

HUNTING'S NEW RAILROAD SHOWS

will exhibit in
Freeland
Friday,
August 21.



Admission, - - 20c
Children Under 9, 10c



Performances at 2
and 8 p. m.
Grand street parade
at 10 a. m.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.
FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER—
THOS. M. DULLARD,
of Wilkesbarre.
Subject to the decision of the Democratic
county convention.
FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER—
HENRY MARTIN,
of Hazleton.
Subject to the decision of the Democratic
county convention.
FOR SENATOR—
DANIEL J. MCCARTHY,
of Freeland.
Subject to the decision of the Democratic
senatorial convention.
**FOR REGISTER OF WILLIS AND CLERK
OF ORPHANS' COURT—**
JOHN J. BRISLIN,
of Sugar Notch.
Subject to the decision of the Democratic
county convention.

PERSONALITIES.
While at New York last week A. Goopert and wife made arrangements to have their daughter, Miss Annie, enter the Boston Conservatory of Music next month.
Misses Susie Mundie, Dolly Mackin and Mrs. John Turnbach, of Wilkesbarre, are the guests of Attorney John M. Carr and wife.
William E. Baueher and family removed from Berwick to this place last week. They were residents of Freeland several years ago.
Miss Sallie Roth, bookkeeper at Lambach's confectionery establishment, is enjoying her vacation at Harvey's Lake.
Henry Krause and Miss Maggie Jamison, both of South Heberton, will be married on Wednesday of next week.
Mrs. Callahan and son Patrick and daughter Sadie, of Plains, are visiting Hugh Malloy.
A young son arrived last week to brighten the home of Jerry McCarthy and wife.
Ulysses G. Fetterman and Miss Liddie Moses will be married on September 16.
There is nothing cheap about the Wear Well footwear except the price. It can't be lower. Try their shoes.

FREELAND TRIBUNE.
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MONDAY AND THURSDAY
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Keep the figures in advance of the present
date. Report promptly to this office whenever
paper is not received. Arrears must be paid
when subscription is discontinued.
FREELAND, PA., AUGUST 17, 1896.

Bryan Has Made Them Desperate.
The unprecedented "audaciousness" exhibited by William J. Bryan in going within a stone's throw of Wall street to receive his formal notification, and then delivering a masterly and unassailable argument in defense of every plank of the Chicago platform, has aroused the gold men's press as no other man has ever done. With one accord they flew into a rage the following day, and denunciation, abuse, vile epithets and disgraceful caricatures have been the predominant features of their columns since.

Bryan's speech stunned them for the moment, and when they recovered themselves they found his words were indelible. Maddened and chagrined at the thought that 60,000 American voters battled for admission to hear the issues of the day discussed honestly, truthfully and intelligently by the standard bearer of the common people, the press of the bondholders, bankers and brokers could not conceal its disappointment at being unable to refute his words, and their frothings, ravings and scurrilous attacks proclaim them to be in a plight that is pitiable.

Powerful as gold may be, there is not enough of it on earth to buy arguments with which that speech can be refuted. Truth cannot be overthrown by dross, and the frenzied condition into which the morbid press of this nation has worked itself is plain proof of this fact. If a single sentence of Bryan's address could be shown to be false, it would have been done ere now. But no, not one word of that lengthy oration has been proven untrue, and so his enemies and their representatives in the newspaper world, finding that the nation at whose throat their grasp has been for many long years is about to rise in its might and cast off the bloodleeches, have resorted to the weapons of the coward.

They hurl at Bryan and his followers every known word that stands for dishonorable dishonesty, but they dare not make a truthful comment upon the grand address he has delivered. They try to hide from their duped readers the magical effect his speech has had upon the voters of the United States, but it will all be to no avail. The people have learned to suspect some men and their motives, and are doing their own thinking in this campaign.

A Warning Which Should Be Heeded.
From the Wilkesbarre Telephone.

