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Royal Baking Powder

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FREELAND TRIBUNE.

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FREELAND, NOVEMBER 23, 1896.

The Only Easy Place.

Insurance against the dishonesty of employees is a recognized feature of modern commercial life. One of the great corporations carrying on this business published an estimate of the amount lost in the year 1894 by embezzlement and defalcation. The total loss for the year was put at the enormous sum of \$25,000,000. Immense as this sum is, it does not include the losses, undoubtedly large in the aggregate, which have never been made public by the individuals or firms defrauded. It is far from encouraging, says the New York Ledger, to note also that this estimate shows an increase of about \$7,000,000 over the previous year. Most of this kind of stealing is done by men of good education and at least fair opportunities for honest success. The real cause is the too prevalent haste to gain wealth and enjoy life without hard work—to get something for nothing. One of the most valuable lessons that can be learned is that everything worth having must be earned by steady, honest effort. Henry Ward Beecher once received a letter from a lad who wanted to find an "easy berth." Mr. Beecher, in reply, after warning the boy to avoid the law, medicine, the ministry, trade and other forms of industry, because each involved hard work, ended with this exhortation: "Don't work. Don't study. Don't think. None of these are easy. Oh, my son; you have come into a hard world! I know of only one easy place in it, and that is the grave."

A Bangor (Me.) man was sitting in a local drug store recently when he caught a faint whiff of smoke that smelled as though it came from burning woolen. He got up and looked around, but could find no blaze. As soon as he was seated again the odor was again perceptible. He repeated this operation several times, says a local exchange, and at last discovered that he had been sitting on a spot where the sun was brought to a focus by the water bottles in the pharmacist's window. The rays focused in different places on his back as he changed position and burned little holes each time.

The narrow escape from probably fatal accident by an army lieutenant while experimenting with kites on Governor's island, in New York bay, coupled with a recent disaster to the inventor of a sort of airship, emphasizes the extraordinary dangers that attend all attempts of men to navigate the air. It accentuates, too, the curious fact that in these days men are reviving the efforts of the ancients to utilize kites as a means of ascending to commanding altitudes. If, indeed, there is any truth at the bottom of the stories told of some of the ancients.

The records of pardons throughout the United States indicate that prison life agrees with wealthy criminals much less than with those who are poor. It seems to be true that the health of wealthy convicts is not infrequently so impaired within a short time that only release from prison will save their lives; while it is usually the experience of moneyless prisoners that their physical condition is considerably improved by the plain fare and regular regime of prison life.

In the Kansas state reform school is a 12-year-old incorrigible, Alonzo Hart, Jr., whom his parents were at last, after four years of trouble with him, obliged to send him away. He has robbed houses and stores and stolen horses. He began his criminal career when eight years old and only shortly out of dresses, and his first escapade was to steal all the Bibles and hymn books from a church.

A press dispatch says that a murderer hanged in Kentucky the other day wore a sullen look on the gallows. Perhaps he was displeased about something.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Washington, November 20, 1896. Some of the friends of McKinley are not talking as wisely as they might about the possible relations of the Silver Republican senators to the proposed protection bill which is to be put through at the extra session of congress expected to be called. For instance, Representative Groat, of Vermont, after expressing the belief that the constituents of these senators would compel them to support a protection tariff bill, goes a step further and makes the threat that if they do not vote for it they will be ignored in the distribution of federal patronage in their states. While this threat would almost surely be carried out, it is certainly impolitic, not to call it absolutely foolish, to publicly make it before the senators have indicated their intentions. High-spirited men are seldom controlled by threats, and if the fool-friends of protection are not careful they will drive away votes they might have got had no threats been made.

Has President Cleveland made a deal with President-elect McKinley? Strange as this question may appear current rumors make it pertinent. One of these rumors has it that a list of federal employees in a number of Southern states who took an active part in supporting Bryan in the late campaign is being prepared; that they are all to be dismissed and Gold Democrats appointed in their places, and an understanding exists by which these Gold Democrats are to be allowed to retain their places under McKinley's administration. These rumors cannot be authenticated, and it would be difficult to believe such things possible had it not been for the political happenings of the last year. Just imagine what would have been thought of the man who would have correctly forecast the political events of the past twelve months one year ago.

