

JOHN C. BERNER'S SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT!

First floor, Washington street entrance, you find our 19c counter. Some articles worth three times what we ask.

19c COUNTER.

Men's check coats.....19c	3 sailor ties.....19c
Men's seersucker coats.....19c	1 man's silk scarf.....19c
Girls' outing flannel coats.....19c	1 man's silk tie.....19c
Men's flannel shirts.....19c	1 silk handkerchief.....19c
Boys' flannel shirts.....19c	1 pair linen towels.....19c
Boys' flannel suits.....19c	6 tea spoons, silver plated.....19c
Ladies' woolen hose.....19c	6 table for's, silver plated.....19c
Men's woolen hose.....19c	1 pair child's napkins.....19c
Boys' woolen hose.....19c	1 pair scissors.....19c
Men's drawers.....19c	1 match safe, silver plated.....19c
Ladies' chemise.....19c	1 luminous watch.....19c
Ladies' drawers.....19c	1 sugar shell, silver plated.....19c
Linen ties.....19c	1 butter knife, silver plated.....19c
Men's suspenders.....19c	1 two-quart delph pitcher.....19c
Ladies' silk mitts.....19c	1 8x10 picture frame, with glass.....19c
Ladies' black taffan gloves.....19c	1 camp stool.....19c
Hair brushes.....19c	1 spring roller window shade.....19c
Shoe brushes.....19c	1 curtain pole, brass rings.....19c
Clothes brushes.....19c	1 carpet rug.....19c
Men's caps.....19c	1 boys' cap.....19c
Ladies' corsets.....19c	

I have sold over one thousand 19c articles, and everybody is satisfied. If you can buy the same quality goods elsewhere for less money, bring ours back and get your money refunded.

DRY GOODS and NOTIONS.

We add daily to our now immense stock. Best apron gingham, 5c; dress gingham, etc., 6c; Outing flannels, 7c; dark dress calicoes, 5c; best blue calicoes, 6c. Blankets reduced; a \$9 all-wool blanket for \$7; an \$8 all-wool blanket for \$6; a \$7 all-wool blanket for \$5; blankets as low as 79c. Comfortable and quilts reduced \$1.45 to \$1; quilts as low as 45c. Our dress goods department is full of valuable goods, all shades and prices. All woolen cloths at and below cost. Chenille curtains, \$3.99, worth \$5; lace curtains, 70c to \$9 per pair. Ladies' muslin underwear, the finest assortment ever shown in this town.

BOOTS and SHOES.

Our spring stock will arrive in a few days and we will have them on the tariff reform list. Watch for them. Old stock now closing out at cost.

QUEENSWARE.

Dinner sets, \$13 to \$18; tea sets, \$5 to \$8. In every-day ware we have anything and everything useful.

HATS, CAPS, WALL PAPER, Etc.

Not necessary to mention separately, as we are closing them out away down. Also our wallpaper. All at one-half price. This means 50c paper for 25c; 25c paper for 12c; 10c paper for 5c. Not much left. Come and get the balance. Like all other general stores, we keep household tinware, granite ware, wood and willow ware, tubs, brooms and brushes. A good scrub brush for 5c.

FURNITURE.

This is the largest and finest assortment Freeland has ever seen. Just look at the quantity. 55 different dining room tables in stock, at \$1.50 to \$19 each; 35 center tables, for parlors and bed rooms, \$1.25 to \$15 each; 22 different bed room suits, \$16.50 to \$95 each; 13 different side boards and cheffonières, \$13 to \$40 each; 6 bookcases, \$7 to \$33 each; 10 hair rugs, from \$7 to \$35 each; 12 different parlor suits, \$29; black moliner cover, solid walnut frame, only \$29; rug suits, \$50 to \$75; silk brocade, \$125 to \$135; 57 different bedsteads, \$2.25 to \$5 each; 25 cribs and cradles, folding cribs and swinging cradles, \$1.50 to \$8.00; 1000 different chairs, cane seat, wood seat, leather seat, with high backs, etc.; 35 different rocking chairs, \$1 to \$10; 12 different styles of lounges and couches.