It is well known that the ordinary dangers incident to anthracite mining in nearly all the collieries of the Wyoming region is becoming greater year after year, as the workings are extended into the underlying veins, and the overlying veins are being rapidly worked out. On the west side of the Susquehanna from West Nanticoke all the way to Plymouth, and the Woodward and East Boston mines near Kingston, the upper workings of at least a dozen of the collieries in that line of territory are connected with each other.
The area of workable coal in the lower veins extends underneath the river, and at several of the collieries mentioned coal is now being mined in the Red Ash and overlying veins, directly under the vicinity of the river bed.
It is very evident, therefore, that the mine law should make it incumbent on the land owners and operators to take every possible precaution to secure the safety of human life and property in the time to come; otherwise it is not altogether improbable that the Susquehanna river may some day inundate the mines, and forever put an end to the mining of anthracite in the Wyoming valley.

The "Tribune" Is Never Behind.
Last Monday the TRIBUNE announced that the New York speech of W. J. Bryan, the Democratic presidential nominee, would appear today. On Thursday, however, we surprised the greater part of our readers, and ourselves somewhat, by giving in the issue of that day the complete address as delivered by Mr. Bryan the previous evening. This was done without delaying the issue one minute, the entire edition having been sent on its way to subscribers before noon. We did not expect to be able to develop such enterprise, but, since it has been done, we presume our readers will overlook our misstatement made a week ago and feel satisfied that the TRIBUNE did its duty to them by placing the entire speech in their hands before it was printed by any other newspaper in northeastern Pennsylvania.

To the few subscribers whose papers did not contain this feature we make amends by publishing it in the papers sent them today.

MUST OVERTHROW GOLD.
That is the First Step in the Great Battle for Industrial Emancipation.
The single standard appears to have ranged upon its side an apparently impregnable array of forces and nothing will be left untried to bring victory to its banner.

The members of one fat-frying committee in New York city alone are credited with controlling over \$50,000,000 of capital, the great railroad interests are openly dictating a political creed to their millions of employes, throughout New England and the Middle States thousands of men and women are thrown out of employment, manufacturers in many instances seek deliberately to intimidate their workmen, and in the East and West there every day arises some clergyman, a reputed teacher of the Word, who hurls his anathemas against the cohorts of free silver.

Lies of almost every name and kind are spoken from the rostrum or scattered broadcast through the mails, all with the one object of terrifying the voter with the most alarming picture of what is in store if victory comes to the white metal.

It is more than passing strange that, in all this weary waste of wind and ink, there should not be a solitary line of honest attempt at argument; not one of the satellites of Lombard and Wall streets makes a single proposition that will for an instant stand alone; there is nothing but the reiteration of what will occur—what they propose shall occur—if their views are not upheld by free American voters at the polls.

We are warned that the silver of the world will be dumped upon us, when the prophets of evil know that all the rest of the earth depends for its silver currency upon the mines of the western hemisphere. The song of the "50 cent dollar" is sung in every gold speech when the talker knows, or ought to know, that in all the years America kept silver in its place, as a money metal, there was a continual drain of silver to other nations at a constant premium over gold. The fall in the price of silver and the consequent advance, or appreciation, in gold was deliberately maneuvered by the men who now howl longest and loudest for "honest money" and against "depreciated metal."

The claim is made that wages will fall and the price of commodities rise, with the advent of free coinage, when the preparators know in their hearts that such a state of things never has and never can exist in this or any other country.
The trump card they play is the threat that a panic will be forced upon the country; in the words of Henry Clews, "Wall street relies upon her reserve power to bring about such a state of things as no congress and no people will dare defy."

This is the whole situation in a nutshell. Wall street and her tributaries see their grasp slipping from the control of the currency, and Wall street will use every desperate measure to prevent this defeat.

The triumph of free coinage will be an object lesson to all the people. It will be a long step in advance on the road to the time when Uncle Sam will issue all his money direct to the people without the intervention of banks, and the banks that have fought off this day of reckoning for thirty-four years, and have almost succeeded in making its coming impossible, will bring every engine at their command to make a last determined stand against the abrogation of the most valuable of their long-enjoyed privileges.