The larger the number of Republican senators and representatives in Washington grows the more probable it becomes that no real effort is going to be made by them to pass the Dingley tariff bill in the senate. While there are a few conservatives among them who favor passing the Dingley bill or some other bill slightly amending the present tariff law at this session of congress and sparing the country the worry of an extra session, the great majority of them are determined to have an extra session and to pass a high tariff bill in the house and to try to pass it in the senate, and will probably have their way.

Senator Mills, of Texas, is among the early congressional arrivals. He says he doesn't care to guess what will be done at the coming session of congress, but his talk indicates that he doesn't expect any tariff legislation. He had a few words to say that are commended to the gentlemen who are inclined to follow the advice of Senator Peffer and favor the organization of a new party to combine all the elements opposed to McKinleyism and the gold standard. Said Mr. Mills: "The Democratic party will live as long as the government lives. No amount of whipping can kill it."

Senator-elect Pettus, who will on the fourth of next March succeed Senator Pugh, of Alabama, was a law partner of Senator Morgan about thirty years ago and might have been in the senate twenty years ago had he not declined the nomination. When he takes his seat Alabama will have what no other state has or has ever had—two senators who are residents of the same town. General Pettus will bring to the senate a ripe experience. He is as strong an advocate of the free coinage of silver as could be found anywhere.

The question of who the few Gold Democrats in congress will caucus with at the coming session is being much talked about. Having bolted the regular Democratic nomination, unless specially invited to do so, it is claimed they cannot attend a Democratic caucus, and nobody seems to know whether such invitation will be extended to them.

The Jackson Democratic Association has invited Mr. Bryan to deliver the address at its celebration of Jackson Day, January 8, 1897, and are hopeful that he will except.

Deafness Cannot be Cured
by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of deafness (caused by Catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Sent for circulars, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, 75c.

Lowest prices on furniture at Sweeney & Herron's, Hazleton.

KATE GARDNER'S CHAT.

Hints Concerning Fall and Early Winter Fashions.

Rich Trimmings Are Used in Prodigal Profusion on Bodices and Wraps—Novelties in Dress Fabrics—Rich Things in Furs.

[Special Chicago Letter.] Autumn and early winter fashions are fully established, and all the leading importing houses are showing the latest in smart-looking gowns and wraps, many of which are simply bewildering in the matter of design and fanciful ornamentation.

Look which way you will, you are met on all sides by the most charming garments, each one seemingly prettier and more delightful than the last, until the question of a wise selection becomes one of exceeding great difficulty unless one keep her wits well in hand. Much of the attractiveness of



THE LATEST BLOUSE.

these new garments, it is true, is due to the wonderful beauty of the material used in their construction. These fabrics are lovely in the extreme, and the handsomest, and also the most fashionable, show the old, yet ever new, bonnet effect.

Rough-surfaced woollens, which early in the season seemed to drop behind, have been restored to all their old-time popularity, and are to be seen on every hand in the prettiest and most exquisite color combinations imaginable.

The materials used in the new gowns, whether of wool or silk, all show the rich warm tints of autumn foliage; but those high in authority say such black will be worn later on. Its somberness, however, will be greatly relieved by the introduction of bright-colored trimmings, yellow being given the preference. Yellow and black are an ideal combination, if only the right shade of yellow be chosen—neither too light nor yet too dark. Trimmings of red and yellow on black are reported immensely popular across the water, but only the deft and cunning fingers of the French modiste could successfully treat such a glaring color combination.

The handsomest costumes seen thus far are made of fine silk velvet with trimmings of rich sable, but as both these materials are very expensive in themselves you can well imagine that when combined in a stylish up-to-date gown the price would be quite beyond the reach of any but those to the purplest of the purple born. And so it happens that the sensible woman who longs for a velvet gown, and yet is obliged to count the dollars, if not the pennies, buys herself one of the lovely soft velveteens in a dark shade, which, with its modest trimming of narrow bands of fur, makes as genteel a gowning as one could desire, and one, too, that will pass muster before



EVENING GOWN WORTH HAVING.

the most critical eye. For, you know, it is not always the vast amount of money spent on dress that brings about the best results.

