

RAILROAD TIMETABLES

LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD. June 13, 1897.

ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

LEAVE FREELAND.

6:55, 8:45, 9:35 a. m., 1:40, 3:34, 3:50, 5:25, 6:10, 7:07 p. m., for Drifton, Jedd, Foundry, Hazle Brook and Lumber Yard.

ARRIVE AT FREELAND.

5:50, 7:28, 9:28, 10:51, 11:54 a. m., 12:28, 2:30, 3:56, 5:33, 6:01, 7:03 p. m., from Lumber Yard, Hazle Brook, Foundry, Jedd and Drifton.

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ROYAL BAKING POWDER. Absolutely Pure.

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness.

Freeland Tribune. Established 1893.

Published every Monday and Thursday.

Freeland Printing Company, Limited.

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From the Philadelphia Record.

Possibly the pettiest act of the present legislature is the law just past and approved to impose a tax of three cents a day on all employed unaturalized foreigners in Pennsylvania.

It is estimated by the advocates of this tax that it will yield a revenue of \$1,000,000, or quite as much as was anticipated from the tax on the direct inheritances from the wealthy.

Whilst this estimate is an unconscious tribute to the industry of the foreign-born inhabitants of Pennsylvania who have not yet become naturalized, it is grossly absurd.

To obtain the estimated amount of revenue from this tax it would require a little more than 100,000 unaturalized foreigners to work 300 days in the year.

Although the census makes no return of naturalized and unaturalized inhabitants of foreign birth, it is not probable that the half of 100,000 unaturalized foreigners are engaged in a daily labor upon which this tax could be imposed and collected.

Nor is it possible that the half of this half work anything like 300 days in the year. The average of the yearly labor in the mines and mills in which unaturalized foreigners are employed for the most part is considerably below this figure.

In the mines it hardly amounts to the half of three hundred days in the year.

Instead of \$1,000,000 of revenue from this tax upon labor, it is not likely to yield a twentieth part of the sum, with the utmost vigilance in nosing out foreign-born laborers who have not taken out naturalization papers.

Few employers will busy themselves to collect so odious a tax; and of the few who shall do so some will be very apt to forget to return the money to the state treasury.

Apart from the meanness of the thing, the revenue to be obtained from it will not pay the cost of collection.

But aside from the precarious revenue, what is the object of this hateful taxation? It is for the purpose of forcing unaturalized foreigners to become citizens, and thus to bring a greater pressure of foreign ignorance to bear upon the ballot-box in Pennsylvania?

Whilst the Republicans in congress busy themselves with immigration laws to exclude illiterate foreigners on the ground of their unfitness for citizenship, the Republicans of the Pennsylvania legislature force this same class of foreigners into citizenship by imposing a tax on their daily labor.

It is difficult to reconcile such a conflict in legislation by the same party on any reasonable theory. The Republicans of Pennsylvania manifestly have none of the apprehensions of their brethren elsewhere concerning the evil political effects of foreign illiteracy or they would not seek to tax ignorant foreign-born inhabitants into citizenship.

Are there not enough "assisted" Republican voters in this state, and is the tax designed for the purpose of adding a few thousand more with a view to future contingencies? In whatever light this tax may be placed, it is a most contemptible and repulsive measure, entirely worthy of the legislative body from which it has emanated.

The Philadelphia Press announces that Senator Quay has ordered the state legislature to double the retail liquor license in boroughs, townships and unclassified cities, to help produce sufficient revenue for the state.

If this is true, Freeland dealers will have to pay \$300 a year for the privilege, of which \$150 will go to the state.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Wednesday, June 16.

In the United States senate the sugar schedule of the tariff bill was completed, the rates on sugar submitted by the finance committee being agreed upon.

Mr. Pettigrew's antitrust amendment was defeated by a vote of 35 to 32.

The trial of the Tobacco trust directors for conspiracy opened in New York. Joseph Park, the millionaire grocer, told how the trust had forced him to return goods bought of a rival tobacco company.

A committee of prominent New York business men went to Washington to try to prevent the confirmation of William Brewster, a colored man, as minister to Haiti.

Dr. George F. Edwards, a graduate of Princeton, who returned to the university to die, left the bulk of his fortune of \$150,000 to the institution.

The heirs of Joseph Richardson, who recently died in New York under the inheritance tax law, may have a \$200,000 suit against the state treasury.

General Miles and Admiral Miller, representatives of the American army and navy at the jubilee, were guests at a dinner given by Whitelaw Reid, our special envoy to the jubilee.

The trial of John S. Shriver, a New York newspaper correspondent, for refusing to testify before the senate sugar investigating committee, was begun at Washington.

The steam yacht Valiant, with her owner, Mr. William K. Vanderbilt, and a party of friends on board, bound for Southampton, sailed from New York. They go to England to attend the queen's jubilee.

The British steamer Sultan, with a large number of Mecca pilgrims on board, has foundered near the island of Socotra. Ten natives were drowned.

President McKinley has declined an invitation of the San Francisco chamber of commerce to visit California this summer, owing to the press of official duties.

A child of Martin Colby fell into the water at Jamestown, N. Y., and Mrs. Edith Martin saw the child. She hastened to the rescue, but before she reached the spot she fell dead. The child was rescued.

Thursday, June 17.

A treaty for the annexation of Hawaii to the United States was signed at the state department in Washington by Secretary Sherman and the Hawaiian commissioners, and was sent to the senate by President McKinley.

Rapid progress was made on the tariff bill in the senate, the agricultural schedule being finished.

President McKinley nominated General Stewart L. Woodford of New York to be minister to Spain.

Princeton university conferred the degree of doctor of laws on ex-President Cleveland, who was present at the commencement exercises in gown and mortarboard.