Victory now for the people means the beginning of the end for the banks, therefore no lie is too gross, no misrepresentation too huge, no method too despicable, if it only offers a hope to them of final success. They have already sent out notices of a squeeze to mortgage farmers, merchants large and small will have their credit withdrawn, money tightening of every description is in full swing, the spending capacity of the consumer is narrowed by wholesale shut-downs or curtailment of production, and measures are completed for the accumulation of the most stupendous corruption fund this country ever saw.

This is what faces over 75 per cent of the population of the United States today. Twenty-five per cent hold all the wealth and are all intimately interested in a continuance of the gold standard. We have in round numbers 14,000,000 family groups in America; of this number 1 per cent, or 140,000, are worth from \$100,000 to \$125,000,000 each and will average \$300,000; 2 per cent, or 280,000, are worth from \$20,000 to \$100,000, an average of \$60,000 each, which gives us 420,000 families owning \$59,000,000 of all the wealth. The small capitalists, averaging say \$4,000, number 20 per cent of the whole or 2,800,000, owning \$11,000,000, the grand total being \$70,000,000, the full estimated wealth of the country in the hands of less than 25 per cent of the population.

Of the \$59,000,000 in the hands of three per cent of the people, not less the \$30,000,000 is embodied in real estate and monopoly franchise values, through which this small number control all production and all commerce.

Controlling commerce and production and approximating every year the larger share of all produced to increase their hoard, even free silver is not going to emancipate us entirely, but it is the first step that must be taken in the great battle for justice.

We are about to enter into a death struggle with this "power for evil" and the most certain way to deal a crushing blow is to see that your vote is not cast upon the side where aggregated wealth is strongest. Scotch the octopus at this election and, feeling your power, you will be encouraged to go forward and

insist upon the other reforms which must come ere we see the goal. Free coinage is a step in the right direction, in that it recognizes and emphasizes the right of the people, through congress, to issue and control money; it kills the claim of the goldbug army that we must hold ourselves at the beck and call of those who dictate England's financial policy and have so long controlled our own, in a word it is the first blow for freedom from ruinous rule, and will be followed in the near future by full and complete industrial emancipation.
M. J. Bishop,
Scituate, Massachusetts.

A Few Words About Repudiation.
From the Wilkesbarre Leader.

In an article attacking the Chicago platform the Philadelphia Press says: "Paying a debt in the money in which it was borrowed is a matter of common honesty." This has reference, of course, to the bonded debt of the United States. It cannot always be told what kind of money was loaned. The bonds of the United States have been sold for gold, silver, greenbacks, silver certificates and other kinds of money.
But the bonds themselves, the original contract, tell in what kind of money they are redeemable, and every one of them says "coin." Every resolution introduced in congress to make them payable in gold has been uniformly voted down, both before and after their issue.

The buyer of every bond has had full notice, both by congress and the wording of the bonds themselves, that they are payable in coin.
When the last issue of bonds was made the bankers offered to take 3 per cent. If the government would make them payable in gold. Congress refused to do this, and the bonds were issued as 4 per cent, payable in coin.

The latest fad in New York sweldon is the pet lamb. For the nonce the pug's nose is out of joint and the poodle hides his diminished head in sorrow. Every belle in Gotham who aspires to the ranks of the 400 has a young sheep, perhaps not the precise counterpart of the historical animal that followed Mary to school one day, but something similar, which accompanies her in her daily promenades, led by a silken leash. These animals are said to be so abundant in the metropolis as to give certain fashionable thoroughfares quite a pastoral appearance. Fifth avenue especially seeming to be all wool and a yard wide. In consonance with the new movement dresses are having a boom, and every society young man, with vitality enough, is sporting mutton-chop whiskers.

A Germantown woman who is in reduced circumstances has hit upon a novel scheme for earning a livelihood which has worked very successfully. A number of her married female acquaintances who are anxious to pose as society women, but whose financial circumstances will not admit of the luxury of nurses, readily engage her services when they wish to attend tea and other social functions. She charges 60 cents an hour for looking after the children in the absence of their mothers, and it is said that her services are in demand to such an extent as to render necessary the booking irradivance.

