M'KINLEY'S VOTE

Many Doubtful States Have Changed the Estimates.

NEBRASKA GOES FOR BRYAN.

Kansas Is Still Claimed by the Leaders of Both Parties.

MEAGER RETURNS FROM INDIANA.

Those Received, However, Seem to Fa vor Major McKinley.

The Republican Estimate In Kentucky Is Now Less Than 5,000 on the State. West Virginia May Be Carried by Either Side—North Carolina Has Probably Gone For Bryan, as Also Has South Dakota, While North Dakota Seems to Lean the Other Way—The Puzzling Situation In California—Maryland Is Republican by a Large Majority, and Missouri Gives Bryan a Strong Plurality—Latest Returns From the Different States-The Probable Electoral Vote of Each of the

		Doubt-
McKinley.		ful.
Alabama	11	-
Arkansas	8	-
California	-	9
Colorado	4	-
Connecticut 6	-	-
Delaware *3	1000	-
Florida	4	-
Georgia —	13	-
Idaho —	3	-
Illinois 24	-	-
Indiana*15		-
Iowa 13	-	-
Kansas	*10	8000
Kentucky		18
Louisiana	8	
Maine 6	100	-
Maryland 8	1000	-
Massachusetts		
Michigan 14		
Minnesota 9	-	
Mississippi	9	
Missouri	17	-
Montana	. 3	-
Nebraska	8	
Nevada	3	-
New Hampshire 4	1000	800-0
New Jersey 10 New York 36	-	-
		-
North Carolina	11	-
North Dakota	-	8
Oregon	****	-
Pennsylvania 32		4
Rhode Island 4	-	
South Carolina	9	1000
South Dakota	4	
Tennessee	12	
Texas	15	-
Utah	3	-
Vermont 4	-0	
Virginia	12	
Washington	4	-
West Virginia	-	6
Wisconsin	-	0
Wyoming	8	-
Totals238	174	85
*Probably.		

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK,
New York, Nov. 4.—New York city
and state are Republican by pronounced
majoirties. The city gives McKinley and
Holaart 23,000, Brooklyn and Kings country 30,000, and the up state Republicans
come down to the Harlem with more than
you once the

ty 30,000, and the up state Republicans come down to the Harleim with more than 200,000.

Frank S. Black, the Republican candidate for governor, has received a very much larger plurality than the phenomenal one given to Morton in 1894. The total vote cast was in excess of the total for 1894, when the total was 1,275,671. That year Morton's plurality was 155,108, the total vote for Morton being 673,818; for Hill, 517,710. The votes for the other candidates were as follows: Baldwin, Prohibitionist, 23,255; Matthews, People's Party, 11,049; Wheeler, Democrat, reform, 27,202; Matchett, Socialist-Labor, 15,868.

The returns seem to indicate that the plurality for McKinley is in excess of 285,000, and that for Black in excess of 280,000. Porter and Schraub for the Democrats ran a trille ahead of the Bryan ticket in the state. The Prohibition candidate for governor, William W. Smith, and for leutenant governor, hase Latting'r, the Socialist-Labor party candidate for governor, Howard Balken, and for fleutenant governor, Frederick Bennett—ran about evenly with their national ticket, except in their home districts, where each had a fair complimentary vote over their associate party nominees on their party ticket.

In five districts in which supreme court indiges were to be elected all are Republicans. As had been predicted in these disvates as the college of the excess of that obtained by the head of the Republican state ticket.

In five districts in which supreme court judges were to be elected all are Republicans.

ans. As had been predicted in these dispatches, the only county that went Democratic was Schoharle. Chemung county, which two years ago was one of two counties north of the Harlem to give a plurality to bavid B. Hill, has given both the state and national tickets a plurality. For the assembly the latest available corrections show that, instead of decreasing the large Republican majority held in the house last year, it has been increased by about ten, and that the Republicans have an almost unwieldly majority. The majority in the congressional districts leave the delegation about the same as last year.

which two years and was one of two combines moth of the larbeith of give a pitch as the south of larbeith of the larbeith of give and authoral telebras plurality.

Letter VILE, Nov. L.—Kentucky semilar for the large significant and authoral telebras plurality, the large significant and authoral telebras plurality.

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R. H. Mahany, Republican; D. J. Alex-under, Republican; Warren B. Hooker, Republican.

ALABAMA.

ARKANSAS.

LITTLE ROCE, NOV. 4.—The fusion ticked in Arkansas was elected by a majority of from 250,000.

