AN INCIDENT WHICH CAME NEAR PROVOKING HOSTILITIES.

Ship-Guns of Morro Castle Trained on Vigilancia-Did Not Dare to Fire.

Ship—Guns of Morro Castle Trained on Vigilancia—Did Not Dare to Fire.

New Orleans, Oct. 21.—The Times-Democrat's Key West special says:

If the Spanish authorities had taken Senor Angei Fernandez off the Ward line steamer Vigilancia while that vessel was in the Havana harbor last Friday, United States warships would have immediately been ordered to Havana to enforce a demand for reparation, and war between this country and Spain would have undoubtedly resulted. For three hours last Friday the United States and Spain were on the brink of war, and the threatening situation was only releved when the Spanish authorities ignominiously backed down and allowed the Vigilancia to proceed to sea with Fernandez still on board. A letter received here from a correspondent in Havana, who is close to Consul General Lee, gives a dramatic account of the episode. According to the letter, when the Vigilancia put into Havana, the Spanish authorities demanded the surrender of Senor Angel Fernandez, a Mexican, on board the vessel. The Spanish authorities told McIntosh of the Vigilancia refused to surrender Fernandez. Then the Spanish authorities told McIntosh that if the Vigilancia attempted to go to sea with Fernandez on board she would be sunk by the guns of Morro castle.

Captain McIntosh immediately laid the



CONSUL GENERAL LER.
when he pleased. Consul General Lee
was greatly enraged at the threat to sink
the Vigilancia and is reported to have
said to Capitain McIntosh:
"If the guns of Morro castle sink your
slip, American warships will be bombarding Havana in a few days."
Capitain McIntosh returned to the Vigilancia, and Consul Lee informed Weyler
that the vessel was going to sea and that
if any attempt was made to take off Ferhandez, or that if the vessel was fired
upon, Spain must take the consequences.
McIntosh's Vigorous Language.

if any attempt was made to take off Fernandez, or that if the vessel was fired upon, Spain must take the consequences.

MeIntosh's Vigorous Language.

Weyler immediately summoned a cabinet council, and while this council was considering the matter the Vigilancia began to weigh anchor. The Spanish officials on board protested, but Captain Mo-Intosh said in vigorous language, the letter states: "ID——n your objections! My ship has been cleared. My consul has told met og osea. I am going, and I dare you to try to prevent me. Get off my ship!" And with that the Yankee roughly showed the Spaniards into the waiting boats, and the Vigilancia, flying the stars and stripes, started for the mouth of the harbor, which is commanded by the guns of Morro castle. All was excitement in Havana, and the quay and housetops were lined with hundreds of persons, who expected to sc. the Vigilancia fried upon.

Consul Lee himself watched the Vigilancia were being exchanged between Weylancia fried upon.

Consul Lee himself watched the Vigilancia through a glass. Meanwhile signals were being exchanged between Weylancia fred upon.

Consul Lee himself watched the Vigilancia through a glass. Meanwhile signals were being exchanged between Weylancia fried upon.

Consul Lee himself watched the Vigilancia retreed the mouth of the harbor, and then it was noticed that the guns of Morro castle, were turned on the ship. The Vigilancia repeatedly signaled Morro castle, "I am going to sea," but no answer came from the fort until the vessel was in blue water, and then the Spaniards ran up the signal which means "Goodby." It is said that Weyler is furious over the departure of the vessel and Consul Lee's course. It is stated that Weyler ordered the commander of Morro castle to sink the Vigilancia, but at the last moment by yielded to the entreaties of his cabinet and counternanded the order.

Angry With the United States.

Angry With the United States.

MADRID, Oct. 19.—Commenting upon
the statement contained in a dispatch from
Washington that President Cleveland intends to intervene in Cuba in a manner
tantamount to the recognition of the independence of the insurgents, The Imparcial declares that Spain ought to demand
a full explanation of the Washington government.

ernment.

"She cannot brock such a threat over her head," continues The Imparcial, "even for a single day. By what right does the United States define the time for Spain to settle a question of her internal administration? It must be affirmed before the whole world that the American government cannot impose any sort of terms upon us."

TWELVE LIVES LOST.

The Pacific Coast Steamer Arago Driven
Ashore and Totally Wrecked.

MARSHYIELD, Or., Oct. 21.—The steamer Arago, owned by the Oregon Coal and
Navigation company, from Coos Bay for
San Francisco, was carried by the current
and driven on the rocks of the jetty at
Coos head. She will be a total loss.

