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FREELAND, PA., OCTOBER 6, 1898.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

James R. Keen is said to have made \$1,000,000 in American Tobacco.

Henry George has refused to be the Silver ticket candidate for Governor of N. Y.

Mrs. Dr. Nancy Guilford spent Sunday in Bow Street Jail in London.

Venezuela must pay duty on its consular supplies sent here.

Adelina Patti has denied the report that she is engaged to be married.

Bertha Bellstein, of Allegheny, Pa., killed her mother and then committed suicide.

The Peace Commissioners of the United States and of Spain have been received by President Faure.

Chaplain Freeman, of the cruiser Baltimore committed suicide by drowning.

The Forty-seventh New York Volunteers will leave for Porto Rico on Thursday.

The woolen mills owned by ex-Gov. Sawyer, of New Hampshire, have made assignments.

Old Nance Guilford is held in a London court to await requisition papers from Connecticut.

A special church service was held in Brooklyn in memory of Yeoman Ellis, who was killed at Santiago.

Gen. Wade is to be given chief command in Cuba, while Gen. Lee will be in charge of some of the western provinces.

The battle-ship Illinois, to be launched shortly, will be the largest fighting machine in the American Navy.

Senator M. S. Quay was arrested on a charge of conspiring to illegally use the funds of the defunct People's National Bank of Philadelphia.

The Rev. Dr. Van De Water, known as "the Fighting Chaplain of the Seventy-first Regiment," filled his pulpit in St. Andrew's Church, New York.

The War Inquiry Commissioners decided to admit only representatives of three news associations and three stenographers. Gen. Wheeler will testify.

The rumor is current in London that the Duke of Teck is dying. No one is permitted to visit him save members of his family.

It is asserted semi-officially that M. Manau, the Procurator General, has sent a report to the Court of Cassation which insures a revision of the Dreyfus case.

The gas stove manufacturers of the United States formed an association at Cleveland, Ohio, the purpose of which is to simplify and systematize their business and to regulate prices.

The National Assembly at Malolos, at a recent meeting, voted a civil list of \$75,000 to Aguinaldo, but Aguinaldo declined to receive anything until the army should have been paid.

Francis P. O'Connor, a young molder's apprentice, of Mobile, Ala., stabbed John Kitchen to the heart in defense of his mother. O'Connor surrendered to the police, but it is not believed that he will be held.

Left Two Wives and a Chart.

Newport, R. I., Oct. 6.—Curious developments are reported by the police to-day in the case of Dr. John W. Detwiler, formerly of Bethlehem, Pa., who died here recently leaving two wives. Before he died he gave his wife a chart of the house, and on it was indicated a spot where a valuable prize could be found. This chart fell into the hands of the police, and it is announced that the so-called prize has been found by them, and that it included valuable crucibles which have been identified by Dr. Walcott Gibbs as property stolen from his laboratory last March.

To Walk Around the World.

New York, Oct. 4.—Eight young men will start this morning from this city to walk around the world. Equipped with a rubber sleeping bag, a change of clothing, a toothbrush and \$100 or so apiece and armed with revolvers, they expect to follow the sun westward for three years, when they hope to again set foot on Manhattan Island, if not much richer in pocket, with a store of good health and adventure which will last them for the rest of their lives.

Arkell's Father Assigns.

Amsterdam, N. Y., Oct. 6.—Ex-Senator James Arkell, of Canajoharie, has made a general assignment to William A. Mohan, of Ballston.

The failure is announced to be due to Senator Arkell's indorsing notes for his son, W. J. Arkell, of the Judge Publishing Company. Judgments amounting to \$30,000 have been filed against James and W. J. Arkell and \$15,000 against W. J. Arkell alone.

Col. Bryan Ordered South.

Richmond, Va., Oct. 5.—Col. W. J. Bryan and Mrs. Bryan reached Culpeper, expecting to spend the night with relatives and leave to-morrow for the Virginia Hot Springs. Col. Bryan has received an order from the War Department directing him to join his regiment, and he left at once for Jacksonville. Mrs. Bryan accompanied him.

Barber Dies While Shaving a Man.

Orange, N. J., Oct. 4.—Michael Dorer, one of the oldest barbers of this city, while shaving a customer in his shop on South Jefferson street, complained of feeling ill. He sat down in a chair and immediately expired, a paralytic stroke being the cause.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., Oct. 4.—The last bodies have been recovered from the Midvale mine, and the fire has been extinguished.

