MONDAY AND THURSDAY,

THOS. A. BUCKLEY, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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FREELAND, PA., MARCH 5, 1896.

Spain and the United States.

From the Wilkesburre Newsdealer.

As was to be expected the more excitable faction of Spain's population is indignant at the threatened action of the United States government to recognize the Cubans as belligerents. Some of the hotheads are allowing their passions to get the best of their judgment and are committing various depredations which have a tendency to wound the pride of this country. The government of Spain has promptly disavowed the insult offered our flag by the impassioned Spaniards, but all the same the affair at Barcelona is not going to help the cause of peace.

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Viewing the matter from a conservative point of view, Spain has no cause to complain of the position taken by the United States. In fact we think we have been unusually impatient under the circumstances.

After a year of war under Spain's ablest general, the rebels, with few guns, scant ammunition, no cannon, no fleet and no communication with the outer world, hold three-fourths of the island and are so close to Havana that their signal rockets and camp-fires may be seen from housetops in that city. Havana is in effect beleagured on the land side. She has no secure communication with any island point more than ten miles beyond her walls. Spain's great army is unable to make headway even in its own neighborhood.

The new captain-general, selected for his known savagery of mind, has tried to overawe the insurgents by threatening to treat any prisoners he may take as so many bandits. He preposes to convert the war into barbaric butchery, denying te his opponents the rights that all civilized nations accord to armed insurgents everywhere. And. Yet we are told by Spanish statesmen in cable dispatches from Madrid that our country "has no pretext" for recognizing the right of these men to fight for liberty and achieve the independence of their country if they can.

Technically, under the hard rules of international law, it may be true that the Cubans are not yet entitled to recognition as belligerents. But where liberty and humanity are involved the American people on occasion recognize a higher law than the rules laid down by traditions for the government of international affairs. The American people on oceasion recognize a higher law than the rules laid down by traditions for the government of international affairs. The American people on oceasion recognize a higher law than the rules laid down by traditions for the government of international affairs. The American people on oceasion recognize a higher law than the rules laid down by traditions for the government o

Helped_by the Wilson Bill.

When the Wilson tariff bill was pending in congress Walter Gaston, superintendent of the Hazard Rope Works, of Wilkesbarre, spent a great deal of time in Washington. He told the congressmen that the wire rope industry of the country would be ruined if the Wilson bill became a law. In this he was assisted by the congressman who then represented this district, and the two worked night and day to have the rate on wire rope made a great deal higher than the framers of the bill thought proper. Time has shown that Mr. Gaston and Congressman Hines were wrong, and the Democrats were right. The Wilson bill passed, but the wire rope industry was not ruined. It was never in better shape than now. One of the largest mills in the country is located at Wilkesbarre. Wire ropes and cables are shipped to all parts of the land. Gaston's mill is working day and night, and ground is to be broken for an addition which will nearly double the capacity of the plant.

city of the plant.

Sound Advice from Singerly.

From the Philadelphia Record.

If this country should become involved in active hostillities with England over Venezuela and with Spain for Cuba, what would become of the A. P. A.? Obviously, such an organization could not exist in a period of war, when citizens, without distinction of creed, would be required to perform millitary service, and when all who should perform such services would be entitled to equal civic and political rewards. In view of possible contingencies, would it not be well for the A. P. A. to disband now, when there is peace? An organization can have no reason for existence in a time of peace when it would necessarily dissolve in the midst of war.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Casto When she was a Child, she cried for Cast When she became Miss, she clung to Cas When she had Children, she gave them Ca

Possibilities of the Cathode Ray.
Ordinary people, who don't buy bonds, are talking more about the Roentgen, discovery than about anything else. It is the most genuinely astonishing thing in science since the invention of the phonograph. The medical aspect of the discovery, which may lead to the photographing of one's internal organs as a preliminary to every visit to the doctor, is possibly the most interesting side of the matter; though the promise of a French savant to so adapt the "cathode rays"—if they are the cathode rays—to the cyes that we can all see through solid substances, may be the most startling feature of all. If the day should ever come, says the Boston Transcript, when that should be done, what a world of humbugs would be at an end! Clothes, of course, after that would be worn simply as a protection against cold. Everybody could see how much money everybody else had in his pocket. Skeletons would be visible in carefully-locked closets. We could begin to feel that the very secrets of our hearts were being laid bare. And even now we see rather more than is good for us. Let us hope, on the whole, that the cathode rays will be left to the camera. That is bad enough!

rays will be left to the camera. That is bad enough!

