

A SOLDIER'S BRIDE.

A Young Woman Who Went From Kansas to Manila to Marry.

A Leavenworth (Kan.) correspondent says: Miss Daisy Bennett, daughter of Colonel and Mrs. C. E. Bennett of Fort Leavenworth, was married Jan. 5 to Lieutenant George M. Grimes of the Twentieth infantry at Manila, Philippine Islands.

Miss Bennett has always lived at Fort Leavenworth, and it was here that she met and fell in love with Lieutenant Grimes. Their courtship began before the war with Spain, but since that time the lieutenant has been much away from the post, and the lovers finally decided to be married, though they were 10,000 miles apart.

Lieutenant Grimes could not leave his post, so his sweetheart made the



MRS. DAISY B. GRIMES.

long journey from here to the Philippines to marry him. She left Leavenworth last November and arrived in Manila Dec. 15, taking passage on the transport Sheridan. Miss Bennett is one of Leavenworth's fairest daughters and has long been a well known and much sought society girl. Her beauty is of the blond style, and she has blue eyes and light golden hair. Her father is a retired officer of the regular army, having served through the civil war.

Lieutenant Grimes is a son of Major George L. Grimes of the Second artillery, who commanded the famous Grimes battery in Cuba during the war with Spain. Lieutenant Grimes was sergeant of Troop B, Second cavalry, from June, 1896, to July, 1898. He was then appointed a second lieutenant in the Twentieth and promoted to first lieutenant last March.

Beecher's Praise of the Queen.

Forty-one years ago Henry Ward Beecher said at Cooper institute, New York:

"Every reason urged against a larger liberty for women is illustriously confuted by the dignity, purity and womanly propriety with which Victoria stands before her empire and before the world. For ages woman has been advanced to honor, influence, office and the highest public trusts if she will accept them in aristocratic forms. She may be an abbess, a countess, a queen. It is only woman without a title that must have no privileges. With a crown on her brow she may enter parliaments and govern empires; with only her own simple personal virtues she may not lift up her hand to cast a vote. Now, as a Christian democrat, I assert for her every right and every privilege that aristocracy accords her. That which is good enough for a queen is not too good for my wife; that which is noble in a duchess is honorable in my daughter."

Italy's First Woman Lawyer.

Much has been said recently about France's first woman lawyer. Rome has the distinction of possessing the first woman lawyer in Italy in the person of Signorina Teresa Labriola. She has just passed her examinations with honor and is now a full fledged lawyer, but has not inscribed herself among the advocates, as she does not desire to champion the new woman, but to devote herself to the philosophy of law. After taking her degree she addressed a committee of the University of Rome for several hours. She now lectures at the university, together with her father and brother. Signorina Labriola is a well known writer on scientific subjects.

Smaller Visiting Cards.

The new visiting cards, so much reduced in size, are much more dainty, appropriate and ladylike than the useless breadth and length of cardboard so long in vogue. Some of the French styles are as small as the name and address will permit, says the New York Post. Roman lettering has increased in popularity and with ultra fashionable women has for the moment superseded script and certainly has the advantage of being more legible and of allowing the use of a much smaller card.

Woman's Press Association.

The annual meeting of the Woman's National Press association was held in Washington Jan. 18, 1901, and the following officers were elected for the coming year: Mrs. Belva A. Lockwood, president; Miss F. G. French, first vice president; Mrs. E. S. Cromwell, second vice president; Mrs. H. B. Sperry, corresponding secretary; Mrs. P. P. Penker, recording secretary; Mrs. M. Stillman, auditor; Mrs. E. S. Brinton, delegate at large.

Never an Angeline Being.

Woman was never an angeline being, devoid of human faults, passions and weaknesses, and she is not today. She will not be tomorrow. But she is a creature today who understands herself and her fellow beings as never before, and therefore she is capable of greater usefulness.—Billie Wheeler Wilcox.

The Well Dressed Woman.

The greivous faults with the feminine wardrobe are found in the bottom of skirts, the footwear, the hand coverings, the veils and neckwear.

Skirt bindings wear out rapidly when a woman does much walking, no matter how short the skirt. Just the friction caused by a skirt striking against the body tells upon the facing and bindings. A careful watch should be kept over these places, and repairs should be made before the damage is noticeable to any but the keen inspection of one's own eyes.

