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FREELAND, SEPTEMBER 27, 1901.

UNION LABEL

A Wonderful Cure.

Some charitable women were recently inspecting the wards of a Baltimore hospital when they chanced to see a poor fellow, the expression of whose face melted their hearts.

"My poor man," said one of the women sympathetically, "you seem to suffer agonies."

"Sure, mum," he answered, "I have the rheumatism."

"Is there anything I could do for you?" asked the kind hearted woman.

"We-l-l," slowly muttered the patient, "I would like to have my face shaved, but I haven't the coin."

The women held a hasty consultation, and one of them finally drew a crisp $2 bill from her purse. Turning to the patient, she said, "There, take this, and may you soon get better."

Her wish was evidently gratified, for the next day when she called at the hospital to see the good effects of a shave on the rheumatic patient she was told that shortly after she had left on the previous day he had shown such marked improvement that he said he was able to get up and hurriedly left the hospital before a barber had been summoned. It was evident that the $2 bill had wrought the wonder.—Baltimore Sun.

An Arctic Bill of Fare.

The Eskimos at home in their native frozen wilds do not believe in cooking. Their meat, be it seal, fish, venison, trout, salmon, whale blubber or codfish, they devour in its natural raw state and with the same gusto with which the average small boy tackles a watermelon. As for bread and vegetables, they have none. They set their seal oil lamps going, suspend a soapstone dish filled with snow over it, and with the water thus obtained they mix an equal quantity of molasses procured from the Hudson Bay company. That they drink and are happy. That is the sum total of an arctic cuisine.

A Flame Combination.

If a small quantity of chlorate of potash be powdered and mixed with an equal quantity of powdered sugar, a candle may be lighted by means of the mixture without matches.

Place a little of it in the depression around the wick of a candle that has been previously used and then touch the mixture with a glass rod the end of which has been dipped in oil of vitriol. It will burst into flame, lighting the candle.

An Elaborate Bank Note.

The most elaborate bank note is the hundred ruble note of Russia, of the time of the Empress Catherine, which is a gorgeous piece of paper about 4 inches by 10. The note is barred from top to bottom with all the colors of the rainbow blended as when thrown through a prism. In the center in bold relief is a large, finely executed vignette of the Empress Catherine I in black.—London Tit-Bits.

Testimony of the Nose.

An eminent physician now proclaims that the ancient and general opinion that the nose is an index to character is a fallacy. And it may be proclaimed with fully as much confidence that there is nothing which any eminent physician knows to be so that other eminent physicians do not know to be "ain't so."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Declined the Honor.

"Perkins," said Colonel Hankthunder, "you have named a new brand of whisky after me, have you not, suh?"

"I have taken that liberty, colonel," answered the distiller.

"Well, suh," rejoined the colonel, "I shall have to ask you to call it something else. I have tried it, suh."—Chicago Tribune.

The growth of grass that comes in a long, mild, moderately rainy autumn is said to be far more nutritious for cattle than the spring grass. It is richer.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

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ORDINANCE OF THE BOARD OF Health of the Borough of Freeland, Pa., for the better preservation of the public health, and to prevent the spread of communicable diseases. Be it ordained by the Burgess and Borough Council of the Borough of Freeland, Pa., and it is hereby ordained by the authority of the same.

Sec. 1. That whatever is dangerous to human life or health, whatever renders the air, water or other drink unwholesome, and whatever building, erection, or part of cellar thereof, is overcrowded, or not provided with adequate means of ingress and egress, or is not sufficiently supported, ventilated, sewered, drained, cleaned or lighted, are declared to be nuisances, and to be illegal and every person having aided in creating or contributing to the same, or who may support, continue to retain any of them, shall be deemed guilty of violation of this ordinance and also be liable for the expense of the abatement and remedy thereof.

Sec. 2. No house refuse, offal, garbage, dead animals, decaying vegetable matter, or organic waste substance of any kind shall be thrown on any street, road, ditch, gutter or public place within the limits of the Borough, and no putrid or decaying animal or vegetable matter shall be kept in any house, cellar or adjoining outbuilding or grounds for more than twenty-four hours.

