

# FREELAND TRIBUNE.

VOL. XI. NO. 11.

FREELAND, PA., MONDAY, AUGUST 8, 1898.

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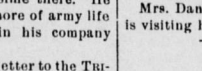
### RAILROAD TIMETABLES

**LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD.**  
May 10, 1898.  
**ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.**  
**LEAVE FREELAND.**  
6:20 a m for Weatherly, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Philadelphia and New York.  
7:40 a m for Sandy Run, White Haven, Wilkes-Barre, Pittston and Scranton.  
8:32 a m for Weatherly, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Philadelphia and New York.  
9:30 a m for Hazleton, Mahanoy City, Shenandoah, Mt. Carmel, Shamokin and Pottsville.  
11:56 a m for Sandy Run, White Haven, Wilkes-Barre, Scranton and all points West.  
4:32 p m for Hazleton, Mahanoy City, Shenandoah, Mt. Carmel, Shamokin and Pottsville.  
6:39 p m for Sandy Run, White Haven, Wilkes-Barre and Scranton.  
6:57 p m for Hazleton, Mahanoy City, Shenandoah, Mt. Carmel and Shamokin.  
**ARRIVE AT FREELAND.**  
7:40 a m from Pottsville, Shamokin, Mt. Carmel, Shenandoah, Mahanoy City and Hazleton.  
9:17 a m from New York, Philadelphia, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk and Weatherly.  
9:30 a m from Scranton, Wilkes-Barre and White Haven.  
11:56 a m from Pottsville, Shamokin, Mt. Carmel, Shenandoah, Mahanoy City and Hazleton.  
4:32 p m from Scranton, Wilkes-Barre and White Haven.  
6:39 p m from New York, Philadelphia, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Pottsville, Shamokin, Mt. Carmel, Shenandoah, Mahanoy City and Hazleton.  
6:57 p m from Scranton, Wilkes-Barre and White Haven.  
8:32 p m from New York, Philadelphia, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk and Weatherly.  
For further information, inquire of Ticket Agents.  
**ROLLIN H. WILBUR,** General Superintendent, C. & N. E. R. R., 20 Cortland Street, New York City.

### WANT ACTIVE SERVICE.

**SOLDIERS AT CAMP THOMAS ARE GETTING DISCOURAGED.**  
They Fear Peace Will Be Declared Before They Are Sent to the Front—Politics the Cause of Unjust Discriminations Against Pennsylvania Troops.  
Chickamauga Park, Georgia, Camp Thomas, August 4, 1898.  
EDITOR TRIBUNE.—I have been told by several of the readers who have written to me here that my last letter to the TRIBUNE proved interesting reading and all hoped for another. I shall now try and make this letter as interesting as the first, and if I should fail to do so you will please remember that it comes from a soldier who is in the volunteer army and has no prospects of going to the front at the present time, for this new order from the war department calling on regiments to go from states which have no representation in active service is not to our liking. We of the First Penna think we are entitled to go and every man in our camp today believes we have been discriminated against.  
When we come to think of the way we have been toyed and played with since leaving Philadelphia on April 28, and jolled along by the officials, it is enough to make our patriotism cool, but I am glad to say it has not yet reached that stage. Every time there has been an order issued from Washington for more troops we were led to believe that the First would surely go, but when we saw regiment after regiment go it was discouraging to officers and men of this command, and now we all think that if Spain accepts the terms of peace we will never leave here.  
**VERY FEW ON THE SICK LIST.**  
Today we are the best equipped, best disciplined and best drilled of any regiment at Camp Thomas and we are also the healthiest regiment in the whole army, having only one-half of one per cent of our men sick, a showing that speaks highly of Lt. Col. Good and Dr. Sparks.  
I was sick for nearly three weeks and am at the present time in the hospital, but I am improving rapidly and hope to soon be back with my company again. Being penned up here in the hospital is no cinch.  
The Ninth Penna is having a hard row to hoe. Over 200 of its men are on the sick list and every day from one to five are sent from the regimental hospital to the division hospital. There has been quite a few deaths among the Ninth's men.  
In the First Penna there has been only one death since we left Philadelphia, whereas other regiments have lost from five to twenty-five from typhoid fever, and when other regiments depart from here they leave behind large numbers of sick men. It makes our boys feel nutritious to think that sickly regiments are thought more of than our own healthy selves.  
This regiment has the best score of any so far at the rifle range. We have made an average of 27 out of a possible 50 and at the match last Saturday the First took first prize hands down.  
**SHOULD BE IN CUBA.**  
You must not think that I am "blowing up" the First, for I am not. I only wish to make it plain to you the way they discriminate against us. We should be by right in Cuba or Porto Rico today. I do not claim we would do better than those who went, but we would do as well. Pennsylvania politics is the cause of the discrimination.  
From all over Camp Thomas come officers and men to see us drill and also to view our evening parade and guard mount. To use their own words we are the best drilled of any regiment here and they consider it a treat to watch our exercises. The evening parade is the closing of our day's work and every man dresses up and looks nice, while the colonel and staff inspect and give orders for the next day. It is the prettiest ceremony of the whole routine of our life here and to miss evening parade is to miss a treat.  
We have a band that the Philadelphia city council sent to us and it is a credit to the city. It is one of the best bands

