

LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD

Attractive coal used exclusively, insuring cleanliness and comfort.
ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.
NOV. 18, 1894.
LEAVE FREELAND.
6:05, 8:25, 9:35, 10:41 a. m., 1:35, 2:27, 3:40, 4:25, 6:12, 6:58, 8:05, 8:57 p. m., for Drifton, Jeddo, Lumber Yard, Stockton and Hazelton.
6:05, 8:25, 9:35 a. m., 1:35, 3:40, 4:25 p. m., for Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Philadelphia, Easton and New York.
7:30, 9:16, 10:56 a. m., 11:54, 4:34 p. m., (via Hazleton Branch) for White Haven, Glen Summit, Wilkes-Barre, Pittston and L. and B. Junction, Philadelphia, Allentown and Mauch Chunk.
SUNDAY TRAINS.
11:40 a. m. and 3:45 p. m. for Drifton, Jeddo, Lumber Yard and Hazelton.
3:45 p. m. for Delano, Mahanoy City, Shenandoah, New York and Philadelphia.

ARRIVE AT FREELAND.
7:30, 9:27, 10:56, 11:54 a. m., 12:26, 2:13, 4:34, 5:33, 6:58, 8:47 p. m. from Hazleton, Stockton, Lumber Yard, Jeddo and Drifton.
7:30, 9:27, 10:56 a. m., 2:13, 4:34, 5:33 p. m. from Delano, Mahanoy City and Shenandoah (via New Boston Branch).
12:58, 5:33, 8:47 p. m. from New York, Easton, Philadelphia, Bethlehem, Allentown and Mauch Chunk.
9:27, 10:56 a. m., 12:26, 5:33, 6:58, 8:47 p. m. from Easton, Philadelphia, Allentown, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Shenandoah, New York and Philadelphia.
9:38, 10:41 a. m., 2:27, 6:58 p. m. from White Haven, Glen Summit, Wilkes-Barre, Pittston and L. and B. Junction (via Hazleton Branch).

SUNDAY TRAINS.
11:31 a. m. and 3:31 p. m. from Hazleton, Lumber Yard, Jeddo and Drifton.
11:31 a. m. from Delano, Hazelton, Philadelphia and Easton.
3:31 p. m. from Delano and Mahanoy region.
For further information inquire of Ticket Agents.
CHAS. S. LEE, Gen'l Pass. Agent, Philadelphia, Pa.
ROLLIN H. WILBER, Gen. Supt. East. Div. A. W. NONEMACHER, Asst. G. P. A., South Bethlehem, Pa.

THE DELAWARE, SUSQUEHANNA AND SCHUYLKILL RAILROAD.
Time table in effect January 30, 1895.
Trains leave Drifton for Jeddo, Eckley, Hazle Brook, Stockton, Beaver Meadow Road, Hazle and Hazelton Junction at 6:00, 10:10 a. m., 12:00, 4:15 p. m. daily except Sunday, and 7:03 a. m., 3:29 p. m. Sunday.
Trains leave Drifton for Harwood, Cranberry, Tomhicken and Deringer at 5:40 a. m., 12:00 p. m., daily except Sunday; and 7:03 a. m., 3:29 p. m., Sunday.
Trains leave Drifton for Onedia Junction, Harwood Road, Humboldt Road, Onedia and Shepton at 6:10 a. m., 12:00, 4:15 p. m., daily except Sunday; and 7:03 a. m., 3:29 p. m., Sunday.
Trains leave Hazelton Junction for Harwood, Cranberry, Tomhicken and Deringer at 6:30 a. m., 1:28 p. m., daily except Sunday; and 8:53 a. m., 4:22 p. m., Sunday.
Trains leave Hazelton Junction for Onedia Junction, Harwood Road, Humboldt Road, Onedia and Shepton at 6:47, 9:37 a. m., 12:40, 4:40 p. m., daily except Sunday; and 7:35 a. m., 3:08 p. m., Sunday.
Trains leave Deringer for Tomhicken, Cranberry, Harwood, Hazelton Junction, Onedia, Beaver Meadow Road, Stockton, Hazle Brook, Eckley, Jeddo and Drifton at 2:55, 6:07 p. m., daily except Sunday; and 9:37 a. m., 5:07 p. m., Sunday.

