SENTENCED TO DEATH.

Czolgosz Must Die In Week of Oct. 28.

EARLIEST DATE UNDER THE LAW.

assassin Says He Alone Committed the Crime—No One Told Him to Do It—Taken, Closely Guarded, to Au-burn Prison.

It—Taken, Closely Guarded, to Auburn Prison.

Buffalo, Sept. 27.—Leon F. Czolgosz, the mardorer of President McKinley, was yesterday afternoon sentenced to die in the electric chair during the week beginning Oct. 28. This is the earliest date which could be selected in accordance with law.

The police arrangements at the city hall were even more stringent than during the trial. All sorts of excuses were given by those anxions to gain admission to the room, and half an hour before the time announced for the opening of the court the place was filled and the doors were locked. After half past 1 no one but officials connected with the court or newspaper men was allowed to enter. About twenty-five minutes to 2 o'clock District Attorney Penney and assistants entered the courtroom. He was accompanied by several distinguished guests who sat with him at his desk.

At five minutes to 2 o'clock the prisoner was brought into court shackled to Detectives Geary and Solomon, accompanied by Assistant Superintendent Cusack and Jailer Mitchell. The crowd sought to surge about them, and it was with difficulty that tipstaffs.

crowd sought to surge about them, and it was with difficulty that tipstaff's cleared a channel down the aisle to the prisoner's seat.

Nervous, but Steady

Nervous, but Steady.
Czolgesz was perspiring. He seemed a bit nervous, though he did not tremble, and his gatt was steady.
He took his seat and mopped his brow with his handkerchief when he settled back into his chair. His wonted listless attitude was absent. He kept his eyes wide open and looked about him occasionally, but presently he dropped his eyes to the table ahead of him and resumed his former listless air.
At twelve minutes past 2 Justice White took his seat on the bench, and the crier announced the opening of court.

"Czolgosz, stand up," commanded District Attorney Thomas Penney. The

District Arotto,
assassin arose.
"What is your name?" asked Mr.
Penney. "Leon F. Czolgosz."
"How old are you?" "Twenty-eight

Where were you born?" "Detroit." 'Where were you living when arrest-?" "Cleveland."

What is your occupation?" "Iron 'Are you married or single?" "Sin-

'Are your father and mother alive?" father is alive. My mother is

Cond."

Collgosz's replies were so low that he could not be heard five feet away.

"Have you any legal excuse why sentence should not be pronounced against

"Have you any legal excuse why sentence should not be pronounced against you?"

Czolgosz could not or pretended he could not hear the question put by the clerk. It was repeated to him twice, and then he said something in an inaudible tone. The judge intervened and explained what was meant by the question.

"First you may claim you are insane. The next is have you good cause to offer against sentence being pronounced against you?" The judge also stated legal reasons the prisoner might have against sentence being pronounced.

"I have nothing to say about that, judge." was the reply.

Judge Titus said he thought the prisoner ought to be permitted to make a statement in exculpation of his family. Turning to the prisoner again, Judge Titus held a brief conference. Then counsel for the defendant said: "He says no other person had anything to do with it; that no other person knew of his commission but himself. His father or mother or no one else knew anything about it."

The prisoner closed his lips, stared straight ahead of him and awaited the court's pronouncement of his doom.

The sentence.

"Czolgosz," said the court, "you have

The Sentence.

The Sentence.

"Czolgosz," said the court, "you have committed a grave crime against the state and our Union in the assassination of our beloved president. After learning all the facts and circumstances in the case twelve good men have propagated. learning all the facts and circumstan-ces in the case twelve good men have pronounced you guilty of murder in the first degree. You say that no other per-son abetted you in the commission of this terrible act. The penalty is fixed by statute, and it becomes my duty to impose sentence upon you. The senimpose sentence upon you. The sen-tence of this court is that in the week beginning Oct. 28, at the place desig nated and in the manner prescribed by law, you suffer punishment of death."

Czolgosz stood erect, looking straight at the judge. He did not tremble, not a quivered. As soon as the death ee was finished he took his seat same indifferent manner characterized him throughout the trial. He was brought to his feet quickly by the officers at twenty min-utes past 2. They shackled him and led feet past 2. They shackled him and led away to the jail, while the crowd

surged after them. Sheriff Caldwell and sixteen men left 06 with Czolgosz in a special car

Czolgosz Collapses.

Auburn, N. Y., Sept. 27.—Czolgosz reached the Auburn state prison at 3 o'clock this morning and on entering the penitentiary collapsed completely.