### BRIEF ITEMS OF NEWS.

**PARAGRAPHS GATHERED FROM ALL PARTS OF THE REGION.**  
**Killed a Man, Then Surrendered.**  
Joseph Caputa, a breaker boss at Hazle Brook, became involved in a quarrel on Friday with Michael Lee and shot and killed the latter. He then came to Freeland and surrendered himself and was taken to the county jail next day.  
The tragedy occurred shortly after noon. The dispute is said to have originated from an error in Lee's time, and not receiving sufficient satisfaction he drew his revolver and tried to shoot Caputa. The boss also drew his weapon, and before his opponent harmed him he shot Lee dead. Both men are Italians.  
After the shooting Caputa came to Freeland, where he explained the circumstances to some of his countrymen. Upon their advice he engaged Attorney Brown, then sought a justice to commit him. This was done by Squire Shovlin, and he was placed in the lockup. At noon on Saturday he was taken to Wilkes-Barre.  
Deputy Coroner Bowman has empaneled Dr. Sherman, Dr. Koons, John Brill, E. Engle, Harry Mayer and Frank Borie to hold an inquest on Lee's body.  
**Republican Candidates Registered.**  
The following Republican candidates for county officers have registered with the chairman, Reese Lloyd, so as to be included in the call for the county convention which is to be held August 23.  
Congress—Hon. Morgan B. Williams. Sheriff—Charles F. Swallow, Kingston; Robert W. Williams, Wilkes-Barre; James C. Harvey, Hazleton; C. R. Stauffer, Shickshinny.  
Recorder—L. P. Holcomb, West Pittston; Philip Richards, Nanticoke; Samuel Hooper, Plains; Samuel Powell, Nanticoke.  
Controller—J. D. Lloyd, Wyoming; Charles L. Wilde, Hazleton.  
Coroner—Frank L. McKee, Plymouth; J. P. Biehl, Plymouth; P. W. Meek, Nanticoke.  
Surveyor—N. B. Rutter, Wilkes-Barre.  
Wednesday was the last day in which candidates could get their names in the call, but they are eligible if they register within five days of the date fixed for the convention.  
**John W. Jones' Death.**  
John J. Rowland, of Holmsville, near Mahanoy City, has written a letter home from Santiago, where he is stationed with the Twelfth United States Infantry. He took part in the fight before Santiago and says that among the men killed was a young man named Jones, of Hazleton. He does not remember his first name, but seems to be positive that the dead soldier formerly resided in this city. Inquiries made yesterday failed to elicit any information concerning the dead man and it is just possible that Mr. Rowland is mistaken.—Pain Speaker.  
The dead soldier was John W. Jones, of Upper Lehigh, who was a quartermaster-sergeant in the Seventh regular infantry. His death was fully reported in the TRIBUNE a few days after the battle at Santiago.  
**Butler Teachers Appointed.**  
Butler township school board appointed the following teachers on Friday evening:  
Drums—W. O. Bierly, Maggie Andrews, Laura Smith.  
Third district—Annie Lindsay.  
Fourth district—Nora Drum, St. Johns—Mr. Ritter.  
Mill Hollow—Mr. Cunius.  
Honey Hole—I. Alorton.  
Upper Lehigh—Gertrude Mauo, May Roth.  
Hillside—Annie Root.  
Eleventh district—Annie Straw.  
**Escaped Being Drowned.**  
From the White Haven Journal.  
A number of young ladies and gentlemen of Freeland enjoyed a fishing trip to the Ice Lake Wednesday. A young lady of the party was unfortunately enough to fall in the lake. One of the young men jumped in to rescue her when it was found that he could not swim. The young lady was rescued after having five of their number in the water.  
**Everybody Says So.**  
Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, acting gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. today; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.  
**Reduced Rates to Omaha.**  
Trans-Mississippi and International Exposition, Omaha, Nebraska. Reduced rate tickets on sale June 10 to October 13, via Lehigh Valley Railroad, to Kansas City. Inquire of ticket agents for particulars.  
Ladies, don't fail to see those fancy 25c skirts at A. Oswald's. He sells lots of them and they are dandies.  
A. Oswald sells three bars of grand-ma's butter milk soap for the small sum of 5c.  
**CASTORIA.**  
The Kind You Have Always Bought  
Bears the Signature of  
  
**Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy**  
CURES ALL KIDNEY, STOMACH AND LIVER TROUBLES.


### WATER SCARCE, FRUIT PLENTIFUL.

We have had no water since the first of July. Our well was condemned on that date and since then we have hauled our water in barrels from Crawfish springs, a distance of seven and one-half miles. Four barrels are allowed to each company and we never have any to spare.  
Our food has improved a little in quality and quantity, but as yet we don't receive enough to satisfy me. If it were not for the choopness of fruit many of the boys would often go hungry to bed. This is one of the finest places in the South for fruit-raising and the farmers are reaping a harvest. The water-melon crop is now in its height here and the largest melons sell for 5 cents apiece, while the kind that reach Freeland go begging for buyers at 2 and 3 cents.  
I have just been told that the officers are sending the men about going to the Philippines to do provost duty. The boys will go anywhere to get out of here—Cuba, Klondike, Patagonia or any old place. They say we can go with the 50,000 men who are wanted in the Philippines if the officers only ask for the assignment.  
The Fifth Illinois have at last got away from this camp and are en route to Porto Rico. This was a regiment that had been toyed with and jolled along like us, and I think it would be in order for the First to do the same as they did, that is, raise Cain; then we might be sent to the front.  
**A WONDERFUL BLACK PILL.**  
We have a good hospital corps attached to this regiment. When a fellow wants to get out of a hard drill or march in charge generally knows what ails him, and if he isn't sick he soon becomes so, for the dose he gets makes him think of home and mother and never again does he try to avoid a drill or other duty.  
Much has been said and written about the black pill they give us. That black army pill cures all diseases from toe-ache to tooth-ache. Like some of "Doe" Grover's patent medicines it is good for all the ills the flesh is heir to, and if a new complaint was discovered tomorrow the black pill would be the first cure tried by the doctors here.  
The mule question is still worrying our regiment. We have not half a dozen drivers who understand the peculiarities of the average mule, and to see them trying to coax or cajole a balky lad is a sight worth a dozen minstrel shows. I am satisfied that no one but a miner knows anything about mules, and if I were given a few weeks' furlough I would bring down some Freeland boys to teach these clerks and counter-jumpers how to handle this noble animal.  
**THIS IS OUR PAY-DAY.**  
It is pay-day here today and for a few days the camp will be quite lively. The boys have a good time while their money lasts, which is not very long, for in buying enough to eat our wages soon disappear.  
The canteen, or beer saloon, of our regiment has been closed by Chaplain Brady. Much has been said about the army canteen being a bad thing for the soldier, but the men as a rule favor it. I saw Sime Nouburger and Jim Davis, both from Freeland, the day before I was taken sick. I have not since heard from them but I suppose both are well. Sime was detailed as orderly for Colonel C. Bow Dougherty. It is an honor much sought after by privates and I am glad to see Sime there. He will learn a great deal more of army life in that position than in his company street.  
 Hoping that my next letter to the TRIBUNE will be from Porto Rico, I am, Yours respectfully, C. F. Haganey, Company A, First Penna's Inftry, Chickamauga Park, Lytle, Ga.