Sec. 3. No person or persons without the consent of the Board of Health shall build or use any slaughter house within the limits of the Borough, and the keeping and slaughtering of all cattle, sheep, swine and the preparation and keeping of all meats, fish, birds or other animal food shall be in the manner prescribed to secure and continue their wholesomeness as food; and every butcher or other person owning, leasing or occupying any place, room or building, wherein any cattle, sheep or swine have been, or are, killed or dressed, and every person being the owner, lessee or occupant of any room or stable wherein any animals are kept, or any street, public or private, shall cause such place, room or building, stable or market, to be thoroughly cleansed and purified, and all the offal, blood, fat, garbage, refuse and unwholesome and offensive matter to be removed therefrom at least once in twenty-four hours, after the use thereof for any of the purposes herein referred to, except from November first to April first, when it shall be sufficiently removed at least once in a week, and shall also at all times keep all woodwork, save floors and counters, in any building, place or premises aforesaid thoroughly scraped and whitewashed and the floors of said building, place or premises shall be so contructed as to prevent blood or other foul liquids or washings from settling in the earth beneath.

Sec. 4. No blood, pig, dung pit, offal pit or privy well shall remain or be constructed within any slaughter house. Any one so offending against this rule shall be guilty of creating and maintaining a nuisance prejudicial to public health and shall be required to remove the nuisance within ten days from the date of notice.

Sec. 5. The owners, agents or occupiers of all slaughter houses are required, during the months of June, July, August and September, to distribute twice in each week not less than twenty-lbs pounds of chloride of lime in their premises, and also to remove the contents of any manure pit or manure pile on the premises, in once each week, the said premises and contents of manure pits being found to be, or to a nuisance prejudicial to public health, unless subject to frequent disinfection and cleaning as herein indicated. No pigs or hogs shall be kept in the same inclosure with a slaughter house nor shall they be fed there or elsewhere, upon the offal of the slaughtered animals.

Sec. 6. No person or company shall erect or maintain within the limits of this Borough any manufactory or place of business dangerous to life or detrimental to health, or where unwholesome, offensive or deleterious odors, gas, smoke, deposit or exhalations are generated, without the permit of the Board of Health, and all such establishments shall be kept clean and wholesome so as not to be offensive or prejudicial to public health; nor shall any offensive or deleterious or waste substance, refuse or injurious matter be allowed to accumulate upon the premises, or to be thrown or allowed to run into any public waters, streets, water courses, street, road or public place. And every person, or company conducting such manufacture or business shall use the best approved and efficacious means to prevent the escape of smoke, gases and odors, and to protect the health and safety of all operatives employed therein.

Sec. 7. No the business of bone and horse boiling shall not be allowed, unless conducted under cover, the building to be provided with smoke consumers, and a due regard be had to cleanliness in the disposition of the offal. No bone boiling establishment or depository of dead animals shall be kept or erected in any part of this Borough without a permit from the Board of Health.

Sec. 8. No permit shall be granted to any person or persons to carry on the business of boiling bones and dead animals until after a careful inspection of the locality, buildings and apparatus, and of the plans for conducting the business, by an accredited inspector of the Board of Health.

Sec. 9. No bone boiling establishments or depositories of dead animals shall be kept or erected in or near to a thickly inhabited neighborhood.

Sec. 10. The floors of all bone boiling establishments and depositories of dead animals shall be paved with asphalt or with brick or stone, well laid in cement, or some other impervious material, and shall be well drained, and all such establishments shall have ample adequate water supply as will enable thorough cleanliness to be maintained.

Sec. 11. The boiling of bones and dead animals, etc., shall be conducted in steam tight kettles, boilers or other vessels, from which the foul vapors shall first be conducted through scrubbers or condensers, and then into the back part of the ash-pit of the furnace, to be consumed, or by other apparatus equally efficient in preventing or counteracting the offensive effluvia.

Sec. 12. When bones are being dried after boiling they shall be placed in a close chamber, through which shall be passed, by means of pipes, large volumes of fresh air, the outlet terminating in the fire pit.

Sec. 13. All parties carrying on a bone boiling business and not having permits to carry on the business and violating these ordinances, shall be fined for every such offence, and for each month's continuance, of the same, after notice, and also be liable to indictment at common law for creating and maintaining a nuisance.

Sec. 14. The Secretary shall have provided a book in which to enter the names of all persons engaged in the business of boiling bones and having depositories of dead animals; also the location of works and appliances as reported by the inspector, whether licensed or not, the number and date of permit and remarks.

Sec. 15. Slaughter houses, rendering establishments, butcher shops, shall be included and subject to the above regulations in the preceding seven sections referring to the bone boiling establishments and boiling of bones.

Sec. 16. The keeper or keepers of a livery or other stable shall keep his or their stable, and stable yard clean, and shall not permit, between the fifteenth of May and the first day of November, more than one wagon load of two cubic yards of manure to accumulate in or near the same at any one time, except by expressed permission of the Board of Health, nor shall any manure be removed except in a tight vehicle, so protected that the manure, in process of removal, may not be dropped or left in any street, road, lane or way of the Borough.

