

FREELAND TRIBUNE.

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FREELAND, FEBRUARY 27, 1896.

Modern Medical Achievements.

Great are the achievements of contemporary science in the department of therapeutics. No one who has undertaken to raise a family can fail, or at least should fail, to be thankful for anti-toxine. It has really annihilated the worst terrors of diphtheria, and grateful voices rejoice in it wherever it has been used. Its success, says Harper's Weekly, revives hope that the wise men will presently learn to deal effectually with the bacilli of consumption, and of cancer, too, if it should turn out, as begins to be suspected, that cancer is a communicable disease. Every great medical discovery seems to tend to run itself somewhat out of breath at the start. After the operation for appendicitis was invented it was thought that skillful surgeons who knew how to do it were somewhat too willing to perform it, and slit open a good many people who would have got on better unopened. One hears now that as the novelty of the operation has worn off, and the doctors have grown more used to it, it is used with a riper discrimination than at first, and has grown surer and safer and a little less frequent. Just now the medical novelty seems to be the pursuit of the microbe. It is carried on with an ardor that sometimes makes both laymen and doctors smile. One hears such stories as that of a man who went to his physician with a slight sore throat, left a little of the lining of it to be examined, got a gargle, and went home. That night he went to the theater, but was called out in the middle of the performance and told that the membrane from his throat had diphtheritic microbes in it, and that he must go home, which he did; but all the folks with sore throats in the audience who happened not to have seen a physician staid the show out. We laugh at the multiplication of precautions, and we think our medical masters aspire for us to an impracticable degree of security. But we don't laugh very hard, and we do as we are told, confident that after all that is known has been done for our protection there will still be a great plenty of chances for us to take.

Origination of "Lynch Law."

From the Lansford Record. James Lynch, a prosperous wine merchant of Galway, traded largely with Spain, and sent his son thence to purchase and ship a cargo. The young man spent the money entrusted to him, and obtained credit from the Spaniard, whose nephew accompanied him on his departure from Spain, to receive pay for the wine purchased, and to open trade with other merchants of Galway, then one of the most prosperous towns of Europe.

On his return voyage young Lynch conspired with the crew of the ship to throw the young Spaniard overboard, in order to hide his crime.

Several years after, one of the sailors dying told of the drowning, and Walter Lynch was tried for the crime and convicted, his father being the judge.

Some of the relatives went to intercede with the father for the son's release from prison, where he was awaiting the day of execution. Fearing that an interview with them might move him from his determination to see the law fulfilled, he had him executed before their arrival. On approaching the house, the friends saw the lifeless body dangling from one of the windows. Many say that Lynch himself was the executioner.

We often hear it said that the term "Lynch law" originated in the west of our country, when a certain Judge Lynch executed his son; but the occurrence mentioned above occurred about the time of the discovery of America, and very probably gave rise to the term.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the eustachian tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Sent by circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, 75c.

Now is your chance to buy the famous Wear Well shoes. Attend the great closing out sale at 55 Centre street.

Revival of the Horn

One of the most gratifying and mischievous events of the century is the revival of the horn. It is being used, enthusiastically, in Hartford (Conn.) contemporary. Hartford party has struggled hard for the better of it. "Horn party" means grous name—brings to mind a too nicely polished for dancing to the music of the city orchestra, with no trace of hay or straw and the horses rearing in roomy stalls. "Horn party" belongs to the city-village and marks a weak attempt to bring together the old and the new. In "hushing bee" there is the odor of the breath of cattle, the light of the jack-o'-lantern, the warmth of the summer sun stowed away in the mows, the dancing of bright eyes, the laughter of red-cheeked girls, the gurgle of the cider jug, and withal the itching from the rye-beards that make the dust on the rough board floor. "Hushing bees" belong to the country cross-roads and beyond. We know there is a revival of them because almost every one of our state exchanges mentions them in its correspondence, but, unfortunately, not enough attention has yet been given to them in print to make a boom. The nearest to it was when it was written of a bee over in East Hartford that it was decided to call all the ears red ears, and "the girls liked it."

