

GENERAL NEWS.

The Late George W. Childs. PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 6.—Geo. W. Childs, the great journalist and philanthropist, died last Saturday, and the funeral was held today.

President Cleveland—"Our household lament the death of a true friend, and we extend to you our sincere sympathy and condolence in this hour of crushing bereavement."

Ex-President Harrison—"The death of Mr. Childs will bring sorrow to a large circle of friends and to many who never saw his kindly face, for he has blessed many such. You have my warmest sympathy in this sorrow, the depth of which you only know."

Mrs. U. S. Grant—"Y our bereavement is indeed mine, for my last old friend is gone. I, with my family, here, unite in sorrowful sympathy with you."

Gov. Pattison of Pennsylvania—"I have received with such sorrow the sad news of the death of Mr. Childs. His whole purpose in life was given to doing good to mankind. Accept my heartfelt sympathy."

Cornelius Vanderbilt—"I beg to express my deepest sympathy in your great affliction."

Atlanta's Offer to the G. A. R. May Be Accepted. ATLANTA, Ga., Feb. 5.—The Constitution publishes letters from many prominent editors, leading physicians, clergymen and democrats, in the north and west, most heartily approving the invitation which has been extended by the city of Atlanta to the Grand Army of the Republic to hold its annual reunion in 1895 in this city.

Heartly letters of endorsement of the suggestion have been received from Major Halstead, of the Brooklyn Standard Union; Frank Hamilton, of the Washington Post; Col. Cowardin, of the Richmond Dispatch, and many others.

The communications are all enthusiastic and show the unanimity with which the idea has been adopted by the men who represent Grand Army sentiment on the question. Mr. Halstead, in speaking of the invitation, says: "I fancy the invitation will be accepted as heartily as it is given. It is a fortunate and splendid idea. The interest in such an encampment would be unparalleled. So far as I was able to ascertain, the members of the Grand Army of the Republic, in this invitation, if you do not want 200,000 of them down there again you had better not continue to urge them to come."

Mr. Hutton, of the Post, says: "It would be an innovation upon past precedents, but there is no reason why the innovation should not be made. It is the Grand Army of the Republic, is it not? Then why should they confine their encampment to any particular geographical section? A second invasion of the south in the name of peace and brotherhood would be an event in Grand Army annals worthy of immortal commemoration and honor."

Middle-Weight Championship. BOSTON, Feb. 5.—An important piece of sporting news relating to the middle-weight championship of America has just come to light. It appears that when Dick Moore issued his challenge to fight any middle-weight in America it opened up negotiations with Col. John D. Hopkins on behalf of Dan Creedon, who was then with Jim Corbett in Florida. These negotiations ended in a match being made a week ago between Moore and Creedon. It was decided to keep the matter quiet until a place of meeting was found. This has now been done and the men will meet in Boston, it is said, inside of three weeks. A well-known Boston sporting man went to New York to meet Col. Hopkins and to settle all the details. The meeting between this pair of middle-weights will settle the question as to which of them shall be considered the American champion in his class.

Louisiana Lottery Bobs Up. WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—The alleged attempt to re-establish the Louisiana Lottery, under a nominal Honduras charter, at Port Tampa city, Fla., was not unknown to Senator Pasce, who has been interesting himself in the subject for the past few days and looking into the law with the end in view of doing all he can to remove the evil from the state. If there is not sufficient power in his own state, Mr. Pasce says, he will bring the matter before congress.

Harvard Wants a Captain. BOSTON, Feb. 6.—The Harvard athletic committee has refused to ratify the election of B. C. Waters, '94, as captain of the eleven for next year. This was just what everybody expected, for only a few days ago the committee officially announced that it did not propose to confirm the election of any graduate to be captain of a Harvard university team. It confirmed the election of Wiggin on the nine because there was absolutely nobody else to take the place, at least nobody who could make a good captain.