Trains leave Shepton for Onedia, Humboldt Road, Stockton, Hazle Brook, Eckley, Jeddo and Drifton at 10:15 a. m., 5:23 p. m., daily except Sunday; and 8:09 a. m., 3:44 p. m., Sunday.
Trains leave Shepton for Beaver Meadow Road, Stockton, Hazle Brook, Eckley, Jeddo and Drifton at 10:15 a. m., 5:23 p. m., daily except Sunday; and 8:09 a. m., 3:44 p. m., Sunday.
Trains leave Hazelton Junction for Beaver Meadow Road, Stockton, Hazle Brook, Eckley, Jeddo and Drifton at 10:38 a. m., 5:26, 5:47, 6:40 p. m., daily, except Sunday; and 10:08 a. m., 5:38 p. m., Sunday.

All trains connect at Hazelton Junction with electric cars for Hazelton, Jeanesville, Audenried and other points on the Traction Company's line.
Trains leaving Drifton at 6:10 a. m., Hazelton Junction at 9:37 a. m., and Shepton at 8:19 a. m., connect at Onedia Junction with Lehigh Valley trains east and west.
Train leaving Drifton at 6:00 a. m. makes connection at Deringer with P. & R. train for Wilkes-Barre, Sunbury, Harrisburg and points west.
DANIEL COCKE, Superintendent.

LEHIGH TRACTION COMPANY.
Freeland Branch.
First car will leave Freeland for Drifton, Jeddo, Japan, Okladie, Ebervale, Harliegh, Minesville, Lattimer and Hazelton at 6:12 a. m. After this cars will run every thirty minutes throughout the day until 11:15 p. m.
On Sunday first car will leave at 6:40 a. m., the next car will leave at 11:05 a. m., and then every thirty minutes until 11:05 p. m.

THE FIN-DE-SIECLE GIRL.
Mamma—But you are altogether too young to think seriously of love, my child.
Mabel—Oh, no. If you had only begun to think about it as early as I you would never have been so foolish as to marry.—Brooklyn Life.

Ample Accommodations.
Student—Several of my friends are coming to dine here, so I want a big table.
Mine Host—Just look at this one, sir. Fifteen persons can sleep quite comfortably under it.—Elegant Baletier.

The Pure and the Simple.
Mr. Mashley—When I see a girl, doncherknow, carrying white flowers I always think of purity.
Miss C. Vere—And when I see a man with a big chrysanthemum I always think of simplicity.—Judge.

A Double Life.
He—Did you know that Jimkins had been living a double life for the past six months?
She—No! The horrid wretch.
He—Yes; he gave up single life when he got married.—Detroit Free Press.

A Church Worker.
She—Mr. Sainly is such an industrious church worker.
He (reflectively)—Yes; he works them for all they are worth.—Brooklyn Life.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Suits to order, \$12 and up, at Reford's, Freeland.

FREELAND TRIBUNE.

PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY AND THURSDAY.

THOS. A. BUCKLEY, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
OFFICE: MAIN STREET ABOVE CENTER.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One Year.....\$1.50
Six Months..... 75
Four Months..... 50
Two Months..... 25

Subscribers are requested to observe the date following the name on the labels of their papers. By referring to this they can tell at a glance how they stand on the books in this office. For instance:
Grover Cleveland 23 June 1895.

Keep the figures in advance of the present date. Report promptly to this office when your paper is not received. All arrearages must be paid when paper is discontinued, or collection will be made in the manner provided by law.

FREELAND, PA., JUNE 17, 1895.

A Word to Country Girls.
The constant influx of girls from the country into our large cities brings with it portentous dangers and evils. Dreaming of self-support and an easy time, good wages, a better wardrobe and more congenial companions; dazzled with the vision of city amusements, and hoping perhaps to find a marriageable partner, and settle down into a comfortable city home, thousands leave the farm or the village, and flock to the metropolis. Here many of them confront a situation far different from that which they imagined in advance of their actual experience of city life.