Sec. 17. No pig pen shall be built or maintained within the limits of this Borough without a permit from the Board of Health, or within one hundred and fifty feet of any well or spring of water used for drinking purposes, or within twenty feet of any street or of an inhabited house, or unless constructed as follows, the following man, viz: so that the floor or floors of the same shall not be less than two feet from the ground, in order that the filth accumulating under the same may be easily removed; and such filth accumulating in about and under the same shall be removed at least once a week from April 1 to December 1 and oftener if so ordered and on the failure of any owner or occupier of such premises so to do, then the same shall be done at the direction of the Board of Health.

Sec. 18. All privy vaults, cess pools or reservoirs shall, from the fifteenth day of October, be thoroughly disinfected once each month, and all vaults, cesspools or reservoirs becoming offensive or injurious to health shall be cleaned. But it shall not be lawful for any person except a licensed privy cleaner to empty or clean any privy vaults, cesspools or reservoirs.

Sec. 19. Every one desirous of being licensed to empty or remove the contents of privy wells and sinks within the limits of the jurisdiction of the Board of Health, shall make application in writing to the Board of Health, who on being satisfied with the character of the applicant, and the security and fitness of his vehicles, and giving him a license for a period of one year, and for such license so granted he shall pay to the Board of Health the sum of ten dollars; and when ever any such person shall desire, under his license, to empty or cleanse any privy well or sink, he shall first take from the Board of Health a permit to do so, at which time he shall furnish to the Secretary the name of the owner, agent or occupant of such property as shall so employ him, to be mentioned in said permit, and recorded in the office and shall state where the contents shall be deposited.

Sec. 20. The sewage from each building on every street provided with a common sewer, shall be conducted into said sewer.

Sec. 21. That portion of the house drain which is outside of the building and more than four feet of the foundation walls, shall be constructed either of iron pipe or vitrified drain pipe.

Sec. 22. That portion of the house drain outside or under a building, and within four feet of the foundation walls, together with the soil-pipe, shall be constructed of cast iron with lead joints, or wrought iron pipe with screwed joints, and in either case protected from rust. The waste pipe connected with the conductors from the roofs, and other pipes inside the building, or outside and within four feet of the foundation walls, shall likewise be constructed of cast iron with leaded joints, or of wrought iron of screwed joints. But pipes connected with the conductors from the roof, but not entering the building may be vitrified earthen pipe.

Sec. 23. The house drain and other pipes for the conveyance of sewage shall be laid with uniform gradients of not less than one inch in four feet, except in those cases where the Board of Health may permit otherwise.

Sec. 24. All pipes connecting a water closet with a soil-pipe shall be trapped, each separately. All waste pipe shall be trapped, each separately, and close to the connections with each bath, sink, bowl or other fixture, unless adequate provision is made for downward ventilation through said waste pipes, in which case one trap may serve for several fixtures.

Sec. 25. All soil and waste-pipes shall be carried at their full size through the roof and left open. A provision shall also be made for admitting air to the house-side of the main trap, if such traps exists.

Sec. 26 All drains now built shall be reconstructed whenever, in the opinion of the Board of Health, it may be necessary.

Sec. 27. The joints of vitrified pipes shall be carefully cemented under and around the pipe, and the joints in the cast iron pipe shall be run and calked with lead. All iron pipe shall be of standard weight.

Sec. 28. All changes in direction shall be made with curved pipes. All joints and pipes shall be made air tight. Lead pipes may be used in connecting fixtures, of not greater lengths than eight feet. Whenever it shall be deemed necessary by the Health Officer, a vent pipe shall be attached to the highest part of the house drain, or trap on the sewer side of the water seal. Said vent pipe may enter the soil-pipe above the highest fixture or may be extended through the roof. The work shall be done by skilled mechanics in a thorough workmanlike manner, and satisfactory to the Board of Health.

Sec. 29. Before proceeding to construct any portion of the drainage system of a hotel, tenement, dwelling house or other building, the plumber constructing the same, shall file with the Board of Health a plan thereof, showing the whole drainage system, from its connection with the common sewer to its terminus in the house, together with the location and size of all branches, traps, ventilating pipes and fixtures. It shall be the duty of the plumber constructing any portion of the drainage system above mentioned to leave all pipes uncovered and open to view for inspection by the Health Officer for the period of six hours after the service personally upon the Health Officer of a written notice, that said pipes are laid and connected. When that portion of the house drain from the sewer to the property line shall be connected, a notice shall be served as above provided. When the remaining portion of the house drain is laid and connected, notice shall be served as above provided, and other pipes of the drainage system are in place and connected, notice shall be served as above provided.

