Subscribers are requested to observe the date following the name on the labels of their papers. By refearing to this they can tell at a glance how they stand on the books in this office. For instance:

Grover Cleveland 23June38 means that Grover is paid up to June 28, 186. Keep the figures in advance of the present date. Report premptly to this office when your paper is not received. All arrearances must be paid when paper is discontinued, or collection will be made in the manner provided by law.

FREELAND, PA., AUGUST 20, 1894

What has Congressman Hines ever done to deserve a renomina-tion from the Democratic party?

Semi-Monthly Pay Days.

From the Philadelphia Record.

There is much complaint that the law of Pennsylvania requiring semi-monthly payments of the wages of employes on the part of persons or corporations engaged in mining and manufacturing operations is in many instances disregarded. The law is very explicit. It requires wages to be paid in lawful money, "the first payment to be made between the first payment to be made between the first and fifteenth and the second payment between the fifteenth and thritieth day of each month, the full net amount of wages or earnings due employes upon the first and fifteenth instant of each and every month wherein such payments are made."

Refusal to make payment, when demanded, upon the dates set forth is declared to be a misdemeanor, the penalty

payments are made."

Payments are made."

Refusal to make payment, when demanded, upon the dates set forth is declared to be a misdemeanor, the penalty for which, upon conviction, is a fine of \$200. Assignments of future wages or agreements to waive the requirements of the law are declared invalid. Finally, the factory inspector and his deputies, or, upon their failure, any citizen of the commonwealth, is authorized to bring action in the name of the commonwealth paints and individual, firm, corporation or association violating the provisions of the law, upon the request of any citizen aggrieved.

A law which makes such efficient provisions of the law, upon the request of any citizen aggrieved.

A law which makes such efficient provision for its own enforcement can hardly be evaded except with the tactic consent of wage-carners. Workers in mines and factories should see to it that the law is enforced. Its objects are most wholesome and salutary. There is no reason why those who work for wages should be compelled to have their pay doled out to them at the "company store."

No objection has been seriously urged against the law by employers, except that it involves larger clerical expenditure in making out frequent pay rolls, additional labor in book-keeping and added pay days. This objection is trivial when set against the benefit conferred upon those whose daily wage is necessary for daily bread.

The law should be rigidly enforced

or daily bread.

The law should be rigidly enforced until it shall obtain the sanction of cus-

The Record's remarks upon the semimonthly pay laws will meet the approval of every mine employe and business man in the anthracite coal regions, but the fault of its non-enforcement is not due entirely, as the Record intimates, to the workers themselves. The employes are well aware that a demand from them for semi-monthly payments will be promptly compiled with, and they also know the discharge of every workman who makes such demand will follow just as promptly. The factory inspector, or his deputies, or any non-employe is powerless to act until a refusal to comply with the law has been made, and as the miners dare not say that it must be enforced, for fear of being discharged, the *Record* will see that the law does not make "efficient provisions for its own enforcement.'

The semi-monthly pay law was obeyed by the coal corporations for a short time after it became a law, in 1887, but they soon learned there was no penalty for its violation, and monthly payments were resumed. In 1891, Senator Hines introduced an amendment in the senate and Repersentative Davis, of Schuylkill county, a similar one in the house, attaching a penalty of \$200 for each violation of that how the senatory of the lation of that law. The amendment was passed by the legislature and ap-proved by Governor Pattison, but no attempt was made by Senator Hines, who prides himself upon his legal knowledge, to amend that part of the act which compels the demand for its compliance to be made by the employe.

This is one of the many bills which the present congressman of this district claims credit in getting passed, and like the others framed by him and intended to benefit the workingmen, it is conspicuous on account of the glaring loop-hole that is left for operators to avoid ying it. The corporations are nearly taking advantage of Mr. Hines'

know who to hold responsible for betraying them in the amending of the
semi-monthly pay law. With the election of Governor Singerly and a Democratic legislature next November it is
hoped that the act will be again amended and give to every citizen the authority to demand that the law be obeyed.