A WRITER in Vanity has discovered that the duchess of Marlborough, then Miss Consuelo Vanderbilt, spent last Halloween with her mother at Blenheim, where the company indulged in the old-world pastime of throwing apple parings over shoulders in order to find out the initial letter of the young ladies' future husbands' names. Miss Consuelo flung her paring high into the air; it circled round three times and fell to the ground in the shape of a capital "M." The Psychological society is about to investigate this mystical occurrence, and apple parings will be at a premium on next All Saints' day. Parisian belles have taken up the idea, and for the first time this ancient sport will be practiced in France, instead of the old-fashioned sowing of millet seed, and gazing into the mirror to see the eidolon of the future husband.

It is a well-known fact that rats and mice do not inhabit a house at the same time. Working upon the hint as to the nature of rodents, N. K. Laursen, of Vicksburg, Miss., has adopted a scheme by which he keeps himself rid of both pests. This he accomplishes by capturing a young rat and training him to catch mice. This singular mousetraps, whose name, by the way, is Czar, is doubtless the most successful one on record. He has been taught to pounce upon a mouse on short order, without fear and without favor, and he shows no mercy. Of course, he can follow the mice into close quarters, and has never been known to lose his quarry. Strange to relate, large rats have given the house the go-by, also seeming to understand that the place belongs to Czar, and that there must be no encroachment upon his prerogative.

It is doubtless a delicate recognition of the inalienable rights of the ruling race in that region that causes the wardens of the county jail at Phoenix, A. T., to put the Mexican prisoners on the lower floor and reserve the upper story for American prisoners. There are now 17 prisoners in the jail, 13 Mexicans and the rest Americans. The latter have the upper story entirely to themselves. This is in the region where a little white ago it was customary to speak of so many white men and so many Mexicans, or, as one miner put it in the case of a mining accident, the loss was "seven souls and five Mexicans."

The complete mortgage statistics of the country have been published by the census bureau, and the total amount of mortgage debt shown to have been in existence January 1, 1890, was \$2,209,148,431 on acres, and \$3,310,531,554 on lots. In other words, the total private debt of the United States secured by real estate mortgages is over \$6,000,000,000, or an average of about \$100 per capita for each person in the country.

The following interesting story comes from the south. Trone Wilson, an aged colored convict, who was pardoned by Gov. Atkinson the other day, is supposed to be the last slave in this country to be given his freedom. When the emancipation proclamation was issued he was charged with being necessary to a murder, and was sent to the penitentiary, where he remained until pardoned.

It has been discovered that part of the new Colorado gold lands are located at Pike's Peak reservation, and it will be necessary to get a government patent before mining properties can be acquired there. Perhaps the United States government is not so poor as it is painted.

PHILADELPHIA has a cremation society which was organized in 1888, and the number of bodies cremated each year since then has increased steadily, this year reaching 86. The society now has 200 members and 300 stockholders.

PRIVATE earthquakes are fashionable at Maine quakes. At Dodo to a few days ago a big blast threw a mass of rock weighing 1,300 tons a distance of 50 feet.

"Change of Climate."

For a number of years back the idea has been promulgated among a certain class of ailing eastern people that all that is necessary for the complete recovery of health is a "change of climate," and the opinion has become very general that California is the one place, of all others, where may be found climatic conditions which are a panacea for all ills of humanity. In regard to the fallacy of such a belief a writer in Popular Science Monthly very truly says:

"What is the sense of telling a patient with a hole at the top of his lung to 'go to California' without instructing him in regard to the location to which he should go, or at least what kind of climate he should look for? Without some specific information such a patient is likely to drop into a place better calculated to shorten than to prolong his days. To be sure, all the climates of California are characterized by a dryness exceeding what is known in the east, and this fact gives some relative advantages. But unquestionably the air may be too dry in certain localities for certain cases. Is it not too much to expect a patient to find out what the doctor who sends him away from home and friends himself does not know? Besides, there are many constituent elements which enter in to make up what we call 'climate.' The first of these to be mentioned is usually the thermometer readings, and the 'mean' temperature is generally quoted as proof positive of superiority when it varies a few degrees one way or the other from that of another locality with which it is compared. Now, the truth is, that to know the mean temperature of a place, and to know only that, is to know very little about its climate. The physiological effects of a climate must necessarily include the degree of humidity, the force and direction of the prevailing winds, the sunshine and cloudiness; the fogs and their characteristics—whether thin or dense, high or low, whether coming down from the mountains or rolling in from the sea; besides other unmeasurable influences not seen though felt; all these and more must be appreciated in order to give the single factor of relative temperature any positive quality whatever.

A CHICAGO man fed a few nickels into a slot machine in a saloon the other day without obtaining therefrom such returns as the contrivance was advertised to make, and being in a somewhat hilarious frame of mind he determined to visit upon the thieving device such punishment as in his inebriated opinion it truly merited. Producing a young cannon from his pocket he forthwith and with great accuracy poured into the vitals of the machine the contents thereof, with disastrous effect to the machine but with very beneficial effect upon his mind. The shooter escaped arrest, which may encourage him to go on in the good work so successfully started.

No BETTER picture of the cowboy's peculiar traits and manners could be had than that indicated in outline by a little incident in Tucson, A. T., a few days ago. A cowboy was brought into Tucson from a range in the St. Simon valley to be treated for a wounded hip, which had been shattered by a pistol bullet of big caliber. The shooting, it was explained, occurred during a round-up. There was no quarrel between the injured man and the man who shot him, "but one morning when they got out the air was pretty crisp, and they began shooting at each other to increase the circulation of their blood."

The constitution of Utah contains several new features. For instance, it provides that juries shall consist of eight men instead of 12, and that in civil cases three-fourths of the number may render a verdict. Another provision is to the effect that the state shall never go into debt exceeding \$200,000, except in case of insurrection; and another guarantees to every citizen the right to obtain employment wherever possible, and makes any interference with this right a crime. It is generally known, of course, that suffrage is given to women on equal terms with men.

PROSPEROUS in so many things the year 1895 was the least productive of the last 20 years in the matter of railroads. Only 1,782 miles of track were laid. In 1887, 13,000 miles were put down. The Railway Age thinks the bottom has now been reached and sees great activity ahead.

A CHICAGO judge has just rendered a decision admitting women to the open board of trade in that city. This is another victory for the new woman, for it means that she has the same right as a man to gamble.

MAINE wheelmen have been experimenting with bicycling on the ice, and are said to have had very successful and exhilarating sport in most instances.

MRS. HESTER CUTTS, an aged woman of Lafayette, Ind., who was murdered recently, had been the mother of 25 children, including seven pairs of twins.

A "GRAVY PREACHER" in Missouri means one of those exhorters who grunt after every word when fairly under way on the "my brethren—uh" plan.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Boston, Feb. 21.—Gen. Douglass Frazier, the soldier, traveler and story writer died last evening at his residence, 26 Walnut street, Somerville.

Newburyport, Mass., Feb. 21.—The strike at Dodge Brothers' shoe factory has ended. The lasters obtained an advance in the price list and returned to work.

London, Feb. 24.—Frank Savin has issued a challenge to fight Bob Fitzsimmons for \$5,000 a side. He offers to back himself for \$5,000 to stop Corbett in six rounds.

New Haven, Conn., Feb. 22.—An organization was formed at Putnam, Conn., to-day to buy and preserve the farm on which the historical wolf den of Gen. Putnam is located.

Ware, Mass., Feb. 21.—Louis Shaw, 15 years old, of Otis avenue, shot and probably fatally injured Francis Charboneau last evening while fooling with a revolver. Both boys work at Casteven's and Co.'s mill.

New York, Feb. 21.—The national Armenian relief committee in response to a cable message from Clara Barton has just sent \$25,000 by cable to Constantinople, and will send forward other sums immediately.