THERE is probably no other city in the world where such an annual increase of population has to be provided for, as in Chicago. The city is growing at the rate of 65,000 yearly, and 13,000 of this number are children of school age. Fifteen new buildings are imperatively required to accommodate this increase, and 14 more for the nearly equal number of children now housed in rented rooms. But, fortunately for Chicago, her board of education does not have to cope with this tremendous problem with the feeble means that are at the disposal of too many other cities. It is not dependent on councils for school funds in Chicago, but has been empowered by the legislature to make a five per cent. levy on real estate in the city, two-fifths of which may be used for salaries and three-fifths for building purposes—"a sum amply sufficient to provide wholesome and comfortable accommodation for every child of school age in the city."

Two brothers who had been separated for 42 years, each thinking the other dead for more than 30 years, were reunited in Cochran, Ga., recently. Their name is Ingram, and one is a hotel proprietor in Cochran. They parted in 1854, and at the outbreak of the war lost all trace of each other. All efforts of each to learn the other's whereabouts at the close of the war were unsuccess ful, and each mourned the other as dead. A week or so since a commercial traveler stopping at Mr. Ingram's hotel in Cochran remarked that he knew a man ammed Ingram in Pike county, Ala. who bore a strong resemblance to the hotelkeeper. From what the traveler related Mr. Ingram thought the Alabama man might be his brother, wrote to him, and found that he was. Soon afterwards the two brothers met in Cochran. Cochran.

THE youngest daughter of a revolu-ionary soldier, so far as known, was tionary soldier, so far as known, was discovered at Lebanon, Conn., recently, and added to the membership of the Willimantic chapter of the Daughters of the Revolution. She is Mrs. Augustus Avery, and is only 55 years old Her father was 74 years old at the time of her birth. He was doubtless one of the youngest soldiers in the war. There are only eight other daughters of revolutionary soldiers belonging to the order.

order.

California and Mexico have a new competitor in the matter of supplying oranges to the rest of the world. The oranges grown near Jerusalem are light in color, of oval shape, and the fruit is packed with more care than that from other countries. The first consignment, which reached this country recently, attracted much attention. The oranges were grown between Jerusalem and Jaffa and are worth behe oranges were grown betwee erusalem and Jaffa and are worth be ween \$4 and \$4.50 a case.

THE receipts of the 30 largest post offices of the United States for the month of January, 1896, amounted to \$2,942,340, a net increase over the first month of 1895 of \$215,000. All the effices show an increase except San Francisco and Milwaukee, where the decreases were \$723 and \$5,600 respectively. New York city heads the list viely. New York city heads the list followed by Chicago, Philadelphia Boston, St. Louis, Cincinnati and Brook

LIVE QUESTIONS!

"A View of Patriotism," John Turner White, Springfield, Maine.

> "Vox Populi," J. W. Caldwell.

ROBBING A SPIDER.

pple Device for Reeling Out the from Its Spinners.

This is written for boys only. Girls, of course, wouldn't touch the nasty things—not for anything. Unless, indeed, there is a "new" girl, too; and I rather hope there isn't, for I am such an old boy now that I don't like innovations. The old girls—that is, the sort of girls I used to know—seem to me hardly to admit of improvement. And they just hated spiders. But I was a boy, and to me a big, fat. sprawly spider was one of the most interesting things in nature.

things in nature.

One day I was watching a fine large specimen completing his web. The stay-ropes were already stretched across the open window; and beginning where they crossed he was hobbling round and round fastening the cross-lines of fresh ships silk.

Suddenly it occurred to me that I might reel out that silk for my own use



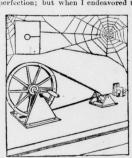
OUEL BETWEEN SPIDER AND LARGE ANT.—or amusement. Really, I fancied myself on the verge of a great discovery. Why might not a most beautiful fabric be made of that glistening material? Who could tell what might come of it?

So I managed to get hold of the end of the strand, and began to draw it out. Now if there is anything that a spider particularly detests it is to be robbed of his silk; no pack-peddler values his stock half so highly. As soon, therefore, as my victim perceived what I was at, he reached back with a claw and snipped the thread. This was repeated several times.

at, he reached back with a claw and snipped the thread. This was repeated several times.

Then I saw that I must devise some means for preventing this sort of interference. So I cut a small round hole in a bit of cardboard, and-made a slit from the hole to the edge—see cut This arrangement I slipped about my spider's wasp-like waist. As his legs were on one side of the card, and his abdomen with the spinners on the other he could no longer meddle with the thread; neither could he get out of the sort of pillory in which I had placed him. He wasn't Lurt in the least, but he was altogether helpless and in the worst of humors. Then I got hold of the strand with a pair of tweezers and proceeded to draw out as much silk as I pleased, winding it about my finger.

