# Effects of the Grap

The Disease Leaves the Nerves Shattered, the Stomach Deranged, Heart Affected and the whole System in a Run-down, Weak and Debilitated Condition. Relief Comes with

# Dr. Miles' Nervine.

Have you had LaGrippe? If you have not, doubtless some of your friends have suffered from it and you have wintered from it and depression of spirits remains the officer were unable to gain a foothold, now find an open door, inviting entered for were unable to gain a foothold, now find an open door, inviting entered for were unable to gain a foothold, now find an open door, inviting entered for were unable to gain a foothold, now find an open door, inviting entered for were unable to gain a foothold, now find an open door, inviting entered for were unable to gain a foothold, now find an open door, inviting entered for were unable to gain a foothold, now find an open door, inviting entered for were unable to gain a foothold, now find an open door, inviting entered for were unable to gain a foothold, now find an open door, inviting entered for were unable to gain a foothold, now find an open door, inviting entered for were unable to gain a foothold, now find an open door, inviting entered for were unable to gain a foothold, now find an open door, inviting entered for were unable to gain a foothold, now find an open door, inviting entered for were unable to gain a foothold, now find an open door, inviting entered for were unable to gain a foothold, now find an open door, inviting entered for were unable to gain a foothold, now find an open door, inviting entered for were unable to gain a foothold, now find an open door, inviting entered to subtreast entered for were unable to gain a foothold, now find an open door, inviting entered to subtreast entered for were unable to gain a foothold, now find an open door, inviting entered to su

and Provisions.

Roll Butter and Eggs a Specialty. AMANDUS OSWALD,

## Dry Goods, Groceries FREELAND TRIBUNE.

TRIBUNE PRINTING COMPANY, Limited.

OFFICE: MAIN STREET ABOVE CENTRE.
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\$2.75 BOX RAIN COAT

A RECTLAR \$5.00 WATERFROOF

BACKINTON FOR \$2.75.

Send No Money.

State your height and send to us,
state your height and weight, state
umber of inches around body at
breast taken over vest under coat FREELAND, PA., JANUARY 29, 1900

### ANTI-TRUST CONVENTION.

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a bond of good fellowship between employer and employer that will insure better service on the part of the one because he feels that it is appreciated on the part of the other.

D. Van Keuren, Saugerties, N. Y. Saugerties, N. Y.

republic and through the persistent and determined efforts of a united people.

To this end a national anti-trust conference is hereby called to meet in the city of Chicago on the birthday of Abraham Lincoln, Feb. 12, 1900.

Patriotic citizens from all states and territories duly accredited and in full sympathy with the objects above named, and representatives of known anti-trust organizations, are invited to meet together in said conference.

Applications for admission to said conference should be made to the secretary, Unity building, Chicago, at an early date, as credentials of delegates must be countersigned by the chairman of the executive committee.

M. L. Lockwood, chairman, Penna.

Wm. Prentiss, vice chairman, Illinois.
A. M. Todd, Michigan.
Dudley G. Wooten, Texas,
A. P. McGuirk, Iowa.

W. B. Fleming, Kentucky,
Alfred Sample, Illinois.
P. E. Dowe, New York,
James W. Wilson, Chicago.
Louis F. Post, Chicago.
Louis F. Post, Chicago.
Executive Committee.

RAILWAY PENSIONS.

Pennsylvania Railroad the First Corporation to Adopt the System. What to do with the old people, those who have worn themselves out in the race of life, is the problem in every country on the globe. Some of the uncivilized races, not having a very high conception of life at the best, put their old men to death when they become helpless and are no longer able to take care of themselves. This barbarous method shocks our moral sensibilities, and yet is it not in reality more humane than the treatment the old sometimes receive at the hands of those who claim to be enlightened and even Christianized? There are today in our almshouses and homes for the aged men who are anxiously waiting for their last hour to come, those too who were once among the most wealthy and useful, the most active and honored members of their community.

Germany and some of the other countries of Europe have adopted a system of old age pensions. The subject has been thoroughly agitated in England the last year and would be the leading question before the coming parliament were it not that the Boer war has arisen to eclipse everything else in Britain.

The Pennsylvania railroad some years ago adopted a system of relief that has done, and is still doing, an admirable work, which the pension system just adopted is intended to supplement, not supersede. The Pennsylvania is the greatest railroad in the world in the volume of business it does, and it can justly lay claim to being the most liberal in dealing with its employes. When a man enters the Pennsylvania service he may rest assured of permanent employment as long as he faithfully performs his duty. The details of the Pennsylvania's pension system are less important than the great humane principle upon which it is founded. At the beginning of this year nearly 1,000 old employes were retired on pension. All employes of the Pennsylvania system east of Pittsburg and Erie who have attained the age of 70 years and all officers and employes between the ages of 55 and 69 who have been 30 years in the

### AN ELASTIC CURRENCY. PUBLIC OPINION.

of Bankers in Times of Financial Distrust.

