Health

Is impossible without pure, healthy blood. Purified and vitalized blood results from taking

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills for the liver and bowels. 25c.

"One Primary Money Mass."

By restoring silver to its former place both metals would become in effect one metal; one primary money mass, both would respond to the demand of debts and business, and to support with broader basis the credit fabric of the world. Says a French writer in 1881: "The law, by placing the yellow metal and white metal on the same basis by establishing a fixed ratio between them, has made them really a single money."—Sterling (Kan.) Democrat.

A Trust Director for Vice-President.

Garret A. Hobart, nominated by the Republicans for the Vice-Presidency, is a fit and proper person to represent the party of monopoly. As a director in the American Cotton Oil Company, the official name of the cotton seed trust, he is personally interested in restoring the McKinley law. That tariff imposed a duty of twenty-seven per cent. on cotton seed oil. The Wilson tariff abolished the duty, thus decreasing the power of the trust to charge higher prices to American consumers than to foreigners. If McKinley is elected the duty on cotton seed oil will be restored, for the benefit of Mr. Hobart and his trust associates. How will that help the millions who will have to pay higher prices for oil!

"Business Men."

In common with millions of our fellow citizens, we contend that when the money question is considered from a "business" standpoint (and that is the standpoint from which it should be considered) every business should have fair play and an impartial hearing, and that no few special calling should arrogate to themselves the right to be considered the only "business" worth figuring in the premises, and the only ones which have within them intelligence enough to say how our monetary systems shall be formed or of what our money shall consist. The gold handler and those who agree with him may demand gold exclusively, but other men engaged in different pursuits, whose business is crippled by adhering to the gold standard, have just as much right and better reason for demanding a broader and less monopolistic system, one which will give them a better showing and, in their opinion, the country more prosperity.

Before the Days of Resumption.

When was it that hovels were transformed into houses, and houses into palaces in this country? It was during the latter sixties, before "resumption" was thought of, and its baleful shadow was not compelled to pay back a dollar twice or thrice as valuable as the one it borrowed.—Austin (Tex.) Pitchfork.

A Veteran Financier for Silver.

The opposition to the free coinage of silver is a crime—a miserable, crazy notion. If I had the doing of it there would be no room for a goldbug in this country. The gold standard would ruin the country—positively ruin it. I have seen in my time silver superior in value to gold, and its depreciation has been caused by its demonetization. The silver dollar was the unit of value until 1873, when there was a 3 per cent. premium on the metal. At that time the value of silver was 3 per cent. more than that of gold.—Jay Cooke.

CAN'T HELP TELLING.

No village so small.
No city so large.
From the Atlantic to the Pacific, names known for all that is truthful, all that is reliable, are attached to the most thankful letters.
They come to Lydia E. Pinkham, and

tell the one story of physical salvation gained through the aid of her Vegetable Compound.

The horrors born of displacement or ulceration of the womb:

Backache, bearing-down, dizziness, fear of coming calamity, distrust of best friends.

All, all—sorrows and sufferings of the past. The famed "Vegetable Compound" bearing the illustrious name, Pinkham, has brought them out of the valley of suffering to that of happiness and usefulness.

PNU 37 96

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

BRYAN'S ELOQUENT PLEA

HE SPEAKS FOR FREE SILVER TO FARMERS AND WORKINGMEN.

The Gifted Nebraskan's Magnificent Address to an Immense Audience at Hornellsville, N. Y.—Asks Some Questions of Silver's Foes.

William J. Bryan, the Democratic champion of free silver, spoke to an immense audience of farmers and workingmen at the Hornellsville (N. Y.) fair during his tour through the State. Mr. Bryan said:

Our opponents have no policy on the money question. They don't say that the gold standard is good. No party in the history of the United States ever said that the gold standard was good. And yet, my friends, parties have existed here, parties have written platforms, parties have nominated candidates, parties have carried on campaigns, and yet no party from the beginning of our history until to-day has ever said in a National platform that the gold standard is a good thing for the American people. No party would dare to say that and then go forth before the people, who for twenty years have suffered beneath the burden of a gold standard.