But this process was slow, and did not satisfy me. I wanted spider's sit, in bulk; my head was full of schemes for producing a new and beautiful fabric from this bright and clastic material. I therefore mounted a spool upon a spindle in such a way that I could make it rotate with great speed by means of a band running from a wheel—about eight inches in diameter—which I turned with a crank. To this spool I attached the end of the thread, and set my machine in motion. It was a great success. The spindle sang like a humming-top as it spun on its bearings, reeling his precious silk from that disgusted spider unit the glistening thread covered the spool as with a sheet of varnish. An angrienissect, I fancy, never lived; but what could he do about it? And afterwarde fed him well by way of compensation. Thus far my plans had worked to perfection; but what operfection; but when I endeavored to



utilize the material so unscrupulously obtained, like many another thief I became involved in difficulties. I found that the adhesive strands—so perfectly adapted to the owner's own business of fly-catching, were not so well suited to manufacturing purposes as I had fondly hoped. In fact they had glued themselves together so firmly that I was never able to unwind them from the spool; and my invention, though highly interesting, did not prove remunerative—a lucky thing for the spiders. utilize the material so unser

highly interesting, did not prove remunerative—a lucky thing for the spiders.

There were other experiments that I tried with these ungainly pets—some of them too cruel, as I now realize, but I was quite unconscious of it then. For example, I often wafted flies against a large fresh web, and in this way I presently discovered that the ordinary spider, though he has eyes with numberless facets, is really almost blind. He does not trust to sight at all. He stands waiting at the center of his web, his feet clutching the strands. When a fly strikes against the meshes the spider gives the whole fabric a sharp shake. If the fly remains still the owner of the web seems unable to locate him, but if he buzzes or struggles Mr. Spider is down on him in an instant, and hastily incasing him to a

and hangs him up to be devoured at leisure.

Once, I remember, I presided at an encounter between a spider and a bumble bee. The bee, of course, buzzed loudly. The spider rushed upon him, wasstung, and hastily withdrew. Again the bee buzzed, and again the spider, unable to resist his instinct, rushed to the attack—with the same result. At last, however, the spider managed to get his silken shroud about his formidable prey, and bore him off in triumph.

midable prey, and bore him off in triumph.

He was not so fortunate, however,
with a large, black ant which I treachcrously dropped upon his web. The
ant began to struggle, and down came
the spider; whereupon the ant coelly
bit off one of his legs. The spider withdrew in dismay. But being a ravenous
old fellow of great size, the destroyer
of unnumbered flies, he could not forbear a second attack. He strained his
mandibles without effect on the hard
armor of the ant, who meanwhile
nipped off another leg.

In the third attack the ant began to
operate on his enemy's abdomen; and
the spider, escaping with difficulty, retreated utterly discomfited. Then the
ant proceeded to break the meshes, and
fell unharmed to the floor. Thus were
the flies avenged.

SMART BLACKBIRDS.



NEWS IN BRIEF.

Monaco, Feb. 28.—The Duke and Duchess of Marlborough and W. K. Vanderbilt have arrived at M nte

noon from consumption. He was born Nov. 22, 1871.
Corry, Pa., Feb. 28.—By the bursting of a batting saw in the pail factory yesterday afternoon Fred Mofilt, 27 years of age, was horribly mangled and killed.

New York, March 2.—James Gordon Bennett has reduced the price of the Evening Telegram, which is the evening edition of the Herald, to one cent. The reduction takes effect to-day.

Worcester, Mass., March 2.—Hon. W. W. Rice, ex-congressman and brother-in-law of Senator Hoar, died at his home here last evening from organic trouble of the heart, aged 70 years. He was the oldest ex-mayor of this city.

HENLEY REGATTA

Yale Students' Request for Permission To
Enter the Races Granted.

New Haven, Conn., March 3.--A
conference of the academic and-scientific branches of the Yale faculty was
held last night, and it was decided that
the request of the university navy management to enter an eight in the Henley regatta in July would be granted.
The faculty have allowed every point
of the petition of the navy. The latter
asked that permission be allowed them
to sail on June 6 before the close of the
semi-annual examinations, in order
that they might become acclimated before the race on the Thames. This
request was granted, and the Yale
oarsmen will leave New York on that
date, probably by the Cunard line. The
faculty stated to the crew management, after the meeting last night,
that the most stringent scholarship
standard would be required from the
oarsmen who were allowed to cross the
water, and any candidate whose scholarship was in doubt would not be allowed to represent Yale at Henley.
The navy management will issue a call
for a university mass meeting to settle
details of Yale's entry in a day or two.

FURTHER SHORTAGE.

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Report of Examiners of the Books of ExAttorney Moreland of Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, Feb. 29.—The city auditors engaged in examining the accounts of ex-City Attorney Moreland against whom a number of indictments for malfeasance in office, embezzlement, etc., are pending, have reported to City Comptroller Gourley a further shortage of \$3,726.33. The comptroller's report of the discovery will be given to a special meeting of common council next Tuesday. The new 'hold out' was in the street opening account which the ex-city attorney handled himself and never reported to any other city officer. No further informations will 10 made against Major Moreland until city council takes action on the comptroller's report.