CARPETS and OIL CLOTHS.

40 rolls ingrain carpet, ranging from 17c to 80c per yard; 15 rolls stair carpet, 20c to 85c per yard; 35 rolls Brussels carpet, with or without borders, 50c to \$1.35; 6 rolls rug carpet, 30c to 60c per yard. 25 different patterns of oil cloth and lenolime, prices as per quality. Smyrna rugs, wool rugs, rugs of Brussels and ingrain carpets. Bed springs, mattresses, pillows, feathers, etc.

MY FURNITURE STORE is a wonderland of novelties, and I invite everybody to pay it a visit. If in need of any goods you will be more than paid by doing so, as our prices are the lowest the market affords.

GROCERIES.

21 lbs granulated sugar.....\$1 00	5 bottles chow chow.....\$1 00
10 lbs No. 1 currants.....25c	5 corned beef.....1 00
10 lbs gold dust meal.....25c	5 bottles pickles.....1 00
6 lbs oat meal.....25c	2 lbs prunes.....25c
6 lbs oat meal.....25c	1 lb baking powder.....10c
5 lbs soda biscuits.....25c	1 lb plug tobacco.....20c
3 lbs mixed cakes.....25c	1 lb fine cut tobacco.....20c
5 lbs raisins.....25c	4 cans corn.....25c
5 lbs rice.....25c	2 cans salmon.....25c
5 lbs barley.....25c	3 cans pie peaches.....25c
2 lbs beans.....25c	2 cans table peaches.....25c
Land-o-lake.....25c	5 cans sardines.....25c
Full cream cheese.....25c	1 quart-bottle ketchup.....25c
4 lbs starch.....25c	3 cans lime.....25c
3 lbs tapioca.....25c	1 can condensed milk.....25c
1 lb dates.....25c	3 big glasses mustard.....25c
5 lbs Lima beans.....25c	1 can French peas.....25c
California Ham.....25c	1 can domestic peas.....25c
Ham, sugar cured.....25c	

FRESH TRUCK EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY. EVERYTHING IN SEASON.

Any goods not satisfactory after purchase may be brought back and money will be returned.

Yours for prosperity,

JOHN C. BERNER,
South and Washington Streets, Freeland.

FREELAND TRIBUNE.

PUBLISHED EVERY
MONDAY AND THURSDAY.
THOS. A. BUCKLEY,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One Year.....\$1 50
Six Months.....75
Four Months.....50
Two Months.....25

Subscribers are requested to observe the date of their papers. By referring to this they can tell at a glance how they stand on the books in this office. For instance:
Grover Cleveland 25 June 24, 1894.
Keep the figures in advance of the present date. Report promptly to this office when your paper is not received. All arrearages must be paid when paper is discontinued, or collection will be made in the manner provided by law.

FREELAND, PA., APRIL 9, 1894.

The trustees of the Girard estate are doing good in a manner that is commendable and worth following by other corporations. Within the last twelve years it has planted 120,000 trees on the lands of the estate, to replace the timber required in its mining operations. Within the present year it will set out 20,000 more, and this feature will be steadily adhered to until all the timber that has been cut away in the past will be replaced by these artificial plantings. The trust in its report also announces that its past experience demonstrates the fact that it is possible to establish reforestation on a large scale, and that its advantages are already clear.

There is one thing in the programme of General Coxe that deserves commendation, whatever may be said of his crazy method of attempting to influence congress and public opinion. As his army struggles over shoe-tops through the mud of Pennsylvania highways it gives every day practical evidence of the necessity for mending them. Not since the old system of turpentine improvements has anything of value been done by the legislature to enable the people of the commonwealth to enter upon a practical plan for securing good roads. The road laws are as bad as they can be, and as a consequence the township roads in many sections of Pennsylvania are the worst in the country.—*Phila. Record.*

The Philadelphia Times says: "It may be of interest to know how the Pennsylvania Democrats in the house attended to the duties they were elected to perform. Pennsylvania has ten Democratic representatives, and only four of them—Wolverton, Erdman, Reilly and Kribbs—have been present and had their votes recorded upon every roll-call. Congressmen Mutchler, McAleer, Sipe, Beltzhoover, Hines and Sibley have been the absentees, and have just happened into the house from time to time to answer to their names when it seemed to suit their convenience." Fine specimens of Democrats they are, but the day of reckoning is coming. Hines will not hoodwink the voters of Luzerne again, for he will meet the fate of all political traitors on the 6th of next November. All the bosses and rings in the county cannot save him from the defeat he has earned so well.

