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FREELAND.—The TRIBUNE is delivered by carriers to subscribers in Freeland at the rate of 12% cents a month, payable every two mouths, or \$1.50 a year, payable in advance. The TRIBUNE may be ordered direct from the carriers or from the office. Complaints of irregular or tardy delivery service will receive prompt attention.

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FREELAND, SEPTEMBER 7, 1900.

Glasgow's Street Railway System.

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Those who are interested in the important problem of urban and suburban transportation will find much that is worthy of thoughtful consideration in the annual report of the street ear system of Glasgow, which is owned and operated by the municipality. The report, a copy of which has been forwarded to Washington by our consult at Glasgow, Samuel M. Taylor, is for the year ended May 31, 1900, and shows that the total length of double track operated by the city is 41 miles 1 furlong 178 yards over 42 miles 2 furlongs 161 yards of streets, making a total length of single track of 83 miles 3 furlongs 119 yards.

The gross capital expenditures for the system since 1894, independent of operating expenses, have been \$5,164,975, and the present indebteduess is \$4,061,896. The capital invested is \$4,555,502. Of the 41 miles of double track 5 miles have electric traction, the reest being operated by horses. The total receipts of the system during the year were \$2,280,850. The working expenses were \$1,676,412, leaving a balance of \$610,438, of which there was expended some \$84,000 for interest on capital, \$57,501 for sinking fund, \$156,696 for depreciation written off capital, etc.

etc.
One item of \$60,000 consists of payments made to the general revenue fund of the city, which is in lieu of the amount which the city would receive in taxes, it is presumed, were the system operated by a private company. The balance goes into the reserve fund.
There are 3,400 persons employed, including 100 clerks. The general manger receives \$6,800, the chief engineer \$2,400, the electrical engineer \$2,000 and the mechanical engineer, who has charge of the power station, \$1,210. Point boys receive 28 cents per day, trace boys from 40 to 52 cents per day, trace boys from 40 to 52 cents per day, drivers, conductors and motormen from \$1 to \$1.12 per day. These rates apply to Sundays and weekdays allike. Fares range from 1 cent for first half mile to 2 cents for a mile. The longest ride is six miles, costing 6 cents. No transfers are used, and tickets are not used.
The committee of the town council

transfers are used, and theats are not used.

The committee of the town council having supervision of the tramways receives no compensation. For that matter, however, no member of the city government of Glasgow, including lord provost, town councilors and ballies (police judges), receives compensation

Pittsburg and Allegheny City together form a continuous city whose business centers would touch were it not for the Allegheny river, which divides them. The merging of the two into one municipality would be a union of complete parts and not a reaching out after thinly populated territory, as many of the "greater" cities are now formed. Were they united the larger Pittsburg of today would be credited with a population of 451,512 and take rank as the seventh city in the country. It is almost exactly the size of St. Louis in 1890, 3,000 larger than the Boston of that time and 17,000 larger than the Baltimore of the same date. But because the nunicipalities are still kept apart there is no larger Pittsburg, and Pittsburg proper may boast only 321,616, while Allegheny City has 129,896 inhabitants. The gain of the former, 44.78 per cent, is the sign of a vigorous growth, while the latter's is 23.37 per cent.

cent.

When you visit New York city, observe the members of the street cleaning force. You will doubtless be impressed with the fact that many of them are athletic looking fellows who would greatly adorn a prize ring. A little later you will feel like throwing bouquets at yourself in recognition of your perspleaeity, for you will probably be informed that many of the exhights of the gloves are for the first time in their lives doing something of benefit to mankind. The death of the florton law has brought many of the sluggers to a realization of the fact that it is sometimes necessary to work in order to live.

Watch the date on your paper.

Viceroy Chang Urges England to Institute Peace Plans.

He Keeps the Diplomats Guessing as to Position-Germans Land Troops at Shanghai – Reported Slaughter of Boxers,

Troops at Shanghai—Reported Slaughter of Hoxers.

Shanghai, Sept. 7.—Chang Chi Tung, the Wu-chang viceroy, has telegraphed an urgent appeal to the British consul, arging Great Britain to institute peace negotiations. He emphasizes the magnitude of British trade interests and refers to the activity of the secret societies and the decline of trade, citing these as vital ressons why England should take the lead instead of, as in 1894, allowing Russia to usurp her power and prestige. His final ground of appeal is that Great Britain, the United States and Japan have shown anxiety to promote commerce and to befriend China, and he implores these powers to appoint plenipotentiaries authorized to open peace negotiations with Li Hung Chang.