The bravery of Tommy Hantz, a fifteen-year-old boy, employed as a nipper, resulted in saving twenty lives. While making his way through the smoke to a place of safety he remembered that twenty men were in a distant working, where they would probably be quite surrounded by smoke before they realized their danger.

Turning back he managed, after great effort, to reach and warn them. He was just in time. The only passage to safety was already filled with smoke, but the men made their way through it safely.

Boy Saves Lives of Twenty.

After Alger had refused, Melkiojohn agreed to pay half the cost of 67,000 rolls given to soldiers by the Pension Office Ladies' Relief Association.

Chicago Claims Man Spaniards Caught.

Trenton, Oct. 6.—Detective Symmes, of Chicago, appeared before Acting Governor Voorhees with a request for requisition papers for Marcus Morales, a Cuban now in jail in Camden on the charge of grand larceny. Morales, it is said, is a well-known filibuster, and that the Spanish Government offered a reward at one time for his body, dead or alive.

Terre Haute, Ind., Oct. 4.—Henry Athey, a railroad engineer, who was long employed by the Pennsylvania Company on its Indiana roads, has just returned from Mexico, where he spent eleven months in close confinement in a Mexican prison. He was running an engine on the North Mexican road when he ran over a peon, cutting off both legs. He was taken from his engine and placed in prison and not permitted to communicate with friends.

Fell From a Niagara Bridge.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., Oct. 4.—Charles Wicks, of Philadelphia, fell from the new upper steel arch bridge into the river, 170 feet below, and was killed. It is thought he was unconscious before he struck the water. He never turned in the fall. How he lost his balance is not known. He was in charge of a gang of painters at work near the centre of the arch. His body did not come to the surface, and was no doubt carried right into the rapids.

Escaped Thief Was a Soldier.

Elizabethtown, N. J., Oct. 4.—Harry Harris, indicted for burglary and grand larceny, who escaped from Essex County jail on November 27, 1897, by digging through the wall, was captured at Ticonderoga and lodged in jail again. He had enlisted in the Sixty-fifth New York Regiment, and had his uniform on when arrested.

Canada Will Remain "Wet."

Ottawa, Oct. 5.—Judging from present returns, barely one-fourth of those entitled to vote, did so on Thursday. As a consequence, the Government will ignore the whole proceedings. The few ministers in town are reticent and decline to speak for publication, but the fact is known that no notice will be taken of the vote.

The late Empress Elizabeth left a vast fortune. She was one of the richest royal personages in Europe.

GEN. WHEELER EXAMINED.

His Testimony to the Effect That the Army Was Well Managed.

NO LACK OF SUPPLIES.

He Gives an Account to the Committee of His Experience From the Beginning.

Regiments Which Were Without Food and Medicines Could Have Secured Them for the Asking—No Complaints Reached Him—His Work in Cutting Red Tape at Camp Wikoff.

Washington, Oct. 6.—President McKinley's war investigating commission to-day heard in part its first witness. Major-Gen. Joseph Wheeler told of the operations of the division under his command in Cuba and of his observations and experiences at Camp Wikoff, Montauk Point. The plan of campaign pursued in Cuba, he thought, was preferable to that which had been suggested, of reducing the forts and towns around Santiago by the military forces, against which he protested vigorously in a letter to Gen. Shafter.

Gen. Wheeler admitted that there was a lack of transportation facilities at Santiago, but commended Gen. Shafter for so utilizing what was at hand as to make the campaign a success. In this part of Gen. Wheeler's testimony there cropped out his only criticism of Gen. Shafter. It related to the order of embarkation, which placed his division fourth. Being second in command, and his forces consisting of cavalry, Gen. Wheeler thought it should be first. There was objection to the transports lying off shore so great a distance while the expedition and stores were disembarking. It was difficult to determine who was in command of the transports; they were under the charge of the Quartermaster's division of the army.

The medical division, he said, was fairly well organized; ordnance supplies and rations were promptly furnished. In reply to a direct question from Gov. Beaver, who conducted the examination on behalf of the commission, Gen. Wheeler said that in his observation he saw no omission that ordinary prudence of a commander or foresight of an intelligent head or staff could have obviated. There was no suffering from lack of ordnance or commissary stores; no wounded uncared for and no ambulance of troops; no wormy or mouldy food and no neglect of soldiers.