It is now a matter of convenience to
Corporations whether or not they obey ful to Mr. Hines for his deep regard of

Go to McDonald's for \$1 chenile table

WASHINGTON LETTER

Washington, D. C., Aug. 17, 1894. In looking over the vote in the house on the tariff bill I fail to find the name of the representative from the Luzerne county district. The position of Mr. Hines on tariff reform is not known here, for, notwithstanding the many opportunities he has had to record himelf on the question, he has succeeded sen on the question, he has succeeded in preventing even his most intimate colleagues from learning just where he stands. When the Wilson bill came first before the house the congressman from your district was one of the most violent objectors to the measure, and emphatically declared he was not in sympathy with the proposition to cut own the duty on several articles, coal anthracite district, made himself very conspicuous in this matter, and it was so noticeable because the reduction, aboliton or retention of a duty on the article at this session. did not concern his constituents.

Then, when he acted with the Republicans during last January, by refusing to vote and thereby preventing the con-sideration of the tariff bill by the house, he was classed by the party leaders as an irreconciable opponent of tariff re-form. On the first of February, how-ever, he surprised everybody by voting for the bill on final passage. It was a complete somersault, but the Democrats had enough of votes and lots to spare without his "aye," and he was not thanked for his tardy aid. Next came the conflict over the appointment of a postmaster in the town of Kingston. Postmaster General Bissell and Mr. Hines, it appears, had not consulted one another, and for a time the congressman was under. Explanations later on settled the appointment in the congress-man's fayor, but while the trouble lasted Mr. Hines was as mad as a March hare and attacked everything that he thought Cleveland or the Democratic party might Cleveland or the Democratic party might favor. His antics were amusing to the older Democratic members of the house and they hugely enjoyed his discomfort, considering it well deserved for his considering it well deserved for his opposition to the tariff bill

After the bill was passed by the hou Mr. Hines again turned protectionist, and with a Mr. Gaston, who manufactures lace somewhere in his district, he appeared before the senate finance co appeared before the senate finance committee and pleaded that the duty on lace be revised and put up again to the McKinley rate. He was not quite so successful this time, but it was through no fault of his that the duty on lace was not kept at an exorbitant figure. When the senate passed the bill along came a carpet manufacturer from Plymouth with a request, presented by this Demo cratic congressman, that the tariff on a certain class of carpets which he makes be altered so as to give him the large profits that he had enjoyed since the McKinley bill was passed. The house and senate had agreed to the Wilson rate, believing it to be sufficient protection for all purposes, but Mr. Hines in sisted that the conference committee should reopen the discussion on carpet. He annoyed the members of the committee to such an extent that they finally promised to look the matter they did, and concluded that the Wilson rate was high enough to suit even a Democratic protectionist.

The climax of this political enigma's queer doings came last Monday when the final vote was taken in the house on the report of the conference committee. Mr. Hines was no where to be found and I can truthfully add, he was not missed. When counting their supporters, the party leaders count only those who are Democrats, and finding they had enough to stand by them they did not look for the men who fought them tooth and nail since congress opened. Nevertheless, on a vote of that kind, it is understood that every representative will record himself some manner for or against the bill, and the Democrats who voted against the report are as highly respected today as hey were a month ago. They had the courage to stand by their convictions They had the but the political eels who twist and squirm about so often, and finally run away from the deciding vote, they bring upon themselves the condemnation of upon themselves the condemnation of both parties, and their constituents should put them on a shelf and label them the "Political Cowards of the Fifty-third Congress.

Before the vote was taken on the tariff beying it. The corporations are nearly it taking advantage of Mr. Hines' bligging negligence by paying upon such lates as suit them best.

The workingmen of Luzerne county in the workingmen of the workingmen in the workingmen of the workingmen in the workingmen of the workingmen in tection, especially to the sugar trust.
The Democrats who yoted against the
bill were: Cockran and Covert, New
York; Davey, Louisiana; Dunphy, New

bill any better than he did when he wrote that letter to Chairman Wilsonfew good Democrats do—but he prefers it to the McKinley law, and has, accord-ing to the best obtainable information, made up his mind that it shall becom he a law, but has not yet decided to sign it or allow it to become a law with-out his signature. His sudden depar-ture yesterday for Gray Gables makes it appear that he intends in the signature. appear that he intends to allow it to be come a law under the latter plan.