In attempting to land a boatload of
passengers and the crew a boat was capsized. Twelve were drowned, four passengers and eight of the crew, of which the
following is a partial list:

E. M. McGraw of Coquil City, passenger; John Norman of Marshfield, passenger; Hehard Walters of Oakland, passenger, Of the ship's crew the drowned are
M. P. Whittle of San Francisco, fireman;
Richard Patterson of San Francisco,
steward; A. Fernandez, chief cook; W.
E. Brown, chief engineer; J. Kurger, salior; Harry Sanders, salior.

The accident occurred during a heavy
fog. A howling gale was raging. What
is let of the steamer to be seen are two
spars projecting upon the ocean beach. It
is impossible to reach the wreck owing to
the storm.

The survivors were brought to Empire

the storm.

The survivors were brought to Empire City on the tug Columbia. None of the bodies of the lost was recovered.

The Arago was built by the Union works in 1885. Her gross tonnage is placed at 947 tons. The craft was a long time in the coasting trade and was one of the best known boats in this port.

### ROBBERS SHOT DOWN.

## R. T. Brooke, an Alleged English Lord, Killed Three Men Who Attacked Him.

Killed Three Men Who Attacked Him.
PERRY, O. T., Oct. 20.—From Tonkawa, 25 miles north of Perry, comes word
that R. T. Brooke, an alleged English nobleman, shot and killed three men who
were trying to rob him.
In the early days of Perry, Brooke owned
more real estate here than any other man
who located in the town. He formerly
lived in St. Louis, where he located when
he came from England, where, it is said,
he was a member of the nobility of Great
Britain. His parents are rich, and he has
an income of \$20,000 a year.
It is thought that the outlaws went to
his place for the purpose of getting his
money. This Brooke refused to submit to,
and a fight occurred, in which Mrs. Brooke

his place for the purpose of getting his money. This Brooke refused to submit to, and a fight occurred, in which Mrs. Brooke took part. Many shots were fired, and it is reported that three men were killed.

One man, whose name is thought to be Sample, was found dead in Brooke's yard, and, it is reported, two others have dide from wounds received in the fight.

Brooke was for several months after the opening of the Cherokee strip one of Perry's best known business men. Mrs. Maude Parker was selected by him as bookkeeper and later as housekeeper, and two years ago they were married. She was formerly the wife of a prominent cattleman. The pair left Perry one year ago for their country home, in the northern part of this county.

Foundered In Lake Erie.

SANDUSKY, O., Oct. 21.—Nows has been received here that a vessel foundered in the lake, off Locust point, some time during last week. Captain Cleaves and a crew of fishermen, nearing their grounds last Thursday, notteed a lot of wreckage, and with the aid of a glass they say they were able to see a spar projecting from the water some distance away. An examination was made, and it was found that a vessel had been sunk, and the captain is of the opinion it was a steamer. There was nothing in sight by which the name of the boat could be ascertained, and no information has been received from any port that a boat has been lost, but it is certain that a vessel went down at that point and probably with all on board. Foundered In Lake Erie

To Make Way For Gladstone.

London, Oct. 21.—Mr. William Pritchard Morgan, Liberal member of the house of commons for Merthyr Tydvil, has summoned a meeting of his constituents for the purpose of discussing the question of his resigning his seat in parliament in favor of Mr. Gladstone Mr. Morgan's aim is to initiate a movement to bring Mr. Gladstone back into politics. The Liberals comprising Mr. Morgan's constituency are enthusiastic in their approval of Mr. Morgan's idea, but are doubtful that the Grand Old Man will give a favorable response to Mr. Morgan's movement.

## Fourteen Prisoners Shot.

Fourteen Prisoners Shot.
CHATTANGOGA, Oct 17.—The county
workhouse prisoners at work near Soddy
mutinied last night, and 28 of them made
a rush on the guards, who opened fire on
them with shotguns, seriously wounding
14 of the men, all negroes, and quelling
all except four, who escaped. Great excitement prevails at Soddy. It is thought
that four of the wounded negroes will die.

Princess Helene's Dowry. Princess Helene's Dowry.

LONDON, Oct. 17.—A Vienna dispatch
to The Chronicle says that the czar has
informed the Prince of Montenegro that
the dowry of the Princess Helene, his
daughter, will be about \$800,000. The czar
and czarina ordered their wedding gift for
the princess upon her marringe to the
Prince of Naples in Paris. It is a diamond
ornament and will cost \$400,000.