Elsie M. Sand, 25 years old, committed suicide on Chrystie street, New York, by taking carbolic acid.

It is reported that special treasury agents who have been making an investigation will recommend that all personal effects of returning American tourists be declared dutiable.

Patrick Gallagher, owner of a stone crusher at Alpine, N. J., had a pitched battle with his workmen, in which guns, pistols and revolvers were used.

He won, and no one was hurt. Mayor Strong is announced as a candidate for nomination for mayor of the Greater New York.

The battleship Iowa was placed in commission at the League Island navy yard.

The Rev. John Hall of New York, in an open letter, said Miss Connel had resolved neither to write nor speak to Ensign Stone again and had so informed him before sailing to Europe.

The hearing of Senor de Resquesnes and his fiancée, Eugenie Reinens, charged with conspiracy to overthrow the government of Costa Rica, largely by means of counterfeit notes, was begun in New York.

Captain F. R. Winn, reported killed in Cuba while defending a hospital, arrived in New York.

Dan Noble, the notorious bank burglar, was arrested as an escaped convict from Auburn prison with four years to serve. He has been living in New York for more than a year.

Friday, June 18.

In the United States senate greater progress was made on the tariff bill than on any previous day since the debate began, the spirits and cotton schedules being finished.

In the house no business of importance was transacted, and an adjournment until Monday was taken.

Ex-Queen Liliuokalani ordered a protest against the proposed annexation of Hawaii to the United States.

The Queens county grand jury indicted Mayor Gleason of Long Island City on the charge of having assaulted ex-Alderman John P. Madden.

Queen Victoria arrived at Windsor. There is abundant evidence that her health is good and her eyesight not affected.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Washington, June 22, 1897.

The sugar trust is playing a shrewd tariff game to get what it wants while pretending to the contrary, and it is bound to win.

The original Dingley sugar schedule, which gives the trust an increase of 4 cents on each hundred pounds over what is now received on ninety-six degree sugar, is all the trust expected to get from the beginning.

In the first senate schedule, the increase was made 9 cents, and in the schedule which was last week adopted by the senate, the increase was put at 10 cents a hundred pounds.

When the bill goes to conference, the house will insist upon its sugar schedule being adopted with the chances in favor of succeeding.

Then it will be announced that a great flourish of trumpets by Republicans that the sugar trust has been knocked out, while the members of the trust will chuckle over having got as much as they expected to get, besides having made a lot of money by speculating in sugar stock while the several schedules were pending.

That's the game. It will probably be the middle of July or later, before the country is allowed to learn officially what the McKinley Cuban policy is to be, as it is now stated that the new policy is to be inaugurated by negotiations to be opened by General Stewart L. Woodford, the new minister to Spain, as soon as he arrives at Madrid, and he does not expect to start until after the first of July.

If there is any truth in the current talk, Mr. McKinley's policy will be more popular in Spain than Cuba.

Senator Morgan continues to take an occasional shot at Czar Reed's idlers. His latest was a pointed reference to a "legislative body that used to sit at the national capitol, about 200 feet from us."

He added that the members of this body were now men of leisure, meeting only twice a week, in accordance with a rule of their own adoption and in defiance of the constitution.

F. Wolf, president of an iron ship-building company, at Portland, Oregon, who is now in Washington, says of the political situation in his section: "If an election were held now for president, the whole Pacific slope would vote for Bryan over any man the Republicans could name. It was a hard struggle to hold Oregon in line last year, but today it would be impossible."

There was some talk of a caucus of Democratic senators to adopt a resolution to oppose ratification of the treaty for the annexation of Hawaii, but so many Democratic senators have said that they would not be bound by any caucus, because they intend voting for the treaty, that the idea has been abandoned.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

FOSTER TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT

for year ending June 7, 1897.

Thos. Brown, tax collector.

DR.

To amount of duplicate.....\$11,878 49

CR.

By amount paid treasurer first 60 days.....\$ 7,000 14

Rebate on \$7,518.95, first 60 days' collections..... 375 95

Commission on \$7,143.00..... 142 86

Commissioners' abatements..... 189 44

Exonerations (personal)..... 1,213 42

Seated land returned..... 284 00

Paid after 60 days..... 2,441 72

Commission on \$2,672.68, collections after first 60 days..... 133 63

By balance due treasurer..... 97 33

\$11,878 49

Statement of George W. Meneely, treasurer.

DR.

To amount received from ex-treasurer.....\$ 13 80

From Thos. Brown 1895-96..... 108 00

Unsettled land tax..... 400 00

Election rent, county commissioners..... 100 00

State appropriation..... 8,727 19

Loan from John M. Carr..... 400 00

Sale of school house, Oley valley..... 12 00

From Thos. Brown, collector..... 9,441 86

\$19,208 85

CR.

By fuel and contingencies.....\$ 578 57

Books and supplies..... 1,151 28

Building and repairing..... 992 80

Cleaning school..... 249 84

Printing..... 74 85

Freight..... 11 45

Attending county institute..... 250 00

Night schools..... 357 50

Secretary's salary..... 320 00

Superintendent's salary, bus..... 1,000 00

White Haven tuition..... 30 50

Hough's note and interest..... 1,368 87

Teachers' salaries..... 9,800 00

Orders of 1895-96..... 2,650 27

Treasurer's commission..... 376 32

Balance in bank..... 16 60

\$19,208 85

LIABILITIES.

Orders outstanding and unpaid.....\$ 123 12

Loan from J. M. Carr..... 400 00

Due auditors..... 27 00

\$550 12

RESOURCES.

Due from collector.....\$ 97 33

Balance in bank..... 16 60

\$113 93

Liabilities in excess of resources..... \$436 19

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