The wages they get are meager; their lodgings are far from comfortable; they have no home life; they face new temptations and trials, and their life becomes one of hardship and trouble. In the store, factory, shop or office they are beset with danger and annoyance, while all about them are pitfalls spread for unwary feet. Some of them, with unusual aptitudes for stenography, typewriting and kindred occupations, or with fine executive gifts, make their way to the top, and secure first-class posts; but a great multitude struggle and almost starve on five or six dollars a week. This latter class are not able to save any money; a week's illness brings them into debt, and a month without employment renders them objects of charity. How much better it would be for most of them were they to stay at home, help in the household, or accept such work as might be available on the farm or in the village. Our large cities now contain thousands of girls in a sorry plight, either without employment or struggling for bread—girls who might have remained in comfort at home, or who could have found work of some sort in a country town to support them, with less cost of strength, nerve power and vital force—to say nothing of the dangers which now beset them in the city. What a kindness it would be to thousands who are headless planning to rush cityward "to find something to do," could a persuasive word reach them and say "Better stay at home!"

The government is endeavoring to secure possession of some five thousand letters of great historical interest and public value owned by a member of the Jefferson family residing near Charlottesville, Va., to whom they were handed down by inheritance from Thomas Jefferson. The owner has recently offered the entire collection for sale for the sum of two thousand dollars, and the state department is afraid that it will be taken at that price before the federal government can secure it. The first commissioner of Mr. Jefferson as secretary of state is the paper in the collection most desired by the department, but it would also like to secure official communications signed by Napoleon and various sovereigns, and a number of personal letters to Jefferson from the duke of Wellington, Washington, Franklin and other distinguished men.

The rhetoric of the Utah constitutional convention is often amusing. For instance, one of the delegates got up this off the other day: "There is an insurance company doing business here that has a building that cost more than three million dollars, and has that much more in assets. And there was a man in this town who paid that company over five thousand dollars, who has been dead for more than two years, and that man isn't able to collect the insurance." Then a delegate, evidently an Episcopalian, was so wicketed as to respond cynically: "Certainly not; how could a dead man collect anything, unless it was the collect for the dead?"

"Tales from Town Topics."
The June number of "Tales from Town Topics" presents as its leading feature a daintily-told story of metropolitan social life, by L. H. Bickford, entitled "A Very Remarkable Girl," which is a very delightful piece of light summer reading. Despite the spirit of airy cynicism that pervades the story, the contrast that it affords between sterling strength of character and the emptiness of fashionable life is admirable. Cynthia Platte, a girl full of the life and vigor of a Western bringing-up, but brilliant in mind, captures the reader's affections at once, and there are other characters equally well drawn, and quite as entertaining. Following the novelette comes the customary array of tales, sketches and bits of humorous and sentimental verse gathered from early numbers of *Town Topics*. Copies can be obtained from *Town Topics* Publishing Company, 205 Fifth avenue, N. Y.

Good Way to Test Eggs.
When four ounces of salt are dissolved in forty ounces of water, an egg a day will sink to the bottom; one two days old will float near the top, and one five or more days old will project above the surface more and more as it becomes older.

ALL ABOUT NICARAGUA.

The Little Central American Republic Is Imprecious.
Its Natural Resources, However, Are Said to Be Exceptionally Rich—Finances of the Government in Poor Condition.

The total population of the republic of Nicaragua is put by the best authorities at 310,000. Of the inhabitants of the country, one-tenth belong to uncivilized aboriginal tribes, while the main body are classified as "Indians," Zambos or mulattoes, negroes, mixed races and Europeans, the latter, according to the New York Sun, being but few in number.

The area of the republic is only about 40,500 English square miles. There are few towns, and all of them, with two exceptions, are small and rude. The population of Managua, the capital, is 18,000, and that of Leon, formerly the capital, 25,000. The town of Corinto is the principal port on the Pacific, and the ladino element (a mixture of white and Indians) predominates there. The most important industry of the inhabitants of Nicaragua is the raising of cattle, the hides of which are exported; and among the other exports are coffee, bananas, sugar, indigo, coconuts, cacao, Brazil wood and cedar. The head of cattle number over 400,000. The greater part of the imports are from England, and the greater part of the exports are to the United States. There are over 100 mines worked by American companies, in nearly all of which gold is found mixed with silver, and in a few silver mixed with copper. A good deal of American capital has been sunk in them.

