

# HARRISON IS ELECTED

## DEMOCRATS CARRY CHICAGO IN THE MUNICIPAL ELECTION.

Republicans Win in St. Louis, but Their Opponents Gain Elsewhere in Missouri. Results of Spring Elections in Ohio, Michigan and Wisconsin.

Chicago, April 7.—The majority election resulted in a decisive victory for the Democratic party, its candidate, Carter Harrison, having more votes than all the other candidates combined. The figures gave Sears (Rep.), 60,093; Harrison (Dem.), 148,000; Harlan (Ind.) 72,000 and Hesing (Ind.) 18,000.

The feature of the election was the strength shown by Harlan. He ran second to Harrison, and although an independent with no organization behind him he secured more votes than the regular Republican candidate, Judge Nathaniel Sears. One thing that the vote for Hesing was largely from the Germans and came from both parties. He was the nominee of the gold Democrats, although he went before the people on a business man's platform. The Democrats had an excellent organization, their candidates were well liked and as the Republicans were hopelessly split the result was never much in doubt, although Harlan, Sears and Hesing all claimed that they could not be beaten.

The leaders of the Republican organization were not quite as hopeful as they claimed to be, and it is claimed on excellent authority that Sears was quietly traded for Roy O. West, the Republican candidate for city attorney. The campaign was fought for the most part on strictly local issues, although the Democrats had a silver plank in their platform.

Carter Harrison is the son of late Mayor Harrison, who was assassinated during the closing days of the World's fair. The popularity of his father was an immense advantage to the mayor-elect in his campaign, and he contributed to the victory of yesterday. Mr. Harrison is 37 years old and has never before held a political office. He was educated at Heidelberg and Yale. During the greater part of his business career he has been associated in the real estate business with his brother, Preston Harrison, but was business manager of the Chicago Times for many years. For years the Harrison family owned that paper.

## Democrats Gain in Ohio.

Cincinnati, April 6.—The election in Cincinnati yesterday was for mayor and other city officers and members of the board of legislation. The Republican ticket was headed by Levi C. Goodale for mayor, and the Democratic ticket by Gustave Tafel, the latter being elected by a plurality of 7,320, while the city gave McKinley a plurality of almost 20,000 last November, and Caldwell, Republican, for mayor three years ago, a plurality of 6,750.

Although local issues controlled most of the municipal elections, yet the general results throughout Ohio show Democratic gains along the lake shore, the river counties and in the interior counties.

Reports from Canton indicate that the city is Democratic by 500 majority. It gave McKinley a majority of 682. Several hundred women voted for school board members.

## Election in Michigan.

Detroit, April 6.—Returns from the state indicate the re-election of Judge Charles D. Long, Republican, as justice of the supreme court and the defeat of George L. Yapple, fusion candidate. Charles D. Lawton and William J. Crocker, Republican candidates for agents of the University of Michigan, were also elected. The vote in light and the free silver sentiment was shown in several of the cities more strongly than in the November election. This appears to have been especially true in the southern tier of counties. In a few cases, on the votes for city officers, Republican majorities of last fall were turned into fusion victories.

A. C. Maybury, the Democratic candidate, was elected mayor by about 1,000 majority over Captain Albert E. Stewart, the Republican. Maybury's election is looked upon as a decided defeat for Governor Pingree, who practically named Stewart as his successor in the mayor's office after the courts had overruled the governor's contention that he could hold the offices of governor and mayor both.

## Judicial Election in Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, April 7.—The election in Milwaukee was for judges of the superior and county courts and for associate justice of the supreme court. J. E. Mann, a Democrat, is re-elected county judge, and G. R. Sutherland, a Republican, is elected superior judge. The total vote in the city was 49,695 against 60,000 in November. There was no opposition to Marshall for the supreme bench. Municipal elections were held in the cities of the state, but party lines were not closely drawn, and the varied results have little political significance.

## Republicans Win in St. Louis.

St. Louis, April 7.—The Republicans carried the city, their majority candidate, Henry Zeigler, being elected by a plurality which will probably be 14,000. With the exception of two members of the house of delegates the entire Republican ticket went through. Zeigler polled about the normal Republican vote. The Democrats were badly split and lost votes to the Republicans. Incomplete returns from the state show Democrats in a majority. The silver question has entered largely into the contest.