But what does the Republican platform say? Why, it says we pledge ourselves to get rid of the gold standard and substitute the principle of bimetallism. Doesn't that mean that bimetallism is better than a gold standard? There can be no other construction placed upon it, and after having declared that bimetallism is better than a gold standard, that same platform says that until the leading commercial Nations shall consent to an international agreement we must bear the gold standard. Now, if the gold standard is a good thing, the Republican party ought to have declared in favor of its permanent maintenance. If the gold standard is a good thing the United States ought to have it.

If the gold standard is a bad thing no foreign Nation should be permitted to force a gold standard upon the people of this country. How long does the Republican platform say we must endure the gold standard? For a year? It doesn't limit it to a year. For four years? It doesn't limit it to four years.

You know that platform in substance declares that we must submit to it forever if other Nations insist upon our doing it. There is not in that platform, in that money plank, a single ray of hope.

Are you satisfied with your condition? If you are you want to keep the gold standard. If you are not satisfied with your condition are you willing to submit to present conditions until other people take pity on us and come to our rescue? That, my friends, is the position in which we are placed in this campaign—no party defending the gold standard and yet a great party willing to surrender the right of self government, willing to place in legislative powers in other Governments the right to legislate for the people of the United States. I do not believe the American people will ever consent to receive their mandates from across the ocean.

Our opponents do not attack one of the strong planks in our platform.

We declare against the issuance of bonds in times of peace and the trafficking with syndicates, that are themselves out for a high price, to look after our Government. We denounce that policy. Does the Republican party denounce it? No, not a word in its platform denouncing it.

If the Republican party succeeds will it stop that policy? No, because every man who is interested in that syndicate, every man who profits out of the Government's extremities, is declaring that the Republican ticket must be elected this year in order to save the country.

And yet when our opponents come before the people, to whom do they appeal for votes? Do any of the Republican speakers turn to the money changers and appeal to them to vote the Republican ticket? No, it is not necessary, my friend, to waste time on them. They appeal to the ones who they think will require the most persuasion. To whom do they appeal? To the laboring men of this country. They tell the laboring man that they are so afraid that something is going to happen to him.

Well, now, how can you tell whether these men who stand at the head of the gold crusade, and yet do not have the courage to say so, are going to help the laboring men or not? Judge the future by the past. We have scriptural authority for the assertion that the tree is known by its fruit. These trees have been bearing fruit for twenty years, and there has not been a thing on a single tree that a laboring man would have in his house.

These are the men who by the formation of great trusts have stifled competition, driven the small competitor out of business. Will they at this late day turn around and champion laws for the special benefit and protection of the laboring men? Show me the man who has tried to break down labor organization and I will show you a man who to-day is sweating blood for fear some laboring man is going to have his wages cut into.

Now, my friends, the policy of the enemy is to divide and conquer. Whenever there has been an effort upon the part of the laboring men to secure any legislation needed by them, where have they found their friends? They have found their friends upon the farm, and not in Wall street. And now they appeal to the laboring man to come with the money changers and help them defeat the farmer because he wants a higher price for his product.

They want the laboring man to believe that the free coinage of silver is going to hurt him. My friends, I would rather risk the laboring man to decide what is good for him than to leave his interests in the hands of his ancient enemies. And what do the laboring men say? It is only a little more than a year ago that a petition was sent to Congress asking for the immediate restoration of the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver, at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other Nation, and it was signed by the leaders of every prominent labor organization in the United States.

Who can best be trusted? The men who have led the labor organizations in the fights in the past, or the men who in the past have used their power to defeat the only protection of the laboring man, namely, his organization. Now, why did these laboring men demand the restoration of silver? Because they know that when the dollar goes up property goes down, and they know that when property is falling all enterprise is retarded and stagnation follows. They know the gold standard encourages the hoarding of money, instead of the expanding of it in the development of the resources of the country, and now this policy of hoarding is driving thousands and tens of thousands and hundreds of thousands of workingmen out in the streets, where they beg for the privilege of working for their daily bread.