All international disputes are liable to what are called "complications." Here is one, cited by the Washington Post, in connection with the Venezuela matter: A western congressman is said to have received a letter from one of his constituents, who believes in losing no chances. "Everybody here," he wrote, "is talking about the Monroe doctrine, and nobody knows what it is. I don't know myself, but if the government is giving it away, send me what you can."

An incendiary with a mania for burning sawmills has broken loose in the neighborhood of Farmersburg, south of Terre Haute. Within the past month four mills have been burned, entailing a total loss. The fires have left the entire country south of here, for a radius of 20 miles, without a mill, and as the country is heavily wooded the deficiency is keenly felt. No insurance was carried upon the majority of the mills, and their owners find themselves unable to rebuild.

Compressed air is now used to run street railroads, mine coal and gold, dig canals, operate block signals, carry mail in tubes, propel locomotives, operate canal locks, raise sunken vessels, act as a refrigerator, shoot dynamite, shear sheep, dust carpets, clean cars, run clocks, paint buildings, run sewing machines, steer ships, dump cars, mix chemicals and carve stone.

The month of May, 1896, will be remembered for its weather vagaries and remarkable atmospheric disturbances. Southern California had a record-breaking hot wave last week, the mercury at Los Angeles going up to 109 in the shade. A few days before a snow-storm of ten days' duration came to an end in one of the towns of Montana.

A story comes from Indiana of the shooting of a bullfrog weighing nearly 12 pounds and sporting legs as long as a man's arm. This comes as a welcome change from the time-worn fish and snake fags.

It is said that an Arkansas farmer recently wrote to an eastern florist for some electric plant seed—"them kind what has such powerful currents. My old woman wants to use 'em for makin' gely."

RAILROAD TIMETABLES

THE DELAWARE, SUSQUEHANNA AND SCHUYLKILL RAILROAD.
Time table in effect December 15, 1895.
Trains leave Drifton for Jeddo, Eckley, Hazle Brook, Stockton, Beaver Meadow Road, Hazleton Junction at 6:25, 11:00 a. m., 4:45 p. m., daily except Sunday; and 7:05 a. m., 2:38 p. m., Sunday.
Trains leave Drifton for Harwood, Cranberry, Tomblicken and Deringer at 5:30 a. m., p. m., daily except Sunday; and 7:05 a. m., 2:38 p. m., Sunday.
Trains leave Drifton for Onedia Junction, Harwood Road, Humboldt Road, Onedia and Shepton at 6:00 a. m., 4:15 p. m., daily except Sunday; and 7:05 a. m., 2:38 p. m., Sunday.
Trains leave Deringer for Tomblicken, Cranberry, Harwood, Hazleton Junction, Hazle Brook, Stockton, Jeddo and Shepton, daily except Sunday; and 9:30 a. m., 4:07 p. m., Sunday.
Trains leave Shepton for Onedia, Humboldt Road, Harwood Road, Onedia Junction, Hazle Brook, Stockton, Hazle Brook, Eckley, Jeddo and Drifton at 5:25 p. m., daily, except Sunday; and 10:30 a. m., 3:45 p. m., Sunday.
Trains leave Hazleton Junction for Beaver Meadow Road, Stockton, Hazle Brook, Eckley, Jeddo and Drifton at 5:45, 9:25 p. m., daily, except Sunday; and 10:30 a. m., 3:45 p. m., Sunday.
Trains connect at Hazleton Junction with electric and passenger trains for Philadelphia and other points on the Jackson Conduits line.
Trains leaving Drifton at 6:00 a. m., Hazleton Junction at 6:25 a. m., and Shepton at 6:45 a. m., connect at Onedia Junction with Lehigh Valley electric and passenger trains.
Train leaving Drifton at 5:30 a. m. makes connection at Deringer with P. E. R. train for Harrisburg, Sunbury, Harrisburg and points west.
For the accommodation of passengers at way stations between Hazleton Junction and Deringer, an extra train will leave the former point at 3:30 p. m., daily, except Sunday, arriving at Deringer at 4:00 p. m.
LUTHER C. SMITH, Superintendent.

LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD.

May 17, 1896.
Anthracite coal used exclusively, insuring cleanliness and comfort.
ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.
LEAVE FREELAND.
6:05, 8:45, 9:30, 10:41 a. m., 1:40, 2:35, 3:25, 4:34, 5:24, 7:20, 8:15 p. m., for Drifton, Jeddo, Lumber Yard, Stockton and Hazleton.
6:05, 8:45, 9:30 a. m., 1:40, 2:35, 4:34 p. m., for Jackson Creek, Allentown, Bethlehem, Philadelphia and New York.
9:05, 9:50, 10:41 a. m., 2:35, 4:34, 7:10 p. m., for Hazleton, Stockton and Pottsville.
7:20, 7:55, 10:55 a. m., 11:54, 5:15 p. m., for Sandy Hook, White Haven, Glen Summit, Wilkesbarre, Hazleton and Hazleton Junction.
8:45 p. m. for Hazleton and Allentown.
SUNDAY TRAINS.
10:56 a. m. for Sandy Run, White Haven, Glen Summit and Wilkesbarre.
11:40 a. m. and 4:24 p. m. for Drifton, Jeddo, Lumber Yard and Hazleton.
12:41 p. m. for Jeddo, Mahanoy City, Shenandoah, New York and Philadelphia.
ARRIVE AT FREELAND.
7:20, 7:55, 9:20, 10:56, 11:54 a. m., 12:58, 2:30, 5:15, 6:07, 6:58, 8:35 p. m., from Hazleton, Stockton, Lumber Yard, Jeddo and Drifton.
7:20, 7:55, 10:55 a. m., 11:54, 5:15 p. m., from Hazleton, Mahanoy City and Shenandoah (via New Boston branch).
7:20, 7:55, 10:55 a. m., from New York, Easton, Philadelphia, Bethlehem, Allentown and Mauch Chunk.
7:20, 7:55, 9:20, 10:56, 11:54, 7:10, 8:35 p. m., from Hazleton, Bethlehem and Mauch Chunk.
9:30, 10:41 a. m., 2:35, 4:34, 7:10 p. m. from White Haven, Glen Summit, Wilkesbarre, Pottsville and L. & N. Junction.
SUNDAY TRAINS.
10:56, 11:31 a. m. and 3:10 p. m., from Hazleton, Lumber Yard, Jeddo and Drifton.
11:31 a. m. from Drifton, Hazleton, Philadelphia and Easton.
4:10 p. m. from Delano and Mahanoy region.
For further information inquire of Ticket Agents.
CHAS. S. LEE, Gen'l Pass. Agent, Hazleton, Pa.
ROLIN H. WILBUR, Gen. Supt. East. Div., A. W. NONNEMACHER, Asst. G. P. A., South Bethlehem, Pa.

NOTICE is hereby given that P. M. Sweeney, of Freeland, Pa., will file in the office of the secretary of the commonwealth for the purpose of registration under the acts of assembly approved Aug. 8, 1898, the following described bottles owned and used by him and of the names and marks impressed thereon:
FIRST CLASS: Made of white flint glass known as quart siphon, having impressed upon them the following names or marks in round form: "P. M. Sweeney, Freeland, Pa."
SECOND CLASS: Made of light green glass and known as a half-pint soda water bottle, having impressed upon them the following names: "P. M. Sweeney, Freeland, Pa." and on the reverse side, "This bottle not to be sold."
THIRD CLASS: Made of light green glass, cylindrical in form and about ten inches high, having on one side the following names, impressed upon them: On one side, in circular form: "P. M. Sweeney, Freeland, Pa." and on the reverse side near the bottom, "This bottle not to be sold."
FOURTH CLASS: Made of white colored glass, quart capacity, having impressed on one side in elliptical form the following names: "P. M. Sweeney, Freeland, Pa." and underneath the above the word "Registered"; the lower portion of the bottles is encircled by a scalloped edge.
All persons are cautioned against filling, using, buying or selling said bottles or having the same in their possession for the purpose of dealing or trafficking therein, as doing so is a crime punishable by fine and imprisonment. Chas. Orion Stroth, Attorney.
Freeland, Pa., July 30, 1896.