Nicaragua is especially rich in valuable woods, the mahogany, rosewood, granadillo, and ronton, also medicinal trees, besides other commercial trees, including the *cattillo elastico*, from which India rubber is made; the gatta percha tree, and several trees which produce gums. Wild animals, monkeys, alligators, lizards and snakes abound, besides tropical birds to the number of 150 species. Mosquitoes swarm in all damp places, and there are fierce wasps. The foraging ants move in large armies. The seas, rivers and lagoons are alive with every variety of tropical fish.
There are numerous volcanic peaks, a few of which are still active, but

most of them have long been extinct. The last great eruption was that of 1855, when Cosiguina scattered its hot ashes over a circle 1,500 miles in diameter. Near some of the extinct craters are vast beds of lava and scoria and numerous vents called *infernales*, which emit smoke and sulphurous vapors. On the Pacific coast the soil is very rich, and the climate is essentially that of the central zone; but the amount of cultivated land is small in proportion to the arable area of the country. Maize, the principal food of the natives, is very prolific, and fine fruits and vegetables grow in abundance.

The form of government is constitutional and republican. There is a congress of two branches, the senate and the house of representatives, the members of both of which number only thirty-nine, who are elected under the Nicaraguan system of universal suffrage. The president now in power, Gen. Santos Zelaya, was elected in the Nicaraguan way last year, and held his office for four years. He has a council of four ministers, who have charge of that number of departments of the government.

The active army of Nicaragua consists of 2,000 men, with a reserve of 10,000, besides a nominal militia force of 5,000. The active troops are poorly equipped and appaeled, and the reserves are unfit for any service in the field against a European force.
There are about 100 miles of railway open in the country, which were built at a heavy cost. One line extends from Corinto, a distance of 88 miles, and another from the capital to Granada, 33 miles. A number of concessions for new lines of greater length have been granted to contractors, who are blamed for delaying their construction. There are over 1,700 miles of telegraph lines. There are a fair number of schools for the population.
The finances of the government are always in bad condition, on account of the disturbances that often prevail, and in many years the expenditures for the army have been beyond the total receipts. Two-thirds of the total annual revenue are derived from government monopolies on spirits, tobacco and gunpowder, and the remainder chiefly from import duties and a tax on slaughtered cattle.

For Piercing Precious Stones.
The smallest holes pierced by modern machinery are one-thousandth of an inch in diameter. This drilling apparatus, which was the invention of one John Wenstrom, is designed to make 22,000 revolutions per minute, and is used in boring sapphires, rubies, diamonds and other gems.

MISS JANE ADDAMS.
Recently Appointed Sanitary Officer by the Mayor of Chicago.

Mayor Swift, of Chicago, has appointed Miss Jane Addams, of that city, as sanitary policeman of the Nineteenth ward, the duties of which office are to look after the collection and removal of garbage and see that the contractor performs his work properly. Miss Addams put in a bid for removing garbage herself during the administration of the recent mayor, but her bid was disregarded. Her new appointment, while not giving her the chance to do the work herself, will enable her to watch it and show how efficient a woman may become in overseeing municipal work. Miss Addams has made a reputation as the originator and manager of this

most successful social settlement now in existence. Placed in the most degraded part of Chicago, it has accomplished a remarkable work in ameliorating the social condition of the people surrounding it and in infusing some sweetness, beauty and light into the lives of many depraved beings. Miss Addams has discovered in her work that uncleanness is a leading cause of much of the misery and disease in the neighborhood of Hull house and that negligence on the part of city officials is largely responsible for this uncleanness. Contractors for cleaning streets and removing garbage have obtained their jobs through political "pulls," and the men appointed to watch them gained their places by the same means. Between the two the streets and alleys have been allowed to grow filthy, and disease, death and misery have followed in its train.

It is to correct this condition of things that Miss Addams has accepted a position which is now probably filled for the first time by a woman. Her experience will be watched with much interest, and if she succeeds there will be other women ready to follow her example. There is undoubtedly much work in the care and cleanliness of cities that women can perform as well or better than men. Municipal house-keeping is in many respects only domestic housekeeping on a large scale. And there is no one who knows so well when a city is clean and how it can be kept so as a tidy housewife. Dirt to her is an abomination, and an unwept street is as offensive as an unwept house floor. She can no more tolerate uncollected or badly collected garbage than she can a slovenly kitchen. By natural taste and training most women are the enemies of dirt and therefore the most efficient dirt eradicator.