Sec. 30. The following named diseases are declared to be communicable and dangerous to the public health, viz: Small-pox, (Variola, Variboloid,) Cholera, (Asiatic or Epidemic,) Scarlet Fever, (Scarlatina, Scarlet Rash,) Measles, Diphtheria, Membraneous Croup, (Diphtheritic Croup, Diphtheritic Sore Throat,) Typhoid Fever, Typhus Fever, Yellow Fever, Spotted Fever, (Cerebro-spinal Meningitis,) Relapsing Fever, Epidemic Dysentery, Hydrophobia, (Rabies,) and Glanders, (Farcy,) and shall be understood to be included in the following regulations, unless certain of them only are specified.

Sec. 31. Whenever any householder, knows that any person within his family or household has a communicable disease, dangerous to the public health, he shall immediately report the same to the Health Officer, giving the name, street and number, or location of the house, and when ever a case of Asiatic Cholera, Small-pox, Scarlet Fever, Diphtheria, Membraneous Croup, Typhoid Fever, Typhus Fever, Yellow Fever, or Measles shall be returned to the Board of Health as provided in Sections 31 and 32 of this ordinance, the Health Officer shall cause a printed notice, not less than twelve inches square, to be fastened upon the front door or other conspicuous place of each house in which such disease prevails, stating the nature of the disease and prohibiting all persons except those duly authorized, from going in or out or from carrying in or out any material whereby disease may be conveyed. Such notices to be maintained and kept posted during the existence of the disease and until the Health Officer is satisfied that the house has been properly cleansed, disinfected and purified; and in case such notice is removed without permission from the Board of Health or Health Officer, before the danger of contagion has ceased the name of the person head of the family occupying such house, together with the locality of the house shall be published, and the person or persons removing said notice or causing such removal, shall be fined in the manner herein provided. And whenever the quarantine shall be declared the same shall continue for a period of three weeks, and may be extended for a longer period by the Board of Health. If any person or persons shall remove, deface, tear down or injure in any way any notice of infectious or contagious disease posted as above directed, they are hereby declared liable to the penalties hereinafter provided. Any person or persons violating any of the provisions of the regulations to prevent the spread of contagious or infectious diseases as contained in this ordinance is or are hereby declared liable to a fine of not less than five dollars nor more than twenty dollars, or imprisonment of not less than twenty-four hours or more than seventy-two hours in the Borough jail or both, at the discretion of the Burgess or Justice of the Peace before whom such case shall be tried.

Sec. 32 Whenever any physician finds that any person whom he is called upon to visit has a communicable disease, dangerous to the public health, he or she shall immediately report the same to the Health Officer, giving the name, street number, or location of the house; and the Health Officer shall immediately notify the teacher or principal of the schools, academies, seminaries or kindergartens in the Borough in which pupils residing in the family in which said disease exists to dispense with their attendance.

Sec. 33. No person shall within the limits of this Borough, unless by permit of the Board of Health, carry or remove from one building to another any patient affected with any communicable disease dangerous to the public health. Nor shall any person by any exposure of any individual so affected, or of the body of such individual or of any article capable of conveying contagion or infection, or by any negligent act connected with the case or custody thereof, or by a needless exposure of himself or herself, cause or contribute to the spread of the disease from any such individual or dead body.

Sec. 34. No undertaker or other person, or persons having charge of the funeral or burial of the body of a person who has died of any of the diseases mentioned in Section 30 of this ordinance, shall in any case, furnish or provide for such funeral more than the necessary number of conveyances for the immediate adult relatives of the deceased and pall bearers and all such conveyances which may have been used or occupied in such funeral or by any person or persons, who have been residing in the same family or house with the deceased, shall be fumigated with sulphur if possible and when not possible shall be thoroughly disinfected immediately after the last use.

Sec. 35. No person suffering from, or having very recently recovered from Small-pox, Scarlet Fever, Diphtheria, Yellow Fever or Measles, shall expose himself, nor shall any one expose any one under his charge in a similar condition, in any conveyance, without having previously notified the owner or person in charge of such conveyance of the fact of such condition as above stated. It shall be the duty of the Board of Health to have this section printed on a card, and to furnish the owner of each public conveyance with a copy thereof, and it shall be the duty of the owner of such conveyance to display such card in such conveyance. And the owner or person in charge of such conveyance must not, after the entry of any person so infected into his conveyance, allow any other person to enter it without having sufficiently disinfected it under the direction of the Board of Health.

