story:

"A very wealthy man from the west came to consult me about an attack of vertigo. He said that he had just returned from a trip to Europe, where he had consulted eminent specialists, but that they had failed to afford him any permanent relief. 'A physician in London,' he said, 'asked me why I did not make an attempt to be cured nearer home. I thought on my way out west I would stop over to see you.'

"'Has any physician who you visited looked into your ears?' I asked.

"'No,' was his reply.

"'I made an examination of his ears, removed some wax and a substance that appeared to be hardened remnants of cotton wool. I sent him away then and told him to come again in a day or two. He did so.

"'Well,' he exclaimed, 'I am cured. How much do I owe you?'

"'About \$50,' I replied.

"'As he drew a check he asked, 'Did you know when you first examined my ears that you could cure me?'

"'When I told him that I had a very fair conviction that I could, he said: 'Well, you are a blanked fool. You should have said to me: "I think I can cure you, and I will do so for \$10,000. No cure, no pay." You would have got your money without a murmur.'

"'Oh,' I said, 'if you feel that way about it there are several little charities in which I am interested, and—'

"'No,' he interrupted, 'that is not business. I have my cure, and you have the price you asked. The transaction is closed.'

Brass in England In Chaucer's Time.

A metal resembling brass, but said to have been superior in quality, was known in England as "maslin" as early as the time of Chaucer, and in the reign of Henry VIII. an act of parliament was passed prohibiting the export of brass out of England. Whether the earlier monumental brasses still to be found in our churches were made originally in England is not absolutely certain, the probability, according to some antiquaries, being that they were of French or Belgian workmanship.—Chambers' Journal.

An Urgent Case.

When the doctor's telephone rang late one night, he went to the instrument himself and received an urgent appeal from two fellow practitioners to come down to the club for a quiet game.

"'Emily, dear,' he said, turning to his wife, 'I am called out again, and it appears to be a very serious case, for there are two doctors already in attendance.'—New York Times.

Left the House.

"'Leave the house,' cried little Blinks, making a brave bluff of strength to the burglar.

"'I intend to, my small friend,' replied the burglar courteously. 'I am merely after the contents. When I take houses, I do it through the regular real estate channels.'

Hooked.

Mrs. Newlywed—The night you proposed you acted like a fish out of water.

Mr. Newlywed—I was—and very cleverly landed too!—Puck.



S'SH SLEEP AT LAST
LAXAKOLA DOES IT

NO ONE BUT A MOTHER can appreciate the benefit that sound, refreshing sleep gives to an ailing, teething, feverish, colicky, fretful infant. Almost distracted by its constant crying, and worn out with weary, anxious care and watching, she tries everything possible to obtain even relief for the little sufferer.

With what comfort and delight she sees her little one drop off into a deep peaceful health-giving slumber, after its little clogged bowels are cleared of their poisonous burden by a single dose of Laxakola, the great tonic laxative and mother's remedy.

Laxakola is a pure, gentle and painless liquid laxative, and contains valuable tonic properties which not only act upon the bowels, but tone up the entire system and purify the blood. A few drops can be given with safety to very young babies, which will often relieve colic by expelling the wind and gas that cause it. Great relief is experienced when administered to young children suffering from diarrhoea, accompanied with white or green evacuations, as it neutralizes the acidity of the bowels and carries out the cause of the fermentation. LAXAKOLA will aid digestion, relieve restlessness, assist nature, and induce sleep. For constipation, simple fevers, coated tongue, or any infantile troubles arising from a disordered condition of the stomach it is invaluable.

Laxakola, the great tonic laxative, is not only the most efficient of family remedies, but the most economical, because it combines two medicines, viz., laxative and tonic, and at one price. No other remedy gives so much for the money. At druggists, 25c and 50c, or send for free sample to THE LAXAKOLA CO., 122 Nassau Street, N. Y., or 355 Dearborn Street, Chicago.

The Success of Dr. Blowitz.

The secret of the marvelous success of M. de Blowitz as Paris correspondent of the London Times is said to have been due to the absolute and complete confidence with which he inspired the statesmen, the politicians and the diplomats with whom he was brought in contact and which he never betrayed. They all felt that they could depend absolutely on his discretion, no matter how great the temptation from a journalistic point of view to do otherwise.

When the Duke Decazes while playing billiards at the Quai d'Orsay after dinner one evening suddenly received the news of the purchase by the British government of the khedive's stock in the Suez Canal company and, wild with rage, broke forth into frantic threats against the English government, charging M. de Blowitz to make known his indignation and the fact that he was bent on retaliation, the correspondent of The Times, who had been one of the party present, although he saw the value of the news, made no use of it.

