11 40 a m and 3 24 p m for Drifton, Jeddo, Lum-ber Yard and Hazieton, ARRIVE AT FREELAND.

Agents. CHAS. S. LEE, Gen'l Pass, Agent Philins, Pa. ROLLIN H, WILBUR, Gen. Supt. East. Div. A. W. NONNEMACHER, Ass't G. F. A., South Bethlehem, Pa.

R COUNTY COMMISSIONER-THOS. M. DULLARD,

of Wilkesbarre.

abject to the decision of the Demonty convention.

HENRY MARTIN,

DANIEL J. McCARTHY,

### LIBOR WINTER,

Restaurant and Eating Saloon. The finest liquors and cigars served at the counter. Cool beer and porter on tap.

G. HORACK, Baker & Confectioner.

Wholesale and Retail.

CENTRE STEEET, FREELAND

# LVE QUESTIONS!

'Co-operation a Factor in Social Reform,"

John Samuel.

Thursday, - - - July 30.

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Light Carriage Harness, 5.50, \$7, \$9 and \$10 50. Heavy Express Harness,

\$16.50, \$19, \$20 and \$22. Heavy Team Harness, double, \$25, \$28 and \$30.

GEO. WISE. Jeddo and Freeland, Pa.

## RAILROAD TIMETABLES FREELAND TRIBUNE.

MONDAY AND THURSDAY

TRIBUNE PRINTING COMPANY, Limited. OFFICE: MAIN STREET ABOVE CENTRE.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

word, Hazleton Juneton, Roan, down the description at 25, 540 pm. Sunday; and 95 a m. 90 pm. The Sheppton for Oneda, Humbold ood Road, Shengt and 80 at 11 an, 1240, 545 and Roan at 711 am, 1240, 545 and Roan at 711 am, 1240, 545 and Roan for Cherchard Sheppton for Beaver Mendow too, Hazle Proof, Editor, John Sheppton for Beaver Mendow too, Hazle Proof, Editor, John Sheppton for Beaver Mendow too, Hazle Proof, Editor, John Sheppton for Beaver Mendow too, Hazle Proof, Editor, John Sheppton for Beaver Mendow too, Hazle Proof, Editor, John Sheppton for Beaver Mendow too, Hazle Proof, Editor, John Sheppton for Beaver Mendow too.

### A Defect in the Mining Law.

From the Philadelphia Inquirer.

The Pittston Gazette directs public at tention to a curious defect in the mining aws of Pennsylvania. Three weeks shows, the coroner cannot legally pro-ceed to fix the responsibility for the death of any or all of the men unless at least one body is recovered!

In this fact lies the reductio ad absur-

In this fact lies the reductio ad absurdum of an idea which had for its purpose the protection of human life, not the protection of those who willfully or negligently sacrificed it. The law which insists that a body must be found before an inquest can be held was intended to prevent the execution of anyone for murder unless the murder was proved. A body with the news of violence was

ne assassin.

Obviously the stipulation was a wise
one. It prevented, for instance, execuion of any man not friendly to another
f the latter merely disappeared, and in

ach Chaink.
Isandy Run.
Staure, Pittsan Hazleton,

The men were seen entering the shaft and are know to be there

The cause of their death is also there should be a means to bring th responsible parties to justice at the earliest possible moment.

> Strong Platform and Strong Candidate The platform adopted by the Demo-erats of the fourth district is not a lengthy document, but it contains a great deal more sound logic than the general run of such political proclama-tions. Moreover, it throughly represents the sentiment of the party in the dis-trict, and does not contain a line which

trict, and does not contain a line which cannot be accepted by every Democrat. It speaks plainly upon the live issues of the day, and there are neither straddles, juggles nor quibbles indulged in. When it is considered that the platform, as a whole, was adopted by the representatives of the party without a dissenting voice, and was followed by the selection of a man who stands squarely upon it and gives his pledge to support it, the Democracy of the district can confidently appeal to the voters for support of the nominee.

Mr. Long possesses elements of

candinate for whom an aggressive con-test can be waged.

With Mr. Long as representative there is every reason to believe that the interests of all classes of people in lower Luzerne will be taken care of at Harrisburg honestly and ably, and further than that no one can demand of

Thirty-one to four was the vote on the silver plank in the Hazleton convention on Monday, and even the four dissenters did not oppose it because they are against silver, but because they thought the endorsement of the Democratic national nominees was sufficient to state the position of the Democrats of the district. The delegates, however, wanted to leave more of the district. the people unineumbered by the machinery of the electoral college.

United States senators should be elected by the direct vote of the people of their respective states.

Judges of the United States supreme vention in Pennsylvania since the Chicago convention, and their overwhelming endorsement of Bryan, Sewall and the hational platform does them honor as Democrats and citizens.

The "monopolist" has got his snout in the public trough, and he is not inclined to let up. The people will be obliged to give him such a kick this fall that he will let go long enough to snatch the trough away from him.—W.-B, Telphone.