\$1,000,000 Fire In Guayaquil, mayaquil, Ecuador, Sept. 27.—A fire e destroyed eleven blocks in the th end of the city. The loss probawill amount to about \$1,000,000.

NO YACHT RACE.

NO YACHT RACE.

Wind Not Strong Enough For the Time Limit.

New York, Sept. 27.—The first of the international yacht races between the Columbia and Shamrock II. yesterday resulted in no contest, the yachts being mable to finish within the time limit. The Columbia was apparently leading by over a mile when the race was called off at 4:35, with the Columbia three miles from the finish.

The Columbia crossed the starting line at 11:10:49, twelve seconds ahead of Shamrock, and led almost all of the way on the beat to the outer mark.

From there on the way home she was

From there on the way home she was

From there on the way home she was continually in front.

When the contest began, a ten knot breeze was blowing. It gradually died down to six knots, but when Colombia turned the outer mark at 3:06 it had picked up to nine knots.

picked up to nine knots.

Shamrock turned the mark at 3:12:30.

Owing to a shift in the wind to a southerly direction the yachts had a broad reach home instead of a run.

Columbia increased her lead after turning the outer mark, but Shamrock gained a bit during the latter part of the run home.

Twenty thousand persons on a vast

flotilla witnessed the uncompleted contest.

The captain of each craft displayed

admirable seamanship.

The next attempt will be made to-

Morrow.

At the New York Yacht club in For-At the New York Yacht club in Forty-fourth street there was almost as much rejoicing as though the race had actually been won. It was freely admitted that previous to 'yesterday's trial there was considerable uneasiness as to what the final result would be. Now, however, there is not a member of the club who has not the utmost confidence that it is merely a matter of getting three days when the whad is strong enough to bring the yachts home within the time limit.

Edward VII. Got Bulletins

Edward VII. Got Bulletins.
London, Sept. 27.—King Edward dis-played great interest in the yacht race and was kept posted through bulletins as to every movement of the boats. He feels no worse about the result than does every Englishman. Green ribbons were conspicuously worn, and among the masses there is the keenest disampointment over the peor showing disappointment over the poor showing of Shamrock II.

CHARGES AGAINST BIDWELL

CHARGES AGAINST BIDWELL.

Collector of the Port of New York Under Fire.

Washington, Sept. 27.—There were two developments in the executive mansion yesterday that brought forward conspicuously the political situation in New York.

One was the leaking out of information that charges had been filed with the president against George R. Bidwell, collector of the port of New York.

The other was the call on the president by Colonel George W. Dunn, chairman of the New York Republican state committee, for the purpose of talking over the entire political situation in the Empire State.

President Roosevelt is good at keeping secrets, and the fact that charges had been filed against Mr. Bidwell was not known until last evening, although it is understood they have been in official hands for nearly a week.

Filing of the charges means that a determined effort is to be made to prevent the reappointment of the collector—that he would reappoint him unless something appeared to show that some other person ought to be given the very important customs berth. It also explains the extreme eagerness of the collector's friends to have the president announce his confidence in Mr. Bidwell at an early day.

In the treasury department the impression is given that Mr. Bidwell is as good as reappointed.

It is impossible now to ascertain who

as good as reappointed.

It is impossible now to ascertain who has brought the charges against the collector or the nature of the complaints.

General Diaz In Panama General Diax in Panama.
Colon, Sept. 27.—Panama is terribly
unsettled owing to apparently well
founded reports brought by incoming
steamers and received from other
sources which assert that an expedition sources which assert that an expedition numbering between 150 and 200 men under General Domingo Diaz, which sailed from Corinto, Nicaragua, two weeks ago, effected a safe landing at a place called Chame, about fifty miles south of Panama. Chame offers splendid natural facilities for resisting attack, and the expedition is said to be well armed and equipped and to be in possession of modern guns.

Taylor Wins From Kramer

New York, Sept. 27.—"Major" Taylor defeated Frank L. Kramer in a match, best two out of three one mile heats, for the unpaced indoor championship of America in Madison Square Garden last night. Taylor won in two straight heats.

New Alaskan Telegraph Lines. Washington, Sept. 27.—The signal office of the war department now has direct telegraphic communication with Fort Egbert, Alaska. The lines were

MURPHY FOR GOVERNOR

Is the Unanimous Choice of New Jersey Republicans.