One of the greatest novelties this season are the ombre-striped velvets. They are shot through with all the prettiest shadings and are ideal for smart coat bodices, blouses or trimmings in any form. Some of the most effective shots are deep lilac and gray, petunia and black and, last but not least, garnet and chertreuse. Lovely and desirable as these goods are, they are not at all high priced, considering their wonderful quality.

We are certainly going to have some extremely novel, not to say striking, features in our new dress skirts. There is no longer any doubt but that they are to be profusely trimmed, and one cannot but realize with a sigh of profound regret that the days of the absolutely plain skirt are numbered, ex-

cept perhaps in the case of the tailor made gowns.

Panel are coming in apace, and pipings made of satin or velvet are used gaily. Moire is much sought after; for the panel, trimming as well as heavy black satin, but when the latter is used the best dressmakers veil it under white Honiton lace applique which, by the way, adds much to its beauty and, alas, also to its cost. The new skirts are cut narrower than any yet seen, and the same holds good of the newest sleeve. In all the latest models seen within the week the latter useful adjunct to a lady's bodice was cut so as to reveal the contour of the arm from shoulder to wrist. In some materials and under certain conditions the sheath-like sleeve is not an ungraceful thing; neither is it an unmixed blessing, I fear, for you know it has the unfortunate knack of revealing with disagreeable frankness both the generous proportions of the stout and the sharp angularities of the thin. Let us therefore cling as long as we can to our pretty ruffled sleeves and devote ourselves to a tasteful arrangement of our bodices, which threaten to be more elaborate than ever. Much fine jet and a profusion of spangles will be used and the exquisite jeweled embroideries will play a most important part in waist decoration. In some models the all-conquering bolero is composed entirely of jeweled embroidery and edged with a narrow band of fur. I had just a glimpse of a very pretty one made of primrose satin. The little zouave jacket was thickly jetted and just reached to the closely folded girdle of black satin fastened with a handsome jet buckle. The stock was also of black satin and ornamented with a dainty Louis XV. cravat of fine yellow lace.

The bodice in the picture represents one of the latest and very prettiest models. The upper portion of the sleeves and the waist are of satin brocade in pale yellow, the overhanging front is of white silk, the tucked centre is invisibly fastened in the back, the all-important jacket effect is produced by broad revers of plaid velvet, while the points below the waist are of the brocade outlined by narrow jet edging. I saw this same bodice very prettily copied in cerise satin with trimmings of black velvet, and I want to tell you right here that cerise and black is one of the most stylish color combinations this season.

In the matter of reception and party gowns the winter season will produce several sensations. For young ladies, and those not quite so young for that matter, the predominating color for evening wear will be red. It sounds rather daring, I know, but you must bear in mind there are reds and reds, and the particular shades now so highly favored by Dame Fashion is one that takes very kindly to a garniture of black, and when softly veiled under black net of fine quality makes a really handsome costume. White is of course always charming for evening wear, and for those who have grown somewhat weary of plain satin white moire silk will prove a pleasing substitute. Moire silk, with its lovely watered sheen, is more costly in the beginning than white satin, but when it takes into account that it requires very little, if any, trimming, and will bear at least three cleanings, it will not prove in the end very expensive.

The growing fancy for metal effects and braiding in gold and silver is seen on many of the handsomest evening gowns turned out by well-known houses. For skirt trimmings the braiding usually takes the form of a panel and is often associated with fine lace, and the gleaming of the gold and silver braid beneath the lace is not only elegant but charming.

Never were fur garments more elegant or more costly than this season. They really are smartness typified. Seal and chinchilla promise to be more popular than ever. Persian lamb and astrakhan will be used solely as trimming, and ermine is appearing a great deal in connection with sealskin and velvet. It is very pretty and becoming for evening, but for day wear a darker fur should be chosen. On all the jackets and capes the collars seem to be the most prominent feature. They are much larger than those worn last season, some being cut in five points and others slashed open in the back to accommodate the present style of coiffure.