ROCK TOWN AND ARKANSAS.

LITTLE ROCE, NOV. 4.—The fusion ticked in Arkansas was elected by a majority of from 250,000.

ROCK TOWN ARKANSAS.

LITTLE ROCE, NOV. 4.—The fusion ticked that about the usual vote was polled. A few counties show a slight increase over the September election.

The Democratic candidates for congress were all elected by pood majorities. Terry in the Fourth receiving about 8,000 over Waters, Republican. McRee in the Third carried one of the strongest Republican precincts in Hempstead county.

It will be several days before all the returns are in from the back counties, but from the figures at hand the Democratic majority is conservatively estimated at 25,000. The three Bepullists on the ticket ran about 2,000 behind the Democratic which about represents the gold standard Democratic strength in the state.

CALIFORNIA.

COLORADO.

DENVER, Nov. 4.—Scattering returns show that Bryan and Sewall have carried Colorade by over 100,000 plurality in a total vote of about 175,000. No effort has yet been made to tabulate the returns. The Democratic Silver-Republican fusion state ticket, headed by Alva Adams, Democratic candidate for governor, apparently has a plurality of 112,000 over the Populist-Silver party fusion ticket. Bailey, Populist endidate for governor, carried this (Arapahoe) county by about 1,200 plurality, but most of the other populous countes give large majorities for Adams. The Republican state ticket got fewer votes than the Republican electoral ticket, and Waite, middle of the road Populist, was a poor fourth in the race.

DELAWARE.

WILMINGTON, Nov. 4.—McKinley's estimated majority in Delaware is from 1,500

to 2,000. Ebe W. Tunnell, Democrat, for govern-or, has an estimated majority of 3,000. The legislature is in doubt.

FLORIDA,
ST. AUGUSTINE, FIA., Nov. 4.—Seventy precincts out of 629 give Bryan 4.752; Mc-Kinley, 2,474; net Democratic loss, 416.
Congress—First, Sparkman. Democrat; Second, Davis, are elected, and Key West complete gives McKinley 13 majority. Indications are Bryan's majority in the state will be 50 per cent less than Bloxham. Democrat, for governor in October, and Palmer and Buckner vote will be under 1,000 and Prohibition vote insignificant.

IDAHO.

Boise, Ida., Nov. 4.—Republicans code 6,000 majority for Bryan. Silection of the Silection

ILLINOIS.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—Illinois went for Mc-Kinley by 140,000. Chicago gave 50,000 or better, and Cook county added 15,000 more.

more.
Altgeld is defeated for governor, but ran
30,000 ahead of his ticket.
Illinois will send at least 19 out of 22
congressmen to Washington. Chicago
will be represented by a solid delegation.

INDIANA.

INDIANA.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 4.—The ratio of Republican gain in this state has staid in the neighborhood of ten to the precinct since the returns began coming it. While not one-feurth of the state has been heard from, the returns already in are suiticiently scattered to indicate pretty definitely that McKinley's plurality will not fail below 25,000. The heaviest gains were in the cities and towns. It is impossible to state just how many congressmen the Republicans have elected or just how the legislature will stand, but there is little or no doubt that the Republicans will elect a big majority of both.

KANSAS.

TOPEKA, NOV. t.—It seems practically certain that Bryan has carried Kansas by a small majority. Chairman Breidenthal of the Democratic state committee claims the state by 13,000. Chairman Simpson of the Republican state committee, however, refuses to surrender and declares that complete returns may show a victory for the Republicans. The Democrats claim the election of congressmen in the Third, Fifth, Sixth and Seventh districts by majorities of from 2,300 to 9,000. The First district is conceded to Broderick, Republican, and the Fourth is classed doubtful. Returns generally indicate Republican losses.

LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 4.—The election restorday was the most peaceable and quiet sver held in this state. In the county parishes the Australian ballot had the effect of keeping many negroes from the polls, resulting in a light vote. With half a dozen precincts missing, Bryan's majority in the city is 10,000; majority in the state may exceed 30,000. A full Democratic talegation is elected to congress.

MARYLAND.

MARYLAND.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 4.—The total pluralty for McKinley in the counties is 9,763,
and in the city of Baltimore 21,150, makng the total plurality 30,872 in the state.
Republican pluralities in the counties
were as follows:
Alleghany, 1,587; Anne Arundel, 873;
Baltimore county, 2,200; Calvert, 412;
Carrell, 300; Ceell, 161; Charles, 747;
Dorchester, 400; Frederick, 1,200; Garvett, 475; Harford, 50; Howard, 150;
Kent, 400; Prince George, 300; Somerset,
179; St. Mary's, 572; Talbot, 875; Washington, 1,000. Total, 12,381.