Sec. 36. No person shall let or hire any house or room in a house, or inn, in which a communicable disease, dangerous to the public health, has recently existed, until the room or house and premises thereunto connected have been disinfected to the satisfaction of the Board of Health.

Sec. 37. Members of any household in which any of the diseases mentioned in Section 30 of this ordinance, shall abstain from attending places of public amusement, worship or education, and, as far as possible, from visiting other private houses.

Sec. 38. The clothing, bed clothing and bedding of persons who have been sick with any contagious or communicable disease, dangerous to the public health, and the rooms which they have occupied during such sickness, together with their furniture, shall be disinfected under the direction of the Board of Health.

Sec. 39. In case of the prevalence, or of reasonable ground to apprehend the prevalence of malignant disease in this Borough, the Board shall direct specially the cleansing of houses, cellars, yards, or such other places as they may consider requisite or prudent for the preservation of the health of the Borough, or for the mitigation of the disease.

Sec. 40. In case of the prevalence of communicable disease in this Borough the Board shall remove persons from filthy and noxious habitations, or from noxious and peculiarly exposed places, to other habitations, whenever two-thirds of all the members shall determine that the faithful care of the health of the Borough or any neighborhood thereof requires such a measure.

Sec. 41. For the purpose of preventing mischief arising from rumors of communicable disease in this Borough no person shall publish in the Borough of any communicable disease in this Borough in the case of such disease, without first obtaining permission from the Board.

Sec. 42. No physician shall intentionally, in his reports to the Board, misrepresent the number of cases of contagious disease under his care, or furnish a certificate of death purposely to conceal the true or real disease producing the death, or apply fictitious names to new-born children, or otherwise render false or evasive reports calculated to mislead and deceive this Board, and any physician so offending shall be subject to the penalties prescribed in this ordinance.

Sec. 43. Upon the return of cases of contagious diseases as mentioned in Section 30, being made, the Health Officer shall place or cause to be placed a suitable placard bearing the name of disease, to be fastened upon the front door or other conspicuous place of each house in which such sickness prevails, and shall maintained there during the existence of the disease, and until the Health Officer is satisfied that the house has been properly cleansed, disinfected and purified; and in case such placard is removed without permission from the Health Officer, the name of the person, head of the family, occupying such house, together with the locality of the house and the fact that a contagious disease exists therein, shall be published; and no person or persons shall remove the placard or cause such removal without authority.

Sec. 44. Every person dying of Small-pox shall be removed and buried from place of death within twenty-four hours after such death.

Sec. 45. A certified copy of the death and burial of a person who died in this Borough, or who has been brought to or from this Borough for burial, shall be furnished by the Secretary upon payment of the sum of fifty cents by the party applying for said certificate.

Sec. 46. No animal affected with contagious disease, dangerous to the public health, shall be brought or kept within the limits of this Borough, except by permission of the Board of Health, and the bodies of animals dead of such disease or killed on account thereof, shall not be buried within five hundred feet of any residence, nor disposed of otherwise than as the said Board or its Health Officer shall direct.

Sec. 47. No milk which has been watered, adulterate, reduced or changed in any respect from its natural condition by the addition of any foreign substance shall be brought into, held, kept or offered for sale at any place in this Borough.

Sec. 48. No meat, fish, birds, fowls, fruit, vegetables, milk, and nothing for human food, not being healthy, fresh, sound, wholesome, fit and safe for such use, nor any animal or fowl that died by disease, and no carcass of any calf, pig or lamb, which at the time offits death, was less than four weeks old, and no meat therefrom shall be brought within the limits of this Borough or offered or held for sale as food anywhere in said Borough.

Sec. 49. It shall be the duty of the occupant of every house within the limits of this Borough in the month of May, in each and every year, to cleanse the cellars thereof of all dirt, vegetable and other impure matter calculated to engender disease, and cause them to be thoroughly whitewashed with fresh lime.

Sec. 50. It shall be the duty of every adult and every parent, guardian or master of every minor, residing within the limits of this Borough, who has not had small pox, or being vaccinated so to have taken cow-pox regularly, to be, if an adult, vaccinated, or in case of a minor, to cause such minor to be vaccinated within six months from the date of the passage of this ordinance, unless unable to do so by reason of poverty; and it shall be lawful for any regularly educated physician residing in this Borough on application of such resident adult, or the parent, master or guardian of such resident minor, as are unable by reason of poverty to pay the vaccination fee, to vaccinate said adult or said minor, and present his bill therefor, properly authenticated, for an amount not exceeding the fee usually charged for such services, and to recover the same off and from the corporation.

Sec. 51. No pupil shall be allowed to attend the public schools of this Borough who has not been vaccinated successfully within seven years.

