

FREELAND TRIBUNE.

Established 1888.
PUBLISHED EVERY
MONDAY, WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY.
BY THE
TRIBUNE PRINTING COMPANY, Limited.
OFFICE: MAIN STREET ABOVE CENTRE.
LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
FREELAND.—The TRIBUNE is delivered by carriers to subscribers in Freeland at the rate of 12¢ cents a month, payable every two months, or \$1.50 a year, payable in advance. The TRIBUNE may be ordered direct from the carriers or from the office. Complaints of irregular or tardy delivery service will receive prompt attention.
BY MAIL.—The TRIBUNE is sent to out-of-town subscribers for \$1.50 a year, payable in advance, pro rata terms for shorter periods. The date when the subscription expires is on the address label of each paper. Prompt renewals must be made at the expiration, otherwise the subscription will be discontinued.

Entered at the Postoffice at Freeland, Pa., as Second-Class Matter.

Make all money orders, checks, etc., payable to the Tribune Printing Company, Limited.

FREELAND, PA., AUGUST 9, 1901.



Great Strike Impending.

From the Wilkes-Barre Record.
Unless all indications are deceptive a prolonged and devastating strike is impending in the steel industries of the United States. The efforts made to bring the great Steel Corporation and the Amalgamated Association together have failed. Arbitration was suggested but declined, and there is now, apparently, only one way to a peaceful settlement of the differences between the conflicting interests, and that is by conciliation. It ought to be possible for a disinterested third factor to interpose with propositions of mediation, with a view to conciliating the warring factors. That the leaders of the Amalgamated Association realize the magnitude of the threatened strike, as well as the inevitable consequences of such a suspension, is manifested in the statement published by authority of President Shaffer.

The representatives of the Steel Corporation, on the other hand, claim that they are fighting for the right to themselves control the business of the great industries in which they have invested millions and tens of millions of dollars. They charge that the Amalgamated Association is endeavoring to control the affairs of their employers as well as their own, and that the employers will resist to the death any such demands.

In this strike the question of wages and hours of work do not figure at all. The union scale of wages has been and is being paid. It is not even a strike over the right of the workmen to unite, for the corporation has recognized this right. The question of recognizing the union is not at issue either, for the corporation has recognized the organization in frequent conferences and agreements.

It would seem to the impartial and dispassionate observer that there is an opportunity here for intervention to bring together these warring elements. The Steel Corporation and the Amalgamated Association are surely not so far apart as to render conciliation impossible and compromise impracticable. In such a contest as is here threatened hundreds of thousands of workmen, and hundreds of millions of money, will be affected, apart from the men and the capital concerned in the steel industry.

One of the great evils of such contests as that now being precipitated, is the injury done to those who are in no wise interested in the particular industry involved. Unless the differences between the Steel Corporation and the Amalgamated Association are adjusted probably 150,000 steel workers will be thrown into idleness.

That is bad enough, but the suspension of these mills will be the means of depriving of employment possibly a million of men in other industries that are, directly or indirectly, dependent upon the product of the steel mills for their employment. The great industries of a country like ours are so interwoven that they are largely dependent upon each other to keep the great industrial machinery in motion.

This great pending strike can still be prevented. Those who have the power to avert this strike and fail to exert that power are assuming a frightful responsibility.

Not Correlative.
Mrs. Housekeep—Do you really mean to say you are looking for work?
Harvard Hasbeen—No, lady; that's neither what I said nor what I meant to say. I said I was looking for employment.—Philadelphia Press.

Settled.
Two ladies contended for precedence in the court of Charles V. They appealed to the monarch, who, like Solomon, awarded, "Let the eldest go first." Such a dispute was never known afterward.

In the fourteenth century the slaughter of women and children after a town or castle had been taken by storm was one of the most common occurrences of war.

The rooster makes two-thirds of the noise, but the hen does all the work.—Chicago News.

A Startling Sermon.
Once when Father Honoré, a celebrated Capuchin of the seventeenth century, was preaching on the vanity of the world he suddenly produced a skull, which he held up to view. "Speak!" he cried. "Were you not perhaps the head of a magistrate? Silence gives consent." Then, clapping upon the skull the cap of a judge, he continued: "Ah, ha! Hast thou never sold justice for gold? Hast thou never been snoring many times during a hearing, etc.? How many magistrates have sat under the fleurs-de-lis only to put virtue at a disadvantage?"
Casting aside the skull, he held up another, which in like manner he addressed, "Wast thou not perhaps the skull of one of those beautiful ladies who occupy themselves only with catching hearts after the manner of bird catching?" Then, arraying it in a headdress, he continued: "Ah, ha, Empty head! Where are those lovely eyes which cast such fascinating glances, that pretty mouth which shaped such gracious smiles, that made so many unhappy ones to weep in hell? Where are those teeth which chewed upon so many hearts only to make them more tender for the devil's eating?" and so on, bringing forth skull after skull and appropriately decking them to receive his reproofs.