Newburyport, Mass., Feb. 24.—Jere S. Allen, one of the oldest newspaper men in New England, died yesterday afternoon, aged 88 years. He was a bachelor and a Mason. He leaves two brothers and one sister.

Erie, Pa., Feb. 21.—Hon. Samuel A. Davenport of this city has announced himself as a candidate for congressman at large from this state. Mr. Davenport has been a delegate to several national republican conventions.

New Haven, Conn., Feb. 22.—The Harvard Freshman Debating club has formally accepted the challenge of the Yale Freshman union to a joint debate, which will probably take place some time before the Easter recess.

Haverhill, Mass., Feb. 22.—The last of this city have declared the factory of A. A. Briggs & Co. a non-union shop and declared a fight against it because the firm had decided that the men must work ten hours a day hereafter.

Newport, Vt., Feb. 22.—The jury in the Holloway murder trial, after nearly forty-eight hours' deliberation, last night returned a verdict of manslaughter against William E. Chase for causing the death of John E. Holloway. He has not yet been sentenced.

Wilmington, N. C., Feb. 24.—Hon. George Davis died yesterday, aged 76 years. He once represented North Carolina in the confederate senate and was also attorney general of the confederate states. He was one of the most prominent lawyers of the state.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Feb. 24.—The officers of the Petebone mine say that they have subdued the fire in the mine. The idleness and the vast amount of coal consumed for the past few weeks, since the fire started, have been very costly to the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad company.

Worcester, Mass., Feb. 23.—Thomas Devoy, produce dealer on Mechanic street, was found in a car of potatoes in the Fitchburg railroad yard last night with his skull crushed and in a dying condition. A crowbar was spotted with blood and on the floor of the car was found a dollar bill covered with blood. He was robbed of \$60.

New Haven, Conn., Feb. 22.—The Yale News prints a letter received yesterday from J. F. Cooper, secretary of the Royal Henley regatta. He gives the rules for entrance and says that any reasonable number of men, say twenty-five, can be entered, from which the actual crew can be chosen, and the names given in seven days before the regatta.

Woonsocket, R. I., Feb. 24.—The Universalist church congregation of this city last evening gave a public patriotic service and adopted resolutions in favor of a tribunal for the arbitration of differences between the United States and Great Britain, this tribunal to be permanent, in the sense of always being available. The resolutions will be sent to the Rhode Island legislators.

Concord, N. H., Feb. 14.—The examination of the books of Tax Collector Foster, conducted by Auditor Lyford, is proceeding slowly. Further irregularities are already apparent and it is not improbable that the embezzlement will aggregate upwards of \$30,000. A special meeting of the city government has been called for this afternoon, at which Mr. Foster's resignation will be accepted.

Hartford, Feb. 22.—The supreme court yesterday afternoon handed down its decision in the appeal of Dr. Malcolm R. Griswold, a dentist of this city. The court finds no error in the trial and Dr. Griswold will be taken to the state prison at Wethersfield to-day. He was convicted October 17, 1895, of setting fire to the Woodbridge building on Maine street and was sentenced to ten years in state prison.

Bridgeport, Conn., Feb. 24.—Rev. William Peck of Wallingford was to occupy Dr. Pullman's pulpit at the First Methodist church yesterday, but yesterday the church committee was notified by the presiding elder that he had withdrawn his license as a Methodist preacher, as he had adopted the Unitarian faith. The church was instructed not to allow him to preach, and therefore secured two local ministers to officiate at the services.

Danbury, Conn., Feb. 22.—Jeanette Smalley, the notorious bigamist, has two less husbands than she had two days ago. Judge Ralph Wheeler, in the superior court in this city, yesterday afternoon severed the matrimonial ties that bound John W. Hall of Redding and William Kission of this city to her and annulling the marriage of the former and granting a divorce to the latter. It is known that she still has two husbands living and it is thought that there is a third. She has not been legally separated from any of them.