Shoes ought to be carefully fitted and brushed each day to remove every particle of dust. When needed, a polish should be put upon them, either at home or at any of the regular boot-blacking establishments. Fresh laces should be put in when the old ones begin to look dingy and frayed, and buttons should be changed as soon as the polish wears away.

Good looking hands are an immense satisfaction. Pretty veils are not expensive, so no woman has an excuse for wearing one after the mesh has broken. Poverty and neglect stand out all over the woman who stretches a damaged veil over her features or allows her finger tips to protrude through her gloves. As for neckwear—well, absolute cleanliness is particularly expected of the well groomed woman. She must be immaculate in that respect if she changes every hour in the day.

She Had a "Circus."

A lady over at Sedalia had an interesting evening recently, what her big brother irreverently calls a "circus." She had expected a caller, Dr. Crow, who came in good time, and they were pleasantly chatting when the maid announced "Mr. Hogg." It was not an unusual occurrence, however, for the doctor and "Billy Hogg" to find themselves calling on the same lady at the same time, but they were somewhat surprised when the bell rang and after a few moments Mr. Bear was announced. The young lady had not noticed the coincidence of the names, but the maid evidently had, for, notwithstanding the fact that she had been trained not to betray any feeling in the presence of guests, it was with a decided giggle that she a few moments later escorted Mr. Lyon into the parlor. The lady managed them all, however, to everybody's satisfaction, it is needless to say.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

She Is a Blacksmith.

One of the newest trades for women is blacksmithing, and Miss Esther Searle of Sawker City, Kan., is the pioneer. She adopted it in the way in which unusual occupations generally are taken up—by chance. Her father is a blacksmith and has been assisted at the forge by his son, and last summer, when the young man was away on his vacation, Miss Searle thought that the work was too much for her father alone, so she went into the forge and soon learned to wield the heavy hammer with ease and skill. When her brother returned Miss Searle found herself so interested in her novel work that she continued to go to the smithy every day for an hour or so. She found that her biceps were so developed that she could swing the heaviest hammer easily and that her chest measurement had increased several inches in the short period.

Bonities For Big Families.

Two bills relating to matrimony have been proposed in the Wisconsin legislature. One aims to encourage the development of population by a state premium to mothers of large families. Mothers of a family of 6 children are to receive \$10 annually; mothers of 7, \$12; of 8, \$15; of 9, \$20; of 10, \$25; of 11, \$30, and of 12 or more, \$35.

The other bill provides an annual tax of \$10 on unmarried men over 30 years. Both bills were drafted by members of the woman's club of Oshkosh.

France's Women Workers.

A recent volume treating of the work of women in France gives this table of women workers in that country: Physicians, 450; authors, 519; artists and sculptresses, 3,500; singers and actresses, 3,000; nurses, 13,000; milliners, 30,000; government employees, 50,000; members of religious orders, 95,000; teachers, 100,000; in business houses, 245,000; landowners, 500,000; factory girls, 575,000; domestic servants, 650,000; seamstresses, 950,000; farm laborers, 2,700,000.

The Mail Bag.

On the door of a college girl's room hangs a unique letter bag. It is made from a soft felt military hat, given to her by a soldier friend. The crown is embroidered in various weapons—swords and pistols, guns and a battle-axe—with the college flag of the donor crossing the national colors. The hat is lined with a bright orange silk and is hung by the twisted cord that in its original use circled the crown.—New York Evening Post.

Hair on the Face.

An old maid wants to know what will prevent hair growing on the face. It is difficult to answer. A growth of hair on the face can only be permanently removed by electrolysis, which is a long and tedious performance, at the hands of a skilled dermatologist. Any growth of down may be entirely taken off with a specially prepared solution of calcium sulpho hydrate, but it will not be a permanent remedy.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

The Queen Consort.

Queen Alexandra, the "queen consort," as she will most likely be called, is a stately, gracious woman. All good works for charity's sake have received her countenance and aid, and she is greatly beloved. Ever since she came from Denmark, a princess, young and beautiful, her hold on the British people has been strong.