Cleanliness is, then, says the Philadelphia Press, a department in municipal housekeeping which seems to be especially adapted to the inclination and capacity of women.

FORGOT HIS OWN NAME.
But Jefferson Remembered That He Played Rip Van Winkle.
Some of the most amusing stories of the tricks of memory are those which illustrate the facility with which proper names escape the recollection. They elude you like greased pigs. "Then I had you in the end of my tongue," and I recall your face, but for the life of me, I can't place you," are so commonly heard as to excite no comment. "By the way, how do you spell your name?" inquired a young lady of an old acquaintance. She took this way of recalling, without embarrassment, a name that unaccountably escaped her recollection. "S-m-l-t-h," he replied, to her confusion. It is related to Joe Jefferson that he was one day introduced to Gen. Grant, an event that naturally impressed him strongly. Later in the day, according to the New York Mail and Express, he got into an elevator of the hotel at which they were both stopping. A short heavy-set man also got in, lifted his hat to Jefferson and made some remark. "I beg your pardon. Your face is familiar to me, but I cannot recall the name," said the actor. Gen. Grant courteously gave his name. "I got off at the next floor, for fear I should ask him if he had ever been in the war," Jefferson said in relating this story. Worse than that, he once forgot his own name. He had gone into a post office at some small resort where he was unknown and asked the clerk if there was any mail for him. "What's the name?" asked the clerk. "Name? Oh, yes, certainly. Why, let's see. I play Rip Van Winkle, you know," Jefferson said, the astonished and delighted clerk. "Yes, Jefferson, thanks," he answered, politely, as he received his mail and bowed himself out.

MISS JANE ADDAMS.

Recently Appointed Sanitary Officer by the Mayor of Chicago.

Mayor Swift, of Chicago, has appointed Miss Jane Addams, of that city, as sanitary policeman of the Nineteenth ward, the duties of which office are to look after the collection and removal of garbage and see that the contractor performs his work properly. Miss Addams put in a bid for removing garbage herself during the administration of the recent mayor, but her bid was disregarded. Her new appointment, while not giving her the chance to do the work herself, will enable her to watch it and show how efficient a woman may become in overseeing municipal work. Miss Addams has made a reputation as the originator and manager of this



MISS JANE ADDAMS.

most successful social settlement now in existence. Placed in the most degraded part of Chicago, it has accomplished a remarkable work in ameliorating the social condition of the people surrounding it and in infusing some sweetness, beauty and light into the lives of many depraved beings. Miss Addams has discovered in her work that uncleanness is a leading cause of much of the misery and disease in the neighborhood of Hull house and that negligence on the part of city officials is largely responsible for this uncleanness.

Contractors for cleaning streets and removing garbage have obtained their jobs through political "pulls," and the men appointed to watch them gained their places by the same means. Between the two the streets and alleys have been allowed to grow filthy, and disease, death and misery have followed in its train. It is to correct this condition of things that Miss Addams has accepted a position which is now probably filled for the first time by a woman. Her experience will be watched with much interest, and if she succeeds there will be other women ready to follow her example. There is undoubtedly much work in the care and cleanliness of cities that women can perform as well or better than men. Municipal house-keeping is in many respects only domestic housekeeping on a large scale. And there is no one who knows so well when a city is clean and how it can be kept so as a tidy housewife. Dirt to her is an abomination, and an unwept street is as offensive as an unwept house floor. She can no more tolerate uncollected or badly collected garbage than she can a slovenly kitchen. By natural taste and training most women are the enemies of dirt and therefore the most efficient dirt eradicator.

Cleanliness is, then, says the Philadelphia Press, a department in municipal housekeeping which seems to be especially adapted to the inclination and capacity of women.

FORGOT HIS OWN NAME.
But Jefferson Remembered That He Played Rip Van Winkle.