The city is full of conflicting rumors regarding the movements of Li Hung Chang. It is asserted that Marquis Tseng and 30 officials remaining in Peking have appealed to Li Hung Chang to repair immediately to the capital to save the situation, since nobody is there to assume authority, Prince Ching being detained in the province of Shansi by illness.

save the situation, since nobody is there to assume authority, Prince Ching being detained in the province of Shansi by illness.

The first battalion of German troops landed here yesterday from the steamer Batavia. The foreign consuls and detachments of French and Russian troops received them and escorted them to camp, the bands playing German airs.

Mr. Rockhill's Explanation.

William Woodville Rockhill, United States special commissioner in China, when questioned regarding his dealla of statements made by him and cabled to the United States from Shanghai last Sunday, said the state department had cabled him regarding the interview, and, as he considered the conversation personal, he had felt justified in replying that he had given no interview. The correspondent on the occasion in question visited Mr. Rockhill as a correspondent and for the purpose of inquiring whether, in Mr. Rockhill's opinion, Russia would withdraw from Peking. As Mr. Rockhill did not request the correspondent thought he desired to have them made known.

It is reported that 2,000 Boxers have been killed and wounded in conflicts with the troops of General Yuan Shi Kai, military governor of Shangtung.

Reports from Wu-chow indicate that serious disaffection exists at Lun-chow. Three hundred robbers besieged the residence of a wealthy Chinaman at Taiping-fu. The prefect of Wu-chau, with 100 soldiers, went to his assistance and has been compelled to telegraph for 400 re-enforcements.

ATTITUDE OF THE POWERS.

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ATTITUDE OF THE POWERS, Late Information Comes Through Our Minister at Paris.

Washington, Sept. 7—The latest expression as to the attitude of the powers from the United States submissador at Paris, General Horace Porter, who has advised the authorities here that the attitude of the Freezie government is from the United States submissador at Paris, General Horace Porter, who has advised the authorities here that the artitude of the Freezie government is from the American charge diaffairs at Berling giving the att. This is substance states that Germany, while analous to avoid friction between the powers, regards that Germany, while analous to avoid friction between the powers, regards that Germany, while analous to avoid friction between the powers, regards that Germany, while analous to avoid friction between the powers, regards that Germany, while analous to avoid friction between the powers, regards that the vice never ment of the position of the powers of the position of two nevers when the powers of the position of two nevers when the powers of the position of two nevers when the powers in the powers of the position of the position of the comman cardions bring the Chinese necolations and the probability of the Chinese necolations that the probability of the commaning at Pek

nade today at 8 o'clock, salute of 21 guns being fired at the south and north gates, Froops of all nations participated, the finited States by a battalion 350 strong, composed of details from each organiza-ion present at taking of city.

"Place (palace) vacant, with exception of about 300 servants.

of about 300 servants.

"General Barry for Manila today, Danshi cable, Shanghai to Taku, open for Jones, connect with our wire."

The war department also received the following cablegram from General Barry, to date:

"Ollowing cablegram from General Barry, 20 date:
"All quiet Peking. Supplies promptly inloaded, forwarded when dispositions docrmined. All supplies received; troops somfortable winter.
"No communication Chinese official after Aug. 28. James H. Wilson, brigadier reneral of volunteers, goes Peking to-light. Rockhill Shanghai, "Telegraphie communication Peking Fien-tsin bad. Extreme heat ended. All conditions satisfactory. Go Nagasaki to-morrow, take first transport Manila."

BRITONS ARE PLEASED.

Germany's Firm Attitude a Source of Satisfaction.

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London, Sept. 7.—Germany's polite refusal to withdraw from Peking is commented upon with keen satisfaction in London, and the hope is expressed that Lord Salisbury will show similar firmness. The British reply has not yet been formulated. Lord Salisbury desires to consult with his colleagues and has notified the foreign office of his intention to return to London from the continut early next week.

There is little doubt, however, that Germany's reply is the outcome of the discussion carried on during the last few days between the European cabinets and that the compromise policy of maintaining the occupation of the capital, but withdrawing the greater part of the troops to Tien-tsin, will be found to have met with general concurrence.

