

Gray Wolves in Montana.

The gray wolves are on the rampage in the northern part of Gallatin County, Montana. Already they have killed hundreds of calves and in some instances have been known to attack steers and cows that became separated from the herd. They do far more damage than the sneaking coyote, for the large wolves are much stronger, are more fleet, and when hungry they are courageous and take desperate chances. The gray wolf is the fiercest of his species, and many a man in the great woods of the East and North has been killed by them, says the Portland Oregonian. A few days ago a farmer in the northern part of the county shut two large-sized colts in a corral while he took his team to a field. When he came back after the colts a few hours later he found both had been killed by the wolves. Another stockman, while riding over the hills, came across two large steers that had been carrying on an unequal fight with wolves. The two steers were surrounded by a number of big gray creatures and several coyotes, which had been running the cattle about. The steers were badly bitten and they were nearly exhausted with the unequal struggle. At the appearance of the stockman the wolves and coyotes slunk away. When the winter finally sets in, it becomes a difficult matter for them to get a calf or a sheep, the stockmen fear that these wolves will become desperate. They will then go in bands and will undoubtedly attack almost anything that might furnish them a meal.

The average man knows just enough about whist to be abused by his partner when he gets into a game.

MY BLOOD

Became overheated, causing pimples all over me, developing into large and Dreadful

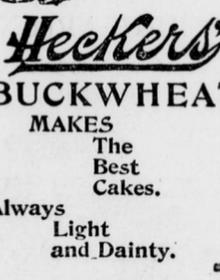


Mrs. Caroline H. Fuller, Londonderry, Vt.

Running Sores, the worst on my ankle, I could not stop. Soon after I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, the sores healed, and two bottles entirely cured me and gave me renewed strength and health. Mrs. C. H. FULLER, Londonderry, Vermont. Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures
Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills, Biliousness
P N U 1

HECKERS' BUCKWHEAT MAKES THE BEST CAKES.
Always Light and Dainty.
DON'T BE FOOLED.



You want some RIPANS TABLETS. Your druggist's supply is exhausted. He has something else, just as good. Why does he say this? He thinks you a simpleton. He has a right to his opinion, but to express it so plainly is trash. His opinion may be right, but his statement is not true. Tell him so! Get what you ask for, or nothing!

REVERSIBLE COLLAR COMPANY.
77 Franklin St., New York. 27 Kirby St., Boston.

Linene
The "LINENE" are the Best and Most Economical Collars and Cuffs worn; they are made of fine cloth, both sides finished alike, and being reversible, one collar is equal to two of any other kind. They are made in sizes for men, women and children. Ten Collars or Five Pairs of Cuffs for Twenty-Five Cents. A Sample Collar and Pair of Cuffs by mail for Six Cents. Name and size. Address: REVERSIBLE COLLAR COMPANY, 77 Franklin St., New York. 27 Kirby St., Boston.

CRADLE OF THE RACE.

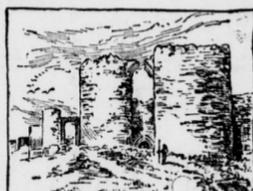
ARMENIA THE OLDEST LAND IN THE WORLD.

A Country of Great Natural Resources, but Devastated by the Worthless Turk—May Yet Be Delivered from the Sultan's Rule.

Native Home of Man.