The Democratic pluralities were as folows: Queen Anne's, 604; Montgomery,
250; Worcester, 200; Wicomico, 241; Caroline, 50. Total, 1,345.

Those elected to congress are as follows:
First, Isaac A. Barber; Second, William
M. Baker; Third, William S. Booze;
Fourth, William W. McIntyre; Fifth,
Sydney E. Mudd; Sixth, John McDonald,
all Republicans.

MICHIGAN.

MICHIGAN.

Detroit, Nov. 4.—Returns, incomplete as yet, from the 83 counties of Michigan indicate McKinley's plurnility in Michigan to be 40,000. The same returns give Pingree for governor an estimated plurnility of 58,000. That Pingree should have run decidedly ahead of his ticket generally throughout the state is regarded as something of a surprise in view of the combined interests allied against him. In Detroit Pingree got more votes than he had ever received in his candidacy for mayor. In 128 precinets of this county Pingree received 37,023 to 19,154 for Silgh; McKinley, 33,658; Bryan, 24,317.

The Republican state ticket ran considerably behind Pingree's vote and several thousand behind the McKinley vote. The Republican members of congress are elected in each of the 12 districts of the state except the Third and Eighth, and In the Eighth the issue is still doubtful between Congressman Linton and Ferdinand Brucker. Wayne country elected the entire Republican delegation to the legislature—10 representatives and 4 senators—although ex-Mayor William G. Thompson for senator narrowly escaped defeat.

The legislature will be overwhelmingly Republican, but by what majority is not yet determined.

Chairman Babcock received a dispatch

Republican, but by what majority is not yet determined.

Chairman Babcock received a dispatch from Detroit today saying that Corliss in the First, Spandling in Second, Hamilton in Fourth, Smith in Fifth, Snover in Seventh, Bishop in Ninth, Crump in Tenth, Mesick in Eleventh and Sheldon in Twelfth, all Republicans, are elected to congress, and that Todd, fusion, has defeated Milnes, Republican, in the Third, with Berghan in doubt.

MINNESOTA.

MINNEASOTIA.

MINNEAPOLIS, Nov. 4.—Estimates on 34 out of 81 countles in Minnesota give McKinley a vote over Bryan of 13,465. Clough, for governor, is 11,000 behind this. As many counties to be heard from are Democratic strongholds, Clough may lose.

lose.

The Journal claims Towne's defeat for congress in the Sixth district. Morris carried St. Louis county, in which is Duluth, by 1,500, but lost Stearns by 3,000. Chairman Willcutts claims Morris' election.

MISSISSIPPI. MISSISSIFFI.

JACKSON, Nov. 4.—Bryan's plurality,
estimated, in this state is 30,000. The Democratic congressmen are elected by from
1,000 to 3,000 each.

gubernatorial candidate, is probably elected, as he ran ahead of Bryan in many sections. The probabilities are the state ticket is divided between the two parties and will be close on all results. The legislature, however, is largely open. In the congressional districts, while little is definitely known except in the Second, where Mercer is re-elected, there is little doubt that the Republicans have elected four of the remaining five congressmen. Maxwell, silver Democrat in the Third, is probably elected. The complete state vote will probably exceed 230,000. The heavist vote previously polled in Nebraska was nisu4, 210,000. In view of the Antenes victement in Nebraska it is considered that no disturbances of importance courred election day.

Two hundred and thirty precincts in Nebraska outside of Omaha give McKinger 23,180; Bryan, 21,585. Two years upon the complete results of the Republicans, 20,780; Democrats-Popullist, 18,420.

Lincolx, Nov. 4.—Chairman Post of the Republicans state committee concedes Nebraska to the fusion ticket on presidential electors and governor, but he says neither Bryan nor Holcomb, the latter being the fusion candidate for governor, will have anything like the plurality elamied by Chairman l'abiliman and Edmiston, the Lemocratic and Populist chairmen. He says the legislative and congressional candidates are still in doubt. It appears quite certain, however, that the Popullists will get four of the six congressional candidates are still in doubt. It appears quite certain, however, that the Popullist will get four of the six congressional candidates are still in doubt. It appears quite certain, however, that the Popullist of 2,450, but the independent out of a total of 1,600. These five metures received should secure along thought and Lancaster counties, in which the cities of Omaha and Lincoln are stimated. Judge Post does not concede the entire state ticket, but the opposition claims it all, and also the legislature and all the congressmen. It looks as if the fusionists would secure

NEVADA.