The Austin Case Settled. NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—The action of the executor of John C. Austin to recover the insurance on his life in a jury rendered a verdict for the full amount claimed against the Mutual Reserve Fund life association has been settled out of court and the executor paid. The claim was to have come up before Justice Patterson of the supreme court on a motion for a new trial. The company had a number of technical objections to make to the alleged non-compliance of the Austin family with some of the provisions of the contract as to proof of death. The company contended all through the case, which was one of the most interesting in the courts, that Austin was still alive, and that produced a number of Adirondack guides who said they had seen him after it was alleged that he had been drowned at Manhattan Beach.

No Tights or High Kicking. BOSTON, Feb. 6.—In the house Mr. St. John, of Haverhill, introduced a bill which provides that no woman shall appear in any public performance or on any public stage unless she be clad in a dress of the skirts of which do not open at the sides, which comes within four inches of the ground or floor, and the waist of which is so constructed as not to expose any part of the bust; that no woman shall appear in visible lights nor appear in any exhibition of high kicking, provisions of hip, or skirt dancing. Municipal, police and district courts are given power to enforce the provisions of the act, which prescribes penalties of from \$10 to \$500.

WASHINGTON.

Wilson Bill Passed. WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—Probably never before in the history of congress were there witnessed such scenes as marked the close of the great tariff debates in the house. The galleries were packed with an audience whose enthusiasm at times, while the great and final speech-making was in progress, interrupted the proceedings on the floor, and caused the chair, on several occasions, to restore order. The trio of brilliant lights of the house, ex-Speaker Reed, Speaker Crisp and Chairman Wilson, who were assigned the duty of presenting the final arguments, are the recipients to-day of much flattering congratulation on their masterly efforts. Chairman Wilson, in particular, who has barely had time to secure the sleep necessary to keep life in his body for the past few weeks, is the lion of the hour among his colleagues, and even those who were bitterly opposed to the measure just passed, admit that he is deserving of much credit from his party.

At the conclusion of Mr. Wilson's speech there was a scene of wild enthusiasm such as has never before been witnessed in the house within the memory of the oldest member. The applause which broke out at frequent intervals during the speech overleaped all bounds when Mr. Wilson tried to take his seat. After cheer rang out again and again, men and women, their hats and papers in their hands, and their feet on the desks, broke through the ranks of the speaker, and a crowd of demonstrative admirers, headed by Mr. Bryan, of Nebraska, and Mr. Tucker, of Virginia, raised Mr. Wilson upon their shoulders and carried him in triumph through the hall and to his committee rooms.

Amid the din and confusion of the house the speaker announced that debate was closed, and that pursuant to the special order the house would vote upon the amendments. He announced that the vote would first be taken on Mr. Tawney's amendment raising the duty on barley from 20 per cent. to 22 cents per bushel, and on malt from 30 per cent. to 32 cents per bushel. Defeated, yeas, 120; nays, 197.

Mr. Wilson's amendment raising the duty on barley from 20 per cent. to 25 per cent., and malt from 30 per cent. to 35 per cent., was then voted on and agreed to; yeas, 204; nays, 114.

Separate votes were demanded on the following amendments adopted in committee of the whole: By Mr. Johnson, dem., on the amendment providing that the wool paragraph shall take effect Aug. 2, 1894; Mr. Charles W. Stone, rep., Pa., on the amendment striking out the reciprocity clause of the petroleum schedule, and by several New York democrats on the income tax amendment. The other amendments, including the two important amendments to the sugar schedule, that repealing the bounty on sugar and the Warner amendment putting refined sugar on the free list, were agreed to on a viva voce vote.

The internal revenue amendment was carried amid applause, yeas 182, nays 59. Two democrats voting no. Five republicans voted yeas.

With the exception of these five votes and those of McGill, Mass., Powers, Vt., and Scranton, Pa., who voted against the internal revenue amendment, the republicans refrained from voting on this proposition.