The currency bill introduced in congress by Hon. Joseph C. Sibley deserves the careful consideration of our national lawmakers, and all who are interested instability of prices and prevention of financial panics, injuriously affecting, as they do, all legitimate interests. The bill provides that any holder of government bonds may deposit them with the United, States treasurer, and receive therefor 80 per cent of their face value in treasury notes of the same debt paying power as now granted to the notes issued by national banks. During the period of deposit the interest on the bonds shall cense, or be covered into the United States treasury. Upon the surrender of the certificate of deposit, together with payment of treasury notes equal in amount to the sum advanced, the bonds may again be converted to the use of their lawful owner. The merits of such a measure briefly are as follows:

IT AFFORDS ELASTICITY.

of such a measure briefly are as follows:

IT AFFORDS ELASTICITY.

It provides for a currency that would automatically expand and contract according to the demands of business. Within the last few weeks money has loaned in New Yo-k as high as 186 per cent. During the panie of 1893 money could not be borrowed with government bonds as security. Under the provisions of the bill introduced by Mr. Sibley in time of financial distress the currency could be expanded, if necessary, more than \$400,000,000. The reason for naming 80 per cent of the face value of the bonds is that the government shall not be put regularly in the business of loaning money, but merely to lend its power to prevent excessive rates of interest or financial disaster. When money is worth more in the open market than the interest on 80 per cent of the face value of the bonds, money would flow out into circulation. When the interest upon 80 per cent of the face value of the bonds, money would flow back into the treasury and the bonds be withdrawn, Mr. Sibley's statement being that both a scarcity of money and a redundancy of money may possess danger, the scarcity hindering business and paralyzing industries, while a too redundant currency might provoke speculation and overtrading, which would in the end inevitably invite disaster. Mr. Sibley states that he is not wedded to any fixed percentage to be advanced by the treasury, but any percentage from 50 up to 80 would be satisfactory, as the wisdom of the house may determine. This measure has received a great deal of attention among lawmakers and bankers, one and all agreeing that it has features which entitle it to careful consideration. No one has yet been able to offer a valid objection, but these perhaps may come when the bill is analyzed by the committee on banking and currency.

PITY THE POOR BANKS.

PITY THE POOR BANKS.

Opinions From Various Sources on Questions of the Day.

"I speak not of forcible annexation, for that cannot be thought of. That by our code of morality would be crim-inal aggression."—President McKinley to congress, Dec. 7, 1897.

down?"—Westmoreland Democrat.

Ahab and Jezebel killed Naboth and took his vineyard. England ean ki!l Kruger and annex the Transvaal. The United States can capture and shoot Aguinaldo and his followers, and hold the Philippines as a subject colony. But will the Supreme Ruler of the universe approve of the killing of Kruger and Aguinaldo? Or will He visit the same judgment on modern oppressors as He did on Ahab and Jezebel? It is not a question of nower, but of right. The wealth of the Philippines and the Transvaal, and how much this country and Great Britain can profit by taking these countries should not be considered. Ill gotten gains are always a curse.—Meadville Democrat.

We have opposed the forcible annex.

natives as soon as possible.—Union Signal.

Samuel Saiter and the other men employed by the machine to stuff the ballot box in the Thirteenth division of the Seventh ward are still in hiding and hunted. Well laid plans for flight, complaisant bondsmen and well spent machine money have combined to make easy their disappearance. Undoubtly the way of these transgressors is hard; yet the path is not so rough as might be. They are not friendless, these faithful adherents of the machine. Condemned as they are by every decent citizen, they still retain the favor, unwilling but profitable, of the men they served. Few citizens who know politics are so guileless as to believe that these clumsy makers of majorities have entered upon their travels, pursued by warrants, with purses empty and futures unprovided for. Their knowledge is power, and their employers know it. Had any of them—Salter, for instance—chosen to tell all he knew of the ward elections, various forms that now obtrude upon the public gaze in high places would come hurling earthward. Immunity from such a fate must prove expensive. Men like Salter do not leave their homes, their familles and their positions—his was worth \$3,500 a year—and enter upon what may be a lifetime of exile, without excellent assurance that they will be taken care of. Pondering upon these things brings one to the conclusion that there has been heavy draft upon the machine exchequer within recent days.—Philada. North American.

GOING TOO FAR

Is something that often happens to people when they go to look for so-called bargains in Shoes, but you would not "go too far" should you call and examine the class of goods we carry and learn the prices at which we sell. We are headquarters for Reliable Footwear and where quality is taken into consideration we will not be undersold. We are steadily increasing our shoe trade, because we handle only such goods as will give our patrons satisfaction for the money invested. People are learning that many "bargains" are such in name only and to get full value for their coin they can with safety buy only from merchants who are above catchtrade schemes. Boots and Shoes and Rubber Goods of every description for Men and Boys. We call special attention to our Guaranteed Miners' Shoes: nothing to equal them is sold in this town outside of our store.

In Men's and Boys' Furnishings,

Underwear, Hosiery, Shirts, Sweaters, Overalls, Working Jackets, Neckwear, Hats and Caps, Boys' Knee Pants, Gloves, etc., we present complete lines of the latest and best goods, and sell them at the same prices to a child as we would to an expert. We aim to give cur customers the best for the least money. Try us and see if this is not true.

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