### HARD COAL ON WARSHIPS.

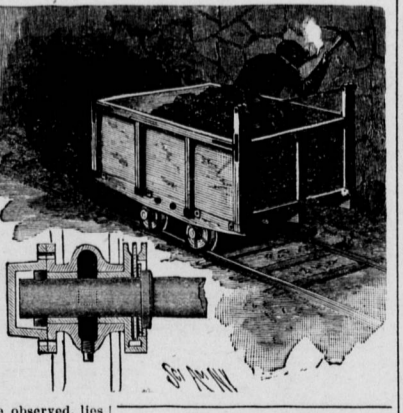
**ANTHRACITE OPERATORS CALL FOR TESTS BY THE NAVY.**  
**Our Product is Smokeless, Gives More Knots Per Ton, Is Free from Danger of Fire by Spontaneous Combustion and Should Be Given a Fair Trial.**  
The Anthracite Coal Operators' Association, in the advance proofs of its August letter, presents some strong arguments why the navy department, in view of the building of new battleships and cruisers, should make some thorough and exhaustive tests of anthracite coal with a view to its use as fuel on these vessels. It is contended that no such thorough tests have been made, and of the numerous tests reported by the bureau of equipment to have been made with bituminous coal from 1893 to 1896 there was but one test of foreign anthracite and two of Pennsylvania anthracite; and that such anthracite as has been used was burned by men wholly unaccustomed to its use, and in grades designed especially for soft coal.  
"As a matter of fact," says the letter, "the United States ship Atlanta made the following report:  
Character of per ton smoke. of coal  
Reading anthracite..... Smokeless..... 6.7  
Bituminous..... Black and dirty..... 3.6  
Standard Bureka..... Black and dirty..... 3.7  
Cocoahontas..... Large quantity, dark brown..... 4.6  
Standard Bureka..... Large quantity, black & Rk Garden (Big Vein)..... Large quantity, dark brown..... 4.2  
"Further, the United States ship Alert, using anthracite lump coal which had been stored for fourteen years at Pichillimu Bay, Lower California, secured results of 3.77 pounds consumed per horse power per hour, as against an average of 4.21 pounds from the various soft coals reported. Bituminous coal stored for that period would be valueless as fuel, whereas this anthracite gave better results than the freshly-mined soft coals used.  
**OBJECTIONS SUMMARIZED.**  
"The main objections which the department raises against hard coal have been briefly summarized, as follows:  
"1. The slower rate of combustion of anthracite coal with natural draft, thus involving greater weight and space for boilers to give the same power.  
"2. Practical impossibility of procuring anthracite except on our own Atlantic coast so that bituminous coal would have to be used elsewhere.  
"3. Greater length of time required to change the condition of the fire from slow to rapid production of steam with anthracite than with bituminous coal.  
"The first and third objections are largely based on theory, since there have not been sufficient tests to prove them. The second objection is good, and is also a decided point in favor of anthracite. It might be found too costly to transport hard coal to our coaling stations in the Pacific, though if this were done the coal would keep indefinitely, and be of little value to ships of other nations unaccustomed to burning it. But in operations along the Atlantic seaboard our vessels would have a smokeless fuel which others could not secure, and would, in this, have as decided an advantage as when one side used a smokeless powder.  
"There is the best of ground, both in theory and from the practical experience of those who have used both fuels, for asserting that, with grades properly arranged to secure the best results from anthracite, and experience in burning it, even more satisfactory results can be obtained than with the soft coal which is now used.  
**ADVANTAGES OF SMOKELESS COAL.**  
"It is open to question whether the slower rate of combustion in anthracite would necessitate a larger boiler. More grate surface would undoubtedly be necessary, as also that, in some boilers there should be less space between the grate and boiler, but it should be remembered that this very condition, while not essential with selected soft coals, would prove highly advantageous when using the poorer grades of that fuel.  
"In scouting duty and in battle, a smokeless fuel must have important advantages over one which produces large volumes of black smoke. Otherwise, why is smokeless powder so important and why are the fire-room forces on naval vessels trained to use every precaution against the excessive production of smoke? And again, is a fuel not worth considering which absolutely avoids one of the great internal dangers on board men-of-war—spontaneous combustion? In the recent naval maneuvers this has been a constant source of worry and watchfulness. In view of its own small experience with the fuel and the manifest advantages which it offers, it would seem highly desirable the navy department would, for its own information, institute a series of tests of the various kinds of anthracite, with a view to settling beyond dispute the question of its value in naval operations."  
**To Cure Constipation Forever.**  
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic, 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

### DR. N. MALEY, DENTIST.

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**LIBOR WINTER, Eating House and Oyster Saloon.**  
No. 13 Front Street, Freeland. Temperance drinks, cigars, etc. Families supplied with oysters direct from the shore.  
**FRANCIS BRENNAN, RESTAURANT**  
151 Centre street, Freeland. FINEST LIQUOR, BEER, PORTER, CIGARS AND SOFT DRINKS.  
**GEORGE FISHER,** dealer in FRESH BEEF, PORK, VEAL, MUTTON, BOLOGNA, SMOKED MEATS, ETC., ETC.  
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**VERY LOWEST PRICES.**  
**Condy O. Boyle,** dealer in Liquor, Wine, Beer, Porter, Etc.  
The finest brands of Domestic and Imported Whiskey on sale in one of the handiest saloons in town. Fresh Rochester and Shenandoah Beer and Yeungling's Porter on tap. 98 Centre street.  
**T. CAMPBELL,** dealer in **Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots and Shoes.**  
Also **PURE WINES & LIQUORS** FOR FAMILY AND MEDICINAL PURPOSES. Centre and Main streets, Freeland.  
**Dry Goods, Groceries and Provisions.**  
**HATS** HATS  
  
A celebrated brand of XX flour always in stock.  
**Roll Butter and Eggs a Specialty.**  
**AMANDUS OSWALD,** N. W. Cor. Centre and Front Sts., Freeland.

### CHAS. ORION STROH, Attorney and Counselor at Law and Notary Public.

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**GEORGE McLAUGHLIN,** Attorney-at-Law. Legal Business of Any Description. Hadesty's Building, So. Centre St., Freeland.  
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enabled to be used without waste."