Augusta, Me., Oct. 21.—Harriet Blaine Beale, with her attorney, Lesile C. Corn-ish of Augusta, appeared quietly before Judge Whitehouse of the supreme court yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Beale asked for a divorce from her husband, Truxton Beale. Mr. Cornish made a brief talk, and the divorce was decreed.

## Nineteen Years at Auburn.

Nineteen Years at Auburn.
Albion, N. Y., Oct. 21.—Joseph Brunetti, who was indicted for murder in the first degree for killing a fellow Italian named Nicholas Chichio in a quarrel over the latter's wife, was convicted of manslaughter in the first degree and sentenced

A FUSION PLAN FAILS

GEORGIA DEMOCRATS REJECT THE POPULIST ULTIMATUM.

essions Demanded-Watson Insists on Recognition-Jones Names a Flag

Day-Osborne's Prediction.

Day—Osborne's Prediction.

ATLANTA, Oct. 21.—After a protracted and exciting debate the Democratic state committee rejected the Popullst fusion proposition, declaring it to be insulting to the Democratic state committee of the Period of the

clothed as it is in offensive and language.

The ultimatum of the Populist central committee, to which these resolutions were intended as a reply, proposed as a final effort to procure the union of the silver forces on six Populist electors and insisting that the Democratic party withdraw six of their electors, substituting the remaining six Populist electors, with the understanding that the 13 should cast their vote for Bryan and Watson.

understanding that the 13 should east their vote for Bryan and Watson.

An Interview With Washburn.

Chicago, Oct. 21,—George F, Washburn of the Populist national executive committee arrived here unexpectedly from Thomson and Atlanta, where he and Committeeman H. W. Reed had been in conference with Mr. Watson, Populist vice presidential nominee. When informed of the failure of the Populist-Democratic fusion conference, Mr. Washburn expressed no surprise. As he was to have remained in Atlanta to be present at that conference his sudden change of base was the cause of no little speculation in political circles. It is stated on good authority that Mr. Washburn returned so auddenly for the purpose of conferring with Chairman Jones of the Democratic national committee and to place before him, in the form of an ultimatum, two or three propositions from Mr. Watson looking to the latter's recognition on the fusion ticket in the different states. It is expected that should Mr. Jones refuse to favorably consider these propositions, securing for Mr. Watson what he believes to he his rights in the matter, sensational developments will follow. It is stated that Mr. Watson what he believes to he his rights in the matter, sensation of the campaign. Mr. Watshurn, when seen, refused either to confirm or deny this story. He said, however, when asked if he had seen Mr. Watson's letter of acceptance:

"Yes, I saw a copy. It is interesting political reading. Mr. Watson's therea is all right. He goes to Alabama, then to Tennessee and then to North Carolina, and the character of his address will depend upon the results of my effort. He will wait to hear from me."

"If he cannot be vice president, would he accept a cabinet position?"

"No, he would not if it were tendered him. He is anxious that his party should come out of this contest in a manner which will reflect honor upon it, and he will enter actively into the campaign for the election of Bryan if such arrangement can be made as will satisfy his people. He apparently puts it th

Jones Wants a Flag Day.

CHICAGO, Oct. 21.—Chairman Jones of the Democratic national committee has issued the following appeal: "The American flag has always been the emblem of national honer, and it will always remain so. It is too sacred to be prostituted to partisan purposes, as has been attempted for the first time in this campaign. Its influence has always been for good to all mankind. Its display is always potent for the advancement of all that is best in our government, for it appeals to every sentiment of particular that it is a superior of the advancement of all that is best in our government, for it appeals to every sentiment of particular that is a superior of the advancement of all that is best in our government, for it appeals to every sentiment of particular to superior to every sentiment of particular to superior to every sentiment of particular to a superior to cast a free and untrammeled hallot, who oppose government by corporations and the coercion of voters and desire that real and genuine prosperity may once again return to bless our people, display the national colors at their homes, their places of business and wherever else they may be seen, in order that the voters whose hearts are with their country may be cheered and their purposes strengthened, and that those who are wavering may take courage of their patriotism to perform their duty as citizens, to the end that government of the people, shall not perish from the earth."

Secretary Osborne's Claim.

Secretary Osborne's Claim

settle a question of her internal administration? It must be affirmed before the whole world that the American government cannot impose any sort of terms upon us."