## City Election in Denver.

Denver, April 7.—The majority contest was a warm one. It was a victory for the present incumbent, Thomas McMurray, a silver Republican, who was running on an independent ticket against a Democrat and a straight Republican. His plurality was between 4,000 and 5,000.

# TERRIBLE DEVASTATION.

## The Waters Still Continue to Spread Devastation in the South and West.

Fargo, N. D., April 7.—The situation is appalling. While the Red river rose only three inches the big Coulee west of the city took a second spurt and went up 14 inches, flooding the entire west side of town and driving hundreds of people from their homes. The water reaches down to Eighth street from Sixteenth street and as far south of the Northern Pacific tracks as the eye can reach. It is a populous resident district and the effect of the flood is most forcibly felt.

All that part of the city south of Front street is inundated. Six blocks of Eighth street have gone out this morning, and the flood from the west side of town is so high that paving on West Front street is going out rapidly. Sidewalks are all afloat and are being used as rafts upon which families are moving to dry land.

All along Front street the water is within a few inches of the floors of the principal business houses, and a rise of another foot would practically put the entire city afloat. All bridges are condemned, except the Great Northern which is a steel bridge put in last spring.

The waterworks at Reserve station were compelled to shut down, and pumps were started up and are doing all in their power to supply the city. There is much suffering among the poor families who have been practically destitute all winter, and this last blow is most serious. A relief committee operated jointly by the city council and county commissioners established headquarters and will take care of the poor. It snowed yesterday for two hours. Sections of the city that no one ever dreamed could be reached by flood are now under water, and Broadway practically is the only dry spot in town.

## Flood in the Yazoo Country.

Greenville, Miss., April 7.—The backwater is rising slowly in town. The water in the Boguephalia and Deer creeks section is higher than in 1890. A slight caving of the river banks above Greenville is reported. Work on all the levees is being prosecuted with the utmost vigor. All abandoned men desiring work are getting it. As the water is yet to come, there is unrest, doubt and uncertainty. The situation in the Yazoo-Mississippi delta valley is growing daily more desperate. The community is confronted with a calamity the like of which has not yet been written in the history of floods. Fully 700 towns are today under water and many are surrounded and cut off. There is no cessation of the constant inpour of flood water into the Yazoo valley from the five rivers hourly deluging the country.

## Missouri Rising Again.

St. Joseph, Mo., April 7.—The Missouri river is rising rapidly again, having risen 13 inches in the last 24 hours. The river is now 10 feet above low water mark, and indications are that it will continue to rise. Superintendent Hobly of the Kansas City, St. Joe and Council Bluffs railroad, with a large force of men, is stationed on the river where the Burlington tracks are, and hope to prevent a repetition of the flood of several counties, when hundreds of yards of track went into the river.

## DUPES LOST MILLIONS.

Many Victims of the Collapse of a Scheme to Get Rich Quick.

New York, April 6.—The Herald this morning has the following: The sheriff is in possession of the offices of the E. S. Dean company, at 35 Broadway. The men, who said they were bankers and brokers, under that title could not be found yesterday, nor could any assets be discovered, although the amounts the concern obtained from small investors by cunning advertisements are said to aggregate millions of dollars.

There is revealed a most gigantic and far-reaching combination of bankers and brokers or bucket shop operators whose net work covers almost the entire country and which has reduced to a fine art the trick of obtaining money from small investors to be used in alleged speculations. It was Deputy Sheriff Henry Lepskey who yesterday took possession of the E. S. Dean company upon an attachment obtained by Theodore B. Thompson, who brought action to recover \$1,965.42 from the concern. He found little to seize.

There were some articles of inferior furniture, a safe, some books and papers and literature of a character to invite investors. Yet the concern was incorporated under the laws of New Jersey with a nominal capital of \$1,000,000, of which \$10,000 was alleged to have been paid in. What losses the confiding "lamb" throughout the country will sustain are variously estimated, some persons familiar with the receipts of the Dean company placing them as high as \$5,000,000.

This has culminated one of the most phenomenal demonstrations of the gullibility of small capitalists within the last decade. Working upon theories similar to those which sent Ferdinand Ward and his aiders and abettors to Sing Sing, these men chose to find their victims among persons who had but little and apparently took their unfortunate victims' all.