These workmen know that they cannot separate themselves from the tillers of the soil. These laboring men know that there can be no prosperity in business in this country unless the farmer is selling what he produces for more than what it cost him to produce it.

Now, I want to suggest these questions: When you meet a man who is opposed to our platform, you find out what busines he is engaged in. Find out whether he has any pecuniary interest that will lead him to take a position against us. Ask him if he is in favor of a gold standard. If he says he is, ask him if it is not queer that there never was a party in the United States that was in favor of a gold standard. Tell him that he is a man without a party in the United States. If he says that he is opposed to a gold standard, and is in favor of bimetallism, you ask him how much he is in favor of bimetallism. If he says he wants other Nations to help, ask him what other Nations he wants to help and what chance he thinks of their doing it. You ask him whether he thinks that a creditor country, whose rulers profit by the rise of the value of the dollar, whether those countries are very good people to expect to come and help us to stop the thing that is doing them good. If he says that he does not think this country is large enough to have a financial policy of its own, ask him what he thinks this Nation is large enough to have.

If he says that we are not able to legislate for ourselves on the greatest question that can come before the people, ask him what right we had, anyway, to declare our independence a hundred years ago.

You tell him that under free coinage the dollar will be the same size that it is now, the same weight and the same fineness. It will be a legal tender better than it is to-day, because while the silver dollar to-day is a legal tender, unless somebody contracts against it, the new silver dollar will be of legal tender no matter whether man hereafter tries to demonetize by law what the Government calls money. You tell him that if a dollar is worth a hundred cents to-day, because you can pay taxes with it, and pay debts with it, and buy property with it, how he knows it is going to be less when you make it better than it is to-day.

If he says that when you melt that silver dollar down it is not worth more than 53 cents, you tell him it is because the law says that if the dollar melts you cannot have it coined again, but must use it to make spoons out of, but you intend by law to say he can take it to the mint and have it restamped again just as he can take a gold dollar to-day and have it restamped if it melts.

General Distress.

Can it be that these gentlemen who roll in wealth—and who constitute the power of the goldbug movement—are ignorant of the fact that the condition of the laboring element of this Nation is hardly susceptible of being rendered worse? Do they not know that wages are now down to the starvation notch; that multiplied thousands are unable to obtain a day's employment at any price; that a very large percentage of those who have positions are working on one-half, and even less time, and that the prices for farm products have been beaten down until the farm has ceased to pay? Can it be that these gold standard advocates are so blind that they do not see that distress, more general and severe than perhaps ever characterized this fair land before, is now the portion of her people?—Springfield (Mo.) Leader.

A Frank British Admission.

England, as a creditor country, must receive goods of a certain value every year, or else some of her debtors must declare themselves defaulters. Owing to the decline in the value of raw materials, it is no longer possible for the world at large to pay its annual debt to them, and therefore England now takes a certain proportion of what is owed her in the manufactured articles.—London Spectator.

Silver's Place is With Gold.

The amount of real money, that is primary or redemption money, per capita in circulation in the world is stated to be $5.01, of which $2.51 is gold and $2.50 is silver.—Youngstown (Ohio) Buckeye Record.

A REPUBLICAN ORGY.

GENERAL PROFLIGACY UNDER HARRISON'S ADMINISTRATION.

Recent Statements of McKinley Completely Disproved—Republican Extravagance Mainly Responsible for the Country's Distress.

To Mr. McKinley:

In your letter of acceptance you say of the Wilson Tariff law:

"It lacks the essential virtue of the creation—the raising of revenue sufficient to supply the needs of the Government. It has contributed to swell our National debt more than $262,000,000, and general business demoralization is seen on every hand. * * * Confidence in home enterprises has almost wholly disappeared. Our men at home are idle and men abroad are occupied in supplying us with goods."