GRAVEL CURED

(Philadelphia, Penn., Item.) A healthier, heartier, happier man than John J. Neill, of 2437 North Eighth street, Philadelphia, could not be found in a day's search. The fact that he is still alive is a constant wonder to his friends.

In the fall of 1889 he began to suffer indescribable miseries from stone in the bladder. Consulting an eminent physician in Philadelphia, he was told that a surgical operation was necessary. So much did he dread the result, for if unsuccessful it meant death, that he put off the evil day as long as possible. While in this frame of mind, he heard of

DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY Although disheartened, on July 1, 1893, he bought a bottle of it, and within a month had experienced beneficial results, and before he had finished the third bottle, the gravel was completely dissolved and his sufferings at an end.

Mr. Neill feels that he owes a lasting debt of gratitude to Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy and for disorders of the bladders and urinary organs, says "it will effect a cure if one be possible."

Favorite Remedy is prescribed with unflinching success for rheumatism, dyspepsia and nerve troubles in which it has cured many that were considered beyond the aid of medicine. All druggists, \$1.

GET THE BEST

When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

Most Popular

for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability.

Light Running

There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (patented), no other has it; New Stand (patented), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO. ORANGE, MASS. BOSTON, MASS. 20 UNION SQUARE, N. Y. CHICAGO, ILL. ST. LOUIS, MO. BALTIMORE, MD. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. ATLANTA, GA.

D. S. Ewing, general agent, 1127 Chestnut street, Phila., Pa.

LIVE QUESTIONS!

"Practical Measures," by B. O. Flower, of Boston, Mass.

"Literature People Want," by J. W. C.

Monday Next, - - March 2.

Wanted—An Idea

Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN W. WEDDLE, L. & Co., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1,800 prize offer.

Do Not Let Tea Stand.

If only one pot of tea can be made for a family taking their luncheon at different hours, every housewife should see to it that the tea does not stand with the teagrounds in it longer than from three to five or seven minutes. After that time pour the tea into another pot and throw the grounds away. If you have only one teapot, infuse the tea in some other vessel, pottery of some kind is best, and pour into the pot. In this way the injurious effects of the tannin which is drawn out of the leaves after a longer infusion is avoided, and you save yourself, your friends and family from becoming tea-maniacs.—N. Y. Evening Post.

Dainty Stationery for Brides.

For the bride on her honeymoon there has recently been designed a special stationery put up in a white satin circular box. Within are 50 sheets of rather rough cream white paper showing a deep border in satin finish and prepared for stamping with one's newly acquired initial and the address of the house where the honeymoon is to be spent. Both envelopes and paper are tied up with a profusion of white ribbons, through the bows of which are thrust an ivory pen handle with gold point, a thin ivory paper knife, and two sticks of perfumed white wax complete the outfit.

ANNUAL STATEMENT of the Middle Coal District for year ending December 31, 1895.