## Indianapolis Dupes Lose \$300,000.

Indianapolis, April 7.—The E. S. Dean company maintained an office in this city. Within an hour after the patrons of the concern saw in the papers that the company had failed several hundred investors surrounded the office. The following notice was tacked on the door: "Office closed, agent gone, to New York. New York office closed." The agent was Miss M. E. Massey. The company is said to have taken at least \$300,000 out of this city alone.

## Forest Fires in Pennsylvania.

Williamsport, Pa., April 3.—Forest fires are doing great damage in this and adjoining counties. At Beech Creek, Clinton county, men and women turned out to save the town from an advancing column of flame. The mountains in the vicinity of Renovo are ablaze. At Antes Fort farmers and citizens are out in force to prevent the flames from reaching the town.

## Zanzibar Frees Her Slaves.

Zanzibar, April 7.—The sultan of Zanzibar has issued a decree abolishing slavery. The government will pay compensation for all slaves legally held. If Zanzibar is unable to meet the full expense, it is believed that the imperial government will assist.

# EMBASSADORS NAMED

## ANDREW D. WHITE GOES TO GERMANY, GENERAL DRAPER TO ITALY.

Charlesiegna Tower Gets the Mission to Austria-Hungary, Frank W. Palmer Will Be Public Printer and Benjamin Butterworth For Pension Commissioner.

Washington, April 7.—The president has sent to the senate the following nominations: Ambassador to Germany—Andrew D. White of New York. Ambassador to Italy—William F. Draper of Massachusetts. Secretary of Embassy at Rome—Chandler Hale of Maine. Commissioner of Patents—Benjamin Butterworth of Ohio. Consul at Fuchau, China—Samuel L. Gracey of Massachusetts.

Assistant Secretary of the Interior—Thomas Ryan of Kansas. Commissioner of Pensions—Henry Clay Evans of Tennessee. Assistant Secretaries of the Treasury—Oliver L. Spaulding of Michigan and William B. Howell of New Jersey. Minister to Japan—A. E. Buck of Georgia.

Consul at Liverpool—James Boyle of Ohio. Secretary of Legation at City of Mexico—F. R. McCreery of Michigan. Appraiser of Merchandise at Philadelphia Custom House—Linn Hartranft of Pennsylvania.

United States Marshal For the District of New Jersey—T. J. Abbott of New Jersey. Assistant Secretary of the Navy—Theodore Roosevelt of New York.

Andrew D. White. Andrew D. White is the distinguished educator. He was the first president of Cornell university, a post he held for many years. He is a native of New York, having been born at Homer, in this state, in November, 1832. He is of New England parentage and also a graduate of Yale university. He was president of the Republican state convention of New York in October, 1861.

General Draper was born in Lowell, Mass., and was educated in the public schools. After working a few years in a cotton mill he enlisted as a private in the war, and was continuously promoted for various services to the rank of brevet brigadier general, which he held in the army of the Potomac. Returning from the front, he joined his father in business, and has since occupied a prominent position as a manufacturer, being the president or director of a great number of railroad and manufacturing companies. He was a delegate to the Republican convention which nominated President Hayes and presidential elector at large on the Republican ticket in 1888. He is a member of many prominent clubs and of the Loyal Legion.



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Theodore Roosevelt. Mr. Roosevelt's political career may be said to have begun with his election to the New York state legislature in 1882. He was re-elected in 1883 and became the Republican leader of the house. In 1884 he was in the famous legislative committee of that year that set out to investigate the abuses of New York officials. A task which was largely left for the Lexow committee to finish. In 1884 Mr. Roosevelt was a delegate at large to the Republican national convention and in this and out and Blaine man. In 1886 he was the

Commercial Travelers' League. Rochester, April 6.—About 50 commercial travelers representing all parts of the United States have formed in this city a national league in the interest of commercial travelers, its object being to secure special hotel and railway rates and other concessions of advantage to members from a pecuniary standpoint. The association will be named the Commercial Travelers' National league.

Lives Lost in a Steamboat Disaster. Birmingham, Ala., April 3.—The second steamboat disaster on the Chattahoochee river within two days occurred near Columbia, Ala., resulting in the sinking of the Queen line steamer Griggs. Five lives are known to have been lost. Four persons are missing. It is feared they were also drowned.