RENO, Nov. 4.—The election in this state passed off very quietly. A large vote was cast. Reports are very meager, as most towns are isolated. They show, however, that Bryan will carry the state by 5,000 majority.

NEW JERSEY.

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TRENTON, Nov. 4.—The latest returns from New Jersey indicate that McKinley has carried the state by a plurality of 72.—500. The Republicans have elected seven of the eight congressmen, with the Seventh, or Hudson county, district in doubt. Returns from Monmouth county show the election of Francis, Republican, for state senator by 300. This gives the Republicans seven of the eight senators, the Democrat elected being Barber of Warren county.

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county.

OHIO.

Columbus, O., Nov. 4.—More complete
returns reduce the Republican plurality
claimed last night about one-third.

The returns from cities were received
last night, and the returns from the rural
districts today are increasing the Demo
coratic vote, so that McKinley's plurality
is now estimated at from 50,000 to 60,000.

The largest Republican plurality ever given a president in Ohio was 34,000 for Garfield in 1880. Republicans still claim this
will be doubled.

The Democratic state committee gave
out no figures last night and have none
today, but it claims it will make gains
over the vote of the last three years,
when the Republicans had pluralities of
80,000 in 1893, 137,000 in 1894 and 92,000
in 1895. The Democrate sclaim from four
to five of the 21 congressmen, and the Republicans concede three congressmen to
them. When the Republicans won by
137,000 two years ago, the Democrats
elected only two congressmen.

The Democrats today claim the election
of George W. Marshall, David Meekison,
James A. Norton and James McDowell in
the Fourth, Fifth, Thirteenth and Seventeenth districts, and that the result in the
Third and Twelfth districts is in doubt.
The Republicans claim the election to congress of W. B. Shattuck, J. H. Browell,
R. M. Novth, Seth W. Brown, W. L.
Weaver, Archibald Lybrand, J. H. Southard, L. J. Fenton, C. H. Grosvenor, D. K.
Watson, W. S. Kerr, H. F. Van Voorbis,
Lorenzo Danford, R. W. Taylor, S. A.
Northway, C. B. Bush and T. E. Burton.

OREGON.

OREGON.

OREGON.

PORTLAND, Or., Nov. 4.—Nearly threefourths of the total vote of Oregon has
been received. McKinley 3° '33; Bryan,
27,409; McKinley's plurar, ty 4,724. Palmer's vote in the state will be about 100. It
is estimated that the precincts ret to be
heard from will reduce McKinley's plurality 1,500, making his plurality in the
state 3,200.

rality 1,500, making his plurality in 'the state 3,200. Nov, 4.—A Tribune special form Portland, Or., says: "McKinley has carried Multonomah county by 5,000 majority. Reports indicate a very heavy vot throughout the state. It is thought Bryan will come to Portland with a very small plurality. McKinley has probably carried the state by a small plurality."

NORTH CAROLINA RALEIGH, Nov. 4.—Returns up to noor indicate Bryan carries North Carolina by 10,000. Republicans at that hour, how ever, would not concede the state.

ums up the Democratic successes in Penn ylvania, as the Republican legislative andidates in nearly every case were

candidates in nearly every case were elected.

In this city a fleroe factional fight was waged between the regular Republican organization and the independent Republicans over the shrievalty. The independent Republican shrievalty candidate was also nominated by the Democrats, and he was elected by about 20,000 majority.

Pritsung, Nov. 4.—Congress, Pennsylvania. Twenty-sixth district, John C. Sturtevant, Republican, elected. Sturtevant was opposed by Hon. Joseph C. Sibley, and the vote was very tose.

RHODE SLAND.

PROVIDENCE, Nov. 4.—The victory of the Republicans in Rhode Island was far reater than the most sanguine had antic-pated. Everywhere the gains we vote ipated. Everywhere the gains to be yound all expectation, and when to vote was completed it showed that McKinley had been elected by a plurality of 24,336 as compared to Harrison's plurality of about 2,000 in 1892.