SHORT AND HARMONIOUS MEETING

orial Services Held-"Neare

Trenton, N. J., Sept. 27.-Eight hun Trenton, N. J., Sept. 27.—Eight hundred delegates answered to the roll call at the opening of the New Jersey Republican state convention here yesterday afternoon. All of the party leaders were present excepting United States Sengior Sewell, who, on account of illness, missed his first convention in twenty-six years.

The platform adopted reads partly as follows:

folle

"The blow which ended the life of our beloved president was cruel, inhuman and lawless. It was aimed not at the gentle and lovable McKinley, but

the gentle and lovable McKinley, but at the republic and the majesty of law, which guarantee liberty of per-son and safety of property. "Any doctrine which justifies or en-courages assassination is utterly hos-tile to civilization and the welfare of manking and water to mankind and must be no longer erated in this country, and we dem and insist that laws, state and nation



FRANKLIN MURPHY. al, be enacted for the effective sup-pression of such teachings.

an, be enacted for the entertive sup-pression of such teachings.

"The pledge of President Roosevelt that he will continue absolutely un-broken the policy of President McKin-ley has our unqualified approval and entitles him to our loyal support.

"If continued in power, the Repub-lean party pledges to guard the sources of lineome of the state and to use the surplus thereof for the further reduction of the rate of local taxation, the enlargement of our school system, the extension of our good roads, the benefit of our agriculture and our in-dustries and the common interest and welfare of the whole people."

Nomination Certain.

welfare of the whole people."

Nomination Certain.
The nomination of Franklin Murphy for governor was arranged before the convention convened. His name was presented by Senator McCarter and was received with great enthusiasm. The nomination was unanimous. In his speech of acceptance Mr. Murphy said if elected the alms of his administration would be the continuation of the present prosperity, the extermination of anarchy and the upholding of the national administration as recently conducted by the late president.

Before the convention was called to order there was a scene such as was probably never before witnessed in a political convention. While the delegates were filing into the opera house

political convention. While the dele-gates were filing into the opera house and taking their seats the band began to play "Nearer, My God, to Thee."

Instantly all heads were uncovered, and the delegates and the spectators in the galleries rose and joined in sing-

ng the hymn.
Then followed "Lead, Kindly Light,"

Then followed "Lead, Kindly Light," and again the whole assemblage joined in singing the hymn.
Frankliu Murphy was born in Jersey City in December, 1846, and went to Newark when ten years old. He was graduated from the Newark academy nt sixteen and at once enlisted as a pri-rate in Company A, Thirteenth United infantry, and served l war. He returned States volunteer infantry, and served through the civil war. He returned home with his regiment at the close of the war. In September, 1865, he organized the Murphy Varnish company of Newark, of which he always has been the head. Since 1892 he has been the chairman of the state Republican committee, and he will retain this position, thus managing his own campaign.

Justice Rumsey Resigns

Albany, N. Y. Sept. 27.—Supreme Court Justice Rumsey of Bath, Steuben county, has sent in his resignation from the bench of the Seventh judicial district, to take effect Sept. 30. For several years he was a member of the First appellate division. It is understood that he will engage in law practice in New York city.

Penry's Vessel In Port

Brigus, N. F., Sept. 27.—The Peary Arctic club steamship Windward ar-rived here yesterday after a stormy passage of twenty-eight days from

Threaten to Burn Plantations.
Havana, Sept. 27.—Laborers laid off under the decision of plantation owners at Union de Los Reyes to grind no more sugar pending change in United States tariff threaten to burn the mills and plantations.

Postoffice Robbed.

Washington, Sept. 27.—The postoffice department has been advised that the postoffice at Salunga. Pa., was robbed of its entire stock of stamps.

A Bloody Battle.

Belgrade, Sept. 27.—It is reported that Turkish and Albanian troops have come into collision at Belopolje, old Servia, with the result that fifty-four vere killed and wounded.

Vere killed and wounded.

Vesuvius again in eruption.

Governor General Wood arrived at Antonio Maggio, who is said to have predicted McKinley's murder, was held for the federal grand jury at Silver City.

SCHLEY COURT.

But One Session Held on Account Funeral of Judge Wilson.

Funeral of Judge Wisson.
Wash'agton, Sept. 27.—But one session of the Schley court of inquiry was held yesterday so that the members of the court might attend the funeral of Judge Jere Wilson, leading counsel for Admiral Schley, whose death occurred "bussday."

Tuesday.

Captain Wise of the Yale was recalled.

"Did you give Admiral Schley any in-

ormation conserning Cervera's fleet?" sked Mr. Hanna. "No, sir, except through Captain digsbee."

Sigsbee."

