

FREELAND TRIBUNE.

Established 1898.
PUBLISHED EVERY
MONDAY, WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY.
BY THE
TRIBUNE PRINTING COMPANY, Limited.
OFFICE: MAIN STREET ABOVE CENTRE.
LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
FREELAND.—The TRIBUNE is delivered by carriers to subscribers in Freeland at the rate of 12 1/2 cents a month, payable every two months, or \$1.50 a year, payable in advance. The TRIBUNE may be ordered direct from the carriers or from the office. Complaints of irregular or tardy delivery service will receive prompt attention.
BY MAIL.—The TRIBUNE is sent to out-of-town subscribers for \$1.50 a year, payable in advance, pro rata terms for shorter periods. The date when the subscription expires is on the address label of each paper. Prompt renewals must be made at the expiration, otherwise the subscription will be discontinued.

Entered at the Postoffice at Freeland, Pa., as Second-Class Matter.

FREELAND, PA., JANUARY 31, 1902.



SHORT TALKS

Brief Comment On Political and Other Matters of Public Interest.

ANDREW J. PALM.

The Pittsburg people have been ripped up the back and down in front so much the past year that the average Pittsburger hardly knows where he is at politically. Some of them are swearing vengeance against Quay, Stone, Flinn and the whole gang. Others, like the Bigelows and Major Brown, who had their fingers badly singed by pulling the Quay chestnuts out of the fire, are ashamed to own that they were such consummate fools as to trust the Old Man, and hence they still pretend to believe that he is all right and still acting in good faith; but that Stone, like a bad boy, refuses to obey his master. The childish confidence of these full grown men is touching to behold. They put up their hundreds of thousands of dollars to help Quay, Stone & Company to pass the ripper bill, and as soon as it was passed they were deliberately betrayed for a consideration, and that is the whole story.

There was a time when men retired from business when they secured a competency, and gave somebody else a chance. Not so now in this age of greed and commercialism. The average man has grown to be so much of a hog that he keeps on grabbing as long as he can draw a breath. When a man in these evil days makes a million he is only the more eager for the next and that stimulates his grasping propensity to make still greater efforts for more. Men are now judged by the wealthy class, not by what they are, but by what they have, no matter by what means it may have been acquired, and never did Shakespeare's saying, "the learned pate ducks to the golden fool," apply more truthfully than at the present time. Roosevelt says we may find it necessary to shackle cunning as we have found it necessary to shackle force, and there is no sort of cunning today that needs shackling so much as the cunning of greed. Since Roosevelt has become president, however, he hasn't a word to say about shackling anything or anybody who may help him in his ambition for a second term.

Public sentiment seems to be strong against allowing the Chinese to come to our shores to earn a livelihood. Let us admit for the sake of the argument that we should pass a prohibitory law, but in the name of consistency, if we declare that they shall not come here should we not cease our clamor for an open door in China—a door that opens but one way? We have been forcing China to open her gates to us, and declaring that she shall allow our missionaries full sway to stuff them with our religion, or we will shoot it into them with Maxim guns. In fact, we have done some shooting on this account already. To solemnly declare by act of congress that China shall not send any of her people here and still insist that she shall open wide her gates to us is too unreasonable to be tolerated on the part of any nation. The man who says to his neighbor, "you must keep your children strictly out of my yard, but you shall permit mine to go into your yard or your house at their own pleasure," is not a whit more unreasonable and inconsistent than the bullying nation which demands privileges that it absolutely refuses to grant. It isn't any wonder that China is suspicious of our religion if it is exhibited in our dealings with other nations.

According to the military experts who are conducting the operation of benevolently assimilating Samar, the situation on that island "demands a policy of rigid starvation." Our excuse for doing to the Filipinos what Weyler did to the Cubans is identical with that made by the Spaniard. We are herding a part of the people in concentration camps and starving the rest because they doubt the friendliness of our intentions toward them, and do not know what is good for them. Our intentions are beautifully benevolent, but for the present military necessity compels us to dismantle our love and chasten the doubting Filipino with "rigid starvation" while we contribute liberally to the relief of the abused Boers in South African concentration camps.—North American.