FOR HIS CHILDREN'S SAKE.

Eloquence That Was Wasted on the Legislature of Georgia.

The infamous factory system is penetrating the south, and the monster of greed is calling for tender children for its food, says The Tobacco Worker. Some men, able to see some of the horrors which will come in the wake of the industrial development of the south, are nobly but impotently striving to soften the brutality of the coming era by legislation against child labor. While the antichild labor bill, which was defeated, was up for discussion in the Georgia legislature Hon. Seaborn Wright spoke eloquently for its passage. His peroration follows:

The spirit animating the opposition to this bill is the spirit of commercialism. It knows no pity. It chills every generous thought and deadens every holy feeling. It measures all things—manhood, womanhood and childhood—by the dollar. The hearts and brains—aye, the puny weight of children—are valuable only as they can be coined into money. You lay our little children at the feet of eastern capital and say all this will we give in exchange for your dollars.

I lift the standard of revolt today and in the name of the south denounce the unholy traffic.

Mr. Speaker, I stood in the door of a humble cottage shadowed by the factory's massive walls. The mistress of this home was the wife of a gallant Confederate soldier. They had seen better days. Death had kindly come to him, and he slept. The remorseless hand of necessity had driven the widow and her children out from the old homestead to the humble cottage. As I stood the gates of the factory swung open, and amid a hundred children here came. They were young children. The kindly walls of the nursery should have been around them. There was no spring in their steps, no light in their eyes, their cheeks were white, and I thought, standing in the presence of the children of this Confederate soldier, I would give every spindle and loom in the south to bring back the light to their eyes and see the roses bloom again upon their little cheeks.

I would like to see every boll of cotton whose white bosom opens to the warm kiss of southern suns spun and woven in the south, but there are prices I would not pay for it.

We are standing today, Mr. Speaker, at the gate of the grandest manufacturing empire the world has ever seen. The men of the north and east, with spindle and loom and treasure, are coming to our cotton fields. The laws of nature, stronger than all the laws of man, compel them to come. But mark this truth, they are coming as our masters. Our children and our children's children are to be their servants. I would put no restraining hand upon their coming. I would fling wide the gates and bid them enter; but, so help me God, I would never give them our children until their little bodies had grown beyond the nursery walls and the light of knowledge had dawned in their souls.

Last night I sat with my wife by the fireside of our comfortable home. I watched my 8-year-old boy lay his head upon his mother's lap and close his tired eyes in sleep, and I thought except for the goodness of God he might be numbered among the thousand little toilers in the mills of the south through the long hours of the night. And then, with justice in my mind and pity in my heart, I said, "I will do for the children of my people what I would have them do for mine."

Trades Unions in Great Britain.

The British board of trade has issued a report on the trades unions of the United Kingdom, of which an abstract has reached the state department, says a Washington correspondent. The number of unions for which comparative statistics of membership are given, for the period 1892 to 1899, is 1,685. Some of these unions were not in existence the whole of this period, and the number on the list at the end of 1899 was 1,292, compared with 1,218 at the end of 1892. The membership of all the unions at the end of 1899 was 1,892,518 as compared with 1,503,232 at the end of 1892, an increase of 20 per cent in the eight years. In 1899 the total number of trades unions decreased from 1,310 to 1,292. This decline of 18 is due to an amalgamation of a number of the smaller unions with larger organizations, the number of unions (39) formed in the year being the same as the number dissolved.

The total membership, however, of the trades unions rose in the year from 1,649,231 to 1,892,518, an increase of 15,287, or 9 per cent, the greatest proportionate gain in any of the eight years covered by the report.

Figures with regard to income, expenditure, etc., of 109 only of the principal unions, with a membership of 1,117,465, show that their funds at the end of the year amounted to \$15,376,640. The total income was \$9,060,185.

In the Twentieth Century.

The labor programme for the twentieth century is as follows: To organize the yet unorganized workers, to build up national and international unions, to make our unions more effective, to protect the interests of the toilers, to promote their welfare by all possible methods, to safeguard every step we have already gained. It may be true that others by their sympathetic action may aid the workers' movement, but we resent the promises and claims of any and all that the betterment of labor or the abolition of any form of injustice to the wage earners depends upon any other power than the federated labor unions of the country. Associated capital must be met by organized labor. Workers as individuals are today as much at the mercy of the employing class as a rudderless ship in a tempestuous sea is at the mercy of the waves.—Samuel Gompers in New York World.