Sec. 52. No parent, guardian or master in whose house or family there shall have been a communicable disease, dangerous to the public health, shall permit any child residing in said house or family, to attend any public, private or Sunday School, after the cessation of said disease, within a period of thirty days after the house shall have been thoroughly disinfected and cleansed. And it shall be the duty of the School Board to have this section printed on cards, mentioning the names of diseases declared communicable and dangerous to the public health in this ordinance, and posted in every school room in this Borough; and it shall be the duty of each teacher to read the section to the school at least once each month and whenever epidemic shall appear.

Sec. 53. Every undertaker or other person who may have charge of the funeral of any dead person, shall procure a properly filled out certificate of the death and its probable cause in accordance with the form prescribed by the State Board of Health, and shall present the same to the deceased's officer or member of the Board of Health, and obtain a burial or transit permit thereupon, at least twenty-four hours before the time appointed for such funeral; and he shall not remove or move in any dead body until such burial or transit permit shall have been procured.

Sec. 54. Every person who acts as a sexton or undertaker, or cemetery keeper within the limits of this Borough, or has the charge or care of any tomb, vault burying ground or other place for the reception of the dead, or whose the bodies of any human beings are deposited, shall so conduct his business and so care for such place above named, as to avoid detriment or danger to the public health; and every person undertaking preparations for the burial of a body dead from communicable diseases as hereinbefore enumerated, shall adopt such precaution as the Board of Health may prescribe to prevent the spread of such disease. No dead body shall be exhumed and removed between the months of May and September, inclusive, and no body dead from small-pox shall be exhumed and removed.

Sec. 55. Any person violating any section or provision of this ordinance shall be liable for every such offence, upon the conviction before the Burgess or any Justice of the Peace of this Borough, to a fine or not less than three dollars or more than one hundred dollars, to be recoverable as provided by law.

Sec. 56. That no exhaust, blow-off, not drip pipe from steam engines or steam boilers shall connect with a sewer, house drain, rain water conductors, soil, waste or vent pipe. Such pipes shall discharge into a suitable tank or condenser of such dimensions as may be approved by the Board of Health, from which tank or condenser a proper outlet to the house drain or sewer shall be provided. Any person or corporation who shall violate or fail to comply with any of the provisions of this section, shall, upon conviction, pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, and not less than three dollars for any one offense, recoverable with costs. All persons or corporations now permitting steam exhaust, blow-off or drip pipe to discharge directly into a house drain or sewer, shall comply with this rule within thirty days after the date of the approval thereof, or upon the failure so to comply shall be liable to the penalty as above set forth.

Sec. 57. All master plumbers, journeymen and persons engaged in the plumbing business within the Borough of Freeland, and master plumbers, journeymen and persons doing plumbing work in the Borough of Freeland, shall make application according to the form hereinafter specified, for a license to engage in or do said work, to the Board of Health, and if the applicant is satisfactory to said Board, the Secretary thereof shall issue a license to said applicant on payment of $5.00, the filing of the filing of a bond in the sum of $300, conditioned for the faithful performance of all duties enjoined by the rules and regulations of the Board of Health, during the period of two years, which bond shall be renewed bi-ennial or when in the judgment of said Board of Health new sureties may be required; the said license shall be applied for before the first day of July of each alternate every year, and shall be for a period of one year beginning with the first day of April.

Sec. 58. No person or persons, corporation or corporations shall lay a drain connected with any dwellnk or condenser, building or doing any plumbing work whatever without having first obtained permission to do so from the Board of Health.

Sec. 59. The license to master plumbers and journeymen engaged in the plumbing business shall be in form as follows: This is to certify that.....is hereby authorized to engage in the plumbing business in the Borough of Freeland for the period ending the first day of April, A. D.....subject to the rules and regulations that are now or may be at any time hereafter adopted by the Board of Health of said Borough.

.....President.

.....Secretary.

Sec. 60. That it shall not be lawful to connect privy vaults or cesspools, in any manner with any of the public sewers, now constructed or may hereafter be constructed within the limits of the Borough of Freeland, or from any connection of sale privy vaults or cesspools therewith by means of private sewers leading into the same; and any person or persons violating any of the provisions of this resolution shall for each offense forfeit and pay a fine of not less than three (3) dollars nor more than five (5) dollars, to be recovered in name and for the use of the Borough of Freeland, before the Burgess or any Justice of the Peace thereof in the manner in which debts of like amounts are recoverable by law.