FOR THE HOUSEWIFE

Josiah Read's Invention.
The inventor of the cooking range died the other day, says a writer in the New York Mail and Express. He was ninety-two years old, and he lived at Everett, Mass., a suburb of Boston. His name was Josiah M. Read. The name is not in "Who's Who," and the old man was unknown to fame, although his invention effected a more profound and momentous change in American domestic life, perhaps, than Morse's electric telegraph did, or Whitney's cotton gin, or even Howe's sewing machine. There had been stoves before Read. Franklin made a stove which still goes by his name. It is simply an open grate on legs, with a pipe. The feet can be warmed at it, and the room can be filled with smoke. There were rude cooking contrivances before Read made his ranges, away back in the thirties, but they were crude affairs. Men who are now not old can remember when women baked in a Dutch oven—a movable tin box, which was shoved up in front of a hot open fire. The cooking range made possible an elaborate and careful arrangement of the humblest cuisine. It was economical in the sense that it gave a great deal more heat from the same amount of fuel. It saved heat and time. It enlarged the American bill of fare. It increased the complexity of the domestic organization and abolished old fashioned rustic simplicity.

For the Sickroom.
Accessories for the sickroom cannot be too dainty in appearance, but above all it is important that they shall be washable. A pretty medicine glass cover made of a piece of circular white linen may be embroidered in some delicate design and the edge buttonhole stitched. Near the center two small eyelets should be worked. Then a piece of glass corresponding in size and shape should be obtained at the glazier's, and this, too, should have two small holes similar in location to those in the linen. When the work is finished, the linen is tied with baby ribbon to the glass, and a most serviceable and at the same time attractive article for an invalid is ready for use.

Lamp Shades.
The two models represented may be made at home by skillful hands. The first is of gathered taffeta ornamented with applications of spangled and considered tulle. The second is painted story.



WORK FOR SKILLFUL HANDS.
In water colors and ornamented with ribbon ruffles. The butterfly for a candle ornament is of embroidered muslin. These ideas come from Paris.

Benches Are the Rage.
Benches here, there and everywhere are quite a craze in home furnishing just now. Where a room has no marble and has a plain, quite good sized wall space to make a feature of a high backed bench is very fashionable and proves a very effective substitute. Have a shelf fastened on brackets above the high back of the bench for bric-a-brac, throw a rug on the floor in front of it, and with several consistently covered down cushions the result is quite charming and often saves the entire effect of a room.—Exchange.

The Hinge Fad.
Exceedingly long and heavy strap hinges of iron or brass as most appropriate to the piece they adorn are now very fashionable adjuncts seen on many of the latest and smartest pieces of furniture. Handsome ones of brass show to great advantage on the colonial side tables that have one half of the top stood up against the wall. Those used on these tables extend half the width of each leaf.

A Salad and a Relish.
A delicious salad course recently served at a luncheon was a salad of mushrooms and celery covered with mayonnaise served in red and green pepper shells resting in the curled white leaves of head lettuce. A relish prized by those who have copied the idea from foreigners is slices of green peppers, the seeds removed, eaten with white bread as an appetizer.

Will Prevent Tarnishing.
Silver will not tarnish if painted over with a soft brush dipped in alcohol in which some collodion has been dissolved. The liquid dries immediately and forms a thin, transparent and invisible coating upon the silver, which prevents it tarnishing. It can be removed at any time by dipping the article in hot water.

Round Tables Are Stylish.
Round dining tables are considered more stylish than the square top ones, and those having five legs, a heavier one in the center and one at each side, are much newer than the pedestal design.



Well Babies Are Good Babies

MOST LITTLE BABIES DIE, either from bowel troubles or from diseases which they contract because they are in a weak and feeble condition from bowel troubles.

Mothers who are seeking the ideal and proper medicine to give their little ones for constipation, diarrhoea, colic and simple fevers will find LAXAKOLA the great family remedy.