This was in answer to a report made by Admiral Schley in which he said Wise, among others, told him he had been off Santiago for a week without discovering any sign of Cerverr's fleet. "Was it your duty or Captain Sigsbee's to convey to Admiral Schley the information regarding the Spanish fleet you received from the department?"

"Captain Sigsbee's, for he went immediately on board the Brooklyn, while I was ordered to take the Merrimae in tow."

I was ordered to take the Merrimae in tow."

"How many days did you spend in searching off Santiago for the enemy?" asked Rayner.

"From the morning of May 22 to the enrival of the flying squadron on the evening of May 20."

Captain Wise said that the retrograde movement began between 6 and 6:30 p. m.

Attorney General Rayner brought out the signals from the Brooklyn when it ordered the retrograde, and they read that the order for it was given at 8:30 p. m. According to Captain Wise, therefore, the retrograde movement began two hours before it was ordered by Rear Admiral Schley.

Captain Wise testified that he informed Admiral Sampson that the harbor of Santiago was strongly fortified.

JOHN G. NICOLAY DEAD.

Private Secretary, Biographer and Friend of Lincoln. Washington, Sept. 27.—John George Washington, sept. 21.—John George Wicolay, private secretary to President Lincoln and widely known as the au-thor of several works on the life of the great war president, died here yester-day. He was seventy years old and had been in feeble health for several

Since his resignation as marshal of the United States supreme court in 1887 he had been living quietly at his Wash-ington home with his daughter, Miss Helen Nicolay, the only surviving mem-ber of the familie

Helen Nicolay, the only surviving member of the family.

A warm personal friendship existed between President Lincoln and Mr. Nicolay. His literary work that attracted the most attention is the history of Lincoln, which Mr. Nicolay collaborated with Colonel John Hay, the present secretary of state.

Mr. Nicolay was a native of Bavaria, but came to America at an early age and settled in Illinois. In 1859 he became Mr. Lincoln's secretary and served in this capacity during the civil war. He was appointed consul at Paris in 1855, holding the office four years. He was marshal of the supreme court for fifteen years.

BASEBALL.

Results of Yesterday's Games In the Different Leagues.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
At Chicago— R. H. E.
New York 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0-5 9 1
Chicago 0 0 0 1 0 0 .0 0 0-1 7 3
Batteries-Taylor and Warner; Taylor and
Chance.
At Pittsburg— R. H. E.
Brooklyn 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0-3 8 2
Pittsburg 0 0 0 0 0 4 0 0 *- 4 8 3
Batteries-Newton and McGuire; Chesbro and
Zimmer.
At Cincinnati R. H. E.
Boston 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0-2 2 7
Cincinnati 2 2 0 0 1 2 0 0 4-7 14 0
Batteries-Dineen and Kittredge; Hahn and

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
At Boston—Chicago, 2; Boston, 3.
At Washington—Detroit, 5; Washington At Baltimore—Cleveland, 9; Baltimore, At Philadelphia—Milwaukee, 10; Philade

Roosevelt For Mighty Navy.

Roosevelt For Mighty Navy.
Washington, Sept. 27.—In his message to congress President Roosevelt will deal especially and at length with the need of increasing our navy. He will urge congress to take this matter up at as early a moment as possible, not to lay it aside until provision has been made for the building of a number of the most improved type of vessels from the first class battleship to the third class torpedo boat. This message will say that the need for more ships of war does not arise turough fear of conflict with foreign powers, but because of the need of avoiding conflict. The president is firmly of the opinion that ability and willingness to fight is one of the surest known methods of securing eternal peace. curing eternal peace

Corbin Wedding Nov. 6.

Washington, Sept. 27.—Adjutant General Corbin and Miss Edith Patten will she parted company with the chartered steamship Erik, which arrived at Sydney, C. B., on Sept. 13. officiate.

BRIEF NEWS NOTES.

Charles T. Yerkes has leased another London railway Naples dispatches reported Mount Vesuvius again in eruption.

KILLED IN AN EXPLOSION

Six Workmen In Gas Tank Blown to Atoms.

TWENTY MORE SERIOUSLY INJURED

Essex and Hudson Gas Company, In Newark, Scene of the Calamity—One of the Dead Found In Passaic River, One Hundred and Fifty Feet Away.

Newark, N. J., Sept. 27.—Six men were killed and a score seriously in-jured by an explosion yesterday after-noon in the gas works of the Essex and Hudson Gas company, which is located at the corner of Front and Lombardy streets.