Verdiet for Personal Injuries Sustained.

comptroller's report.

Verdiet for Personal Injuries Sustained.
Boston, Feb. 29.—The full bench of
the supreme court has overruled the
demurre: in the case of Jennie A. Gordon against the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad. In the lower
court the jury rendered a verdict of
\$4,000 for the plaintiff, who was injured by reason of a defect in the floor
of the company's depot at Holbrook.
Plaintiff had bought a ticket and was
held to be a passenger. The verdict
stanls.

St. Patrick's Day Banquet.

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Albany, March 3.—Sonators and members of assembly interested in the celebration of St. Patrick's day have arranged for a banquet at the hotel Kenmore on March 17. The toasts are: "The United States," by United States Senator David B. Hill; "The State of New York," by Lient-Gov. Saxton; "The Day We Celebrate," Bishop Burke; "Civil and Religious Liberty," Senator Jacob A. Cantor.

Four Schooners Missing.

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Philadelphia, March 2.—Great anxiety exists in shipping circles over the fate of four Philadelphia schooners which sailed from North Carolina ports twenty-five days ago and of which on tidings have since been heard. The missing vessels are Frank S. Hale, the Melvin, the S. Warren Hall and the Eunice R. Dyer. The crews of the four vessels number sixty men in all.

secured by the Biscuit Trust.

Baltimore, 'March 3.—The James D. Mason & Co.'s steam bakery at 17 West Pratt street, the largest bakery in the south, has passed into the hands of the New York Biscuit company. The head-quarters of the biscuit trust is at Chicago, and word comes from there that two other Baltimore bakeries will shortly pass into the control of the New York Biscuit company.

A. R. Lee's Sudden Death.

Erie, Pa., March 2.—A. R. Lee of the W. L. Scott Coal company of Erie died unexpectedly yesterday at the age of 50 years. Deceased began life as a oil operator and then went into the coal business. In 1876 he joined W. L. Scott in his coal operations and at the time of his death was the western manager with headquarters in Chicago. He leaves a large fortune.

New York State Mortal ty.

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Albany, March 3.—The bulletin of the board of health of the state for the month of January shows that there were 10,176 deaths during the month, and an estimated death rate of 18.50, there having been an average daily mortality of 328, against one of 305 in December, and one of 354 in January, 1895.

The Armenian Relief.

The Armenian Relief. Constantinople, Feb. 29.—An imperial irade has been issued permitting Miss—lara Barton, president of the American Red Cross society, and her representatives, to travel in Anatolia and distribute relief to sufferers there. United States Minister Terrell accompanied Miss Barton and her party to Selamlik.

Selamlik.

Prof. Brooks Again Honored.

Geneva, N. Y., Feb. 29.—Prof. Wm,
R. Brooks has been awarded the medal
of the Astronomical society of the Pacia- for the discovery of his latest
comet. This is the fifth honor of the
kind bestowed upon Prof. Brooks.

McKinley Delegates Chosen.

Topeka, Kan., March 2.—Thirty republican county conventions to select delegates to the state conventionwere held Saturday. Nearly all of the conventions instructed their delegates in favor of McKinley.

Howling Gale at Highland Light. Highland Light, Mass., March 3. howling northeast gale, with por or rain Frysiled here all last nigh

Must Use The Knife

nedy's Favorite Remedy was taken and the Knife Avoided.

The Union and Advertiser of Rochester, N. Y., recently published the following interesting account of how William W. Adams, of 127 South avenue, that city, was saved from a painful operation by the use of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy.

Mr. Adams sald: "Three years ago I was taken with kidney disease very badly; at times I was completely prostrated; in fact, was so bad that the day was set for the doctors to perform an operation upon me. But I deedded I would not submit. I had been put in hot water baths, and, in fact, nearly every means was tried to help me. Upon the day set for the operation I commenced the use of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, and from that moment began to gain, and it was not long before I was entirely cured and have had no return of the trouble since. My weight has increased and I never was so well as I am now. I have recommended

DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY

down. I had doctored considerably, but without permanent relief. One day one of my neighbors advised me to take Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, which I did. My trouble wasdyspepsia, and for a long while I was unable to be about at all; but after taking a few doses I was completely cured, and now enjoy good health."

Hundreds of men and women with that "run down' condition, unable to work, have recovered health and strenght through this remarkable 'emedy. It purifies the blood, stirs the liver and kidneys to a healthy action. In cases of rheumatism, kidney, liver and urinary troubles, it is a well known specific.

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It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of nsedle (patented), no other has it; New Stand (patented), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, shus requeing friction to WRITE FOR CIRCULARS. THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.

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