How to Care for Pearls. It is pretty generally understood by women who have achieved choice pearl rings that while clear, pure water will not injure the gem, soap and water will soon affect their luster and color, and in time will cause them to peel, or shed an outer coat. This crumbling, however, takes place even when the gems are most carefully treated, and when the tendency is noted the ring or autolamps, all grades at very low prices. All kinds of strings for instruments a specialty; complete stock always on hand.

All persons who have not yet paid their taxes for 1896 will please do so at once, as a penalty of 5 per cent will be added in December. Hugh Malloy, collector, Freeland.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

John J. Welsh, Manager.
One Night!
Friday, November 27.
Fitz & Webster



"A BREEZY TIME."

Tuned Up to Date.
SEE—The three-legged sailor. The tennis quintette. The dago serenade. The bicycle swells. Our latest, the Turkish bell-govotte.
Everything New, Novel and Original.
PRICES—75c, 50c, 35c, 25c. Seats on sale at Wooding's three days before date of show.

December 1—"Hilarity"

G. HORACK, Baker & Confectioner.

Wholesale and Retail.
CENTRE STREET, FREELAND.

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.

TENANTERS—Parties intending to apply for patents are requested to call at the TRIBUNE office.

PERSONALITIES.

William Anderson, of Drifton, has received an appointment as usher at the Grand opera house.
Joseph Long, of Silver Brook, visited friends in town on Saturday and Sunday.
Patrick McGowan, of Washington street, is lying very ill.
Neil McDermott and James O'Donnell, of Audeuried, spent yesterday in town.

GAMES.

Marriage is a game of chance, Nor know we who shall win, But most of us do seldom lose A chance to sit therein. —Detroit Tribune.

A Nice Boy.

"I'm something of a free trader," said Johnny, as he stole a bushel of apples from his father's neighbor's orchard; "but," he added, tapping the seat of his trousers, within which he had placed three towels and a sheet of tin, "I believe in the protective principles when protection is needed." —Harlem Life.

A Non-Sequiter.

"Yes, Jack stared at me so hard I was sure that he loved me!"
"Well?"
"Then he began to talk in a low, timid tone."
"Yes—go on."
"And told me I had too much powder on my nose." —Chicago Record.

Culinary Information.

"Bridget, this is altogether too much; you have a new follower in the kitchen every week."
"Well, ma'am, you see, the food in this house is so bad that no one will come here for longer than a week." —Tit-Bits.

Woman's Reason.

Surprised Dame—What? And you have refused Mr. De Goode? I thought you liked him.
Lovely Daughter—I did, but to tell you the truth, none of the other girls seemed to care a snap for him.—N. Y. Recorder.

Spirit of the Times.

A—These are times that try financial souls. I'm suffering loss after loss.
B—How much did you lose this week?
A—Eighty thousand marks, and the worst of it is that 100 of them were my own.—Fliegende Blaetter.

He Spent It Promptly.

Softy—Look here, Stony, when you asked me to lend you that half-sovereign, two months ago, you said you only wanted it for a short time.
Stony—Quite true; I only had it half an hour.—Tit-Bits.

The Greatest of All.

"What do you consider the most common blunder made by men in public life?"
"In most instances the greatest blunder is that they enter public life at all." —Chicago Post.

If you wish to order a musical instrument for a Christmas present call on T. J. Watson, East Main street, agent for mandolins, guitars, banjos, violins and autolamps. All grades at very low prices. All kinds of strings for instruments a specialty; complete stock always on hand.

All persons who have not yet paid their taxes for 1896 will please do so at once, as a penalty of 5 per cent will be added in December. Hugh Malloy, collector, Freeland.

IN EVERY STORE

There is an occasional slip—a bundle goes wrong, clerk uncivil. We try to reduce these annoyances to a minimum; it is impossible to wipe them out altogether. If you will kindly call our attention to anything that you think wrong, we will be glad to look into and remedy it. With your co-operation we are trying to make this a perfect store. Will you help us?