The bloody massacres perpetrated by the Turks and Kurds in the heart of Armenia served to call public attention to one of the oldest and most remarkable countries on the globe, a country once rich and populous and powerful, but, like every other land that has suffered the curse of Turkish rule, now desolate. There was a time when the Armenians numbered at least 25,000,000 population, but now it is estimated that not more than 5,000,000 remain in their native and well-beloved land, while 3,000,000 or 4,000,000 more are wanderers to and fro over the earth, sober, industrious, economical citizens of many lands and well-to-do in every country but their own. They would do well there also were it not for the Turks. The Ottoman Empire has proved itself in modern times, as the Persian in ancient, a national curse, a sore, an ulcer among nations; it has been said of the Persian State that of all the nations over which it gained control not one ever raised its head again, and the statement is almost literally true. Far more fortunate have been the States that have suffered the blight of Turkish rule. One by one they have risen in rebellion and have shaken off the Ottoman yoke. Years of revolution and bloody war were sometimes required to secure the coveted freedom, and the march to liberty has been over thousands of bloody corpses of men, women and even of children, but by perseverance the cause was always won. Greece, Serbia, Roumania, Bulgaria, Roumella, Georgia, Circassia, the story of each is the same—a bloody rebellion, a long war, assistance from foreign powers, and then freedom. The unhappy land of Armenia is now going through the preliminary stages of the process of acquiring independence, and there is no reason to doubt that in time, and, perhaps, in no very long time, the Armenians will be as free as the Greeks or Bulgarians are to-day.

It is a singular land, that in which the fight for liberty is now being waged under such fearful odds. It is a land so old in history that the earliest



A GATE OF ERZEROUM.

legends of the human race point to it as the first home of mankind, and so far do the sober facts of history confirm the wild fancies of legend that historian, scientist and mythographer all unite in the belief that somewhere in the region now generally designated as Armenia, the human race first began that process of migration and development that has led to the peopling of every corner of the earth. The Garden of Paradise was in Armenia. Adam was an Armenian; so was Noah, for his ark rested on Ararat, where, according to popular tradition, it remains to this day, having been seen, or at least reported to be seen, by two or three different travelers. From Armenia began the dispersion of the nations, and all the legends of the early days point the finger back toward that singular land at the head waters of the Euphrates and Tigris as the home of every nation that preserved a memory of its own origin.

The limits of Armenia proper are by no means accurately determined, for at different times the country has been under many different governments, and even at present, it is divided between Turkey, Russia and Persia, and the boundary lines form a never-ceasing source of dispute between these three powers. The truth is that Armenia really has no boundaries worth the name, the various tribes of savage kinds that occupy the eastern district, wandering back and forth at their pleasure, and, according as inclination or convenience may prompt, owing allegiance to either or neither government. According to the best authorities, the land of Armenia proper contains about 150,000 square miles, being thus a little more than twice the size of Missouri, and for the most part consists of a high tableland from 5,000 to 8,000 feet above the level of the sea. Although within the tropics it is by no means a tropical country, having, on the contrary, a climate rather severe than mild, for during at least three months in the year, deep snows cover the wide plains that stretch from the Lead waters of the Euphrates to the Caspian Sea, and on the Ararat range the snow has never been known to melt. In spite of its altitude, however, the country has agricultural advantages of no mean order. The tablelands are not of uniform height, and on their various terraces the products of any country on the globe may be raised, from the dates of Arabia to the oats and barley of Norway. The country is otherwise wealthy besides, for there are mines of gold, silver and several other metals, while coal is abundant in many localities, and petroleum is found in a score of different places. Under even a passable form of government Armenia would be a singularly prosperous country, but the curse of Turkish misrule has blighted every hope of the inhabitants.

Industry is checked, for no one knows the amount of taxes that will be

required of him; nor, indeed, can he be certain that after the products of his field have been garnered they will not all be eaten or carried off by bands of irregular Turkish troops, who will consider themselves singularly forebearing if they do not also take his life. Instances have been known of farmers who raised a hundred bushels of grain and saw eighty-five bushels carried off under the name of taxes, to feed a rapacious soldiery. Under such circumstances, the people have no incentive to industry, and so Armenia, like every other Turkish province, is gradually wasting away; the industrious and economical portion of the population are leaving as fast as they can, and this remarkable region will soon be desolate.