It is the best and most effective laxative for children. BEST because it is safe and made entirely of harmless ingredients. BEST because it is non-irritating and never grieves or causes pain or irritates. BEST because it is sure and never fails. BEST because "Children like it and ask for it."

It is a dangerous thing to give little babies violent remedies that rack and rend their little bodies. DON'T DO IT—give them LAXAKOLA.

A few drops can be given with safety to very young babies, and will often relieve colic by expelling the wind and gas that cause it, and it also will check simple fevers, break up colds and clear the coated tongue.

Great relief is experienced when administered to young children suffering from diarrhoea, accompanied with white or green evacuations, from the fact that LAXAKOLA neutralizes the acidity of the bowels and carries out the cause of fermentation, aids digestion, relieves restlessness, assists nature and induces sleep.

LAXAKOLA It is a gentle and safe remedy to use during all conditions of health of the mother or child. It is a safe and efficient laxative and tonic, and is invaluable in assisting to relieve obstructions which otherwise would lead to more or less severe pain or illness.

FOR WOMEN. It improves the complexion, brightens the eyes, sharpens the appetite, quickens the circulation, removes muddy and blotched conditions of the skin and cures sick headache to a certain extent. It is a safe and reliable remedy for all ailments of the skin and dyspepsia. LAXAKOLA will invariably bring relief and a speedy cure.

At druggists, and send for free sample to THE LAXAKOLA CO., 132 Nassau Street, N. Y., or 355 Dearborn Street, Chicago.

LI WROTE TO BOTH MEN.

But They Compared Notes and Spoiled His Effect.

Many tales are told of the dealings of Li Hung Chang with his diplomatic subordinates, and there is a characteristic story about with regard to his relations with the present minister to England, Sir Chilchen Lo Feng Luh. The time was that of the siege of the legations in Peking, when all the civilized world was in fear as to the fate of the beleaguered and when China, with her emissaries and all pertaining to her, was looked on with no very friendly eye. Li Hung Chang was the virtual ruler of China, and it was from him that the various ministers and ambassadors received their instructions. There had apparently been some fresh manifestation of European displeasure when one day the minister in England received from Li a message the purport of which was as follows:

"We are not satisfied with your efforts in London. The English are hostile, and you must do something to alter matters. You are not energetic enough. You are neglecting to influence the government. The man who is doing all the work is your colleague in Washington, Wu Ting Fang. He is the man you should imitate."

Unfortunately for Li's little game, Sir Chilchen and Wu Ting Fang happened to be close friends, and the minister here confided what had happened to his friend in Washington. Wu Ting Fang was, to say the least of it, surprised.

"This is very extraordinary," he replied. "I also have had a message from Li Hung Chang. This is what he says to me:

"Your efforts are not giving satisfaction. We feel you should be more energetic and that you should try to influence the American government to take our side in this affair. You are not doing half enough, and if you want an example you should turn to Sir Chilchen Lo Feng Luh, the minister in London. He is the man who is doing all the work."—Camille Friend.

Wilson and the Author.

An embryo librettist recently approached Francis Wilson, the comedian, with a manuscript and received rather a bewildering reception. "I cannot agree to read it," said the comedian amiably. "I am a weak person influenced by merit."

"But my book is very good," argued the librettist.

"Just what I fear, my dear boy," replied Mr. Wilson. "If it proved to be good, I might be tempted to produce it, and lose \$20,000. If I did not produce it, I should be uneasy, and I do not wish to add to my discomfort. However, I will read the book on one condition."

"What is it?"

"That you assure me your book is downright rubbish."

"But it isn't."

"Then I can do nothing for you. Good day."—New York Times.

Sutherland's Megaphone.