LIVE QUESTIONS

A Series of Articles Contributed by

When our fathers formed this gov-ernment, they intended that it should be a purely representative government; that the will of the people as expressed through the ballot box should be the supreme law of the land; that all the officials charged with the performance of public functions should be elected by the people and be responsible to the people; that the tenure of office should be for only limited period. be for only limited periods, and that the trust and powers conferred upon public officials should be returned by them to the people at stated intervals.

Nothing was farther from the minds and purposes of the founders of this government than the fastening upon the people of an army of officials whose term of service should be limited only by life or good behavior. They never contemplated and they never made provision for the creation of an office holding aristocracy fashioned after the English system of office tenure.

The people have no choice in the selection of the more than 100,000 officials charged with the administration of the affairs of the federal government, and they are beginning to realize more and more that this vast official army does not depend upon the will of the and purposes of the founders of this

does not depend upon the will of the people for its existence, and is, therefore, in nowise responsible to the people fore, in nowise responsible to the people for the proper discharge of their duties, and that the members of this army too

and that the members of this army too often show a supreme indifference concerning the wishes or interests of the people whose servants they are popularly supposed to be.

The addition to the civil service lists of 60,000 federal officeholders by the present administration is neither comforting nor reassuring to those who believe with Abraham Lincoln that this is 'a government of the people, by the people and for the people, by the people and for the people."

There seems to be but one way to correct the evils which are bound to flow from the building up of an officeholding aristocracy in this republic, and that is to make this a truly representative, elective form of government. This can be done only by providing for the elec-



IL MARTIN WILLIAMS.

tion by the people directly of all federal officials from president down to postmaster, thus making them, indeed, the servants of the people. As the first step toward the accomplishment of this end, the people should, through their state legislatures, declared.

First.—That all just powers of government are derived from the consent of the governed, and all rightful and thority exercised over the people originates with the people themselves.

Second.—That all public trusts should periodically return to the people affer instrument of the directive or republican, representative government.

Third.—That all public officers should be held directly responsible to the people for the faithful and honest performance of their official duties.

Fourth.—That the centralization of the powers of the government in the hands of one man clothes him with all the attributes of arbitrary and despotic rule, whether that man be called emperor, ezar, king or president, and places in jeopardy the liberties of the people; and the only safe and proper mode of decentralizing so dangerous a power is to return it to the people for distribution by popular elections in which the majority rules.

Fifth.—That the government being divided into three separate and distinct departments—the legislative, the executive and the full cial—the just and impartial administration of the government requires that these departments be kept independent of each other, and the contralizing to one of these departments should exercise any powers legally be longing to one of these departments should receive its and their chief popular college.

Fifth.—Tho this end be repensible to the most contral to the departments should receive its and their conduct in office.

Sixth.—The office of the direct vote of the people unincumbered by the machinery of the election college.

Whether the man is a second the subscience of the college of the people unincumbered by the machinery of the election to the directive states.

Fifth.—The thier college is an att

by presidents to perpetuate the power of their parties the 60,000 postmasters in the United States should be elected by the people of well defined districts who are served by the mails.

Eighth.—That the people of the organized territories should elect the executive, judicial and ministerial officers of their respective territorial governments.

Let these demands in the form of nemorials from state legislatures be

memorials from state legislatures be presented to congress, and there can be little doubt as to their being put into effect by our federal legislature.

This will give the people of the United States real representative government and the only civil service reform that ought to have a place in any system of Republican government.

H. MARTIN WILLIAMS.

THE SINGLE TAX—WHAT IT WILL DO.
Single Taxers advocate the abolition of all taxes that are now levied on industry and the products of labor and appropriating instead the rent of land to defray the necessary cost of government. The rent or annual value of land is caused by growth of population and the industry, thrift and enterprise of the community, and as government is for the whole people it is just and necessary that government expenses should be dethe whole people it is just and necessary that government expenses should be de-frayed from a value which the whole people create by their presence. If the single tax was adopted— It would lower rent. It would raise wages and shorten the hours of labor. It would encourage the starting of in-dustries.

nours of lator.

It would encourage the starting of industries.

It would equalize access to natural opportunities.

It would thereby benefit everybody except land speculators as such.

It would compel investments in improvements, for every person owning any of those various forms of natural opportunities embraced under the general term of land would either have to use the same by the employment of labor, sell for whatever price could be obtained or abandon it to others. With unused agricultural, mining and building lands accessible to those willing to put it to use, there would be no lack of employment, and wages in all industries would rise to their natural level—the full earnings of labor.

It would as a result abolish involunter of the contraction of the cont

structing dams in mines. Give diagrams, swould rise to their natural level—the full earnings of labor.

It would as a result abolish involuntary poverty and the greed, intemperance and vice that spring from poverty and the dread of poverty, for involuntary poverty is caused by lack of employment, unsteady work and low wages.