The inhabitants are not all Armenians; in fact, the Armenians now form only a small fraction of the population in the country they once called their



A KURD SOLDIER.

own. Turks, Kurds, Persians, Tartars, savage tribes akin to the races of hardy mountaineers that people the region from the Caspian to the confines of China, they are all alike in one respect—that all are treacherous and blood-thirsty, and all are inspired by a bitter hate of anything Christian. The name seems to rouse among these savage people all the innate ferocity of untamed human nature.

To do them justice, however, the Christians, so called, of Armenia, are not much better than their Turkish and Kurdish neighbors. They have been hardened and brutalized by ages of oppression and suffering; they regard the Turks as their natural enemies, and are just as ready to fight the Ottomans as the latter are to fight them. Unfortunately for the Christians, however, they are hopelessly in the minority, and so from time to time the world is shocked with these narratives of Turkish atrocity. In cold fact, there is very little choice between Christian and Moslem in that part of the world, and the swarms of wandering bandits sometimes consist of both Christians and Moslems, who rob both parties with strict impartiality.

The cities of Armenia are not very numerous nor very populous, neither are they very prosperous. The best among them are Kars, that has stood more than one historic siege from both Russians and Turks; Erivan, a fortress from Roman days, and the capital of one province; Erzeroum, which once boasted a population of 150,000 but now has hardly more than 40,000. If so many, the reason of the decline being the same as that for the depression in every other part of the country. Erzeroum, the seat of the Turkish Pasha who misgoverns the country, is well fortified after an Oriental fashion, having great massive walls that have been neglected until they are ready to fall down of their own accord, big wooden gates covered with plates of iron, closed every night at an hour after sundown, when belated travelers are supposed to be compelled to remain outside, which, in fact, however, they rarely do, but simply walk along the wall until they find a place where it has fallen down enough to enable them to climb over, and then enter and go about their business. Erzeroum was once a city of grand proportions and great commercial consequence, but its glory has departed. Situated as it is on the high road between Teheran and Mecca, the annual caravans of pilgrims from Persia, Afghanistan and India all pass through it, but in greatly diminished numbers from those of former years. The Indian pilgrims now go by steamer through the Red Sea, so do not a few from Beluchistan and Persia, and only a few from the interior now pass through the once famous city that still presides over the destinies of the oldest land in the world. Like all other Oriental, and particularly Turkish, towns, Erzeroum presents from a distance an imposing appearance that is by no means confirmed on a nearer approach. From a few miles distant, nothing can be prettier than a Turkish town. The white walls glitter through the dark green foliage of the cypress trees that abound in the surrounding cemeteries, while the minarets and domes rise above the houses like points of vivid light. A nearer approach dispels the illusion. The marble walls are of whitewash, the minarets and domes are gaudy and flimsy, the streets are filthy enough to breed a pestilence, and everywhere savage dogs go to and fro in troops, and fight with each other for the offal that is cast out of the doors and windows of every house into the street.

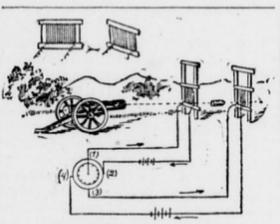
But there is hope for Armenia. A brave people like the natives of this historic land can not always be kept in subjection to a degenerate race of thieves and murderers like the Turks. The incompetence of the latter to govern anything has been so plainly shown for a century and a half that the world has ceased to expect anything from the Ottoman power. But for the half-crazy fear that the English display whenever anybody raises the cry of Russian wolf, Armenia would long ago have been delivered from the rule of the Turk. Twice in the present century has Russia been ready to occupy the whole province, and twice has the deliverance of Armenia been postponed by the trickery of British politics and

diplomacy. It is true that in being placed in Russian territory the Armenians would merely exchange one master for another, but experience has shown that while the Czar is a hard master, he is more tolerant than the Sultan.

SPEED OF CANNON BALLS.

How Artillery Experts Measure It with Exactness.