From Shanghail it is reported that Japan has autified the powers of her willingness to withdraw her troops provided an adequate guard is left for the legations and on condition that China formally requests evacuation and opens genuine negotiations for peace. Altogether appearances are more hopeful, and it is likely that when Field Marshal Count von Waldersee arrives a fornight hence at Taku he will find the allies agreed upon some common policy.

Riot Against Native Christians.
Washington, Sent. 7.—The Japanese

upon some common policy.

Riot Against Native Christians.

Washington, Sept. 7.—The Japanese legation has been informed by telegraph by the foreign office at Tokyo of the receipt of a dispatch from the Japanese consul at Amoy stating that the riots against native Christians in Chang-chow and Lung-chi have assumed serious proportions. The city gates in six adjoining districts have been completely closed, and Yung, taotai of the locality, having been disgraced on the ground of unpopularity, has been succeeded by Chen, taotai of Amoy, who will pseced to Chang-chow as soon as the present troubles at Amoy are settled.

BRYAN AT WHEELING.

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Ends a Day's Campaigning in West Virginia's Capital.

Wheeling, Sept. 7.—The tour of West Virginia which was begun on Tuesday by William J. Bryan, the Democrate presidential candidate, was concluded last night with a speech at this place. The meeting here was held on the wharf. The stand from which Mr. Bryan spoke was located on the water's edge, and his auditors occupied the rising ground in front of him. How many thousand people were there it would be impossible to say, but there were quite as many as could hear his voice, which has lost none of its power of penetration. Not only the land, but the water as well, was covered with people. Many were out in small craft, and two large steamboats were well filled.

Mr. Bryan spoke for an hour and

CANAL SEEMS ASSURED.

Nicaragua and Costa Rica to Enter Into Treaties.

30 DECLARES MINISTER CALVO.

he Two Isthmian Republics In Harmony on the Question of the United States' Construction and Operation of the Great Waterway.

New York, Sept. 7.—The Tribune this morning has the following from its Washington correspondent:

"The governments of Nicaragua and Costa Rica will, as soon as the senate has passed the canal bill now pending in that body and which has already passed the house, negotiate the necessary treaties that will enable this government to construct the isthmian canal through the territory of the two republics. This government has not been officially informed that the government of Micaragua has forfeited the concession granted to the Cragin-Eyre syndicate, but unofficially that information is in possession of the state department. Minister Calvo, representing the Costa Rican government in Washington, knows this concession has been forfeited and is convinced that Nicaragua has endeavored to clear the way for negotiations with this government that will result in the construction of the canal by the United States at the earliest possible day.

Concessions Out of the Way.

"The Maritime company's concession, which expired by limitation on Oct. 9, 1839, was followed by the immediate operation of the concession granted to the Cragin-Eyre people. Under that concession the proposed new company was required to organize within six months from the date of the organization of the company to pay to the government of Nicaragua \$400,000, that being the bahance due on the bonus of \$500,000 which was agreed to be paid for the coffeession. Under the most extreme limit of time that amount of money came due on Aug. 10 last. It was not paid, and on the very next day the Nicaraguan government, acting under the forfeiture flause of the contract with the company, Corfeited the contract with the company, forfeited the contract and declared the sontract to be null and void. This action will be discussed and a plan will be agreed upon that visit the canal can only be constructed by the United States and that the granting of private concessions only postpones active prosecution of this great work.

"Nicaragua and Costa Rica that if the treaty is ne

canal by the United States government is assured."

Puston In Minnesota.

St. Paul, Sept. 7.—Fusion has been effected between the Minnesota Democrats and Populists, and a full state ticket was named, headed by Governor John Lind. An electoral ticket was also indorsed by the two conventions. The Democrats held their convention in this city and the Populists in Minneapolis. Following is the composition of the full ticket: Governor, John Lind; lieutenant governor, T. J. Heighan; secretary of state, M. E. Nearge; state treasurer, H. C. Koeener; attorney general, Robert C. Saunders; railrond commissioners, P. M. Ringdahl and T. J. Knox for four years, S. M. Owen for two years; chief justice, Frank C. Brooks, The Democratic convention was one of the most enthusiastic gatherings the party ever held in Minnesota, Nearly every need the 14.00 delegates was in his seat when Chairman L. A. Rosing rapped for order. Captain W. H. Harris was made both temporary and permanent chairman of the convention.