General Markets. New York, April 6.—FLOUR—State and western dull and lower to sell; city mills patents, \$4.70@4.80; winter patents, \$4.50@4.75; city mills, 40 lbs., \$4.70@4.85; winter straights, \$4.10@4.25.

WHEAT—No. 2 red dull and weak this morning in consequence of lower cables and favorable crop news; May, 75@75 1/2; July, 74 1/2@74 3/4.

CORN—No. 2 dull and easy; May, 20 1/2; July, 20 1/2.

OATS—No. 2 neglected; track, white, state, 23 1/2; track, white, western, 23 1/2.

PORK—Weak; mess, \$9 1/2@9 3/4; family, \$9 7/8@10.

LARD—Inactive; prime western steam, \$4.30; inferior, 36 lbs., 7 1/2; refined quiet; crushed, 5 1/2; powdered, 5 1/2.

BUTTER—Dull; state dairy, 14 1/2@15; state creamery, 16@17.

CHEESE—Quiet; state, large, 9 1/2@10; small, 9@9 1/2.

EGGS—Steady; state and Pennsylvania, 9 1/2@10; western, 9 1/2@9 3/4.

SUGAR—Raw steady; fair refining, 3 1/2; centrifugal, 96 lbs., 7 1/2; refined quiet; crushed, 5 1/2; powdered, 5 1/2.

TURPENTINE—Steady at 30 1/2@30 3/4.

MOLASSES—Firm; New Orleans, \$2 1/2@3.

COFFEE—Firm; domestic, 4 1/2@4 3/4; Japan, 4 1/2@4 3/4.

TALLOW—Quiet; city, 3 1/2; country, 3 1/2.

HAY—Steady; shipping, 50@51 1/2; good to choice, 75@76.

THE ADAMIRAL HAS DIED ENOUGH. Khabia, Island of Crete, April 7.—Admiral Canavaro has asked the Italian government to relieve him of his command, and the Marquis de Rudini has replied that in the event of a blockade of the Greek ports the admiral's request will be granted.

# HELLENES IMPATIENT.

## The Greek Soldiers in Thessaly Eager For the Fray.

Larissa, Thessaly, April 7.—The celebration of the anniversary of Greek independence evoked wild demonstrations from the troops here. The Greek army will not listen to any suggestion of retreating. The excitement all along the frontier has been intense, and it has been impossible to foretell from hour to hour whether the troops would take the reins in their own hands and attack the Turkish positions. A mob surrounded the palace of Prince Constantine here last evening and clamored vigorously for war, and the guard had to be increased to control the crowds.

So intense has been the feeling that a council of officers with the prince was held last night, at which the official leaders of the army insisted upon an immediate declaration of war. They argued that such a course was the only salvation of the throne and dynasty of King George. This decision of the officers was sent by the prince to Athens.

The first serious demonstration was at the close of the services held yesterday celebrating the national birthday. The church was crowded, and the solemnity was broken suddenly by tremendous and continued shouts of "Harrah for war!" in which the best known military men and civilians joined unanimously. The prince showed his disapproval plainly and quickly, and as the cheering did not cease he abruptly left the church without taking any further notice of it.

The effect of this incident was to anger the people and troops, and the demonstration at the prince's palace last night followed the spreading of the story.

The army, while under a great strain of excitement, has behaved with remarkable calmness so far as its actual conduct towards Greece has been concerned. The orders to prevent any wanton provocation of the Turkish outposts were stringent, and not a gun has been fired in the camps. It seems safe to say that either war with Turkey or a local uprising on the Macedonian frontier is certain.

## King George's Relatives Faithful.

Copenhagen, April 5.—The consultations between the members of the Danish royal family have resulted in a resolution to uphold the present dynasty in Greece. The dowager zarina will remain here until the end of the month. A special cipher telegraphic service has been established between Copenhagen and St. Petersburg, and it is believed that the dowager zarina has succeeded in inducing the czar to support King George as far as is consonant with the interests of Russia.

## Leo as Mediator.

Paris, April 5.—The Gaulois reports that the pope intends to intervene between the warring Greeks with a view to effecting, if possible, a peaceful solution of the Cretan difficulty.

## NEW YORK LEGISLATURE.

Governor Black's Forestry Bill and Ellsworth's Anticorporation Bill Pass Senate.