The next day he met the duke, who had recovered his senses and who, grasping him by both hands, exclaimed: "I shall never forget what you have done for us. You have sacrificed journalistic success to your sense of duty and to the cause of peace."

A Domestic Blend.

A resourceful young matron had a small dinner party. Covers were laid for six, and the dinner was charming. The red wine was not too cold, the white wine not too warm and the black coffee a masterpiece. At the beginning of the end of the dinner a cordial was served. It happened to be Creme Yvette, and when the husband tasted it he put down his glass with a look of anguish and was about to speak. His wife's eye silenced him. Nobody took more than the first sip of the liqueur. After the last guest had departed the husband braved his wife's eye and spoke.

"My dear," said he, "what in the name of all unspeakable things was the matter with that liqueur?"

His young wife smiled triumphantly. "Why," said she, "when I came to look at the bottle, just before dinner, I found there wasn't enough left to go round. It was too late to get any more, so I just added to it a bottle of violet toilet water. It was the same color, and it had the same smell, and I knew nobody would notice the difference. Wasn't it good?"—Washington Post.

The Jewish Torah.

Of the objects used in the Jewish synagogue one of the most interesting is the Torah scroll. The Delmeier describes this as parchment scroll in Hebrew, mounted on wooden rollers, wrapped in a cloth of green velvet, embroidered in silk, which is held by a liver worked belt and covered with a mantle of black velvet embroidered in gold. The upper handles of the rollers are of carved wood and the lower of ivory, with silver bells on the rollers. The Jewish Torah, or the law, is considered by the people of this race the most important and sacred portion of the Scriptures. In order that it may be kept alive in the minds of the people it is divided into as many "pericopes" as there are Sabbaths in the year, so that within a twelvemonth the entire book will have been read through. A manuscript copy is used, having been prepared by a professional scribe on parchment made of the skin of a clean animal—that is, one the flesh of which may be eaten.

Oriental Horseshoes.

The type of horseshoe common in the orient is a plate fitted so as to cover the entire bottom of the hoof, with a perforation in the center. The weight of the average horseshoe is three-fourths of a pound. The native smiths usually cut these plates from sheets of wrought iron and rudely shape them for the purpose in view.

Four Murder Cases.

Four murder cases are to come before the grand jury which meets next Monday, the largest number for any grand jury in this county in many years. Victor Zarambo and Peter Lenoski are charged with killing Anthony Sennick in the Exeter mine. Each man has made a confession implicating the other.

John Connor, charged with the murder of Neil Hanlon, was found sleeping near Hanlon's body several hours after the crime. They were tramps, and it is charged that they quarreled over a woman.

Thomas Evans, of Duryea, is charged with killing Michael Melvin. He declares that Melvin was a burglar, and was shot while trying to break into his house. Evans has been out on bail.

Samuel Kellar must answer for the murder of James Larkin, who was found dead in his cabin at Harvey's Lake last Sunday. Kellar was asleep in the cabin and was also wounded. His story is that a strange man attacked them.

CASTORIA.
 The Kind You Have Always Bought
 Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*
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Three cases of smallpox in one house were reported by the health officer of Tamaqua yesterday, the victims being Mrs. John Boettger, John Bachman and George Bachman.

DON'T DELAY.

It is "Putting Off" Till Some Other Day that Causes so Many Sudden Deaths.

Be sure you need a medicine before you take it, but having once found out that you need it, lose no time in getting the best. If it's for the kidneys, liver, bladder or blood, rheumatism, dyspepsia, chronic constipation, or the weaknesses peculiar to women, the best is Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, and a very simple way to find out if you need it, is to put some urine in a glass tumbler and let it stand 24 hours; if it has a sediment or a milky, cloudy appearance; if it is rosy or stringy, pale or discolored, you do not need a physician to tell you that your kidneys and bladder are badly affected.

The Rev. Theodore Hunter, pastor of the Presbyterian Church, Greensburg, Ky., writes us the following:

"It gives me much pleasure to state that I have received great benefit from the use of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. Some time ago I had a severe attack of kidney trouble, but a few bottles of 'Favorite Remedy' have entirely removed the 'malady.'

"Favorite Remedy" speedily cures such dangerous symptoms as pain in the back, frequent desire to urinate, especially at night, burning scalding pain in passing water, the staining of linen by your urine and all the unpleasant and dangerous effects produced on the system by the use of whiskey and beer. All reliable druggists sell Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy at \$1.00 a bottle, or 6 bottles for \$5.00—less than one cent a dose. Sample bottle—enough for trial, free by mail. Dr. D. Kennedy Corporation, Rondout, N. Y.