The passage of the free sugar, free especially. In fact, it was remarked there that the bituminous operators and their lobbyists were not half as earnest as Mr. Hines in their opposition to free oal. He, as a representative from an as enough senators have shaken Wash-

> Representative Breckenridge, of Arkansas, resigned his seat in the house this week and qualified as minister to Russia, to which position he was nominated and confirmed some weeks ago.
> Minister Breckenridge expects to start
> for Europe in a few days, but he will travel leisurely, stopping at a number of places, and does not expect to reach St. Petersburg until about October 15. This is not the Breckenridge whose name was connected with the recent sensational scandal.

Managers of the presidential boom of enator Cameron, of Pennsylvania, are hard at work trying to get their grip upon the American Bimetallic League, which is this week holding a conference here, but they haven't met with much upon the American Bimetallic League, which is this week holding a conference here, but they haven't met with much success. Even the Republican members By a little diligent inquiry any of the league are not solidly for Cam-eron, and he has few supporters among Populist members and none among the Democrats. There is no longer the to pay for support.

JEDDO NEWS

The Ladies' Aid Society of the M. E. church gave their Sunday school scholars a lawn party on Saturday evening. It was well attended and better enjoyed by the children.

A certain young man in Japan is at present wearing a derby with a hole in it, the result of holding it up for some of his lady friends to kick at.

Miss Bridget McCauley, of Park Place, s visiting relatives at Japan.

about the same number of supporters

Miss Lizzie Haggerty, of Philadelphia, visiting her mother at Oakdale.

Miss Cassie Furey arrived home on Sunday from Philadelphia, where she had been spending her vacation.

The young folks of town enjoyed a hop at the Jacot residence on Thursday evening. It was given in honor of Mrs. Jacot's birthday. All were well pleased with the evening's enjoyment and wished Mrs. Jacot many happy returns of the day.

DRIFTON ITEMS.

The collieries will work steady this week with the exception of Thursday. Everything will be idle upon that day on account of the monument dedication at Freeland.

Stanley Oberrender is taking in the sights of New York city during his vacation.

The Foster township school property ere is being improved.

The puplic schools situated in the Hazle township portion of town opened

oday. Miss Hannah O'Donnell has returned from a two weeks' visit to relatives in the Wyoming valley.

Willam B. Fry, accompanied by his family, is at Ocean Grove, N. J., this week. The picnic of the Fearnots Athletic Association was a decided success on Saturday evening. Large crowds of people from the nearby towns attended

The Claims Settled.

Reduced Rates

The Democrats who yoted against the bill were: Cockran and Covert, New York; Davey, Louisiana; Dunphy, New York; Everett, Massachusetts; Gorman, Michigan; Hendrix, New York; John-

sons alike.

People who are compelled to People who are compelled to work for a corporation may well rely upon the fact that their pleasures and sorrows of this world will in a measure be timed to suit the generosity or avariciousness of such corporations. Some are more liberal than others, but all are labeled as being "souless." During the last six months the times have been so dull that By a little diligent inquiry any person can satisfy his own mind as to the condition of the employes of the various corporations in this vicinity—whether a generous hand is extended to the deserving, though unfortunate ones, or whether they are passed by as unworthy of attention.

The fare of the electric road from here to Freeland has been reduced to 5 cents; it was formerly 10 cents. The residents of Oakdale would appreciate a tive-cent fare to Freeland. From here to Freeland the fare still remains at 10 cents. Of all the coal companies in ample for other companies to imitate in regard to their unfortunate employes. The extensive mining operations of this corporation cover a large tensity. this corporation cover a large territory. From Drifton to Eckley, Buck Mountain, Stock-ton, Beaver Meadow, Tom-hicken, Derringer and Oneida, are all mining towns of imporno fabulous sums of money earned in these towns, because the employes have drawbacks to contend with just as well as in any other place. The hours is visiting relatives at Japan.

The election of a delegate to the Democratic county convention promises to be one of the hottest ever held here. There are two candidates, each having the defendance of the contend with just as well as in any other place. The hours to contend with just as well as in any other place. The hours to work is as hard as can be found at adjoining collieries.