The Democrats in the house of representatives have thirty-five members more than a quorum, which gives them the privilege of transacting any kind of business without waiting upon their Republican colleagues, yet so little interest is taken in the affairs of the nation that a quorum is present only occasionally and then the absentees consider that they are doing the party leaders a great favor by attending and voting. This, when legislation of importance to the Democracy and the country is hanging in the balance, is evidence that there are a number of Democrats in congress who are not sufficiently large enough to comprehend the responsibility of the positions to which they were elected. These men deserve to be defeated next November, even if Republicans have to be sent to Washington instead. Among the persistent absentees Billy Hines is at the top of the list.

The congressmen who voted for the single tax amendment to the Wilson bill on January 31 last are to be presented with a memorial at the Manhattan Single Tax Club, New York, on Friday evening. There is to be a dinner and adherents of the theory are to be present from all parts of the union. The men who had the honor of casting the first votes for the single tax in congress were Judge James G. Maguire, of California; Jerry Simpson, of Kansas; Tom L. Johnson and M. D. Harter, of Ohio, and John DeWitt Warner and Charles Tracey, of New York. As they stood up to be counted that day, the house burst into applause, for in those six men who had insisted on their right to stand up and have their votes recorded, the house recognized the thin first line of a widening phalanx, the vanguard of a force that is breaking existing political divisions and inaugurating a struggle wider, deeper, and, it may perhaps be, bitterer, than the anti-slavery struggle. But with as certain a result.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Washington, April 6, 1894.

Representative Cooper, of Indiana, thinks a great thing for silver was accomplished when the house committee on coinage decided to favorably report his bill providing that greenbacks shall be subject to state and municipal taxation, as coin now is. Representative Hall, of Missouri, who was designated by the committee to write the report in favor of the bill, makes an accusation against the banks which, unless proven to be erroneous, should of itself be a sufficient reason for the speedy passage of the bill. He says: "The greenback was originally the people's money, but of late it has become the pet of the national banks. They have kept it from circulation and its freedom from taxation made it more desirable to keep in the bank vaults than silver or gold, which are subject to taxation. The anxiety of the bank to get hold of greenbacks has been so great that a fraudulent practice has grown up. There are only \$346,000,000 of greenbacks in circulation, yet official returns show that banks and individuals claim exemption on \$3,000,000,000 of greenback. The manner of conducting this fraud is simple. A package of greenbacks is passed from bank to bank ahead of the tax assessor, and in each bank he exempts the same package of greenbacks." Mr. Cooper's bill is by no means a new idea. It has twice been passed by the senate by a unanimous vote and has been endorsed by a number of Democratic state conventions.

Senator Harris, of Tennessee, has been by general admission, since the retirement of Ingalls, the ablest parliamentarian in the senate. It is therefore no disparagement of Senator Voorhees, whose hard work has entitled him to a little rest, to say that the placing of the tariff bill in charge of Senator Harris was a wise move. In addition to his parliamentary knowledge and skill, he is full of aggressiveness. He has already shocked the Republicans who attempted to raise needless obstacles to prolong the tariff debate by promptly brushing them out of the way and stating firmly that no such tactics would be permitted. He proposes that the senate shall every day at the expiration of the "morning hour" (2 o'clock p. m.) talk tariff as long as it remains in session, until a vote is reached on the bill, and he will not willingly deviate from that rule, except it be to take up something important that demands immediate action. This will make the work of prolonging the debate beyond a reasonable time, just for the sake of delay, much more arduous than the Republicans have been calculating upon.

President Cleveland and Secretary Gresham were both pleased when the senate passed unanimously and without amendment the Bering sea bill prepared by the latter to meet necessities connected with carrying out the agreement reached by the court of arbitration that passed upon the claims of the United States and of Great Britain, in Bering sea. It was a double pleasure to get the bill unanimously approved and to get it passed ahead of action upon a similar bill now before the British parliament.