Some of the most amusing stories of the tricks of memory are those which illustrate the facility with which proper names escape the recollection. They elude you like greased pigs. "Then I had you in the end of my tongue," and I recall your face, but for the life of me, I can't place you," are so commonly heard as to excite no comment. "By the way, how do you spell your name?" inquired a young lady of an old acquaintance. She took this way of recalling, without embarrassment, a name that unaccountably escaped her recollection. "S-m-l-t-h," he replied, to her confusion. It is related to Joe Jefferson that he was one day introduced to Gen. Grant, an event that naturally impressed him strongly. Later in the day, according to the New York Mail and Express, he got into an elevator of the hotel at which they were both stopping. A short heavy-set man also got in, lifted his hat to Jefferson and made some remark. "I beg your pardon. Your face is familiar to me, but I cannot recall the name," said the actor. Gen. Grant courteously gave his name. "I got off at the next floor, for fear I should ask him if he had ever been in the war," Jefferson said in relating this story. Worse than that, he once forgot his own name. He had gone into a post office at some small resort where he was unknown and asked the clerk if there was any mail for him. "What's the name?" asked the clerk. "Name? Oh, yes, certainly. Why, let's see. I play Rip Van Winkle, you know," Jefferson said, the astonished and delighted clerk. "Yes, Jefferson, thanks," he answered, politely, as he received his mail and bowed himself out.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF Freeland Borough School District for the year ending June 30, 1895.

Hugh Malloy, collector.
To amount of duplicate.....\$ 2,205 50
Dr.
To amount returned to commissioners..... 41 38
Exonerations..... 105 50
Abatement..... 25 08
Error in minimum taxes..... 1 02
Collectors' commission..... 121 40
Paid Treasurer B. F. Rute..... 1,804 22
By B. F. Rute, treasurer, in account with Freeland borough school district.....\$ 2,205 50

To balance on hand from last audit.....\$ 171 75
Received from Hugh Malloy, collector..... 1,004 92
" " unseated lands..... 408 82
" " Moore..... 20 21
" " Evan Woodring..... 32 00
" " Frank Fairchild..... 45 00
" " state appropriations..... 1,719 38
By Cr.
John M. Cummins, kindling wood.....\$ 5 00
Mrs. Dodson, supplies..... 1 00
J. B. Vanhook, labor and lumber..... 12 60
Silver Burdette & Co., books..... 3 40
E. H. Butler & Co., books..... 5 51
Sticker & Putnam, books..... 3 00
U. S. Express Co., express..... 9 10
L. V. R. R., freight..... 60
G. H. Schmidt, cleaning school houses..... 146 20
B. F. Rute, commission "4-25..... 15 00
Auditors' salaries, '94-95..... 27 00
Grove, printing and publishing annual statement..... 34 25
T. A. Buckley, publishing annual report..... 25 00
H. L. Edmunds, supplies..... 9 00
Alvin Rickett, coal and hauling..... 77 00
Wm. F. Boyle, supplies..... 3 00
Patrick J. O'Donnell, broom..... 2 15
Wm. Williamson, stove and repairs..... 54 16
Mrs. J. Lindsay, rent..... 72 00
Mrs. J. Lindsay, cleaning school room..... 9 00
" " printing and bookboards Christopher Sower & Co., books..... 25 42
U. S. Furniture Co., desks..... 210 00
Sylvan Pub. Co., printing..... 101 20
American Book Co., books..... 165 72
Wm. Kirkbeck, supplies..... 3 30
Sylvan Pub. Co., printing..... 22 00
Hand, McNally & Co., maps..... 80 00
Henry Fisher, repairs on hydrants..... 40
Chas. O. Strodt, attorney fees..... 50 00
Mrs. Bealin, cleaning school houses..... 30 00
Mrs. John D. Hayes, insurance..... 24 50
Evan Woodring, error in commission as ex-tax collector..... 5 72
Freeland Water Co., water rent..... 30 00
Myron Zimmerman, putting up maps..... 10 00
H. L. Edmunds, attending institute..... 10 00
Myron Zimmerman, ad. exp. "..... 10 00
Lulu Schmidt, "..... 10 00
Gila Gaspie, "..... 10 00
John Woodring, "..... 10 00
Chas. Kulp, "..... 10 00
Wm. Schramer, "..... 10 00
D. F. Sheilamer, salary as secretary..... 75 00
D. F. Sheilamer, postage and freight..... 6 85
James Curry, attending institute..... 10 00
B. F. Rute, repairs to Wilkes-Barre..... 5 00
Chas. Kulp, "..... 5 00
D. F. Sheilamer, "..... 5 00
Teachers' salaries.....\$ 1,478 07
H. L. Edmunds.....\$ 585 00
Myron Zimmerman..... 225 00
Tillie Lindsay..... 405 00
Gila Gaspie..... 405 00
Ella Gillespie..... 325 00
Amount in hands of treasurer.....\$ 3,278 07
Amount due from ex-Col. Fairchild.....\$ 59 48
Buildings and grounds..... 4,230 00
School furniture..... 980 00
Liabilities.....\$ 5,159 48
Due Mrs. Jos. H. Lindsay, one month's rent.....\$ 8 00
Due Mrs. Jos. H. Lindsay, one month's cleaning school room..... 1 00
Due Mrs. Bealin, one month's cleaning school room..... 5 00
Due to Myron Zimmerman, one month's teaching..... 65 00
Due to Tillie Lindsay, one month's teaching..... 50 00
Due to Lulu Schmidt, one month's teaching..... 45 00
Due to Ella Gillespie, one month's teaching..... 40 00
Resources over liabilities.....\$ 2,500 00
We, the undersigned, auditors of the borough of Freeland, after being duly sworn according to law do say that the foregoing statement of the Freeland borough school district is true and correct to the best of our knowledge and belief so far as the accounts have been presented to us.
H. G. Deppa, Auditor.
J. D. Myers, Auditor.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF Foster Township School District for year ending June 1, 1895.