TO CURE THE GRIP.

Advice of a Famous Physician.

First and foremost, REST. Take care of yourself. Your already weakened nerves want rest, and must have it. If the attack is severe, go to bed and remain there. More fatalities result from neglect of this precaution than from any other cause.

Eat sparingly. Your digestive organs are in no condition to take care of large quantities of food.

Drink plenty of pure, cold water. It allays the fever, stimulates the kidneys to action and opens up the pores of the skin. Keep the bowels open with Dr. Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills.

Take three doses of Dr. Miles' Nerve per day, and if you cannot sleep take an extra dose at bedtime. To further control the fever, and to overcome the peculiar aches and pains of the grip, use Dr. Miles' Pain Pills. They act quickly and effectually, and no bad effects result from their use. These remedies have been thoroughly tested more than a million times, and their efficiency is thoroughly established. They never fail to give relief.

Dr. Miles' Remedies can be found at any drug store, and they are sold on a positive guarantee that first bottle or package benefits or money refunded.

Recent experiments show that all classes of foods may be completely digested by a preparation called Kodol Dyspepsia Cure, which absolutely digests what you eat. As it is the only combination of all the natural digestants ever devised the demand for it has become enormous. It has never failed to cure the very worst cases of indigestion and it always gives instant relief. Grover's City drug store.

One Fare to Washington, D. C.

And return via the Lehigh Valley Railroad. On account of the inauguration ceremonies at Washington, the Lehigh Valley Railroad will sell tickets to that point and return March 1, 2 and 3, at the low rate of one fare for the round trip. These tickets will be good to return to March 8, inclusive, and will be honored on any train except the Black Diamond express. Stop-over allowed at Philadelphia and Baltimore, by deposit of ticket, provided ticket is used within original limit.

For further particulars consult Lehigh Valley ticket agents.

Reports show a greatly increased death rate from throat and lung troubles, due to the prevalence of croup, pneumonia and grippe. We advise the use of One Minute Cough Cure in all of these difficulties. It is the only harmless remedy that gives immediate results. Children like it. Grover's City drug store.

Fair Closes Friday Evening.

The fair at Eckley for the benefit of the Catholic church at that place will close on Friday evening, when all contests and drawings will come to an end. A special invitation is extended to Freeland people by Rev. Thos. Brehony to attend the fair on Friday evening.

For the weakness and prostration following grippe there is nothing so prompt and effective as One Minute Cough Cure. This preparation is highly endorsed as an unfailing remedy for all throat and lung troubles and its early use prevents consumption. It was made to cure quickly. Grover's City drug store.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

Philadelphia Feline Dupletty.

It was during the natural history hour.

"Give me," asked the teacher, "an example of the alleged deceitful character of the cat."

"In restaurants it is sometimes said to 'pass itself off for a rabbit,'" answered the head boy.—Philadelphia Times.

Divining Rods.

The only trustworthy divining rod that has ever been made is fortunately cheap. It has a steel head and a wooden handle and is slipped something like an anchor. Any man who wants one should go to a hardware store and ask for a pickax.—Youth's Companion.

A fool forms an alliance with the straws driven by the wind; a wise man forms an alliance with the wind.—Chicago News.

The first savings bank in the United States was established in 1816.

There is always danger in using counterfeits of DeWitt's Hazy Hazel Salve. The original is a safe and certain cure for piles. It is a soothing and healing salve for sores and all skin diseases. Grover's City drug store.

Tobacco of all kinds at Keiper's.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps and all other results of imperfect digestion. Price 50c. and 1 L. Large size contains 24 times as much. Beware of cheap imitations. Prepared by E. C. DEWITT & CO., Chicago. Grover's City Drug Store.

Wm. Wehrman, Watchmaker.

Watches, from \$1 to \$25. Clocks, from \$1 to \$8.

Centre street, below South.