Harness!

Light Carriage Harness,
\$5.50, \$7, \$9 and \$10.50.
Heavy Express Harness,
\$16.50, \$19, \$20 and \$22.
Heavy Team Harness,
double, \$25, \$28 and \$30.
GEO. WISE,
Jeddo and Freeland, Pa.

LIVE QUESTIONS!

"Competition vs. Co-operation,"
by
J. S. David.
"Canned Sunshine,"
by
Edward E. Hale.
Thursday, - - - August 20.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

MOTHERS, Do You Know

that Paregoric, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called Soothing Syrups, and most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labeling them poisons?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel P. Fitch. That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than of all other remedies for children combined?

Do You Know that the Patent Office Department of the United States, and of other countries, have issued exclusive right to Dr. P. Fitch and his assigns to use the word "Castoria" and its formula, and that to imitate them is a state prison offense?

Do You Know that one of the reasons for granting this government protection was because Castoria had been proven to be absolutely harmless?

Do You Know that 35 average doses of Castoria are furnished for 35 cents, or one cent a dose?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well, and that you may have unbroken rest?

Well, these things are worth knowing. They are facts.

The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Pletcher* is on every wrapper.
Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

PEIRCE SCHOOL

274 Year.
A representative American Business School for both sexes.
RECORD BUILDING,
917-919 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.
THOMAS MAY PEIRCE, A.M., Ph.D.,
Founder and Principal.
1865-1896.
A Systematic Business Training
Completed with a practical, sound and useful English education.
Three full courses:
BUSINESS, SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING, ENGLISH.
The whole constituting an Ideal Combination.
Graduates cheerfully assisted to Positions.
Visitors welcome, especially during school hours, day or evening sessions.
Call or write for School Literature.
SAT. COMMENCEMENT, 1897, begins Monday, August 21, 1896.
WEDNESDAY COMMENCEMENT, Monday, September 21, 1896.

GET THE BEST

When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you get the best made, finest finished and most Popular for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted for its work over the world. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is

Light Running

There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, also on both sides of needle (patented), no other has it; New Stand (patented), driving wheel friction on adjustable centers, thus reducing price to the minimum.
WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.
THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.
ORANGE, MASS., BOSTON, MASS., 25 UNION SQUARE, N. Y., CHICAGO, ILL., ST. LOUIS, MO., DALLAS, TEXAS, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., ATLANTA, GA.
FOR SALE BY
D. S. Ewing, general agent,
1127 Chestnut street, Phila., Pa.

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The TRIBUNE has the best facilities in Freeland for printing stationery of every kind used by business men. Letterheads, noteheads, cards, billheads, statements, envelopes, etc., turned out in the neatest manner at the lowest rates. Let us estimate for you on your next order.

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Scelby's

Grocers can tell you why those who buy Scelby's keep coming back for it. Strange though how long it takes people to try a new thing.
It is used as an admixture to ordinary coffee makes a delicious drink.
GEO. FISHER,
dealer in
FRESH BEEF, PORK, VEAL, MUTTON, BOLOGNA, SMOKED MEATS, ETC., ETC.
Call at No. 6 Walnut street, Freeland, or wait for the delivery wagons.
VERY LOWEST PRICES.

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High-Grade, sold direct to users at wholesale. We will save you from \$10 to \$20. Everything in Bicycle and Vehicle line. Catalog free. Beautiful safety Bicycles at half price, guaranteed 1 year. No advance money required. We send by express and allow a full examination, if not right return at our expense. Now isn't that fair? Write us, Brewster Vehicle Co., Holly, Mich.

BICYCLISTS!

Encyclopedia, how to care for and repair Tires, Chains, Springs, etc., 150 valuable pointers for riders. Price Six cents by mail fee. If sold on sight. Agt. wanted. J. A. Slocum, Holly, Mich.

WANTED-AN IDEA

Who can think thing to patent? Protect your ideas. They may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WILDER, BURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C. for their \$1.00 price offer.