The house has once more got a voting quorum of Democrats, and this week the Democratic contestants whose claims had been favorably reported upon by the committee on elections—O'Neill, of Missouri, and English, of California—were given their seats, and the Bland bill settled by a vote of 144 to 114 to sustain the president's veto.

Senator Morgan, of Alabama, has introduced a bill providing for a reorganization of the state department, which will give all the subordinates of that department, excepting the secretary, his first assistant, ambassadors and ministers, a life tenure and chances for promotion according to merit.

It would have been impossible for the governor of Georgia to have selected another man outside of congress to serve the unexpired term of the late Senator Colquitt who would have been as satisfactory to Democrats in congress as Hon. Patrick Walsh, who will need few introductions among Democrats in congress. It is generally expected here that Speaker Crisp will be elected for the full term beginning March 4, 1895.

Senator Morton has from the time he took charge of the agriculture department made it an inviolable rule, binding upon himself and every official in his department, that there shall be no oral understandings about public matters. He requires that everything said and done shall appear in writing upon the records of the department, so that no man shall be able to even make a pretense of misunderstanding the disposal of any matter.

Trout Not to be Killed Before April 15. The Freeland Game and Fish Protective Club will pay a reward of \$10 for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons catching, or having in his or her possession after being caught or killed, any brook trout or California trout, in any of the streams or waters within fifteen miles of Freeland, Pa., before the 15th day of April, 1894.
Hugh Malloy, President.
Freeland, Pa., March 23, 1894.

Infant's dresses, 25c at McDonald's.

PICKED UP BY THE WAY.

THINGS SEEN AND HEARD IN THE TOWN AND VICINITY.

Matters of a Local Nature Written up and Placed Before the Readers of the "Tribune" by the Saunterer—Something Here May Interest You.

Almost anything is liable to happen in Freeland these days when the traveling medicine venter, who was booked to remain at the Cottage hall for two weeks giving free concerts and curing all comers, left the town one day last week thoroughly disgusted at the small number of people who took such little interest in him and his never failing remedies. His stay was very brief, just one week. Exhortations of every description failed to attract the public's attention, and at last he left the town firmly convinced that some patent medicine men before he did and "worked" the game to death. It is not surprising that the people are getting tired of being "faked." It has happened quite often, and it is pleasing to know that they are beginning to avoid humbugs who go about the country preying upon the innocent and unsuspecting.

The Freeland people have no good cause to complain of skilled men in the medical profession. The town is well supplied and each and every one, besides being thorough gentlemen, have an established reputation and a large practice. Unlike the traveling men, I haven't heard of any of them making an attempt to perform anything miraculous, but what they don't know about their profession is not worth knowing. If the average persons would consider the foolishness of buying medicine from men who are this week in the town and next week leave it never to return again, leaving no responsibility for the good or bad effects their "cure all" may do, it would be but a very short time until street fakirs would steer clear of Freeland.

There is no necessity, whatever, for the people of this section to be "taken in" by traveling medical fakirs, but it does seem as if some people were born to be humbugged and no matter what their past experience may have been they will never profit by it. It is not the custom of medical men, who by medicine and skill can perform miracles, to go over the country entreating the residents of every little town and hamlet to present themselves and he and his medicine will do the rest. On the contrary, a professional man, who can work wonders, need not be found upon vacant lots and street corners, hawking and making frantic appeals to the sick and disabled to come and be cured. If he has the reputation of a skilled physician in any particular branch the public will soon know it, and he need not go looking for patients. They will look for him.

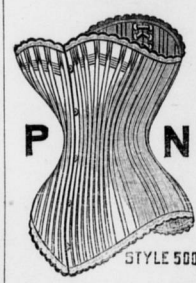
There is more catarrh in this section of the country than in other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from ten drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, 75c.

5 cent toweling at McDonald's.

FOR RENT—A large hall on first floor, suitable for society meetings, storage room or for any purpose that a large building is needed. Apply to George Malinky, Fire street.