After denouncing the United States' "fictional neutrality," The Imparcial concludes as follows:

"The conduct of the United States will arouse general indignation. If Spain should remain alone in a conflict with the United States, Spaniards, by their own efforts, will know how to mark the difference between the noble defenders of their own property and the vile traffickers at Washington."

"Unloading Spanish Securities.

LONDON, Oct. 20.—The Paris correspondent of The Daily News says that heavy sales of Spanish securities and Kaffirs on Paris account have disquieted the Stock Lechange and the Bourse. This mysterious selling, it is said, has now continued in both markets for several days. Paris papers declare that unless the movement is checked a serious crisis will result on the Bourse. An official with who was consulted on the subject said that events in Spain and Turkey were mostly responsible.

MORRILL RE-ELECTED.

Vermont's "Grand Old Man" Continued a

United States Senator.

MONTIELIER, Vt., Oct. 21.—Justin S.
Morrill of Strafford was re-elected United
States senator from Vermont. In the sen
ate no other name was presentel, and
Senator Morrill received the entire 30
votes. In the house Morrill received 213
votes and Herbert F. Brigham of Bakersfield, Democratic candidate, received 17.
In the joint assembly this afternoon Senator Morrill's election will be formally
made.

made.

The honor paid to Senator Morrill by his native state is an incident of more than usual interest. When on the 4th of



SENATOR MORRILL.

March next he is formally inducted into the office which he has so successfully and admirably filled for 30 years, he will com-mence a term which bids fair to break all mence a term which blids fair to break all records of membership in the national senate. Mr. Morrill, although 86 years of age and the pidest member of the sen-ate, is as vigorous and wide awake to his duties as a senator as many men his junior. With the close of his present term, he completes a continuous service of 42 years at the national capital, 12 years of which was as a representative.

### FATAL GUNNING TRIP.

but gave up the search and started for home.

Bennett had also started for home, but as he reached the corner of Myrtle avenue and Leavitt street he stumbled and fell. He had been carrying the gun under his arm. It struck on the butt. The charge exploded and took effect in Bennett's right arm and shoulder. He was found by some laborers and taken to the Flushing hospital.

Dr. Bloodgood attended the wounded man, and at a consultation of physicians it was decided that amputation of the arm was necessary. The operation was performed, but Bennett only survived it a couple of hours. He was an artist and 27 years old. A widow and two children survive him.

Secretary Lamont's Army Estimates.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Secretary Lamont has transmitted to the secretary of the treasury his estimates of appropriations required by the war department for the next fiscal year. The aggregate is \$52,875,638.

\$52,875,638. The estimate for the running expenses of the war office in Washington is \$1,464, 236, showing, the secretary says, a reduction in the annual expenses for salaries and contingencies in that office of \$892,942 from the estimates of four years ago.

Canadians Want Independence.

Canadians Want Independence,
MONTIGAL, Oct. 16. —A secret meeting
of 150 prominent Canadians and pledged
as members of the Canadian Independence
club was held last night at the Ottawa
hotel, the place where the Sons of Liberty
organized in 1837. A constitution and
bylaws were adopted. The main point in
the preamble to the constitution is a pledge
to work with might and main for the political independence of Canada.

New York, Oct. 17.—The Herald's Washington correspondent says that President Cleveland, in his next annual message to congress, will be able to state that a definite understanding has been reached with Great Britain for the amicable settlement of the long pending Venezuelan boundary dispute.

Bicyclist Killed by Coal Wagon.
PROVIDENCE, Oct. 20.—Charles Carr, a bicyclist, was instantly killed at East Greenwich as the result of a collision with a coal team. He ran into the wagon with such force that he was thrown under the wheels of the cart, and two of them passed over his body, crushing him to death.

## Five Eundred Men Get Work,

Five Bundred Men tet work,
POTSTOWN, Pa., Oct. 20.—The puddlers in the Ellis & Lessig Nail works
have gone to work at \$2.25 per ton. The
works had been idle several months. The
entire plant, including the sheet mill and
nail factory, will now resume, giving
work to about 500 men.

Noted Botanist Dead.

PARIS, Oct. 17.—Auguste Trecul, the eminent French botanist, dled in a hospital in this city in a condition of poverty.