Commander Sutherland, chief of the hydrographic office, has had to stand a lot of chaffing from his friends since Mr. Rayner's summing up in the Schley court, in which he pictured Sutherland as standing at the wrong end of a megaphone and delivering his famous message, "No news of the Spaniards," which, Rayner said, stuck in the megaphone. Sutherland's friends when they meet him are in the habit of forming their hands into a megaphone over their mouths and shouting "No news" at him. Sutherland enjoys the joke as much as anybody and did not even remonstrate when some of them clubbed together to buy him a tiny silver megaphone as a watch guard for a Christmas present.

Bloodless Surgery.

Dr. Jokiel Takandine, a Japanese, claims to have discovered the possibility of bloodless surgery through the medium of a chemical composition called adrenalin. By the local application

of adrenalin in solution operations may be performed, it is said, on the nose, ear and eye without the spilling of a drop of blood. Thus has been demonstrated that the discovery is the most powerful medicine known and at the same time it might be said the most expensive. At present it costs a dollar a grain.

Value of Printers' Ink.

A Grand Rapids furniture man began advertising his office furniture six years ago, spending \$10 a month for newspaper ads. Gradually his advertising brought such results that he now spends more than \$5,000 a month for space in the leading newspapers. He has succeeded in winning a trade which other manufacturers could have had by advertising in their home newspapers. In this day men have to advertise not only to secure more business, but to save what trade they may have.—Philadelphia Record.

Whitney's Lavishness.

The Hon. William C. Whitney in answer to a banker friend who alluded to the lavish style in which he entertains said:

"I have the money and can afford these expenditures. They are one of my ways of helping people. It is better to give employment than alms. I believe it to be the duty of every rich man to spend as much as he can afford and to help trade along. Then all will prosper."

Asiatic Turkey.

Asiatic Turkey is to be rescued from semibarbarism by the construction of \$10,000,000 worth of railroads, one of which will run through the Euphrates valley from end to end. The new roads will follow the old caravan routes, and they will touch all the principal cities and towns of Bible land.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Chat. H. Pritchard*

\$3.00 to New York and Return

Via the Lehigh Valley Railroad. Tickets will be sold and good going February 29, limited for return to and including February 31, and will be honored on any train, except the Black Diamond express. For further information consult ticket agents.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Chat. H. Pritchard*

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Chat. H. Pritchard*

No Megaphone Used.

"This talk about President Roosevelt conducting his heart to heart talks in the White House through a megaphone is all nonsense," said Senator Elkins to Senator Hanna the other day. "I've just come from the White House, and the president talked to me in a very low tone of voice."

"What did he say?" asked Senator Hanna.

"He asked me if this wasn't the finest weather I ever saw."

YOUR FAITH will be as strong as ours if you try

Shiloh's Consumption Cure

and cure is so strong we guarantee a cure or refund free trial bottle if you write for it. SHILOH'S costs 25 cents and will cure Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis and all Lung Troubles. Will cure a cough or cold in a day, and thus prevent serious results. It has been doing these things for 50 years. S. C. WELLS & Co., Le Roy, N. Y.

Karl's Clover Root Tea corrects the Stomach

Mid-Winter Bargains in Hats, Caps, Rubber Goods, Winter Furnishings.

Fine Lines of Men's and Women's Shoes, Men's and Boys' Hats, Caps and Furnishings, Boys' Knee Pants, Neckwear, Collars, Cuffs, Etc.

McMenamin's Gents' Furnishing, Hat and Shoe Store, South Centre Street.

5 C WILL BUY A PATHFINDER CIGAR

ASK THE MAN BEHIND THE CASE

W. K. GRESH & SONS MAKERS

The Cure that Cures Coughs, Colds, Grippe, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis and Incipient Consumption, is OTTO'S CURE

The GERMAN REMEDY Cures throat and lung diseases. Sold by all druggists. 25 & 50 cts.

The... Wilkes-Barre Record

Is the Best Paper in Northeastern Pennsylvania....

It contains Complete Local, Telegraphic and General News.

Prints only the News that's fit to Print... 50 Cents a Month. Address: \$6 a Year by Mail. The Record, Carriers --- WILKES-BARRE, PA.

Wm. Wehrman, Watchmaker.

Repairing a Specialty. Thirty-four Year's Experience. Next to NeuBurger's Store.