The measurement of the speed of bodies in rapid movement is effected by special mechanical contrivances in connection with electric contacts and self-registering clock-work. The following is the procedure adopted: The chronometer or other time-piece to be used for the purpose is electrically connected with two circuit-breakers, one at each end of the proving ground. The discharged projectile in its flight strikes both in turn, starting the chronoscope at the first contact and stopping it at the second, thus registering the interval of time between the two. In practical experiments, the line of flight of the projectile is intercepted by two disk-like frames (C and D in the illustration) at a measured distance apart, and supported by the posts A and B, sunk in the earth. The distance between the two frames is ordinarily 50 meters—55 or 56 yards—and the two are so placed that the projectile will pass through them about the middle. Both frames are made of parallel wooden slats, and are provided on their perpendicular sides with small pegs supporting a thin copper wire that passes alternately from one side to the other, without interruption. In this way the frame becomes a network, in which the diameter of each mesh is smaller than that of the projectile to be fired through it. The wire of the first frame C is in the circuit of the current of a galvanic battery, S, and both are attached to the chronometer T by means of the clamps 1 and 2. The connection of the several parts is shown in the figure. In its normal condition, the circuit being closed, the needle or hand of the chronoscope points to 0. But the instant the shot passes the wire meshes of the frame C the circuit is broken and the needle deviates. The frame D is similarly connected with the battery S, which in turn, by means of the clamps 3 and 4, is connected with the chronometer. The result is that the hand of the timepiece is again arrested the instant the ball cuts the wire in this second frame. The measure of deviation from the zero-point during the interval

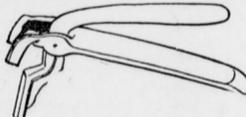


MEASURING ITS SPEED.

indicates the time occupied by the projectile in passing from one frame to the other, and enables us to calculate the rate of speed.

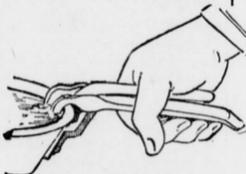
A HANDY KITCHEN LIFTER.

An Ingenious Device for Handling Hot Pans and Lids. A handy and ingenious kitchen utensil is shown here. The device, as shown



THE HANDY LIFTER.

In figure 1, is designed to remove from ovens, pans of beans, puddings, roasts, etc., as shown in figure 2, without burn-



HANDLING HOT PANS.

ing the hands or without the use of cloths, says the Philadelphia Record. It can also be used for a stove lid lifter.

The Best Size for a Farm.

Small farms are decreasing, while the ratio of bonanza farms is decreasing. Despite the great increase of farms from 1870 to 1880 the number of small farms from three to ten acres each decreased by 37,132, and those from ten to twenty by 39,836, and those from twenty to fifty acres by 66,140. From 1880 to 1890 they decreased respectfully in the order above named. The statistics thus far published for the last census are not on the same basis as those of 1880. It shows that the average size of farms for 1890 was 137 acres in lieu of 134 for 1880, and that the number of farms between 100 and 500 acres each has increased in numbers more than those of all other sizes combined, showing that farms from 100 to 200 acres are regarded by the mass of farmers as the most economical size to own. It is assumed that the fittest has survived.—Prof. J. W. Sanburn.

British Cooking Schools.

There are 122 cooking places in various parts of London where public instruction in cookery is given to girls over 11 years of age. There are also forty-two places where instruction in laundry work is given for girls of suitable age. Instruction is free. The food cooked at the cooking schools is sold, to in part pay the expense.

You can make better food with

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Lighter, sweeter, more wholesome.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO. 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

A Bond of Sympathy.

I was in the saloon of a steamer on the west coast of Scotland last Christmas holidays, and there fell into conversation with a melancholy man, a brother Scot, sentimental, like all the race, and also, as presently appeared, lamentably drunk. "It's a sair world this," said he. I said I thought there wasn't much the matter with the world, as far as I knew it. "Aye, weel," he said, "but ye ken I'm a plumber, and it's a sair world tae a plumber." I condescended to him, though secretly glad to hear that that perverse and evil race were thus afflicted. "And what's your trade?" he asked. I said I was a schoolmaster. "Gie's yer hand," said he; "I'm fit o' sympathy; ye baith belang tae a puir despised calling."—London Spectator

Wild Fires.