RECEIPTS FOR 1895. \$13063 50
To bal from previous report 69 97
To David Reese, Mauch Chunk twp 1894..... 49 55
To Thomas Brown, Foster twp 1894..... 40 30
To Jas. D. Mock, Jeddo boro 1894..... 15 98
To August Hickey, West Hazleton boro 1894..... 54 45
To Chas. D. Culver, Mauch Chunk twp 1894..... 602 06
To Wm. Heister, Lansford boro 1894..... 132 71
To J. H. Huffer, Weatherly boro 1894..... 501 65
To L. W. Huffer, Weatherly boro 1894..... 500 00
To W. N. Fleiter, Banks twp 1894..... 1006 75
To Chas. Sweeney, Hazle city 1894..... 2653 01
To Patrick Sweeney, Hazle city 1894..... 431 73
To August Hickey, West Hazleton boro 1894..... 433 29
To G. H. Malloy, Freedom boro 1894..... 700 00
To C. J. Breveling, Hazleton city 1895..... 9003 86
To Jos. Gormley, S Hill boro 1895..... 438 98
To Chas. D. Culver, Mauch Chunk boro 1895..... 3358 85
To W. N. Fleiter, Banks twp 1895..... 2150 55
To W. H. Reinbold, Jeddo 1895..... 219 43
To Patrick Sweeney, Hazle city 1895..... 8063 35
To William Heister, Lansford boro 1895..... 810 90
To Thomas Brown, Foster twp 1895..... 3009 69
To David Reese, Mauch Chunk twp 1895..... 349 24
To S. W. Huffer, Weatherly twp 1895..... 1158 03
To J. H. Huffer, Weatherly twp 1895..... 150 63
To Jacob Heister, Lansford boro 1895..... 65 00
To maintenance of James Reilly..... 295 00
To maintenance of Christian Glace..... 265 50
To maintenance of Emanuel Tschada..... 96 00
To maintenance of George J. Hinkle..... 40 00
To maintenance of James Hinkle..... 382 93
To maintenance of James Hinkle..... 12 00
To maintenance of Hattie Reibel..... 39 72
To maintenance of Sophia Larson..... 180 00
To maintenance of John Smith..... 84 00
To maintenance of George J. Hinkle..... 72 00
To maintenance of Thomas D. Thomas..... 169 93
To maintenance of Ella McCarroll..... 38 00
To maintenance of Fred McCarroll..... 19 50
To maintenance of Mrs. John Hickey..... 70 00
To maintenance of George Eames..... 9 00
403 60 4267 01
\$50620 51

DISBURSEMENTS.

Auditing expenses..... 20 00
Conveying papers..... 573 98
Printing..... 205 50
Clothing, boots and shoes..... 372 45
Dry goods and notions..... 313 91
Collection expense..... 328 40
Farm..... 10 07
Implements..... 24 50
Fuel and express..... 52 92
Groceries and provisions..... 1114 15
Groceries and provisions..... 4533 96
House fixtures..... 62 90
Children's Aid Society..... 15 47
Hospital expense..... 199 91
Insurance..... 62 50
Bal of steward's salary from 1894..... 461 20
Whiskey..... 188 50
Interest and discount..... 492 22
Land purchase..... 500 00
Improvement new building..... 9612 28
Legal fees and expenses..... 201 06
Medicines..... 43 02
Maintenance of insane, Danville..... 4354 60
Maintenance of insane, Wernville..... 687 64
Carbon copy commissions..... 730 00
Blockley almshouse..... 9 90
Office expense..... 372 45
Outdoor relief and burials..... 18465 80
Paid other districts..... 14 19
Printing..... 55 96
Repairs to buildings..... 527 17
Salaries and expenses..... 1400 00
Outdoor medical attendance..... 753 72
Live stock..... 150 00
Tobacco..... 313 25
Expense convention..... 115 10
Amount paid to Geo T. Wells, steward..... 3775 00 35845 83

Children Born in 1895.

Born to Elizabeth Parkison Jan 13 Girl
Patrick Maloney Feb 14 "
Mathias Schuster " "
Michael Landy Feb 6 "
Thomas Morgan Mar 28 "
Yvonne Stern Mar 28 "
William Skakis Mar 4 "
Lucas Dieki Mar 22 "
Mike Guako Mar 21 "
Clarence Van Horn Apr 25 "
Anna Holchick Apr 25 "
Frank Capotelli May 2 "
Mrs Whiteneck May 2 "
Joseph Richo May 14 "
Mrs McGarry May 15 "
Mrs John Dipple June 3 "
Peter Mudge July 10 "
Isaac Heister Aug 1 "
Peter Katuliek Aug 9 "
Dorcas Thomas Aug 21 "
Frank Duda Aug 21 "
Domio Comodoro Sept 3 "
Michael Horwitz Sept 12 "
John Fallon Oct 12 "
John Smysky Oct 4 "
Edward Koons Nov 11 "
Annie Sweeney Nov 11 "
Sarah Tolroy Nov 5 "
David Wallace Dec 28 "
78

Admitted During the Year.