But while performing these long and hard hours of toil the employes have an important advantage over those of other employes have an important advantage over those of other corporations, from the fact that should an accident befall them, they are consoled by knowing that themselves, wives and families will receive the utmost care and attention through the generosity of those who are connected with this corporation. Under some companies in this region if an employe, who is perhaps in straightened circumstances, should be so unfortunate to meet with an accident, fatal or otherwise, he, in all cases, must depend upon the subscription book and the generosity of his fellow-workers, and whatever little assistance the neighbors can give.

Under the Cross Creek Coal

Under the Cross Creek Coal Under the Cross Creek Coal Company there is a spirit of benevolence toward its employes that even the most pronounced enemy of corporations must admire. Relief does not come through an association of the employes, as is done by some corporations, but directly through the company, and in all of its extensive mining operations the same rule applies to each employe. In pursuing their daily occupation, if any of the employes, from the smallest boy on the breaker to those holding positions of trust, those holding positions of trust, should meet with an accident, he receives the sum of \$5 a week until such time as he is able to resume work again kind are made upon any of the other employes.

One of the saddest scenes to be witnessed about the mines is when the husband of a wife and father of a helpless family is brought home crushed lifeless by an accident. Cases of this kind are not rare. They occur at the mines of all coal corpor-

son, Ohio; Meyer and Price, Lousiana; Tarsney, Missouri, Warner, New York. The Populists voted for it, and the Republicans solidly against it.

President Cleveland does not like the bill any better than he did when he

Matters of a Local Nature Written Up and the employees are assessed.

PICKED UP BY THE WAY. ations, and are pitiable sights. Most of the coal companies in this region have a death benefit fund to meet such cases, and to which it contributes a sum not exceeding \$50 at each death and the employees are assessed. Matters of a Local Nature Written Up and Placed Before the Readers of the "Tribune" by the Saunterer-Something Here May Interest You

"Corporations are souless," is a pet phrase for many people to use Which they work.

"Tribune" by the Saunterer-Something
Here May Interest You.

"Corporations are souless,"
is a pet phrase for many people to use. Whether it is meant that the individuals who compose corporations are the objects of the above saying, or whether the word in itself is intended to appear as a huge monster crushing the life out of every person and thing that may come in its way, is a problem I will leave to my readers to solve. There is probably no place in the state that is better adapted to ventilate the phrase than Freeland. Situated as it is, with scarcely a single industry around it except corporation plants for its residents to find evils arising from corporations should come home to all persons alike.

Pay, according to the rule of the company and the different scale of wages under which they work.

Under the Cross Creek Coal Company the widows and ortheap widows and orthea admiration of the most prejudiced. It goes to show that all corporations are not soul-SAUNTERER.

STATE OF ORIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, \$88.

LYCAS COUNTY,
FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J.
CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesuid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CTER. FIRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public. SEAL }

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

PLEASURE CALENDAR.

PLEASURE CALENDAR.

August 22.—Ball of Young Men's Slavonian band, at Freeland opera house. Admission, 50 cents.
August 23.—Campfire of Maj. C. B. Coxe Post, No. 147, G. A. R., at Freeland Public park.
August 23.—Base ball, Jeanesville vs. Tigers, at Tigers Athletic Park, at 4 p. m. Admission, 15c; ladies, 10c.
August 25.—Excursion of White Haven Odd Fellows' Relief Association to Mountain Park. Trains leave Upper Lehigh and Sandy Run at 7 a. m. Fare, adults, 90c; children, 69c.
August 25.—Excursion of Clitizens' Hose Company to Glen Onoke Alugust 31.—Second annual ball of Division 6, A. G. H., at Freeland opera house. Admission, 50 cents.
September 1.—Flenic of the Wolfe Tone Social Club, at Freeland Public park. September 21.—Third annual ball of Division 19, A. O. H., at Freeland opera house. Admission, 50 cents.

Picnics supplied with ice cream, cakes andy, etc., at low prices by Laubach.