A BEAUTY SHOW

Is given in our Dress Goods department. A collection of fabric beauties, showing how cleverly wool, silk and mohair can be combined to please the eye. If fashion never did anything but give us these three fabric beauties her victory would still be notable. We are opening new goods; for that matter, we are always opening new goods; but these are the season's biggest purchases and include all those pretty novelties that you are so eager to see. We will be ready to show them this week. Buy or don't buy, just as you choose, either way we won't be offended.

IN GARMENTS

Half a thousand new Wraps and Coats are waiting for lookers, perhaps buyers. A large lot of Furs, too. Don't you think your Cloak ideas would be nearest met in a store where style, quality and modest prices go hand in hand?

PETER DEISROTH,

41 West Broad Street, Hazleton.

W. L. Douglas \$3.00 SHOE

BEST IN THE WORLD.
A \$5.00 SHOE FOR \$3.00.

It is stylish, durable and perfect-fitting, qualities absolutely necessary to make a finished shoe. The cost of manufacturing allows a smaller profit to dealers than any shoe sold at \$3.00.

W. L. Douglas \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$5.00 Shoes are the productions of skilled workmen, from the best material possible to put into shoes sold at these prices.

"The Belmont" and "Pointed Toe" (shown in cuts) will be the leaders this season, but any other style desired may be obtained from our agents.

We use only the best Calif. Russia Calf (all colors), French Patent Calf, French Enamel, Vib. Kid, etc., graded to correspond with prices of the shoes. If dealer cannot supply you, write W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. CATALOGUE FREE.

JOHN BELLEZZA, Centre Street, Freeland.

RAILROAD TIMETABLES

THE DELAWARE, SUSQUEHANNA AND SCHUYLKILL RAILROAD.

Time table in effect December 15, 1896.

Trains leave Drifton for Jeddo, Eckley, Hazle Brook, Stockton, Beaver Meadow Road, Roan and Hazleton Junction at 3:20, 6:00 a. m., 4:10 p. m., daily except Sunday; and 7:00 a. m., 2:30 p. m., Sunday.

Trains leave Drifton for Harwood, Cranberry, Tompkins and Deringer at 5:30 a. m., p. m., daily except Sunday; and 7:00 a. m., 2:30 p. m., Sunday.

Trains leave Drifton for Onida Junction, Harwood Road, Humboldt Road, Onida and Shepton at 6:00 a. m., 4:10 p. m., daily except Sunday; and 7:00 a. m., 2:30 p. m., Sunday.

Trains leave Hazleton Junction for Harwood, Cranberry, Tompkins and Deringer at 6:30 a. m., 4:10 p. m., daily except Sunday; and 8:55 a. m., 4:20 p. m., Sunday.

Trains leave Shepton for Onida, Humboldt Road, Harwood Road, Hazle Brook, Eckley, Jeddo and Drifton at 2:25, 5:40 p. m., daily except Sunday; and 8:00 a. m., 3:40 p. m., Sunday.

Trains leave Shepton for Beaver Meadow Road, Stockton, Hazle Brook, Eckley, Jeddo and Drifton at 5:25 p. m., daily except Sunday; and 8:00 a. m., 3:40 p. m., Sunday.

Trains leave Hazleton Junction for Beaver Meadow Road, Stockton, Hazle Brook, Eckley, Jeddo and Drifton at 2:05, 5:47, 6:20 p. m., daily except Sunday; and 10:08 a. m., 3:38 p. m., Sunday.

All trains connect at Hazleton Junction with electric cars for Hazleton, Jeannetteville, Audeuried and other points on the Traction Company's line.

Trains leaving Drifton at 5:30 a. m. makes connection at Deringer with P. H. R. train for Wilkesbarre, Sunbury, Harrisburg and points west.

LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD.

November 18, 1896.

ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

LEAVE FREELAND.