SOUTH CAROLINA

CHARLESTON, Nov. 4.—Bryan will carry the state by an estimated plurality of 30, 000. All seven congressmen are Demo cratic.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

HURON, S. D., Nov. 4.—One hundred and fifty-six out of 1,097 precincts in South Dakota give McKinley 10,632; Eryan, 9,411. Same precincts in 1894 gave Republicans 10,671; oppositions, 8,408. On the same ratio the state will go for McKinley by only 200. The country precincts may wipe this out.

YANKTON, Nov. 4.—Returns from the state are hard to get. Only onseinired of the vote has been received Out of 30,000 votes cast McKinley has 1,500 majority. The galn in the Bryan vote over estimates is 20 per cent thus far, while McKinley's gain is only 3 per cent. If this continues, Bryan will have a majority. All of the towns of importance gave McKinley good majorities except Yankton and Sioux Falls, where the vote was about a tie.

TENNESSEE.

TENNESSEE.

NASHVILLE, Nov. 4.—Returns received from the state are very meager. The Democrats are claiming the state for Bryan, and there is a probability that he will get a small plurality. The Republicans still claim the state by a small plurality and are more confident of the election of their candidate for governor.

TEXAS.

TEXAS.

DALLAS, Nov. 4.—The count is slow Nothing official can be obtained, and it is hard to estimate the result in Dallas, Bryan will carry the state by nearly 50,000, with the Democratic state ticket somewhat behind.

UTAH.
SALT LAKE CITY, Nov. 4.—Bryan has carried Utah, but it is impossible yet to state the majority.

State the majority.

VERMONT.

MONTPELIER, Nov. 4.—The emphatic way in which the Green Mountain State voters expressed themselves in the September election precluded the possibility of excitement in the national election. It was because of the knowledge of how the state would go and confidence of the Republican party leaders in the size of their plurality that no effort was made to get in yesterday's vote.

The returns are yet greatly incomplete, and may be until tomorrow. The only apparent effort made to canvass the vote is in the cities, and on the strength of these majorities the claim is made that Vermont's contribution in figures to the Republican victory is slightly under the September plurality, or about 40,000.

WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON.

TACOMA, Nov. 4.—Sullivan, Republican candidate for governor, concedes the election of Rogers, his fusion opponent. The Bryan and fusion state ticket have apparently carried the state by a majority of less than 5,000 and will control the legislature. Returns from precincts in Washington outside Tacoma and Seattle give McKinley 2,800; Bryan, 3,820; Sullivan, Republican, for governor, 2,819; Rogers, fusion, 3,413.

Republican, for governor, 2,819; Rogers, fusion, 3,413.

SEATELE, Wash., Nov. 4.—The Populists are claiming eastern Washington by 5,000 majority, based on estimates of less than half of the count. The most populous counties in western Washington are giving McKinley small majorities. The Post-Intelligencer returns indicate that Bryan has carried the state by a majority of perhaps 3,000.

WEST VIRGINIA.

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WHEELING, Nov. 4.—Eleven a. m. returns from the state, which are slow, show Republican gains over 1892, and there is a probability that the state has gone for McKinley. Wetzel county, which gave Cleveland 627 majority, will probably not exceed 300 for Bryan. Gilmer county gives 350 Democratic majority; Mineral county has given 300 Republican majority; Brooke county, 189 for McKinley.

CHALLESTOWN, W. Va., Nov. 4.—There is absolutely nothing received at Democratic headquarters by which a majority can be based for either party. A few telegrams received by Secretary Olney announce gains, but not enough counties have been heard from to form an idea of the result. The Democrats claim the state by \$,000 and Republicans by from 10,000 to 18,000.

GRAFTON, Nov. 4.—Congress, West Vir-

Musical Treat.

We will offer for three days, November 5, 6 and 7—Thursday, Friday and Saturday—a musical treat to all our customers from Edison's wonderful Phonograh. We will give to each purchaser of 25c worth of goods a ticket to hear any one of the thirty-six selections, which consist of the latest comic and sentimental New York successes.

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You know how a Feather Boa adds to one's appearance. We have them in different qualities and lengths at 90c, \$1.10, \$1.75, \$2.25

PETER DEISROTH,

41 West Broad Street, Hazleton.

ocratic politicians will learn from this election that it is better to have the business interests with them than to have the disturbing elements." Attorney and Counselor at Law

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The finest liquors and cigars served at the ounter. Families supplied with oysters.

FALL WEATHER —is here with all its sudden changes. How are you prepared to stand it? One of our Fall Suits will enable you to

put up with any kind of weather and look good at the same time. Underwear of every grade for gents, also Furnishing Goods in latest styles.

GEO. SIPPEL.