McDonald sells 6c dress gingham.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR JUDGE OF ORPHANS' COURT-D. L. RHONE,

Subject to the decision of the Democrational Convention.

Torrest of the second street, next to Citize bank has confered to the second street, next to Citize bank has confered some second street of the second stree

TRIBLE PUBLIC.—Notice is hereby given to TO THE PUBLIC.—Notice is hereby given to Freeland hereby and premises cleaned in abuted at once, alleys and premises cleaned in abuted at once, alleys and premises cleaned in abuted that you put in good sanitary condition, and that you hold you self in regular for collar, from from hold your self in readiness for a house-ta-himspection, from garret to cellar, from frame to back gate, as the board shall direction from the state of Pennsylvania, approved May II, and of the ordinance of the borough of Fland. By order of the Freeland board health, The Brokker, M. D., presider T. Brokker, M. D., presider, Freeland, August 20, 1894.

GEORGE FISHER

FRESH BEEF, PORK, VEAL, MUTTON, BOLOGNA, SMOKED MEATS, ETC., ETC.

Call at No. 6 Walnut street, Freeland, or wait for the delivery wagons.

VERY LOWEST PRICES.

GREAT BARGAINS IN

Dry Goods, Groceries and Provisions.

Notions, Carpet, Boots and Shoes, Flour and Feed, eco, Cigars, n and Queensware, Wood and Willowware, Table and Floor Oil Cloth, Etc. A celebrated brand of XX flour

Roll Butter and Eggs a Specialty. My motto is small profits and quick I always have fresh goods and

AMANDUS OSWALD,

N. W. Cor. Centre and Front Sts. Freeland

NO DISSOLUTION

MIDSUMMER CLEARING SALE

JOS. NEUBURGER'S

BARGAIN EMPORIUM.

P. O. S. OF A. BUILDING, FREELAND, PA

Our goods must be sold regardless of prices. We must have ly cash. We cannot afford to carry our stock over for higher prices for next season.

A. General Cut of One-Half In All Departments.

Don't miss this opportunity. For two weeks we will hold ourselves bound down to sell everything at cut in-two figures. Men's clothing, boys' suits, children's suits, dry goods, fancy goods, boots, shoes and rubbers, ladies' and gents' neckwear, hats, caps, furnishing goods, trunks and traveling bags.

For two weeks only. Remember the place.

JOS. NEUBURGER,

P. O. S OF A. BUILDING,

FREELAND, PA.



Philip Geritz, Corner Front and Centre Streets.

I have always in stock the largest assortme of Watches, Clocks, Silverware, Platedwa Rings, Diamonds and Musical Instruments.

I will do ENGRAVING FREE OF CHARGE

DePIERRO - BROS. CAFE.

Freeland, Pa.

Finest Whiskies in Stock.

EXCLUSIVE SALE IN TOWN nessy Brandy, Blackberry, Gins, Wines, Clarets, Core

OYSTERS IN EVERY STYLE.

MEALS AT - ALL - HOURS. Baths, Hot or Cold, 25 Cents.

HALL'S SPECIFIC!

REGAINS AND MANTAINS THE VITAL POWERS.

Cures NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOSS OF VIGOR,
INSOMNIA and
GENERAL DEBILITY.

Caused by IMPRUDENT HABITS, EXCESSES or OVERWORK.

PRICE, ONE DOLLAR PER BOX.

Pamphlet and Circular Free.

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Three per cent, interest paid on saving Open daily from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m. Saturdays close at 12 noon. Open Wednesday evenings from 6 to 8.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the late John D. Hayes are requested to make payment to T. A. Buckley, J. P. Fredhand those having claims against the estate will present the same to him.

8. E. Hayes, executrix.

Harness! Harness!

Light Carriage Harness,

\$5.50, \$7, \$9 and \$10.50. Heavy Express Harness,

\$16.50, \$19, \$20 and \$22. Heavy Team Harness,

double, \$25, \$28 and \$30. GEO. WISE,

Jeddo and Freeland, Pa.

Large line of summer goods, in the way of fly nets, dusters, umbrellas, etc.