AN ORDINANCE to provide for the lighting of the streets and alleys within the borough of Freeland.
Be it ordained and enacted by the burgess and town council of the borough of Freeland, that the burgess and town council of the borough of Freeland be and are hereby authorized and empowered to enter into a contract with the Freeland Electric Light, Heat and Power Company for the purpose of lighting the streets and alleys of the borough of Freeland for a term of five years from the first day of August, A. D. 1894, on the following terms and conditions:
1. The burgess and town council of Freeland shall be paid by the Freeland Electric Light, Heat and Power Company, to be burned all night, and every night of the week, and to be furnished along such streets and at such places as the burgess and town council may require. The number of lights not to be less than fifteen (15).
2. The borough of Freeland to pay for each and every light the sum of one hundred dollars per annum in monthly payments, each monthly payment to be made on or before the 20th of the preceding month.
3. Passed finally in council, April 2, 1894.
Frank DeLiero, president.
Thomas A. Buckley, secretary.
Approved, April 2, 1894.
Patrick McLaughlin, burgess.

THIS SHALL BE A WEEK OF BARGAINS AT JOS. NEUBURGER'S.



WE HAVE A LARGE LINE OF THE CELEBRATED P. N. CORSETS, WHICH FOR COMFORT, DURABILITY AND ELEGANT FIT ARE NOT SURPASSED. WE GUARANTEE EVERY PAIR. WE HAVE THEM IN WHITE, ECRU, TAN AND BLACK. PRICES, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25 AND \$1.50.
We are also offering an elegant seventy-five cent Corset at 50c.

IF YOU WANT A SPRING CAPE OR JACKET

It will pay you to give our line an inspection. Our Shoe department is of special interest to those needing footwear, as we have the shoes that fit well, look well and wear well, at prices that will suit you. Our Clothing line eclipses anything ever shown in this vicinity. Our Dry Goods department is the largest and most complete in town, and this week we are offering many special bargains that will interest you.

Jos. Neuberger,
Centre and Front Streets.

Do You Wish To Make A Handsome Present?
Call on
KELLMER
Photographer.
13 W. Broad Street, Hazleton, Pa.
CABINETS FOR \$2.00 PER DOZEN
Which cannot be beat for elegant finish.

To Horse and Mule Owners!
Big stock of
Horse Blankets, Lap Robes, Fur Robes
and all kinds of Harness.
Complete Harness, from \$5.95 up.
Prices According to Quality Wanted.
Geo. Wise,
Jeddo and Freeland, Pa.
GEORGE FISHER,
dealer in
FRESH BEEF, PORK, VEAL, MUTTON, BOLOGNA, SMOKED MEATS, ETC., ETC.
Call at No. 6 Walnut street, Freeland, or wait for the delivery wagons.
VERY LOWEST PRICES.

Keiper's Steam Marble Works.
COR. LAUREL and NINE STREETS.
Monuments, Headstones, selling at cost for next thirty days.
Iron and Galvanized Fences, Sawn Building Stones, Window Caps, Door Sills, Mantels, Grates, Coping, Cemetery Supplies.
PHILIP KEIPER, PROP., Hazleton.
NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given, that the partnership lately subsisting between William D. Kline and Daniel Kline, of Freeland, Pa., under the firm name of Kline Brothers, was this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by said Daniel Kline, and all demands on the said partnership are to be presented to him for payment.
William D. Kline, Daniel Kline.
Freeland, Pa., March 31, 1894.

CITIZENS' BANK
OF FREELAND.
—15 FRONT STREET.—
CAPITAL, \$50,000
OFFICERS:
Joseph Hirschbeck, President.
H. C. Koons, Vice President.
B. R. Davis, Cashier.
Joseph Smith, Secretary.
DIRECTORS:—Joseph Hirschbeck, Theo. Hirschbeck, John Wagner, A. Budwick, H. C. Koons, Chas. Dushack, John Smith, John M. Powell, Ed. John Burton.
Three per cent interest paid on saving deposits.
Open daily from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m. Wednesday evenings from 8 to 9.

Advertisements in the Tribune.