Kulled Twin Brother by Mistake.

chairman of the convention.

Killed Twin Brother by Mistake.
Ponghkeepsie, N. Y., Sept. 7.—Emmet
Dalameter, 16 years old, died last night
at his home in Titusville from injuries received by being accidentally shot by his
twin brother, John. The boys, who were
sons of William Dalameter, a farmer,
went squirrel hunting. They became separated in the woods. John saw an object
moving in the bushes and, thinking it was
a squirrel, aimed and fired. There was a
scream, and John saw that he had shot
his brother, inflicting a fatal abdominal
wound.

Wound.

Minister Wu Returns to Duty.
Cape May, Sept. 7.—Chinese Minister Wu Ting Fang left Cape May with his family for Washington today, over the Pennsylvania railway. Mrs. Wu has been here since the latter part of July. The minister spent four days here early n August and has remained eight days in this visit.

CONDITION OF PORTO RICO.

Governor Allen Makes an Inspection of the Island.

San Juan, Porto Rico, Sept. 7.—Governor Allen has returned to San Juan after a week's tour through the mountainous regions of the Island. Having been in receipt of a great variety of reports concerning the condition of the people of those sections, he determined to secure accurate information personally, and, accompanied only by an interpreter and a pack train, he visited Albonito, Barranquitas, Barras, Ututado, Clales and Jayuya, going from that point to Ponce. His route took in some of the worst districts.

He found considerable crops on the rice and corn plantations, but little coffee. The people expressed themselves as anxious for work and as ready to build roads. No anti-American sentiment was encountered, and Governor Allen returned with the conviction that if properly encouraged the portions of the island that he visited are capable of wonderful development.

The executive council recently adopted a plan of dividing the island into districts for political purposes. The Federals pontice, proportion of the United States and they threaten to resign and to protest to Washington against the alleged unfairness of the division. The American members of the council say the arrangement is a fair one, as the Federals get three districts, the Republicans three districts, the Republicans three and one is left in doubt.

Miss Bertha Allen, daughter of the governor, will be married to Lieutenaut Logan of the United States navy next month, the ecremony taking place at the palace.

WELCOMED BY WOLVERINES Governor Roosevelt Greeted With Enthwaisam in Michigan.

Detroit, Sept. 7.—The initial meeting of Governor Roosevelt's western tour, which was held in the big assembly room of the Detroit Light Guard armory last night, was all that the governor's most and the protest of the palace.

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Detroit, Sept. 7.—The initial meeting
of Governor Roosevelt's western tour,
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of the Detroit Light Guard armory last
night, was all that the governor's most
ardent partisans could have desired in
point of attendance and enthusiasm. The
floor and galleries of the great hall were
crowded. Many were on the outside, unable to obtain seats or standing room
within hearing distance. The vice presidential candidate received a tremendously
enthusiastic greeting as he made his way
up through one of the side aisles.

A large proportion of the audience
stood upon chairs and yelled frantically
for "Teddy." The governor's speech oecupied about an hour in delivery and was
listened to throughout with thoughtful
attention, and the telling, sarcastic and
witty points were quickly caught and applauded.

John Proctor Clarke of New York closed the meeting with a rousing short address which brought the audience to their
feet. He insisted that there is in this
country no such thing, under our laws, as
the classes and the masses and that for
try to array the discontented against the
contented was wrong in policy and wicked in design. Colonel Roosevetle left at
midnight by special train. He visits-several Michigan cities today, ending at
Grand Rapids.

Grand Rapids.

Dannewora Recommended.
Albany, Sept. 7.—At the annual meeting of the state commission of prisons Commissioner William J. Mantanye, who inspected Clinton prison on Aug. 14 Iast, submitted his report, in which he recommends Dannemora as an ideal place for the proposed state hospital for consumptives, a site for which is about to be recommended by a commission or trustees under a law recently enacted. He suggests that it be vereted by convlet labor, to be built of stone taken from the nearby quarries of the state like those used in the State Hospital For Insane Criminals. In dwelling upon the advantages to be derived from the crection of such hospital at Dannemora the commissioner says that from a climatic point of view no better place could be found. The air is pure and the supply ample from works already established in connection with the prison.

Montana Republicans.

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Montana Republicans.