In a recent speech at your home you were even more explicit. You said of the sound-money Democrats:

"They * * * were chiefly instrumental in putting on the statute books tariff legislation which has destroyed American manufacturing, checked foreign trade and reduced the demand for the labor of American workingmen."

In the same speech you characterized the existing (Wilson) tariff law as:

"Free trade legislation which has already resulted so disastrously to the American people and entailed upon the Government deficient revenues, upon the people diminished trade abroad and starvation wages at home."

These statements and characterizations are not true, Mr. McKinley.

1. The Wilson tariff has not "destroyed American manufacturing" or "checked foreign trade." On the contrary, as you very well know, the exports of American manufactured goods, which amounted under your own tariff law in the fiscal year 1892 only to $158,000,000, have so increased under the Wilson law that for the fiscal year 1896 they were no less than $228,000,000.

2. When you assert that the existing tariff has "reduced the demand for the labor of American workingmen" you are under obligation to establish the fact. What proof have you that the demand for American labor is less under the present tariff than it was under your own? If your assertion is true you can easily establish it by statistics. You doubtless remember that in 1890 you asserted that wages in protected industries had advanced under your tariff, and yet upon an oft-repeated challenge you utterly failed to point out a single instance in which any such thing had occurred. Is your present assertion equally without a foundation of fact? Is it fair, is it just, is it even honest to make such an assertion if you cannot prove it?

3. The Wilson law is not "free trade legislation," and you know it. You know that the present tariff is higher than the Republican tariff of 1883, under which labor was amply protected. You know that it is 50 per cent. higher than the Morrill war tariff. You know it is the highest protective tariff in the world. Is it honest or fair to call this "free trade?"

4. The Wilson bill, as you perfectly know, has not "entailed upon the Government deficient revenues." You know that but for the Supreme Court's anomalous decision declaring its income tax feature unconstitutional the Wilson measure would have produced ample revenues to pay all Government expenses and leave a surplus. You know that when that source of revenue was destroyed it was a Republican Congress which refused to increase the beer tax or do anything else to repair the deficiency. Is it fair, is it manly, is it wise, under existing circumstances, for you thus to misrepresent facts?

But there is a broader aspect of this matter. In these assertions and suggestions you challenge scrutiny of Republican crimes under Harrison. It is reckless and even a fatal thing for you to do.

The very mischiefs which you charge to Democratic legislation and Democratic administration have been the necessary results, the inevitable fruits of that orgy which began with Mr. Harrison's inauguration and ended only with his departure from office after his crushing defeat by the people. As you were yourself a prominent and influential factor in the events of that period you must know this fact as well as we do. Is it fair for you to ignore it and attribute to Democratic legislation and administration results which were unmistakable consequences of Republican misconduct?

1. You know perfectly well that when Mr. Harrison came into office Mr. Cleveland turned over to him a Treasury full to repletion, with a surplus of more than a hundred million of dollars, and with revenue laws producing vastly more money than the Government needed.

2. You know that at the end of Mr. Harrison's term the surplus was exhausted and that there would have been a deficiency apparent but for the juggling of accounts in the Treasury department and the wrongful conversion of a trust fund to illegitimate uses.

3. You know that this result was brought about in part by the reduction of receipts created by your own tariff bill, under which, in the name of protection, the customs revenues were cut down from $229,000,000 in 1890 to $177,000,000 in 1892 and $131,000,000 in 1894.

4. You know that it was in other part produced by the reckless squandering of a Republican Congress of which in the House you were the chosen leader. That body not only swelled expenditures to a billion dollars, but fastened so many unjust permanent charges upon the Treasury as to make it impossible for succeeding Congresses to reduce this extraordinary and extravagant total.

5. You know that whatever deficiency there has since been in the revenue, whatever consequent embarrassment to business and whatever prostration to industry are in large part the fruits of recklessness for which the Republicans much more than the Democratic party is responsible, and in which you yourself bore a commanding part. Why not tell the truth about these things? Are honesty, candor, fair dealing and truth telling less imperative obligations to a candidate for President than to ordinary men?