Thomas Brown, tax collector.
To amount of duplicate.....\$11,778 38
Dr.
To supplemental..... 730 34
By cash paid treasurer, first 90 days.....26,620 17
Commission, 2 per cent..... 498 50
Cash paid treasurer after 90 days..... 2,672 00
Seated land tax returned..... 323 87
Exonerations..... 1,731 58
Commission on bills..... 161 83
At 5 per cent..... 12,307 75
Balance.....\$ 108 95
D. J. Davis, treasurer.

To amt't received from ex-treasurer.....\$ 124 55
Cash received from Thomas Brown..... 9,483 17
Unseated land tax..... 279 10
Loan from Freeland bank..... 2,000 00
State appropriation..... 6,682 72
Tuition, Tenney school..... 15 00
Cash rec'd from Thomas Brown, account auditors 1894-95..... 9 00
By Cr.
By teachers' salaries paid.....\$11,721 15
Building and repairing..... 2,531 51
Cleaning school..... 180 00
Books and supplies..... 1,416 08
Fuel and contingencies..... 508 21
Attending county institute..... 38 40
Teachers' salaries, night schools..... 427 25
Secretary's salary..... 250 00
Paid Jas. Hough on loan..... 848 00
Attorney's salary..... 30 00
Auditors, 1894-95..... 9 00
Sundry expense..... 224 73
By Cr.
\$18,634 33
To orders in hands of treasurer, not paid..... 219 15
Commission on \$18,415.18 at 2 per cent..... 368 30
Balance due treasurer.....\$ 18,781 48
Liabilities.....\$ 189 94
Loan of James Hough.....\$1,275 00
Loan of Freeland bank..... 2,000 00
Unpaid orders in hands of treasurer..... 219 15
We, the undersigned, auditors of Foster township, do certify that the foregoing statement of the financial condition of Foster township school district is just and true to the best of our knowledge and belief.
Anthony Rudwick, Auditor.
Frank Solomon, Auditor.
William O. Crichton, Auditor.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF Freeland Borough School District for the year ending June 30, 1895.

Hugh Malloy, collector.
To amount of duplicate.....\$ 2,205 50
Dr.
To amount returned to commissioners..... 41 38
Exonerations..... 105 50
Abatement..... 25 08
Error in minimum taxes..... 1 02
Collectors' commission..... 121 40
Paid Treasurer B. F. Rute..... 1,804 22
By B. F. Rute, treasurer, in account with Freeland borough school district.....\$ 2,205 50

FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF Freeland Borough School District for the year ending June 30, 1895.