Anthracite coal used exclusively,

MAY 13, 1894. LEAVE FREELAND. 6 05, 8 %, 9 52, 16 41 am, 185, 2 27, 3 40, 4 55, 5 60, 8 %, 9 52, 16 64 am, 185, 2 27, 3 40, 4 55, 5 60, 8 6 20, 5 6 20, 6 20

Barre, Fileston and L. and B. Junction.
SUNDAY TRAINS.
Il 40 a m and 3 45 p m for Drifton, Jeddo, Lumber Yard and Hazieton.
345 p m for Delano, Mahanoy City, Shenandoni, New York and Philadelphia.
ARRIVE AT FREELIAND.
50.7 [B. 72], 927, 104, 1150 a.m., 1252, 212

 5. 3.0, 8 ar.
 Philladelphia, Bethlehem, 2...
 Philladelphia, Bethlehem, 2...
 Philladelphia, Bethlehem and Mauch a Easton, Phila., Bethlehem and Mauch a Easton, Phila. Chunk. 933, 1041 a.m., 227, 658 p.m. from White Haven. Glen Summit, Wilkes-Barre, Pittston and L. and B. Junction (via Highland Branch).

SUNDAY TRAINS.

11 31 a m and 3 31 pm, from Hazleton, Lumber Yard, Jeddo and Drifton,
11 31 an from Delano, Hazleton, Philadelphia
and Easton.
33 pm. and Easton.
331 pm from Delaws and Mahanoy region.
For further information inquire of Ticket
Agents.

CHAS. S. LEE, Gen'l Pass, Agent, Phila., Pa. R. H. WILBUR, Gen. Supt. East. Div. A. W. NONNEMACHER, Ass't G. P. A., South Bethlehem, Pa.

THE DELAWARE, SUSQUEHANNA AND SCHUYLKILL RALLEGAD.
Time table in effect June 17, 1894.
Trains leave Drifton for Jedde, Eckley, Hazle Brook, Stockton, Beaver Meadow Road, Roan and Hazleton Junction at 600, 610 am, 1200, 400 p.m., daily except Sunday, and, 7 03 a m, 238 pm, Surday.

Trails is even Drifton for Oncids Junction.

Harwood Road, Humboldt Road, Oncida and Sheppton at 610 an, 129, 400 pm, daily except Sunday, and 7 03 a m, 2 35 pm, Sonday.

Sunday, and 7 03 a m, 2 35 pm, Sonday, and 7 03 a m, 2 35 pm, Sonday, and 7 03 a m, 2 35 pm, Sonday, and 8 47 a m, 4 18 pm, daily except Sunday, and 8 47 a m, 4 18 pm, daily except Sunday, and 8 47 a m, 4 18 pm, daily except Sunday, and 8 47 a m, 4 18 pm, Sunday.

Trains leave Hazeleton Junction for Oncida Oucida and Supoda Road, Jumboldt Road, Oucida and Supoda Road, Jumboldt Road, op m, daily except Sunday, and 7 40 a m, 36 s pm, Sunday.

Sunday.
Trains leave Sheppton for Onelda, Humboldt
Road, Harwood Road, Onelda Junction, Hazleton Junction and Roan at 831, 10 l6 a m, 1 l5,
525 p m, daily except Sunday; and 814 a m, 345

350 p. m. unny except courses;
pm, Surales, Sheppton for Beaver Meadow
Trailus leaves Sheppton for Beaver Meadow
Road, Stockton, Inazie, Brook, Eckley, Jedos
and Drifton at 10 lea m, 352 p. m. daily, except
and Drifton at 10 lea m, 352 p. m. daily, except
Trains leave i Inazleton Junetion for Benyer
Meadow itond, Stockton, Hazde Brook, Eckley,
Jedos and Drifton at 10 38 m, 3 (3), 64, 64 is p.
in, daily, except Sunday; and 10 68 a m, 558 p. in,
Sinday.

R.
frains leaving Drifton at 6 10 a.m., and Sheppn at 831 a.m., and 1 15 p.m., connect at Onesda
metion with L. V. R. R. trains cost and west.
frain leaving Drifton at 6 00 a makes conction at Deringer with P. R. R. train for

Men's hose at McDonald's for 5c.