DePIERRO - BROS. \equiv CAFE. \equiv

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OYSTERS IN EVERY STYLE. Ham and Schweitzer Cheese Sandwiches, Sardines, Etc.

MEALS - AT - ALL - HOURS. Baths, Hot or Cold, 25 Cents.

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CHOICE BREAD OF ALL KINDS, CAKES, AND PASTRY, DAILY. FANCY AND NOVELTY CAKES

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supplied to balls, parties or picnics, with all necessary adjuncts, at shortest notice and fairest prices.

Delivery and supply wagons to all parts of

Edison's Wonderful Phonograh.

FEATHER BOAS.

and \$4.25. We carry a line of handsome Caps for children. Sure to please. Scores of Cloak buyers throng our Cloak rooms daily.

The Next Sen Notary Public.

The Next Senate,
WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—From returns
thus far received the next senate probably
will stand as follows: Republicans, 42;
Democrats, 32; independents and Populists, 11; doubtful, 5; total, 90. On the
currency question the senate undoubtedly
will have an antisliver majority.
The doubtful states are Delaware, Kansas, Kentucky, North Carolina and South
Dakcta. The Republicans would need
45 with the vice president to control the
senate. The Republican senators who
bolted the St. Louis ticket and platform
are classed as independents. They are Attorney-at-Law. All legal business promptly attended.

are classed as independents. They are Teller, Dubols, Mantle and Cannon. An-other Utah senator, to be elected to succeed Brown, will no doubt be an independent. Tillman Won't Give Up.

Tillman Won't Give Up.
CiffCAGO, Nov. 4.—Senator Tillman sends the following to The Tribune: "1 do not concede McKinley's election, although the returns up to date point that way. If he is elected, the light against plutocracy and the gold standard will not be abandoned. The present agitation can no more be stopped than was that which resulted in the emancipation of the slayes. The agricultural cinsess can never hope for prosperous times under the gold standard."

FOREIGN COMMENT.

How the Result of the Election Is Regarded In Other Countries. How the Result of the Election Is Ragarded in Other Countries.

LONDON, NOV. 4.—The election of Major McKinley to the presidency of the United States had a marked effect upon American securities here today. Justiness on the Stock Exchange opened with a rush to buy. Milwaukees and Louisvilles led the advance, quickly followed by the entire list at advances of & to 86, which sent the prokers flying hatiess in every direction to join in the wild hubbub inside, while in the streets customers were coming up by the dozens.

According to the general impression, the election will result in a rapid diminution of the gold withdrawals for the United States, and there is no doubt that Major McKinley's victory favorably affected the Stock Exchange throughout. Consols opened three eighths higher than yesterday.

A leading English stockbroker, in an in-

the Stock Feed of the County o

All the newspapers comment upon the clection.

The Star remarks: "We in England have great reason to rejoice at the overwhelming defeat of the attack upon the gold standard. Great evils may be in store, but no high tariff can inflict a tithe of the ruin which Bryan's victory would have entailed. There will be an immediate improvement of business, for the clection of McKinley, or rather the defeat of Bryan, will restore confidence in the function honesty and stability of the United States. The sound common sense of the American people has saved the republic from worse than civil or foreign war."

public from worse than ever or too haw war."

The Sun says: "The great republic has risen magnificently to a great occasion. It is the uprising of almost a united nation, and the silver craze has been effectually scotched, if it is not killed. Let McKin-ley throw his protection overboard and cut away from the heartless plutocrats who have for years past made the Republican party a manufacturers' annex, and he will be acclaimed by one and the republic by the other."

be acclaimed by one and the republic by the other."

The Globe states, "Had the polling run close encouragement would have been af-forded to the Democrats to maintain soft money and socialism as planks in the platform."

Atchison 1634	N. J. Central10
Bur. & Quincy 7334	North American.
C., C., C. & St. L., 30	Northern Pacific 1
Chesapeake & O., 1736	Do. pref 2
Chicago Gas 7536	N. Y. Central 9
Cordage 514	Omaha 4
Cotton Oil 17	Ontario & West. 1
Del. & Hudson127	Pacific Mail 2
Erie 1634	Reading 3
General Electric 31	Rock Island 70
Hocking Valley 1634	Silver Bullion 6
Lackawanna160	St. Paul 78
Lake Shore 15216	Sugar Refinery 12
Lead 2614	Texas Pacific
Louisville & Nash, 5034	Union Pacific 1
Missouri Pacific 25	Wabash-pref 15