6:05, 8:45, 9:30 a. m., 1:40, 4:30 p. m. for Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Philadelphia and New York.
6:05, 8:45, 9:30 a. m., 1:40, 2:34, 4:36, 6:15, 6:57 p. m. for Drifton, Jeddo, Foundry, Hazle Brook and Lumber Yard.
6:15 p. m. for Hazle Creek Junction.
6:27 p. m. for Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem and Easton.
9:30 a. m., 2:34, 4:36, 6:57 p. m. for Delano, Mahanoy City, Shenandoah, Ashland, Mt. Carmel, Shamokin and Pottsville.
9:36 a. m., 1:40, 2:34, 4:36, 6:57 p. m. for Stockton and Hazleton.
7:28, 10:51, 11:54 a. m., 5:20 p. m. for Sandy Run, White Haven, Wilkesbarre, Pittston, Scranton and the west.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

10:50 a. m. and 1:38 p. m. for Jeddo, Foundry, Hazle Brook and Lumber Yard.
8:38, 10:50 a. m. for Sandy Run, White Haven and Wilkesbarre.
1:38 p. m. for Hazleton, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Philadelphia and New York.
10:50 a. m. for Hazleton, Delano, Mahanoy City, Shenandoah, Mt. Carmel, Shamokin and Pottsville.

ARRIVE AT FREELAND.

5:50, 7:58, 9:20, 10:51, 11:54 a. m., 12:58, 2:30, 5:20, 6:06, 7:08 p. m. from Lumber Yard, Foundry, Jeddo and Drifton.
7:28, 9:20, 10:51, 11:54 a. m., 12:58, 2:30, 5:20 p. m. from Stockton and Hazleton.
8:23, 10:25, 11:54 a. m., 2:30, 5:20 p. m. from Delano, Mahanoy City, Shenandoah, Ashland, Mt. Carmel, Shamokin and Pottsville.
9:36 a. m., 1:40, 2:34, 4:36, 6:57 p. m. from Philadelphia, New York, Bethlehem, Allentown, and Mauch Chunk.
7:28, 10:51, 11:54 a. m., 5:20 p. m. from Sandy Run, White Haven, Wilkesbarre, Pittston, Scranton and the west.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

8:38, 10:50 a. m. and 1:38 p. m. from Hazleton, Stockton, Lumber Yard, Hazle Brook, Foundry, Jeddo and Drifton.
10:50 a. m., 1:38 p. m. from Philadelphia, New York, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mahanoy City, Shenandoah, Ashland, Mt. Carmel, Shamokin and Pottsville.
9:36 a. m., 1:40, 2:34, 4:36, 6:57 p. m. from Philadelphia and New York.
9:36 a. m., 1:40, 2:34, 4:36, 6:57 p. m. from Sandy Run, White Haven and Wilkesbarre.

For further information inquire of Ticket Agents.

CHAS. S. LEE, Gen'l Pass. Agent, Philadelphia, Pa.
ROLLIN H. WILBUR, Gen. Supt. East. Div. A. W. NUNEMACHER, Asst. G. P. A., South Bethlehem, Pa.

Printing!

Handbills.

Did the idea ever strike you to issue Handbills occasionally, thus getting an advertisement entirely by yourself? We have uncommon facilities for doing this class of work, and are proving our capacity for it every month by turning out numerous catchy productions for shrewd advertisers in this line. We will write a Handbill or an ad of any kind for any person who hasn't got the time to do it himself, and will guarantee satisfaction, along with the best printing and the fairest prices to be had in the region.

The Tribune Gives Satisfaction on Every Job.

State Normal School

East Stroudsburg, Pa.

A Famous School

In a Famous Location.

Among the mountains of the noted resort, the Delaware Water Gap. A school of three or four hundred pupils, with no overcrowded classes, but where teachers and pupils are acquainted with their pupils and help them individually in their work.

Modern improvement. A fine new gymnasium, in charge of expert trainers. We teach Sewing, Dressmaking, Clay Modeling, Freeland and Mechanical Drawing without extra charge.

Write to us at once for our catalogue and other information. You gain more in a small school than in the overcrowded schools.
Address
GEO. P. BIBLE, Principal.

Harness!

Harness!

Light Carriage Harness,

\$5.50, \$7, \$9 and \$10.50.

Heavy Express Harness,

\$16.50, \$19, \$20 and \$22.

Heavy Team Harness,

double, \$25, \$28 and \$30.

GEO. WISE,

Jeddo and Freeland, Pa.

PATENTS

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Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured. A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address
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