Male adults..... 129
Female adults..... 99
Male children..... 7
Female children..... 9 177

Discharged and Removed.

Male adults..... 94
Female adults..... 31
Male children..... 4
Female children..... 7 136

Died During the Year.

Male adults..... 23
Female adults..... 6 29

Classification of Inmates Remaining.

Males in hospital..... 70
Females in hospital..... 50
Males in almshouse..... 28
Females in almshouse..... 11 171

Of the above 37 males and 25 females are insane.

Average number of inmates, 195.

Died During the Year.

Thomas British Jan 16 aged 65 years
Patrick Maloney " 21 " 35
Mathias Schuster " 22 " 35
Michael Landy Feb 6 " 70
Thomas Morgan Mar 28 " 80
Yvonne Stern Mar 28 " 80
William Skakis Mar 4 " 45
Lucas Dieki Mar 22 " 35
Mike Guako Mar 21 " 30
Clarence Van Horn Apr 25 " 40
Anna Holchick Apr 25 " 22
Frank Capotelli May 2 " 28
Mrs Whiteneck May 2 " 56
Joseph Richo May 14 " 24
Mrs McGarry May 15 " 18
Mrs John Dipple June 3 " 36
Peter Mudge July 10 " 28
Isaac Heister Aug 1 " 65
Peter Katuliek Aug 9 " 40
Dorcas Thomas Aug 21 " 48
Frank Duda Aug 21 " 40
Domio Comodoro Sept 3 " 17
Michael Horwitz Sept 12 " 45
John Fallon Oct 12 " 18
John Smysky Oct 4 " 36
Edward Koons Nov 11 " 70
Annie Sweeney Nov 11 " 20
Sarah Tolroy Nov 5 " 75
David Wallace Dec 28 " 68

Articles Made in the House.

209 bed sheets, 264 pillow cases, 29 bolster cases, 76 bed ticks, 10 bolster ticks, 73 pillow ticks, 66 women's dresses, 18 children's dresses, 30 infant dresses, 12 night dresses, 61 women's petticoats, 10 children and 20 infant petticoats, 15 women aprons, 10 children aprons, 19 women drawers, 8 children drawers, 3 under-waists, 118 women chemise, 13 children and 30 infant chemise, 46 towels, 12 shrouds, 80 muslin window curtains.

Cost of Inmates.

In this statement items not chargeable to "maintenance" have been deducted.

George T. Wells, steward..... \$775 00
Tobacco..... 313 25
Medicines..... 43 02
Hospital expense..... 499 91
House expense..... 170 47
Groceries and provisions..... 4533 96
Fuel and light..... 1150 15
Farm implements..... 24 50
Farm expense..... 102 07
Dry goods and notions..... 313 91
Clothing, boots and shoes..... 372 45
\$12325 40

Average number of inmates including steward's department, \$66 cost per month, \$6 19; cost per week, \$1 48; cost per day, 20c. Excluding steward's department, \$55 cost per month, \$6 67; cost per week, \$1 54; cost per day, 22c.

Geo. T. Wells, Steward. Ida M. Wells, Matron.

MANSFIELD STATE NORMAL SCHOOL.

Intellectual and practical training for teachers. Three courses of four, five and six months. Special attention given to preparation for college. Students admitted to best colleges on certificate. Thirty graduates pursuing further studies last year. Great advantages for special studies in art and music. Model school of three hundred pupils. Corps of sixteen teachers. Beautiful grounds. Magnificent buildings. Large grounds for athletics. Elevator and infirmary with attendant nurse. Fine gymnasium. Everything furnished at an average cost of normal students of \$14 a year. Fall term, Aug. 23. Winter term, Dec. 2. Spring term, March 26. Students admitted to classes at any time. For catalogue, containing full information, apply to S. H. ALBRO, Principal, Mansfield, Pa.

The Best

of all Cough Medicines is Dr. Acker's English Remedy. It will stop a cough in one day, prevent croup, relieve asthma, and