Europe's Ice Supply.
Few perhaps among the tourists who visit Norway for the pleasures of its scenery are aware that here they are at the headquarters of Europe's ice supply. To the mountain lakes of that country the continent looks for ice. The ice is of the finest quality, for the lakes are of crystal clear water, high up in the mountains, and are surrounded by very tall pines. The ice supply is controlled by syndicates.

After having been cut into great squares by plows the blocks of ice are sent down the mountainside on slides. On the way they acquire amazing velocity and plunge into an inclosed pool beyond which are the ice ships awaiting their frozen cargo.
It sometimes happens that through delay in the starting of the vessels or the cutting of unusual quantities from the lakes to supply exceptional demands the supply runs short. Then it is that ice becomes dear and even in winter time is a luxury that must be indulged in sparingly. But ice is used in Europe far less commonly than in America, and a deficient supply does not occasion the sense of loss that it would cause in this country.—Youth's Companion.

Gilbert Islands Tiptoe.
Neither tea nor coffee is drunk in the Gilbert Islands, but liquor named karafee, or toddy. It is the juice of the cocoanut tree, from which it is drawn daily at sunrise and sunset. To obtain it the natives climb up the tall trees and while extracting it keep up a constant yelling to let those below know that they are at work. The sap when fresh is a harmless and delicious beverage, but after it has been kept a day or two fermentation sets in, and it becomes intoxicating. Karafee does not, however, fly to the head, but a man who drinks it to excess loses the control of his legs. However, when this befalls a native he has sense enough to remain indoors and shows his face to no one, for if his chief should ever hear of it he would be tried and sentenced to hard labor and a heavy fine.

In former days a native found intoxicated was tied to a tree and received a hundred lashes, the blood fairly streaming down his back. Besides this, all his lands were confiscated to the king forever.—Overland Monthly.

Witty Barrymore.
Talking of Maurice Barrymore recently, a man who knew him well told this story of him:

Once a wine agent intruded upon a party of which Barrymore was one. The agent told Barrymore he was a man of good taste, and all that, and wound up by saying:

"When you want a bottle of wine in future, will you not gratify me by asking for my wine?"

"Why, of course," answered Barrymore most graciously. "I shall be delighted to ask for your wine. But, heavens! Suppose they should have it!"—Beverages.

Tommy's Mistake.
Father—Come, young man, get your jacket off and come with me.
Tommy—You're not going to lick me, are you, dad?

Father—Certainly. Didn't I tell you this morning that I should settle with you for your bad behavior?

Tommy—Yes, but I thought it was only a joke, like when you told the grocer you was going to settle with him.—Tit-Bits.

Pinched on the House.
Jack—I just saw your wife, old man. She was simply stunning. By the way, you're looking rather miserable yourself. What's up?
Tom—Don't get enough nourishment; that's all. You see, I arranged with my wife a month ago to give her a certain amount each week, out of which she was to pay household expenses and buy her clothes.—Philadelphia Press.

The Play.
Henry J. Byron, one of the wittiest of English playwrights of a score of years ago, remarked on one occasion: "A play is like a cigar. If it's good, everybody wants a box; if it's bad, all the pulling in the world won't make it go."

Sarcastic.
"Why did you leave your last place?"
"Master was too sarcastic."
"How was that?"
"Well, I told him I seen a snail on the garden path, and he says to me, 'You must have met it.'"—Moonshine.

The Big Day Out! Not Over Yet

Saturday, August 24, 1901.

This Is the Date for
the OLD RELIABLE
ANNUAL EXCURSION
AND
FAMILY PICNIC
OF THE
White Haven Relief Association,
TO
Mountain Park.

The Surplus, If Any, Will Again Be Applied to Charity in this Section.

Special Trains and Rates via. C. R. R. of N. J.

Leave UPPER LEHIGH.....6.50 a. m.	Fare round trip	Adults 90c	Children 60c
" SANDY RUN.....6.50 "	" " " " "	90c	60c
" LEHIGH TANNERY.....7.15 "	" " " " "	65c	40c
" WHITE HAVEN.....7.35 "	" " " " "	65c	40c
" TUNNEL.....7.47 "	" " " " "	65c	40c
" RITA.....7.59 "	" " " " "	30c	20c
" PENOBSCOT.....8.07 "	" " " " "	30c	20c
" SOLOMAN'S GAP.....8.12 "	" " " " "	30c	20c

Returning Leave Mountain Park at 6 P. M.