Hugh Malloy, collector.
To amount of duplicate.....\$ 2,205 50
Dr.
To amount returned to commissioners..... 41 38
Exonerations..... 105 50
Abatement..... 25 08
Error in minimum taxes..... 1 02
Collectors' commission..... 121 40
Paid Treasurer B. F. Rute..... 1,804 22
By B. F. Rute, treasurer, in account with Freeland borough school district.....\$ 2,205 50

To balance on hand from last audit.....\$ 171 75
Received from Hugh Malloy, collector..... 1,004 92
" " unseated lands..... 408 82
" " Moore..... 20 21
" " Evan Woodring..... 32 00
" " Frank Fairchild..... 45 00
" " state appropriations..... 1,719 38
By Cr.
John M. Cummins, kindling wood.....\$ 5 00
Mrs. Dodson, supplies..... 1 00
J. B. Vanhook, labor and lumber..... 12 60
Silver Burdette & Co., books..... 3 40
E. H. Butler & Co., books..... 5 51
Sticker & Putnam, books..... 3 00
U. S. Express Co., express..... 9 10
L. V. R. R., freight..... 60
G. H. Schmidt, cleaning school houses..... 146 20
B. F. Rute, commission "4-25..... 15 00
Auditors' salaries, '94-95..... 27 00
Grove, printing and publishing annual statement..... 34 25
T. A. Buckley, publishing annual report..... 25 00
H. L. Edmunds, supplies..... 9 00
Alvin Rickett, coal and hauling..... 77 00
Wm. F. Boyle, supplies..... 3 00
Patrick J. O'Donnell, broom..... 2 15
Wm. Williamson, stove and repairs..... 54 16
Mrs. J. Lindsay, rent..... 72 00
Mrs. J. Lindsay, cleaning school room..... 9 00
" " printing and bookboards Christopher Sower & Co., books..... 25 42
U. S. Furniture Co., desks..... 210 00
Sylvan Pub. Co., printing..... 101 20
American Book Co., books..... 165 72
Wm. Kirkbeck, supplies..... 3 30
Sylvan Pub. Co., printing..... 22 00
Hand, McNally & Co., maps..... 80 00
Henry Fisher, repairs on hydrants..... 40
Chas. O. Strodt, attorney fees..... 50 00
Mrs. Bealin, cleaning school houses..... 30 00
Mrs. John D. Hayes, insurance..... 24 50
Evan Woodring, error in commission as ex-tax collector..... 5 72
Freeland Water Co., water rent..... 30 00
Myron Zimmerman, putting up maps..... 10 00
H. L. Edmunds, attending institute..... 10 00
Myron Zimmerman, ad. exp. "..... 10 00
Lulu Schmidt, "..... 10 00
Gila Gaspie, "..... 10 00
John Woodring, "..... 10 00
Chas. Kulp, "..... 10 00
Wm. Schramer, "..... 10 00
D. F. Sheilamer, salary as secretary..... 75 00
D. F. Sheilamer, postage and freight..... 6 85
James Curry, attending institute..... 10 00
B. F. Rute, repairs to Wilkes-Barre..... 5 00
Chas. Kulp, "..... 5 00
D. F. Sheilamer, "..... 5 00
Teachers' salaries.....\$ 1,478 07
H. L. Edmunds.....\$ 585 00
Myron Zimmerman..... 225 00
Tillie Lindsay..... 405 00
Gila Gaspie..... 405 00
Ella Gillespie..... 325 00
Amount in hands of treasurer.....\$ 3,278 07
Amount due from ex-Col. Fairchild.....\$ 59 48
Buildings and grounds..... 4,230 00
School furniture..... 980 00
Liabilities.....\$ 5,159 48
Due Mrs. Jos. H. Lindsay, one month's rent.....\$ 8 00
Due Mrs. Jos. H. Lindsay, one month's cleaning school room..... 1 00
Due Mrs. Bealin, one month's cleaning school room..... 5 00
Due to Myron Zimmerman, one month's teaching..... 65 00
Due to Tillie Lindsay, one month's teaching..... 50 00
Due to Lulu Schmidt, one month's teaching..... 45 00
Due to Ella Gillespie, one month's teaching..... 40 00
Resources over liabilities.....\$ 2,500 00
We, the undersigned, auditors of the borough of Freeland, after being duly sworn according to law do