Gen. Wheeler's testimony regarding matters at Camp Wikoff was not concluded when the commission adjourned for the day, and that will be continued to-morrow. He made a general statement of the condition of things at Wikoff; described what had been done by him as commander, under the President's special direction and order, and approved most heartily of the selection of the site.

Gen. Wheeler admitted that there were cases of wrongdoing, but said that as soon as abuses were discovered he gave orders that stopped them. Out of a hospital population of 10,000 there was less than 300 deaths. Altogether the General said the idea of the camp was splendid and its site and conditions magnificent in view of the results, not a single case of yellow fever having been developed from all those who were brought there sick from a yellow fever country. There was no red tape at Camp Wikoff, Gen. Wheeler said, and no requisitions. All supplies, of which there was an abundance, were granted on application.

Philadelphians, Oct. 4.—Samuel Greenwood, president of the Coatesville National Bank of Coatesville, Pa., was robbed of a valise containing bonds amounting to \$10,000. Mr. Greenwood, who was in the city on business, went into a restaurant and placed the valise on the floor at his side. While eating, some person managed to substitute a valise identical with the one the bank president carried. Mr. Greenwood did not learn of the substitution until he had gone into a broker's office to negotiate for the exchange of the bonds.

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DISORDER AMONG CUBANS.

Many Will Not Work Themselves Nor Let Others Labor.

Santiago de Cuba, Oct. 6.—General Calixto Garcia, his son, Col. Carlos Garcia, and three or four other prominent Cubans, will leave for the interior to endeavor to ally the restless among the Cuban armed forces who is daily becoming more menacing to the peace of the province. The party is supplied with rations by the American Commissary, and it is said by persons whose sources of information are good that Gen. Garcia goes as an American Commissioner.

Gen. Garcia believes that through his great personal influence he can allay the popular clamor against the Americans. His plan is to visit Guantanamo, Jiguani, Gibara, Baracoa, El Coibre and other places where large bodies of Cuban soldiers are congregated, and tell these men of a plan he has decided upon of going to the United States later in the fall to endeavor to induce the Washington Government to secure a Cuban loan sufficiently large to pay them some of the money due them for their three years' service in the field.

Long Live the Flower Queen.

Topelka, Kan., Oct. 4.—Miss Anna Rose, the Flower Queen from Hilo, Hawaii, who has reigned here at the Kansas soldier reunion and fall festival for a week, has completely hypnotized the merchants of this city. Yesterday she received invitations from a score of merchants to come to their stores and select dress patterns, gowns, hats, shoes and other articles of wearing apparel, as souvenirs of American hospitality.

Miss Rose will have to buy several trunks in which to carry to Hawaii these Kansas gifts.

New Training Ships.

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Banker Robbed of \$10,000.

Philadelphia, Oct. 4.—Samuel Greenwood, president of the Coatesville National Bank of Coatesville, Pa., was robbed of a valise containing bonds amounting to \$10,000. Mr. Greenwood, who was in the city on business, went into a restaurant and placed the valise on the floor at his side. While eating, some person managed to substitute a valise identical with the one the bank president carried. Mr. Greenwood did not learn of the substitution until he had gone into a broker's office to negotiate for the exchange of the bonds.

Will Extradite Mrs. Guilford.

Washington, Oct. 6.—Acting on information of the arrest of Dr. Nancy A. Guilford, in London, the Secretary of State has called upon the Governor of the State of Connecticut for the necessary papers upon which to base an application to the British Government for the extradition of the prisoner. A telegram was received from the Governor saying that the necessary documents would be forwarded to Washington at once.

Chicago, Oct. 6.—John Hanan, the millionaire shoe dealer of Brooklyn, has "stepped up to the captain's office" and settled. He has paid over to Mrs. Beulah M. Dutton, a widow who was ensnared in his heart for fourteen years, a sum of money—not the full \$150,000 for which she sued him, but a comfortable lump that will keep the wolf from Mrs. Dutton's door for many a day.

After Alger had refused, Melkiojohn agreed to pay half the cost of 67,000 rolls given to soldiers by the Pension Office Ladies' Relief Association.

THE MARKETS.

Produce.

MILK AND CREAM.

The average price paid for the surplus on the platforms has been 2 3/4¢ qt net to shipper.