Dend.
Otto Newman, foreman, 75 Clay
street; suffocated.
William Morris, workman, East New-

Ark.
Morris, Kirsch, workman, Norfolk street and Central avenue.
Theodore Render, workman, lived in Front street.
Albert Snyder, 343 Fourth street, Jer-

ey City. Nicholas Miller, home in Front street.

Injured.

Among the injured are:
Salvator Metzegra, 8 Adam street;
oft foot broken at the ankle.

Henry Ludwig, 31 Market street; fa-

tally injured.

Theodore Bancker, 68 Park place; badly burned about the body and face.

A. H. Stryker, engineer; hurt about the head; taken home.

Edmund Miller, 53½ Bridge street; burns about face and body; will recover.

Edmind Miller, 33½ Bridge street; burns about face and body; will recover.

Arthur Vincent, 219 Cleveland avenue, Harrtson; burned about the face and body; will recover.

Edward Renderer, mason, 13 Front street; badly burned about head.

Otto Newman, a foreman, and two workmen named Kosch and Meyers were cleaning at an empty tank, when they were overcome by the fumes. It is the custom in cleaning the tanks for the workmen to work inside them for about ten or fifteen minutes and then come out for air.

At the end of ten minutes when the workmen did not come out of the tank the suspicions of the other workmen were roused, and volunteers were called upon to go in after them.

Five men volunteered to go to the rescue, Just after they entered the tank there was an explosion. The top of the great gas receiver was blown to atoms, and the bodies of six men went flying in every direction, one of them falling into the Passaic river, nearly 150 feet away.

It was at first thought at least ten

was at first thought at least ten It was at first thought at least ten men had been killed, but when courageous firemen volunteered to be lowered into the pit where the gas tank stood they could find but one body, that of a man named Miller. Five other bodies were found within a couple of hundred feet.

To add to the hower of the accident

To add to the horror of the accident there was dauger of a disastrous fire, but this was soon averted by the promptness of the fire department.

The flames were extinguished before ney reached the other tanks or had done any material damage Praise From British Surgeons

Praise From British Surgeons.
London, Sept. 27.—Speaking at the banquet of the Bowyers' company in London last night and referring to a touching allusion made by the chairman, Mr. Morgan, M. P., to the death of Mr. McKinley, Sir James Crichton Brown said he was confident he was expressing the unanimous opinion of the British medical profession when he declared that the surgeons who attended the late president of the United States showell the utmost skill at every stage and did everything possible to alleviate the sufferings and prolong the life of their illustrious patient. "American and British yachts may compete for victory," exclaimed Sir James, "but between American and British surgeons there is no rivalry, but only mutual respect and good will."

Shaffer Accepts Challenge.

shaffer Accepts Challenge.

Pittsburg, Sept. 27.—When President Shaffer of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers was shown the open letter issued by President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor and John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers, in reply to his statement charging them with responsibility for the failure of the great steel strike, he said he would accept their challenge and was ready to submit to an investigation as to the truth of the charges.

Secretary Root Operated On. New York, Sept. 27.—Secretary of War Root is at his home, 25 East Sixty War koot is at mis nome, 25 East Sixty-ninth street, suffering from abscesses, An operation was performed yesterday that gave relief, and Mr. Root is rest-ing more easily. The secretary is not in a dangerous condition, but the abscess-es are extremely jainful.

Death of Millionaire Rose Grower. New York, Sept. 27.—The death is announced of Thomas J. Sfaughter, a retired New York city multimillionaire merchant and of late years one of the most extensive growers of roses in this country. He died at his bown Bell. country. He died at his home, Bell-wood, near Madison, N. J.

Hig Packing Plant.
Omaha, Neb., Sept. 27.—Agents of the
Schwarzchild & Sulzberger Packing
company of Kansas City announce that
the concern will locate a million dollar
packing plant at South Omaha in the
near future.

Wreck on Southern Railway, Columbia, S. C., Sept. 27.—A passen-ger train on the Southern railway ran into the rear of a freight train three siles from Columbia. Five persons were intured.

WAR ON COLOMBIA

Declaration Tomorrow.

Declaration Tomorrow.

Port of Spain, Trinidad, Sept. 27.—
Advices received here from Caracas
say Venezuela probably will declare
war on Colombia on Sept. 28. A financial
crisis exists in Venezuela owing to the
refusal of the Bank of Venezuela and
the Bank of Commerce to comply with
President Castro's demand that they
subscribe to a forced loan.

Recruiting For Carabobo.