General Markets,
New York, Oct. 20.—FLOUR—State and
western quiet. helders still asking full prices;
city mills patents, \$4.006,10; mills patents,
\$4.006,10; city mills clears, \$4.006,10; winter
straights, \$4.106,43;
WHEAT—No. 2 red opened active and excited at lower prices and afterward declined
sharply under long and short selling and weaker cables; December, \$32,8436c; January, 843
68396.

COIN—No. 2 weak and decidedly lower, following wheat and on declining cables; December, 35%45384c; May, 35%456c.
OATS—No. 2 quiet and weaker with corn; track, white, state, 21@31c.; track, white, western, 21@31c.;

TREATY WITH UNCLE SAM.

American Rights In the Sultan's Domain

Discretion—Bancrott Still at Smyrna.

Washington, Oct. 21.—Additional evidence of the value of war vessels in diplomatic dealings with Turkey is at hand. Only three days ago the state department learned through Minister Terrell that the sublime porte had yielded to the demand of this country that the wives and children of naturalized Armenians be permitted to come to this country to join their husbands and fathers. This concession was made about two days after it became known that the European squadron had rendezvoused at Smyrna and that the United States had determined to send the gunboat Bancroft to Constantinople. Now comes official word to the state department, through the Turkish legation in this city, that the sultan's government is prepared to open negotiations with this country looking to the ratification of a treaty the terms of which shall distinctly provide what is and what is not the jurisdiction of the porte over naturalized Americans born in the Turkish empire who may return to the places of their birth.

Americans born in the Turkish empire who may return to the places of their birth.

This is an important concession by the sultan. That and the question of permitting families of Armenian-Americans to come to the United States having been amicably adjusted, there remains unsettled only one urgent demand of this country, that relating to the payment of the indemnity for damages to American property. Naturally the authorities are much pleased to learn that the porte will agree to negotiations looking to the drafting of a treaty defining the rights of naturalized Armenians in their native country. One official, speaking of the matter, said:

"Turkey has conceded an important point. This government appreciates fully what she has done, and immediate steps will be taken to open the proposed negotiations. The United States are desirous of such a treaty with the porte. The absence of one is a source of great embarrass ment both to this government and that of the sultan."

Left to Terrell's Discretion.

Left to Terrell's Discretion.

Admixting that two of the three serious controversies with the porte are so near adjustment, the official was asked if the fact would influence the movements of the fact would influence the question and refused to any anything bearing on that little vessel's mission. The impression in well informed circles is that the latest concession from the sultan will at least operate to delay the gunboat's starting for the Dardenelles.

There seems to be no weakening on the part of the authorities, but the idea has been suggested that it would be bad diplomacy at this stage of official controversy to irritate the sultan by sending the vessel through the straits without a firman. On the other hand, it is remembered that many Constantinople promises are made to be broken. From what can be learned, the question has been left to the discretion of Minister Terrell for decision.

A subordinate official, speaking to a correspondent, said that he daily expected to hear that the sultan had granted a firman to the Baucroft. He confidently counted on this being the next concession from Turkey. He stated that it now seemed advisable to ask for such permit in view of the sultan's apparent intention of looking favorably upon American de-

seemed advisable to ask for such permit in view of the sultan's apparent intention of looking favorably upon American de-mands. In his opinion, Mr. Terrell's re-quest for a firman, when made, would be promptly granted. It was his belief that the sultan now knew that Russia regard-ed favorably the wish of this government to send a vessel to the Turkish capital.

ed favorably the wish of this government of send a vessel to the Turkish capital.

The Proposed Treaty.

It is the intention of the state department promptly to begin negotiations in relation to the proposed treaty. These will be conducted at Constantinople. His instructions are now in course of preparation and will be forwarded to him in a day or two. It became known today that during the Harrison administration earnest efforts were made by Minister Hirsch os seure a treaty of the kind. The facts in relation to these negotiations have not been made public. It seems that the draft of the treaty was completed at Constantinople and forwarded to Washington. President Harrison approved the draft and forwarded to Washington. President Harrison approved the draft and forwarded to Washington. Except the draft is to the sense for ratification. Several discussions took place in that body in executive session over the articles. Finally certain amendments were adopted. These, with the draft, were returned to Mr. Harrison and were later forwarded to Minister Hirsch. The senate amendments were not acceptable to the sultan's government. There the negotiations ended. The proposed treaty has never been published, and no information as to its articles can be had. It is learned that this draft and the suggestions of the senate will be sent to Mr. Terrell. He will be directed to follow these in the negotiations which he is to undertake.