RAILROAD TIMETABLES

LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD. June 2, 1901.

ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS. LEAVE FREELAND.

6 12 a m	for Weatherly, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Philadelphia and New York.
7 34 a m	for Sandy Run, White Haven, Wilkes-Barre, Pittston and Scranton.
8 15 a m	for Hazleton, Weatherly, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Philadelphia, New York, Delano and Pottsville.
9 30 a m	for Hazleton, Delano, Mahanoy City, Shenandoah and Mt. Carmel.
11 42 a m	for Weatherly, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Philadelphia, New York, Hazleton, Delano, Mahanoy City, Shenandoah and Mt. Carmel.
11 51 a m	for White Haven, Wilkes-Barre, Scranton and the West.
4 44 p m	for Weatherly, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Philadelphia, New York, Hazleton, Delano, Mahanoy City, Shenandoah, Mt. Carmel and Pottsville.
6 35 p m	for Sandy Run, White Haven, Wilkes-Barre, Scranton and all points West.
7 29 p m	for Hazleton.
ARRIVE AT FREELAND.	
7 34 a m	from Pottsville, Delano and Hazleton.
9 12 a m	from New York, Philadelphia, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Weatherly, Hazleton, Mahanoy City, Shenandoah and Mt. Carmel.
9 30 a m	from Scranton, Wilkes-Barre and White Haven.
11 51 a m	from Pottsville, Mt. Carmel, Shenandoah, Mahanoy City, Delano and Hazleton.
12 48 p m	from New York, Philadelphia, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk and Weatherly.
4 44 p m	from Scranton, Wilkes-Barre and White Haven.
6 35 p m	from New York, Philadelphia, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Weatherly, Mt. Carmel, Shenandoah, Mahanoy City, Delano and Hazleton.
7 29 p m	from Scranton, Wilkes-Barre and White Haven.

For further information inquire of Ticket Agents.

ROLIN B. WILBUR, General Superintendent, 28 Cortlandt Street, New York City.

CHAS. S. LEF, General Passenger Agent, 26 Cortlandt Street, New York City.

G. J. GILBROY, Division Superintendent, Hazleton, Pa.

THE DELAWARE, SEQUOIHANNA AND SCHUYLKILL RAILROAD.

Time table in effect March 10, 1901.

Trains leave Drifton for Jeddo, Eckley, Hazle Brook, Stockton, Beaver Meadow Road, Roan and Hazleton Junction at 6 00 a m, daily except Sunday; and 7 07 a m, 2 38 p m, Sunday.

Trains leave Hazleton Junction for Harwood, Cranberry, Tomhicken and Deringer at 6 00 a m, daily except Sunday; and 7 07 a m, 2 38 p m, Sunday.

Trains leave Drifton for Oneida Junction, Harwood Road, Humboldt Road, Oneida and Shepton at 6 02, 11 10 a m, 4 41 p m, daily except Sunday; and 7 37 a m, 3 11 p m, Sunday.

Trains leave Deringer for Tomhicken, Cranberry, Hazwood, Hazleton Junction and Roan at 5 07 p m, daily except Sunday; and 3 07 a m, 5 07 p m, Sunday.

Trains leave Shepton for Oneida, Humboldt Road, Harwood Road, Oneida Junction, Hazleton Junction and Roan at 7 11 a m, 12 40, 5 28 p m, daily except Sunday; and 8 11 a m, 3 44 p m, Sunday.

Trains leave Shepton for Beaver Meadow Road, Stockton, Hazle Brook, Eckley, Jeddo and Drifton at 5 49 p m, daily, except Sunday; and 10 10 a m, 5 40 p m, Sunday. All trains connect at Hazleton Junction with electric cars for Hazleton, Jeannette, Audenried and other points on the Traction Company's line. Trains leaving Drifton at 6 00 a m makes connection at Deringer with P. R. R. trains for Wilkesbarre, Sunbury, Harrisburg and points west. LUTHER C. SMITH, Superintendent.