The devastation and suffering caused by the flames of the wild prairie and forest fires in the West, last summer, has a horrible detail in the loss of life and destruction of property. Men, women and children, by scores, choked by smoke and roasted alive; their homes destroyed and hundreds maimed and crippled. It is painful to contemplate, but still important and charitable to make it known that St. Jacobs Oil, used according to directions, is one of the best cures for burns and scalds, and should be kept on hand. There is no household that should be without the great remedy for pain, for there are none without the need of it. Little things like slight cuts and wounds it heals and cures like magic and helps the house work.

At Norfolk, Va., saloons are allowed to open at 6 a. m. and must close at 10 p. m.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by him. Wm. & T. Tuttle, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio. WALKER, KINSAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surface of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Baptists in Russia still continue to suffer deep religious persecutions.

Disorder. That is the state of your stomach. You know it, you feel it, you show it. The remedy you need is Ripans Tablets. Safe, Sure and Effective.

The bulk of the Mormon vote in Utah this year was Democratic.

Dr. Kilmor's Swain-Root cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

Doctor's prescriptions must not be written in Latin in France.

Karl's Clover Root, the great blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constipation. 25 cts., 50 cts., \$1.

The average life of American-built ships is about 18 years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, &c. a bottle about \$62,000,000.

Paino's Cure for Consumption is an A. No. 1 Asthma medicine. W. R. WILLIAMS, Antioch, Ills., April 11, 1894.

The Dalles, Oregon, markets are glutted with bear meat.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

General Rule.

Among Baron Haussmann's recollections of his earlier experience as a public administrator, is one of an interview with Casimir-Perier, grandfather of the French President, not long before that much lamented statesman died, in 1832, of cholera. Young Haussmann had been making an official tour of the district of Poitiers, and on his return to Paris was summoned before Casimir-Perier, who had recently become President of the Council.

The young man had to answer a thousand questions, many of them of a delicate nature—about the condition of political parties in the department, the possible influence of the administration in the legislative elections, and so on.

In the course of the conversation something was said about the wife of one of the prefects, whereupon young Haussmann spoke warmly of her domestic virtues, with which he had been greatly impressed.

"Oh yes," said M. Casimir-Perier, "but she is too common a body for a town which contains so many well-bred and cultivated people." And he added, laughing:

"I shall be obliged to establish, by the side of my cabinet, a marriage bureau for my functionaries. Look out for yourself!"

But the wary statesman gave his youthful subordinate a practical hint about the diplomacy to be observed in the treatment of such themes. As Haussmann had his hand upon the door, the President called him back.

"By the way," said he, "a young officer ought always to find the wives and daughters of deputies amiable and even pretty."

That was all; but as Haussmann went down the stairs, he remembered to have spoken slightly some time before of the wife of a certain deputy, who was as tiresome as she was ugly. He wondered, he says, how the President of the Council could have heard of the matter, but he accepted the rebuke and laid to heart the lesson.

His Love for Liquor.

A Wilkesbarre (Pa.) man, overcome by the craving for drink and having exhausted all his resources for procuring more rum, emptied the ashes of his wife's first husband out of a silver urn and sold that.

W. L. Douglas's \$3 SHOE IS THE BEST. FITS FOR A KING. B. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELED CALF. \$4.00 FINE CALF & KANGAROO. \$3.00 POLICE, 3 SOLES. \$2.50 WORKING MEN'S, EXTRA FINE. \$2.00 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES. LADIES' \$3.00 \$2.50 \$2.00 \$1.50 \$1.00 \$0.50

Over One Million People wear the W. L. Douglas \$3 & \$4 Shoes. All our shoes are equally satisfactory. They give the best value for the money. They equal custom shoes in style and fit. Their wearing qualities are unsurpassed. The prices are uniform—set stamped on sole. From \$1 to \$5 saved over other makes. If your dealer cannot supply you we can.