Not at Half-Price Nor Below Cost

are our goods sold. We couldn't remain in business long if we followed anything else but business methods. We sell

Shoes for Men, Women and Children, Hats and Caps for Men and Boys, Furnishings for Men and Boys,

at prices which are as cheap, and quite frequently cheaper, than others ask for the same quality. Give us a trial purchase and let us convince you that here is a store where your money can be spent to your advantage.

McMENAMIN'S

Gents' Furnishing, Hat and Shoe Store,

86 South Centre Street.

State Normal School

East Stroudsburg, Pa.

The winter term of this popular institution for the training of teachers opens Jan. 2, 1901. This practical training school for teachers is located in the most healthful and charming part of the state, within the great summer resort region of the state, on the main line of the D. & E. W. Railroad.

Unexcelled facilities; Music, Elocutionary, College Preparatory, Sewing and Modeling departments.

Superior faculty; pupils coached free; pure mountain water; rooms furnished throughout; GOOD BOARDING A RECOGNIZED FEATURE.

We are the only normal school that paid the state aid in full to all its pupils this spring term.

Write for a catalogue and full information while this advertisement is before you. We have something of interest for you.

Address: GEO. P. BIBLE, A. M., Principal.

RAILROAD TIMETABLES

LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD.

November 25, 1900.

ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

LEAVE FREELAND.

6 12 a m for Weatherly, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Philadelphia and New York.

7 40 a m for Sandy Run, White Haven, Wilkes-Barre, Pottsville and Scranton.

18 a m for Hazleton, Mahanoy City, Shenandoah, Ashland, Weatherly, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Philadelphia and New York.

30 a m for Hazleton, Mahanoy City, Shenandoah, Mt. Carmel, Shamokin and Pottsville.

2 4 p m for Sandy Run, White Haven, Wilkes-Barre, Scranton and all points West.

20 p m for Weatherly, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Philadelphia and New York.

42 p m for Hazleton, Mahanoy City, Shenandoah, Mt. Carmel, Shamokin and Pottsville.

34 p m for Sandy Run, White Haven, Wilkes-Barre, Scranton and all points West.

29 p m for Hazleton, Mahanoy City, Shenandoah, Mt. Carmel and Shamokin.

ARRIVE AT FREELAND.

7 40 a m from Weatherly, Pottsville, Ashland, Shenandoah, Mahanoy City and Hazleton.

17 a m from Philadelphia, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Weatherly, Hazleton, Mahanoy City, Shenandoah, Mt. Carmel and Shamokin.

30 a m from Scranton, Wilkes-Barre and White Haven.

2 14 p m from Pottsville, Shamokin, Mt. Carmel, Shenandoah, Mahanoy City and Hazleton.

1 12 p m from New York, Philadelphia, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk and Weatherly.

4 42 p m from Scranton, Wilkes-Barre and White Haven.

6 34 p m from New York, Philadelphia, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Mahanoy City and Hazleton.

7 29 p m from Scranton, Wilkes-Barre and White Haven.

For further information inquire of Ticket Agent.

JOHN H. WILBUR, General Superintendent, 26 Cortlandt Street, New York City.

CHAS. S. LEIS, General Passenger Agent, 26 Cortlandt Street, New York City.

G. J. GILDRUY, Division Superintendent, Hazleton, Pa.

The Cure that Cures

Coughs, Colds, Grippe,

Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis and Incipient Consumption, is

OTTO'S CURE

The GERMAN REMEDY
Cures throat and lung diseases.
Sold by all druggists. 25c & 50c.

The... Wilkes-Barre Record

Is the Best Paper in Northeastern Pennsylvania...

It contains Complete Local, Telegraphic and General News.

Prints only the News that's fit to Print...

50 Cents a Month. Address, \$6 a Year by Mail The Record, or Carriers --- WILKES-BARRE, PA.

Condy O. Boyle,

dealer in LIQUOR, WINE, BEER, PORTER, ETC.

The finest brands of Domestic and Imported Whiskey on sale. Fresh Rochester and Shenandoah Beer and Youngling's Porter on tap, 98 Centre street.

RISOR'S CURE FOR

WHEEZING, BRONCHITIS, CROUP, ASTHMA, CONSUMPTION

Best Cough Syrup, Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

LUTHER C. SMITH, Superintendent.