But this is not all.

Mr. Harrison was elected by a minority vote, even as compared with that of his Democratic opponent alone. The majority of the popular vote was heavily against him. No sooner was he seated than your party set about securing his re-election and preserving its control of the Senate in spite of anything the majority of the voters might decree.

There were five Territories that could be depended upon to elect Republican Senators and give their electoral votes to a Republican candidate. By dividing Dakota a Republican Congress made of these five sparsely populated Territories six new Republican States, with twelve Senators, eight members of Congress and twenty electoral votes.

Not one of these States had a population fairly entitling it to admission. Not one of them would have been admitted except in aid of the Republican conspiracy to re-elect Mr. Harrison and to intrench the Republican party in control of the Senate in spite of the country's will. Incidentally this political crime was expected to render impossible the repeal of any legislation the Congress that committed it might enact. It was designed to enable your party to fasten permanently on the country that system of bounties and favoritism and extravagance which made possible and profitable the very wrongs and robberies against which the free silver craze is largely a misguided protest.

Mr. Harrison and the Congress elected with him reduced the revenues, squandered the surplus, increased the expenditures, swelled the pension list until it cost more than any of the great European war establishments and inaugurated a system of general profligacy which has alarmed and angered the country.

In face of this record it is neither honest nor politic in you to insult the intelligence of Democrats whose suffrages you ask by attributing to Democratic legislation and administration the ills of which your own party was chief author.

It was not the Wilson law, but the Republican crimes under Harrison, that laid the foundations for present distress and created conditions which threaten the country with policies of dishonor.—New York World.

Some women are bound to be slaves; as soon as they lose one master they hunt up another one.

"Uncle Billy" Hubbell of Bath, N. Y.

From the Advocate, Bath, N. Y.

Residents of Bath, N. Y., have taken a great fancy of late to Lake Salubria, which lies just outside the village, and during the past two years a score of new cottages have gone up on its shores. Choice locations are becoming scarce and the early settlers are careful now to keep what dooryard they have left. Your correspondent visited the Lake recently and dropped in to see "Uncle Billy" Hubbell in his comfortable cottage under the pines. Mr. Hubbell established himself at the Lake before the boom commenced, and has one of the prettiest locations there.

Mr. Hubbell said that this was the first spring in twenty years in which he had been free from his old enemy, sciatic rheumatism. He thought he had contracted this disease while running as express messenger on the Erie and other railroads between 1849 and 1859, although he did not feel its acute symptoms until some fifteen years later. Mr. Hubbell is now the second oldest expressman in the United States and recalls many interesting reminiscences of these early days. In 1876 he went to the Western frontier, and has suffered from sciatic rheumatism ever since. Speaking of the many efforts he had made to get relief from this painful ailment, he said that while in New Mexico he visited the Las Vegas and Hamas springs, and later he tried those at Manitou, Col., and Little Rock, Ark. Coming east he tried the White Sulphur Spring, Ohio, St. Catherine, Can., and Clifton and Avon, in New York, but without being able to get the slightest relief. As he advanced in age, his trouble became more painful. "Why," he exclaimed, pointing to the farm house of William Burleson, about six hundred feet distant, "I would yell so when those twinges caught me that they could hear me down there."

William H. Hallock, owner of Hallock's bank, in Bath, is a nephew of Mr. Hubbell, and last winter he insisted that "Uncle Billy" should try Pink Pills for Pale People for his rheumatism. Mr. Hubbell is free to say that he had no faith in the pills whatever, and only tried them because of the insistence of Mr. Hallock. He had already tried "more than a million remedies" before he came to Pink Pills and as none had rendered him the slightest benefit, he was pretty well discouraged. However, to please Mr. Hallock, he got a box of Pink Pills. Since then (some three or four months), Mr. Hubbell has not felt a single trace of rheumatism, and is now on his fourth box of the pills. He cannot explain how this marvelous relief was effected, but feels sure it was the pills which did it, and is now as enthusiastic in their endorsement as was his nephew, Mr. Hallock. Mr. Hubbell now comes into Bath almost every day, and says he could ride a bicycle if he only had some one to help him on and off.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 22d day of May, 1896.