We hold: That this world is the creation of God. The men broight into it for the brief period of their earthly lives are the equal creatures of his provident care. By his constitution, man is beset by physical wants, on the satisfaction of which depends not only the maintenance of his physical life, but also the development of his intellectual and spiritual life. God has made the satisfaction of which dependent on man's own exertions, giving him the power and laying on him the injunction to labor. God has not put on man the task of making bricks without straw. With the need for labor and the power to labor he has also given to man the ranterial for labor. This material is landman physically being a land animal, who can live only on and from land and can use other elements, such as air, sunshine and water, only by the use of land. Being the equal creatures of the Creator, equally entitled under his providence to live their lives and satisfy their needs, men are equally entitled to the use of land, and any adjustment that denies this equal use of land is morally wrong.—Henry George in "The Condition of Labor."

ANARCHY OF THE UPPER AND LOWER CRUSTS.

MINE INSPECTORSHIP.

teen Applicants Answering Ques

tions before the Examiners.

At Wilkesbarre on Monday an exumination was begun for applicants
for the position of mine inspector
of fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of James E. Roderick, of Hazination of James E. Roderick, of Hazinition of James E. Roderick, of Hazinition of James E. Roderick, of Hazinition of Millian R.
Langle, Wilkesbarre: Anthony, Riley,
Langle, Wilkesbarre: Anthony, Riley,

Jones, Wilkesbarre; Anthony Riley Hazleton; John W. Berry and Aller

Hazleton; John W. Berry and Allen Moffat, Pittston. The applicants are: Avoca—Edward E. Reynolds. Wilkesbarre—A. J. Gallagher, Evan R. Williams, Harvey Faulds, David F. Hughes, Martin Brennan.
Audenried—Peter Sheridan. Klingston—B. Rosser.
Duryea—Lawrence Boyce.
Dunmore—William R. Wilson.
Upper Lehigh—Joseph J. Shaw.
Luzerne Borough—John S. McDonald.
Nesquehoning—William H. Davis.
Beaver Mcadow—James Rowe.
Drifton—William E. Davis. Drifton—William E. Davis,
Sugar Notch—P. M. Boyle,
Freeland—George McGee.
The list of questions asked so far are

Give name, age, place of birth, post-

flice address.

Are you a citizen of Pennsylvania
nd, if naturalized, when and where

naturalized?

Are you pecuniarily interested in any colliery in the fifth anthracite district?

What occupation have you held in the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania?

Give the names and location of the collieries and the time employed in each situation.

With what methods of mining have you had experience? Give the superiore.

naturalized?

ou had experience? Give the names of he mines, with a brief description of he system adopted in each. Explain also the best methods of min-

Explain also the best methods of min-ing for the fifth anthracite district. Give the length of time and nature of your experience with noxious and explo-sive gases, naming the collieries in which said gases were found. Describe the modern method of con-structing dams in mines. Give diagrams, How is the pressure of watereness.

How is the pressure of water on against dams calculated? Give examp

such danger?
What are the causes of a squeeze or a cave-in in an anthracite mine? Describe its progress and the dangers usually attending it. Explain your method of preventing a squeeze, and for limiting the area of a cave-in. What precautions should be taken to insure the safety of workmen while the squeeze s in progress and after the cave has oc

what are barrier pillars? Give a good rule for determining their width?

Martin Brennan, one of the applicants, has dropped out of the race.

True Americans in Convention.

The state convention of the Patriotic order of True Americans was opened at Shamokin on Tuesday. The delegates Order of True Americans was opened at Shamokin on Tuesday. The delegates were welcomed by Chief Burgess Smink. Reports were made as follows: During 1895 there were 637 candidates proposed and 620 elected. In the year 607 members were initiated, two were admitted by eard and twenty-six by credentials. The total value of the subordinate camps in the state on December 31, 1895, was \$16,581.81. This includes cash \$6,018.13; property, \$4,204.74; amount invested inbonds, \$9,359.94.

During the administration year ending June 30, 1896, eight camps were insti-

During the administration year ending June 30, 1896, eight camps were insti-tuted and three camps disbanded. The new ones are located at Newberry, Philadelphia, Sandy Run, Boyertown, Scranton (3), Flinton and Nescopeck, Fifty-six camps have rendered reports showing an increase since December 31 of 455 members.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years dectors pronounced it alocal disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from ten drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address.

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Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called Soothing Syrups, most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine?

 $\underline{\textbf{Do You Know}}$  that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics

 $\underline{\mathbf{Do\ You\ Know}}$  that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child s you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle? Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel Pitcher.

That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than Do You Know that the Patent Office Department of the United States, and of

ther countries, have issued exclusive right to Dr. Pitcher and his assigns to use the word Castoria" and its formula, and that to imitate them is a state prison offense? Do You Know that one of the reasons for granting this government protection

e Castoria had been proven to be absolutely harmless? Do You Know that 35 average doses of Castoria are furnished for

**Do You Know** that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well, and that you may have such

ept well, and that you may have unbroken rest? Well, these things are worth knowing. They are facts.

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State Normal School

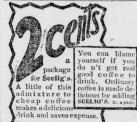
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