Willemstad, Curacoa, Sept. 27.—The Venezuelan gunboat Restaurador, formerly the American yacht Atalanta, arrived here, coaled and will return to Maracaibo at once.

An emissary to President Castro from an influential Venezuelan official in Maracaibo passed through here. The emissary is charged to persuade President Castro to refrain from taking agressive action on the frontier, but to dent Castro to refrain from taking ag-gressive action on the frontier, but to hold the troops on the Venezuelan side ready to repel a Colombian advance should agy be made. This plan is in-dorsed strongly by certain conservative Venezuelan officials in Maracaibo and Guajira, where hopes are entertained that President Castro will be persuad-ed to adout the suggestions made.

Guajira, where hopes are entertained that President Castro will be persuaded to adopt the suggestions made.

It is reported here that Venezuela is recruiting in the state of Carabobo and that the Venezuelan authorities intend sending 3,000 men, with arms and ammunition, to guard the frontier of the Guajira peninsula.

Further details received from a Colombian official regarding the Guajira engagement are to the effect that a battalion of Venezuelan troops forced to fight against their wishes deserted from the Venezuelans to the Colombians in the fight at Corozua on Sept. 14 and began fighting on the side of the Colombians. The official also says that Colombia had 1,200 men in the Guajira engagements. Reports received here say that 300 Venezuelans and four canon were captured and that 300 were killed or wounded or are missing. It also is said that a brother of President Castro was wounded.

LINCOLN'S COFFIN OPENED.

Henvy Leaden Covering Chiseled Open With Plumber's Tools, Open With Plumber's Tools.

Springicld, Ill., Sept. 27.—In spite of
the protest of his only living child the
body of Abraham Lincoln was exposed to light yesterday. In the presence
of a small assemblage of men and women the metallic casket that for more
than thirty-six years has contained
the remains of the president was forced
open.

open.

Each of the party present gazed at the features made familiar by plate Each of the party present gazed the features made familiar by plate and print. Then the casket was rescaled and placed in what is intended shall be the final resting place, a bed of iron and masonry fifteen feet below the base of the shaft of the national Lincoln monument.

Just who is responsible for the open-

Lincoln monument.

Just who is responsible for the opening of the casket in spite of the avowed opposition of Robert T. Lincoln is difficult to ascertain. It is generally admitted by those present, however, that the proposition to expose the body met with vigorous protest and that it was only after considerable discussion that this course was resolved upon. Then every one of the assemblange was pledged to secrecy regarding the proceeding. But those among the party who saw in the desire to open the casket only the morbid curiosity of their neighbors were so shocked by the exposure that they are now openly denouncing the act. The heavy leaden covering of the casket was chiseled open with plumber's tools.

Five of the sixteen persons in the assemblage were present when the coffin was opened fourteen years ago. After a brief exposure the casket was sealed again. The trustees of the Lincoln monument are the governor of Illinois, the state treasurer and the state superintendent of public instruction.

Another Railrond For Yerkes.

Another Railroad For Verkes.
London, Sept. 27.—Mr. Charles T. Yerkes has bought another London railroad, or, rather, he has contracted for 900 years with the Great Northern railway to take over its suburban business and franchise for the projected underground road to extend from Finsbury park to Holborn. Parliament will be asked to grant a franchise for a link less than a mile long to conject this line with Mr. Yerkes' Brompton and Piccadilly line. Both lines connect with the District Underground railroad, giving Mr. Yerkes control altogether of forty-six miles of road.

Low Will Quit Columbia

New York, Sept. 27.—Seth Low, president of Columbia university, has announced that he will resign from the university as soon as he is notified of the action of the Citizens' Union and Reptiblican conventions in nominating him for mayor. Vessel Founders.
Halifax, N. S., Sept. 27.—An unknown vessel has foundered off Malpeque harbor, Prince Edward Island. People on shore say that she was a fishing vessel and was trying to beat into the harbor. It is feared that all on loard are lost.

Kitchener May Quit. London, Sept. 27.—The Daily News publishes an unconfirmed rumor that Lerd Kitchener has resigned the post of e-unmander in chief in South Africa owing to disagreements with Mr. Brod-rick, the war secretary.

Secretary Cortelyou at Canton. Washington, Sept. 27.—Mr. George Secretary Cortelyon at Canton.
Washington, Sept. 27.—Mr. Geor
B. Cortelyou, secretary to the pre
dent, has left here for Canton. I
will settle the estate and adjust sor
personal affairs of the late president.

Weather Forecast.
Fair; light to fresh winds, mostly, outheasterly.