Upper Lehigh and Sandy Run Tickets for Sale by Committee on Train.

St. Ann's Band of Freeland Will Furnish the Music.
M. J. Kelley, of Scranton, Caterer.

Tickets may be had at almost every business place in White Haven and at the C. R. R. Stations along the route.

S'SH SLEEP AT LAST
LAXAKOLA DOES IT

NO ONE BUT A MOTHER can appreciate the benefit that sound refreshing sleep gives to an ailing, teething, feverish, colicky, fretful infant. Almost distracted by its constant crying, and worn out with weary, anxious care and watching, she tries everything possible to obtain even relief for the little sufferer. With what comfort and delight she sees her little one drop off into a deep peaceful health-giving slumber, after its little clogged bowels are cleared of their poisonous burden by a single dose of Laxakola, the great tonic laxative and mother's remedy.

Laxakola is a pure, gentle and painless liquid laxative, and contains valuable tonic properties which not only act upon the bowels, but tone up the entire system and purify the blood. A few drops can be given with safety to very young babies, which will often relieve colic by expelling the wind and gas that cause it. Great relief is experienced when administered to young children suffering from diarrhoea, accompanied with white or green evacuations, as it neutralizes the acidity of the bowels and carries out the cause of the fermentation. LAXAKOLA will aid digestion, relieve restlessness, assist nature, and induce sleep. For constipation, simple fevers, coated tongue, or any infantile troubles arising from a disordered condition of the stomach it is invaluable.

Laxakola, the great tonic laxative, is not only the most efficient of family remedies, but the most economical, because it combines two medicines, viz. laxative and tonic, and at one price. No other remedy gives so much for the money. At druggists, etc., and send for free sample to THE LAXAKOLA CO., 230 Nassau Street, N. Y., or 26 Dearborn Street, Chicago.

HINTS FOR FARMERS

Pigs as a Dairy Adjunct.
As pork products are commanding better prices than for several years, it will be for the interest of farmers keeping cows, and especially where there is a supply of milk the year around, to pay more attention to keeping of swine, says a writer in American Agriculturist.

As now, more than formerly, light weight hogs are more in request than heavy ones, it becomes possible with good management to raise and fatten two broods of pigs in one year, as at 6 months old they will be ready for market and at good prices.

This will allow of a good number of pigs being grown and fattened with a moderate sized dairy.
To make the business most profitable brood sows should be kept on the farm and the pigs raised for sale, thus saving the cost of buying, besides having such breeds as are best for the purpose.

Advantages of Farm Life.
One of the advantages of farming is that the farmer never becomes either very rich or very poor, neither of which is desirable. Extreme poverty degrades and great riches have an equally bad effect in creating extravagant habits and general selfishness.

Farming is all right as an occupation, but could be made more pleasant than it is if farmers would take more pride in it and themselves. The farmer has as much right as any one to wear a good suit of clothes and adorn and beautify his home. In fact,

CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher

It is his duty to do so. It is also part of his duty to furnish good reading matter for the family. We should strive to so elevate and dignify the business that any man could be proud to say, "I am a farmer."—J. M. Terrell.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.
It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps and all other results of imperfect digestion. Price 50c and \$1. Large size contains 24 times as much. Book about dyspepsia mailed free. Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. Grover's City Drug Store.

An Advertisement
In this position is not very conspicuous, still it attracts the reader's attention and proves that ads in all parts of this paper are read

Summer is not over yet and summer goods will be needed for many more months. If you suffer from the heat come to our store and we will supply you with

- SUMMER UNDERWEAR,
- SUMMER HEADGEAR,
- SUMMER HOSE,
- SUMMER SHOES,
- SUMMER NECKWEAR,
- SUMMER FURNISHINGS.

We have every variety in the market and sell at prices that no other dealer can beat, if you take quality into consideration.

McMENAMIN'S
Hat, Shoe and Gents' Furnishing Store,
86 South Centre Street.

5¢ WILL BUY A
PATHFINDER CIGAR

W. K. GRESH & SONS, MAKERS

The Cure that Cures
Coughs, Colds, Grippe,
Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis and Incipient Consumption, is

OTTO'S CURE

The GERMAN REMEDY
Cures throat and lung diseases. Sold by all druggists. 25¢ & 50c.

The... Wilkes-Barre Record

Is the Best Paper in Northeastern Pennsylvania....

It contains Complete Local, Telegraphic and General News.

Prints only the News that's fit to Print....

50 Cents a Month. ADDRESS,
\$6 a Year by Mail **The Record,**
or Carriers - - - WILKES-BARRE, PA.

LUTHER C. SMITH, Superintendent.