Dr. David Kennedy's Salt Rheum Cream cures Old Sores, Skin and Scrofulous Diseases. 50c.

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 and Gents,
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RAILROAD TIMETABLES

LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD.
 June 2, 1901.

ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.
 LEAVE FREELAND.

6 12 a m for Weatherly, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Philadelphia and New York.
 7 34 a m for Sandy Run, White Haven, Wilkes-Barre, Pittston and Scranton.
 8 15 a m for Weatherly, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Philadelphia, New York, Delano and Pottsville.
 9 30 a m for Hazleton, Delano, Mahanoy City, Shenandoah and Mt. Carmel.
 11 42 a m for Weatherly, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Philadelphia, New York, Hazleton, Delano, Mahanoy City, Shenandoah and Mt. Carmel.
 11 51 a m for White Haven, Wilkes-Barre, Scranton and Easton.
 4 44 p m for Weatherly, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Philadelphia, New York, Hazleton, Delano, Mahanoy City, Shenandoah, Mt. Carmel and Pottsville.
 6 35 p m for Sandy Run, White Haven, Wilkes-Barre, Scranton and all points West.
 7 29 p m for Hazleton.
ARRIVE AT FREELAND.
 7 34 a m from Pottsville, Delano and Hazleton.
 9 12 a m from New York, Philadelphia, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Weatherly, Hazleton, Mahanoy City, Shenandoah and Mt. Carmel.
 9 30 a m from Scranton, Wilkes-Barre and White Haven.
 11 51 a m from Pottsville, Mt. Carmel, Shenandoah, Mahanoy City, Delano and Hazleton.
 12 48 p m from New York, Philadelphia, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk and Weatherly.
 4 44 p m from Scranton, Wilkes-Barre and White Haven.
 6 35 p m from New York, Philadelphia, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Weatherly, Mt. Carmel, Shenandoah, Mahanoy City, Delano and Hazleton.
 7 29 p m from Scranton, Wilkes-Barre and White Haven.
 For further information inquire of Ticket Agents:
 ROLLIN H. WILBUR, General Superintendent, 26 Cortlandt Street, New York City.
 CHAS. S. LEE, General Passenger Agent, 28 Cortlandt Street, New York City.
 G. J. GILDROY, Division Superintendent, Hazleton, Pa.

THE DELAWARE, SUSQUEHANNA AND SCHUYLKILL RAILROAD.

Time table in effect March 10, 1901.
 Trains leave Drifton for Jeddo, Eckley, Hazle Brook, Stockton, Beaver Meadow Road, Roan and Hazleton Junction at 6:00 a. m., daily except Sunday; and 7:07 a. m., 2:38 p. m., Sunday.
 Trains leave Drifton for Harwood, Cranberry, Tomhicken and Drifter at 6:00 a. m., daily except Sunday; and 7:07 a. m., 2:38 p. m., Sunday.
 Trains leave Drifton for Oneida Junction, Harwood Road, Humboldt Road, Oneida and Shepton at 6:00 a. m., daily except Sunday; and 7:07 a. m., 2:38 p. m., Sunday.
 Trains leave Shepton for Oneida, Humboldt Road, Harwood Road, Oneida Junction, Hazleton Junction and Roan at 7:11 a. m., 12:40, 5:38 p. m., daily except Sunday; and 8:11 a. m., 3:11 p. m., Sunday.
 Trains leave Shepton for Beaver Meadow Road, Stockton, Hazle Brook, Eckley, Jeddo and Drifton at 5:26 p. m., daily, except Sunday; and 11 a. m., 3:44 p. m., Sunday.
 Trains leave Hazleton Junction for Beaver Meadow Road, Stockton, Hazle Brook, Eckley, Jeddo and Drifton at 5:49 p. m., daily, except Sunday; and 10:16 a. m., 5:40 p. m., Sunday.
 All trains connect at Hazleton Junction with electric cars for Hazleton, Jeannette, Audent and other points on the Traction Company's line.
 Train leaving Drifton at 6:00 a. m. makes connection at Drifter with P. R. R. trains for Wilkes-Barre, Sunbury, Harrisburg and points west.
 LUTHER C. SMITH, Superintendent.

The Cure that Cures
Coughs, Colds, Grippe,
 Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis and Incipient Consumption, is
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 THE GERMAN REMEDY
 Cures throat and lung diseases.
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