Helena, Mon., Sept. 7.—The Republican state convention completed its ticket by the nomination of the following: Presidential electors, T. H. Willson, Harry Kessler and Paul McCormick; state treasurer, F. H. Edwards; auditor, C. C. Proctor; superintendent of public schools, W. E. Harmon; associate justice supreme court, Rudolph Von Tobel. The platform denounces the Republican members of the last legislature who voted for W. A. Clark Übem.) for United States senator, A resolution was adopted calling on Senators Hobon, Mitchell, Phillips and Geiger, who were among this number, to resign at once.

sign at once.

Iron Workers Get a Cut.

Bloomsburg, Pa., Sept. 7.—Notice has been given by the Rending Iron company of Danville that a general reduction in wages will be made after Sept. 16. The puddling base will be made \$3 a ton instead of \$4, the price which now prevails. Proportionate reductions in the wages of the other departments will be made. This action is due to the fact that the market price of iron is below the cost of production. It affects 600 men.

tion. It affects 600 men.

Killed by Falling Tree.
Binghamton, N. Y., Sept. 7.—Mrs.
George G. Kitchum of Castle Creek and her 2-year-old grandchild, Lucy Abbott, to I Isls were killed by a falling tree on the Broome county fair grounds at Whitney Point. The tree was blown down during the terrific storm that passed over this section. Considerable damage was done by the wind on the fair grounds, tents being blown down, carriages untopped, etc.

Sold Child For \$5.

Watertown, N. Y., Sept. 7.—The authorities have been notified of a strange case of barter at North Wilm, near here. Mrs. Sprague sold her child to an Italian for \$5. The latter grew tired of the little one and sold it to another family. Now this family wants the authorities to care for the child.

Killed Companion by Accident.
Ningara Falls, Sept. 7.—While hunting
birds with a 32 calliber rife at Echota
Augustus Adams, 14 years old, accidentally shot and killed his companion,
Fred Hasema, 16 years old.

Miners Win a Strike. Sydney, C. B., Sept. 7.—The strike at the mines of the North Sydney Mining and Transportation company is off, the miners receiving the advance demanded.

CONDITION OF PORTO RICO. RAILROAD TIMETABLES

THE DELAWARE, SUSQUEHANNA AND SCHUYLKILL RAILROAD.
Time table in effect April 18, 1877.
Trains leave Drifton to Jeddo, Eckley, Hazle Brook, Stockton, Reaver Mendow Road, Konn except Sumo Junction at 530, 600 a. m. daily except Sumo and the superior of th

Trains leave Dritton to a to 30, 500 a m, daily except Sunday; and 763 a m, 28 p m, Sunday; and 8 58 a m, 42 p m, Sunday; and 8 58 a m, 42 p m, Sunday; and 8 s m, Sunday; and 8 s m, Sunday; Sun

Not to Be Jollied.

What's the matter, Brown?
as though you had been fighting

You look as though you had been fighting a buzzsaw.

Brown—Just a little seance with a dog down the street. I saw bim looking at me in a way that wann't exactly renssuring; but I told him he was a good fellow and patted him on the head.

Jones—What then?

Brown—Nothing worth mentioning, You can see for yourself. That dog was apparently impervious to flattery.—Boston Transcript.

School Graduntes at Work.

An evening newspaper of the finger bowl and pink tea variety gives to the world this headline: "Killed by Lightning. Woman and Mule Die Instantly." This is a fit companion piece to another headline published recently, which announced that "Two Lives Go Out In a Storm-One a Cow."-Indianapolis Sentinel.

The Inspector's Lament,

[The lower babies' mental arithmetic leaves much
to be desired.—School Inspector's Report.]

What will become of England if things go on this
way?

There's hundreds of poor infants learning nothing
day by day.
They fairly set my hair on end with every kind
of blunder.

Ah, me, the hopeless ignorance of babes of three
and under!

A problem in arithmetic of quite a simple kind Seems past the comprehension of the shallow in-fant mill. They fail to grasp—for want, I fear, of proper ed-uration— The obvious first principles of ratiocination.

How long am I to plow the sands? How long an I, I ask,
To be a school inspector and to ply this wear;

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat. Digests what you gat.
It artificially digests the food and aids
Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive or
gans. It is the latest discovered digestiant and tonic. No other preparation
can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures
Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn,
Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea,
Sick Headache, Gastraigia, Cramps and
all other results of imperfect digestion.
Price50c, and Si. Largesize contains 2M times