PENSION JOHN W. HARRIS. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner, U. S. Pension Bureau. 15 yrs. last war, 15 adjudicating claims, 45 yrs. since.

PATENTS TRADE MARKS Examination and advice as to patentability of invention. Send for inventors' guide, or how to get a patent. PATRICK O'FARRELL, WASHINGTON, D. C.

WINSLOW'S CURE FOR COLIC CURES WHILE ALL THE WAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

WANTED. Lady agents to sell our Table Sauce and Flavoring Extracts. Address: THE ROYER SAUCE CO., Mendocino, Pa.

SECOND-HAND Typewriters Phonographs, Graphophones. PITTSBURGH TYPEWRITER CO., No. 445 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

RUPTURE Cured ELASTIC TRUSS. POSITIVELY CURED. Worn night and day. Has an Adjustable Pad which can be made larger or smaller to suit changing conditions of RUPTURE. Illus. Cat. sent securely sealed by U. S. House Mfg. Co., 74 Broadway, N. Y. City.

WANTED. Agents for Safety Odorless Kerosene. The best article in the market for agents to make money selling. One agent reports to sell the first day; another in two days; another in ten days. Send 2-cent stamp for circular. J. H. DEX & CO., Cincinnati, O.

Take Measures to make life easier by taking Pearlina to do your washing and cleaning. It does away with half the labor, and with all the dirt. It does away with the Rub, Rub, Rub. Nothing in the way of housework is too hard for it; nothing washable is too delicate. All things washable are safe with Pearlina. It saves from wear, and it keeps from harm.

Beware "This is as good as" or "the same as Pearlina." IT'S F. L. S. E.—Pearlina is never peddled, if your grocer sends you an imitation, be honest—send it back.

"Brevity Is the Soul of Wit." Good Wife You Need

SAPOLIO

Dangerous Place to Live.

The number of deaths caused by wild animals is increasing greatly in India, snake bites heading the list last year with 21,000 victims. Of 2,800 persons killed nearly 1,000; leopards, tigers, wolves, 175; bears, 121, and elephants, 68. Ninety thousand head of cattle were destroyed, an increase of 9,000 over the year before. On the other hand, 15,000 wild beasts were killed, including nearly 1,300 tigers and over 4,000 leopards, besides almost 120,000 deadly snakes.

PHYSICAL STRENGTH.

cheerful spirits and the ability to fully enjoy life, come only with a healthy body and mind. The young man who suffers from nervous debility, impaired memory, low spirits, irritability, temper, and the thousand and one derangements of mind and body that result from unnatural, pernicious habits usually contracted in youth, through ignorance, is thereby incapacitated to thoroughly enjoy life. He feels tired, spiritless, and drowsy; his sleep is disturbed and does not refresh him as it should; the will power is weakened, morbid fears haunt him and may result in confirmed hypochondria, or melancholia and, finally, in softening of the brain, epilepsy, ("fits"), paralysis, locomotor ataxia and even in dread insanity.



To reach, re-claim and restore such unfortunate to health and happiness, is the aim of the publishers of a book of 136 pages, written in plain but chaste language, on the nature, symptoms and curability, by home-treatment, of such diseases. This book will be sent sealed, in plain envelope, on receipt of this notice with ten cents in stamps, for postage. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

For more than a quarter of a century physicians connected with this widely celebrated Institution have made the treatment of the diseases above hinted at their specialty. Thousands have consulted them by letter and received advice and medicines which have resulted in permanent cures.

Sufferers from premature old age, or loss of power, will find much of interest in the book above mentioned.

EASTMAN'S BUSINESS COLLEGE National Business College and shorthand. SCHOOL affords thorough preparation in Bookkeeping, Business, Practical work, Penmanship, English, and Modern Languages. Address: CLEMENT C. EASTMAN, President, 30 Washington St., Longmeadow, N. Y.

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