W. P. Fish, *Notary Public.*

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are now given to the public as an unfailing blood builder and nerve restorer, curing all forms of weakness arising from a watery condition of the blood or shattered nerves. The pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50, by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

Heart Disease Relieved in 30 Minutes.

Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart gives perfect relief in all cases of Organic or Sympathetic Heart Disease in 30 minutes, and speedily effects a cure. It is a peerless remedy for Palpitation, Shortness of Breath, Smothering Spells, Pain in Left Side and all symptoms of a Diseased Heart. One dose convinces. If your druggist hasn't it in stock, ask him to procure it for you. It will save your life.

As Advertised.

New Yorker—But you advertised that you had running water on both floors.

Jayhawker—So we did, stranger; an' 'twas a foot deep in the cellar, but we hain't had no rain naow goin' on a week to-morrow.—Exchange.

Blodds—Here's a rather clever little book, "Don'ts for Club Men." Slobbs—It isn't the don'ts that worry me; it's the dues.—Philadelphia Record.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Catarrh and Colds Relieved in 10 to 60 Minutes.

One short puff of the breath through the Blower, supplied with each bottle of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, diffuses this Powder over the surface of the nasal passages. Painless and delightful to use. It relieves instantly and permanently cures Catarrh, Hay Fever, Colds, Headache, Sore Throat, Tonsilitis and Deafness. If your druggist hasn't it in stock, ask him to procure it for you.

A herring weighing six or seven ounces is provided with about 30,000 eggs.

All who use Dobbins' Electric Soap praise it as the *best*, cheapest and *most economical* family soap made; but if you will try it once it will tell a still stronger tale of its merits *itself. Please* try it. Your grocer will supply you.

The first church on the site of St. Paul's, London, was built in 610.

FITS stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free $2 trial bottle and treatise. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

I use Piso's Cure for Consumption both in my family and practice.—Dr. G. W. Patterson, Inkster, Mich., Nov. 5, 1894.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain; cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Sword-fish as food is infinitely superior to salmon.

There are soaps and soaps but only one

Sunlight Soap

which is the soap of soaps and washes clothes with less labor and greater comfort.

Makes homes brighter Makes hearts lighter

Lever Bros., Ltd., Hudson & Harrison Sts., N. Y.

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness, without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, then laxatives or other remedies are not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, then one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

Nothing

so Clean,
so Durable,
so Economical,
so Elegant
as

S. H. & M. REGISTERED TRADE MARK BIAS VELVETEEN SKIRT BINDINGS.

You have to pay the same price for the "just as good." Why not **insist** on having what you want—S. H. & M.

If your dealer WILL NOT supply you we will.

Samples mailed free.

"Home Dressmaking Made Easy," a new 72 page book by Miss Emma M. Hooper, of the Ladies' Home Journal, tells in plain words how to make dresses at home without previous training; mailed for 25c.

S. H. & M. Co., P. O. Box 699, N. Y. City.

DROPSY Treated free. Positively CURED with Vegetable Remedies. Have cured many thousand cases pronounced hopeless. From first dose symptoms rapidly disappear, and in ten days at least two-thirds of all symptoms are removed. BOOK of testimonials of miraculous cures sent FREE. TEN DAYS TREATMENT FURNISHED FREE by mail DR. H. H. GREEN & SONS, Specialists, Atlanta, Ga.

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OPIUM and WHISKY habit cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. B. M. Woolley, Atlanta, Ga.

"It Bridges You Over."

Battle Ax PLUG

"Battle Ax" bridges a man over many a tight place when his pocket-book is lean. A 5-cent piece of "Battle Ax" will last about as long as a 10-cent piece of other good tobaccos.

This thing of getting double value for your money is a great help. Try it and save money.

"Don't Put Off Till To-morrow the Duties of To-day."

Buy a Cake of

SAPOLIO