Sec. 61. That junk dealers, collectors of rags, bones, or junk and all others be and are hereby prohibited from storing rags, bones or other junk which in the opinion of the Board of Health may prove detrimental to health, within the limits of the Borough, or within one-half mile thereof; and if any junk dealer, collector of rags, bones or junk or other person or persons shall maintain or continue the storage or detention of rags, bones, etc., contrary to the provisions of this ordinance, said house or place of storage or detention shall be declared a nuisance and the person or persons maintaining or continuing the same shall be liable, upon conviction before the Burgess or any Justice of the Peace of the Borough of Freeland, to a fine of not less than twenty-five (25) dollars nor more than one hundred ($100) dollars, to be recoverable as provided by law. Provided that this ordinance shall not apply to the temporary storage of rags, bones, etc., by private families or householders, if the same be removed each and every week.

Sec. 62. That any person or persons, corporation or corporations, desiring or intending to build, construct or erect any privy vault, cesspool or reservoir shall make application to the Board of Health for permit so to do, and the Secretary of said Board shall issue said permit, provided that said applicant shall give assurance that the same shall be constructed, built or erected not less than three (3) feet from the line of the adjoining property; nor less than one hundred and fifty (150) feet from any well, cistern or other source of water used for drinking or culinary purposes, unless the surface of such vault, cesspool or reservoir is at a lower level than the bottom of such well, nor within twenty feet of any street, lane or alley or inhabited house. Every person or persons, corporation or corporations who shall build, construct or erect any privy vault, cesspool or reservoir contrary to the provisions of this ordinance, shall be liable to a fine, upon conviction before the Burgess or any Justice of the Peace of the Borough of Freeland, a fine of not less than five (5) dollars nor more than twenty five (25) dollars, to be recoverable according to the law.

Sec. 63. No child or other person belonging to or residing with the family of any person or residing in the same house in which any person may be located, who is suffering from any contagious diseases mentioned in Section 30 of this ordinance shall be permitted to attend any public, parochial, Sunday or other school in this Borough, and all school principals, Sunday School superintendents or other persons in charge of such schools, are hereby required to exclude any and all such children and persons from said schools such exclusion to continue for a period of thirty days, following the discharge by recovery or death of the person last afflicted from the house or family or of his or her removal to hospital, and the thorough fumigation and disinfection of the house or premises, and all such children or other persons, as aforesaid, before being permitted to attend or return to school, shall furnish to said principal or other person in charge of said schools, a certificate signed by the Health Officer, setting forth that quarantine has been removed, and no other certificate shall be required.

Sec. 64. The Health Officer having properly served parties who have committed or are responsible for nuisance per-se, shall abate such nuisances at the expiration of the time specified in Section 69 of these rules. And for such abatements, in addition to the expense of removal, 20 per cent. shall be added and collected in the manner provided by law regulating the collection of fines, etc.

REMOVING NUISANCES.

Sec. 65. In all cases where the Health Officer under the direction of the Board is required to remove a nuisance pursuant to the provisions of time limited under the rules of the Board for its abatement, in addition to the expense of removal 20 per cent. shall be added and collected in the manner provided by law regulating the collection of fines, etc.

EXPENSES FOR REMOVING NUISANCES, ETC.

Sec. 66. All the bill submitted to the Board for removing nuisances shall be itemized and a charge made for each separate item.

Sec. 67. In all cases until otherwise ordered where nuisances are directed to be removed forthwith if the same are not removed within twenty-four hours the Health Officer is hereby directed to have the same done at the expense of the owners upon whose premises the nuisance exists or at the expense of the party or parties committing or responsible for such nuisances.

Sec. 68. In all cases of nuisances to be removed by the agents, employers or owners of property, who have been notified to that effect by this Board, it shall be understood that shall he or they commence the removal within the time prescribed in the notice the Board will not interfere.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sec. 69. The following schedule of time shall be allowed in the service of notice upon parties to abate nuisances, where not otherwise specified by resolution of the Board, to wit:

To remove dead animals, slaughter house offal, and other matter in a state of decomposition, and to cleanse and disinfect infected houses, twenty-four hours.

To cleanse overflowing and leaky privy wells and water closets, to disinfect foul wells, and to cleanse slaughter house manure pits, three (3) days.

To cleanse foul privy wells, and manure pits, filthy houses, cellars, yards, alleys and vacant lots, to repair and regulate surface drainage, and leaky and defective drain pipes, five (5) days. To remove hogs and pens, to cleanse slaughter houses and cow stables, to fill up or drain ponds of stagnant water, ten (10) days.

Sec. 70. No complaint of nuisances shall be received by the Board unless the same be in writing and directed to the Board, or through the President or Secretary thereof officially.