Albany, April 7.—Governor Black's forestry plan was endorsed by the senate, the bill to appropriate \$1,000,000 for the purchase of Adirondack lands passing by a vote of 42 to 4. The anticorporation bill was also passed, the vote being 35 to 14. It was decided not to investigate the New York dock commission. The assembly passed the bill for the sale of the Onondaga salt springs reservation, besides many local measures.

Albany, April 7.—The senate has passed the following appropriation bills: For acquisition of bonds in the St. Lawrence reservation, \$30,000; for the draining of lands in the town of Wheatfield, in Niagara county, \$5,000; for the erection of an addition to the state armory at Genoa, \$7,000; for the establishment of a fish hatchery for the propagation of food or commercial fishes, \$5,000, and for the expense of the usual and extraordinary repairs and alterations of the capitol under the supervision of the superintendent of buildings, \$85,000.

## Weyer Expels an Englishman.

Havana, April 6.—Frank Lamont, the wounded Englishman who was imprisoned in the jail at Guantanamo, but was recently liberated, has been expelled from Cuba. It was on the understanding that he would leave the island that the Spanish authorities liberated him. He was placed in the custody of the British consul at Santiago de Cuba and has sailed from that port for Philadelphia by the steamer Farnwood.

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## Another Bank Fails.

Morgan, Tex., April 3.—The bank of the firm of John C. Tandy & Co. of this city has closed its doors. Assets and liabilities are not given. It is believed the depositors will be paid in full, as Mr. Tandy is also president of the banking firm of Tandy, Patterson & Co. of Cameron, Tex.

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	

New Moon	1 11 54 a.m.	Full Moon	17 1 25 a.m.
First Quarter	10 3 27 a.m.	Third Quarter	23 4 48 a.m.

# MORGAN IS FOR WAR.

## SAYS WE SHOULD SEND BATTLESHIPS, NOT LAWYERS, TO HAVANA.

Heated Controversy Over the Cuban Question in the Senate—Hale Accused of Getting His Information From Spanish Authorities—Bankruptcy Bill Adopted.

Washington, April 7.—Much bad blood was developed in the senate over the Cuban question, and there were numerous stormy passages and acrimonious personal charges. Mr. Morgan of Alabama called up his resolution declaring that a state of war exists in Cuba and recognizing both parties as belligerents. He spoke for some time in a dispassionate manner on the resolution, but was aroused by Mr. Hale of Maine to a series of sharp retorts. It led to the declaration by Mr. Morgan that instead of sending a lawyer to Cuba to investigate the case of Dr. Ruiz, as was contemplated, the administration would do well to send a ship of war to Havana and demand redress.

At another point Mr. Hale questioned Mr. Morgan's statement that Cuban prisoners were "stuffed" with American prisoners, declaring that the information reaching him (Hale) showed that no such condition existed.

Mr. Morgan asked who this information came from and then hotly asserted that he knew where it came from, and the world knew where it came from, as he senator from Maine had not denied the fact that he was in communication with the Spanish authorities. Mr. Hale indignantly denied that his information came from Spanish sources and said it was furnished in every item by American citizens.

The Morgan resolution lost its place and went to the calendar, but Mr. Morgan will continue his speech and has given notice of a motion to proceed with the Cuban resolution to a final vote.

Most of the session was given to the bankruptcy bill. Mr. Stewart of Nevada speaking in opposition. The discussion drifted to the financial question, Mr. Chandler and Mr. Stewart having an amusing discussion on bimetalism. During the discussion Mr. Earle (Dem.) of South Carolina introduced a resolution for the immediate reorganization of senate committees and the filling of all vacancies. He spoke briefly for the first time since entering the senate on the injustice of keeping the new senators from committee service.

The following nominations were received from the president: To be assistant secretary of the navy, Theodore Roosevelt of New York; to be chief of the bureau of navigation in the department of the navy, Captain A. S. Crowninshield, U. S. N.; to be chaplain in the navy, the Rev. W. G. Cassard of Maryland; to be collector of internal revenue for the second district of Tennessee, A. J. Tyler of Tennessee; to be collector of internal revenue for the Sixth district of Virginia, Park Agnew of Virginia.

## Past Week's Proceedings.

Washington, April 1.—In the senate yesterday the amendments to the arbitration treaty were considered, and Senator Hoar's amendment was adopted by a vote of 64 to 13. Senator Hansbrough gave notice of a substitute for the entire treaty.