Abrogation of Dardanelles Treaty. Abrogation of Dardanelles Treaty.
BRILIN, Oct. 20.—The Frankturter Zeitung has a dispatch from Constantinople which says that negotiations are on foot between the powers and the porte for the abrogation of certain portions of the Dardanelles treaty. The sultan is not averse to the project, says this dispatch. The powers will guarantee protection to the sultan and the integrity of the Turkish empire if the measure is carried out without fresh atrocities.

out fresh atrocities.

Falling Roof Kills Two.

CHARIOTTESVILLE, Va., Oct. 20.—The roof of the Lew building which was being receted for the University of Virginia to replace the building destroyed by fire nearly a year ago collapsed, burying five workmen in the ruins. Two men were killed. They were George Tucker and Eugene Burch. The other three men were injured. They are V. W. Chambers, probable fracture of the skull; F. D. Bowen, hijuries to skull, and Joseph Lamb, head cut and probable spinal injuries.

Clayton's Temporary Successor.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29. — Justice White of the United States supreme court has appointed George S. Moore assistant United States and Pennsylvania, 1869
1876.— Quiet; state dairy, 11@17%c.; state craency, 12%d20s.
CHEENE—Quiet; state, large, 71%e10c.; EGGS—Quiet; state and Pennsylvania, 1869
20c; western, 15@18%c.
SUGAR—Raw quiet; fair refining, 2%c.; centrifugal, 90; test, 3c.; refined quiet; renshed, 4%c.; powdered, 4%c.
TURPENTINE—Steady, 29220%c.
MOLASNES—Quiet; New Orleans, 29276.
RICE—Firm; domestic, 3%20c.; Japan, 40; 140.
LLOW—Dull; city, 311-16@336c.; countiets of the United States supreme court has appointed George S. Moore assistant United States district attorney for the middle States supreme court has appointed George S. Moore assistant United States supreme court has appointed George S. Moore assistant United States supreme court has appointed George S. Moore assistant United States district attorney for the middle states district attorney for the mi

43(c); powdered, 49[c.
TURPENTINE—Steady, 236,239[c.
MOLASSES—Quiet: New Orleans, 236,37c.
RICE—Firm; domestic, 336,36c.; Japan, 45
44c.
TOLLOW — Dull; city, 311-166,339[c.; country, 313-196,356]c.
HAY—Steady; shipping, 55,660c.; good techoice, 756,853[c.] very country of the country of the

# PORTE YIEI DS AGAIN. TURKEY READY TO CONSIDER A From All Points

Coats and Capes. Are you among them? If not, why not? When you come just knock about 25 per cent from the price you expect to pay and see how near that will be our price. Buying close and for cash is what tells the story. That's why we sell at these prices. Below please note a description of a few of our bargains:

### COATS:

At \$14.50 A plush Cape, 26 inches very heavy Thibet triuming around colur and down front, beard and slik braid triuming: At \$14.75 Boucle cloth, box front, lar, four large pearl buttons. Half lined with satin, One of our leaders. At \$14 Astrachan cloth, very latest silk; two neat pockets, four large buttons, edges nicely bound in silk braid.

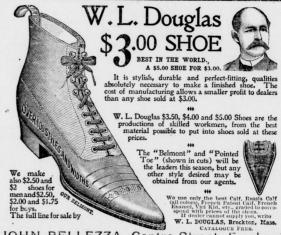
At \$9.50 Astrachan Cape, 30 inches in length, sweep 122 inches, storm collar, edged with Thibet. At \$12.50 very handsome kersey back and sleeves, large buttons; half lined

back and sleeves, large buttons; half lined with silk. Sure to please.

At \$8 theavy beaver cloth, box front, trimmed with pearl buttons, two pockets and storm collar A great bargain at this price. We have Coats as cheap as you would wish to buy. At \$5.50 Pla'n plush, Thibet trim down the front silk lining. Good value for

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Monday, October 26.

TONY FARRELL

rey's during leaf of life. The beautiful although the the thing leaf of the assassin. The wrong righted. The retribution at last.

PATERIA Sents on sale at Strongshord December of Show.

PATERIA Sent Sents on sale at Strongshord December of Show.

East Strongshord December of Stro

patent is secured we will enduct its safe for you without extra charge. 32-PAGE HAND-BOOK and list of
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Sold by druggists.

# You Afraid •

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Heavy Team Harness, double, \$25, \$28 and \$30. GEO. WISE,

Jeddo and Freeland, Pa.