Sec. 71. When any nuisance is referred to a committee with power to act thereon, the said committee shall report in writing what action they have taken in relation to it.

LICENSED PRIVY CLEANERS.

Sec. 72. Applications for license to clean privy wells, vaults, sinks, or cesspools, must state the name of the applicant, his residence, the number of air tight tanks or barrels, pumps, trucks, horses and other appliances to be employed by said applicant and the accommodations he has for keeping his apparatus when not in use.

Sec. 73. Upon every such application being referred to the Health Officer, he shall make the necessary inquiries and examinations and report to the Board as early as practicable. If the Board is fully satisfied it may direct the Secretary to issue a license (or removal thereof) to him, in conformity to the laws and rules governing the subject, which license shall bear the date of the day on which it is ordered to be issued, and every issue of license and renewal thereof shall be reported to the Board at the next meeting thereof.

Sec. 74. Whenever a license to privy cleaners or a renewal thereof is granted, the Secretary shall register in a book the name, residence, and place of business of the party so licensed, the number of tanks, carts or barrels, pumps, trucks, horses, etc., to be employed by him.

Sec. 75. The period for the termination of licenses for cleaning privy wells, vaults, sinks, etc., shall be on April 15, in each and every year, after which licenses may be granted upon the full payment of $10.00 by the applicant, and his full compliance with the laws and rules of the Board.

Sec. 76. Apermit for emptying or cleaning a privy well, vault, sink or cesspool shall be issued by the Secretary in the name of the licensed party applying for the same, stating therein the location of the premises and the name of the owner, or agent or occupant thereof so employing him. It shall specify the day for the removing of the contents, but may be extended two days longer, if, in the judgment of the Health Officer, the work was deferred or postponed in consequence of some unavoidable circumstances. Every permit shall be returned to the Secretary the day succeeding its termination, and, if not so returned, no further permits shall be granted to the delinquent cleaner until the rule is complied with, and if not returned within three days after termination, the Secretary shall report the same to the Board, who shall take such action thereon as may be deemed proper.

Sec. 77. No privy well, vault, sink or cesspool shall be cleaned, and the contents thereof removed or transported, unless in an air-tight tank or barrels.

Sec. 78. Any violation of law, or of the rules of the Board, will subject the offender to a forfeiture of his license or a suspension thereof, at the option of the Board.

Sec. 79. Every party licensed shall receive with his license a printed copy of the rules and laws on the subject, so that he cannot set up a plea of ignorance of their existence.

Sec. 80. Permits shall be submitted for examination at the place where the work is being done, when required by police, and other proper qualified officers.

Sec. 81. No deposit of kitchen garbage shall be made within the built-up portion of the Borough of Freeland, or upon any lot or open space lying within any portion thereof except by a special permit from the Board of Health.

Sec. 82. Police Officers, Constables and Watchmen are enjoined and citizens are respectfully desired to give information to the Board of Health of any violation of the health laws or of the rules and regulations of the Board, so that the sanitary measures adopted by the latter to ensure the cleanliness and health of the Borough may be fully carried out, and all offenders promptly punished.

Sec. 83. All ordinances or parts of ordinances conflicting with these ordinances, be and the same are hereby repealed.

Passed finally in Council August 5, 1901.

CHARLES MOERSCHBACHER,
President.

Attest: JOHN J. McBREARTY,
Secretary.

Approved September 14, 1901.

JOHN F. BOYLE,
Burgess.

BOARD OF HEALTH DEPARTMENT
BOROUGH OF FREELAND, PA.
MILK INSPECTOR.

RESOLVED, That the office of Milk Inspector for the Borough of Freeland, be and is hereby created.

Sec. 1 That it shall be the duty of said Milk Inspector to vigilantly inspect the vehicles and places of business of all persons selling, or offering for sale any milk in the Borough of Freeland, from time to time, and whenever requested to do so by any citizen who can show reasonable grounds for said requests.

Sec. 2 That in the performance of his official duties, the said Milk Inspector shall have power to enter at any reasonable hour upon, or into the places of business, or vehicles of any person selling or keeping for sale any milk and to test and inspect any milk thus kept.

Sec. 3. That the Health Officer shall be ex-officio the Milk Inspector of the Borough of Freeland.

Adopted August 5, 1901.

JOHNR. HANLON,
President Board of Health.

Attest: IDEN M. PORTSER,
Secretary Board of Health.

Passed finally in Council August 5, 1901.

CHARLES MOERSCHBACHER,
President.

Attest: JOHN J. McBREARTY,
Secretary.

Approved September 14, 1901.

JOHN F. BOYLE,
Burgess.

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