In the house the Dingley tariff bill, with an amendment putting the new rates of duty in effect April 1, was passed by a vote of 205 to 121.

Washington, April 2.—In the senate the Cuban question was revived by the presentation of a number of resolutions, the principal one being a resolution offered by Mr. Morgan of Alabama declaring that a state of war exists in Cuba and urging the recognition of both the Cubans and Spaniards as belligerents. In executive session voting on the amendments to the arbitration treaty was concluded, and the document was finally completed, but no time was fixed for final action on the measure.

The house was not in session. Washington, April 7.—In the senate yesterday Mr. Allen's resolution requesting the president to make a protest to the Spanish government in behalf of General Ruiz Rivera was passed. Mr. Elkins spoke in advocacy of his bill imposing a discriminating duty on goods imported into this country on foreign vessels.

## Bad Blaze in Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, April 5.—George F. Ote company's carpet store on the south side of Fourth street has been destroyed by fire, and the entire stock, valued at \$300,000 and insured for \$150,000 was burned in less than two hours. 000, was burned in less than two hours. The buildings belong to the Eckstein estate and are fully insured.

## Prominent People Married.

Detroit, April 7.—Miss Blanche Vinton, daughter of W. G. Vinton of this city, was married last evening to Dr. Carl A. Williams of New London, Conn. The ceremony took place in the First Baptist church, the Rev. A. C. Fulton officiating. Several friends of the contracting parties from Mystic, Conn., and from Cleveland were present.

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New Moon	1 11 54 a.m.	Full Moon	17 1 25 a.m.
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# SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF CHAS. H. FITCHER IS ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA

Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep.

Fac-Simile Signature of CHAS. H. FITCHER, NEW YORK.

At 6 months old 35 Doses - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

# RAILROAD TIMETABLES

THE DELAWARE, SUSQUEHANNA AND SCHUYLKILL RAILROAD. Time table in effect December 15, 1895.

Trains leave Drifton for Jeddo, Eckley, Hazle Brook, Stockton, Beaver Meadow Road, Roan and Hazleton Junction at 5:30, 6:00 a. m., 4:15 p. m. daily except Sunday; and 7:00 a. m., 2:38 p. m., Sunday.

Trains leave Drifton for Harwood, Cranberry, Tombsickon, Deringer, 5:30 a. m., p. m. daily except Sunday; and 7:00 a. m., 2:38 p. m., Sunday.

Trains leave Drifton for Onedia Junction, Harwood Road, Humboldt Road, Onedia and Shepton at 6:00 a. m., 4:15 p. m. daily except Sunday; and 7:00 a. m., 2:38 p. m., Sunday.

Trains leave Drifton for Beaver Meadow Road, Stockton, Hazle Brook, Eckley, Jeddo and Drifton at 5:25 p. m. daily, except Sunday; and 9:37 a. m., 5:07 p. m., Sunday.

Trains leave Shepton for Onedia Junction, Harwood Road, Onedia Junction, Hazleton Junction and Roan at 7:11 a. m., 4:15 p. m. daily, except Sunday; and 8:00 a. m., 3:44 p. m., Sunday.

Trains leave Hazleton Junction for Beaver Meadow Road, Stockton, Hazle Brook, Eckley, Jeddo and Drifton at 5:25 p. m. daily, except Sunday; and 9:37 a. m., 5:07 p. m., Sunday.

Trains leave Drifton at 6:00 a. m., Hazleton Junction at 6:24 a. m., and Shepton at 7:11 a. m., connect at Onedia Junction with Lehigh Valley trains east and west.

Train leaving Drifton at 5:30 a. m. makes connection at Deringer with P. R. R. train for Wilkesbarre, Sunbury, Harrisburg and points west.

For the accommodation of passengers at way stations between Hazleton Junction and Deringer, an extra train will leave the former point at 3:30 p. m. daily, except Sunday, arriving at Deringer at 4:30 p. m.

LUTHER C. SMITH, Superintendent.

# GREAT BARGAINS IN Dry Goods, Groceries and Provisions.

Notions, Carpet, Boots and Shoes, Flour and Feed, Tobacco, Cigars, Tin and Quenware, Wood and Willowware, Table and Floor Oil Cloth, Etc.

# AMANDUS OSWALD,