The amendments in committee having all been agreed to in the house, the question was upon the engrossing and third reading of the bill, and it was agreed to. Mr. Covert, dem., N. Y., offered a resolution of recommendation and on this demanded the previous question. This was ordered without division, but Covert demanded the yeas and nays but this demand was voted down, yeas 36, nays 227, not one fifth seconding the demand. The motion to recommend was then defeated, by a vote 108-177, the announcement of the vote being greeted with loud applause. "Shall the bill pass," and the yeas and nays being demanded on this, the roll was called amidst the most intense interest on the floor and in the galleries. As the names of the doubtful democrats were reached and they voted "Aye" or "No" applause, cheers and sometimes good natured bantering followed their votes. The greatest applause followed Mr. Covert's vote of "Aye," and also Mr. Cummings negative vote, and the affirmative vote of Everett, Mass., Geissenhainer, N. J., Lockwood, N. Y., Magner, McAlister, Tracy, Beltzhoover, Warner, Blanchard and Boatner. Republican applause greeted the votes in the negative of Campbell, Covert, Cummings, Davey, La; Geary, Cal.; Haines, N. Y.; Hendrix, N. Y.; Price, La.; Robertson, La.; Schermerhorn, N. Y.; Sibley, Penn.; Sickles, N. Y.; Sperry, Conn. When the names of Mr. Wilson and the speaker were called great cheers greeted their answers of "Aye."

The populists all voted for the bill except Mr. Newlands, Nev. The vote was announced at 5:25 o'clock as follows: Yeas 203, nays 140, so the bill was declared passed, with a wild shout from the floor and the galleries. A later and more careful examination of the vote showed that 294 had voted for the bill, including the speaker. The announcement was greeted with cheering and applause in the galleries and on the floor, which continued until the house adjourned.

PROOF OF RETRACTION.

Mr. Walker's Demands on Chairman Wilson. WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Representative Walker, of Massachusetts, has addressed an open letter to Hon. William L. Wilson, of West Virginia, chairman of the ways and means committee, relating to remarks made by Mr. Wilson in his speech of Jan. 9, inst., which was withheld from the record until Jan. 25, for revision, in which Mr. Wilson stated that the laboring men who signed the petitions against the Wilson bill were coerced and bulldozed. Mr. Walker says that the withholding of the speech deprived him of the opportunity to answer the assertions on the floor of the house and the only means left him to do so was by open letter.

Mr. Walker states that as a representative in part of Massachusetts, the manufacturers and employes in which are criticized and included in Mr. Wilson's remarks, and in their behalf, and in behalf of all the manufacturers in the north who are members with him of various business organizations, and more especially the wage earners who petitioned Mr. Wilson, he denies in whole and in part the statements made. "I pronounce each and all of them as unqualifiedly untrue," Mr. Walker asks for the proof to be made public to sustain the assertion. He not only pronounces them untrue but says that they were deliberately made by Mr. Wilson, to his own discredit, to break the force of, and destroy the rightful and legitimate influence of the petitions of the wage workers employed in manufacturing industries, then being presented to the house. He demands, that you prove the charges that were made against the wage workers and manufacturer, to which I hereby call your attention, or withdraw them.

Speaking of the statement made by Mr. Wilson in his speech that he had received letters from numerous workers stating that they were forced to sign their protests and begging him not to believe that they were made in earnest, and that he thought it his duty to protect the writers of the letters, by withholding names, Mr. Walker says that such an assumption is wholly unwarranted.

In conclusion Mr. Walker says: "I call your attention to the wholesome rule of all fair conduct in conducting any quest for truth, viz, not to base charges upon facts not in liberty to fully disclose. Such subterfuges argue a weak cause and in themselves justify suspicions that do little credit to the man who resorts to such virtually anonymous communications to sustain his cause."

New Jersey Editorial Association. TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 6.—The New Jersey editorial association held its annual meeting at the State street house yesterday. Major Yare presented his report which showed a total of \$2,345,000 for 1893-94 as the expenditures of the year. Officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows: President, E. C. Stahl, of Trenton; vice-presidents, James D. Carpenter, Woodbury; Joseph C. Kingdon, Mt. Holly; S. G. Kempton, Perth Amboy; T. M. Somerson, Belvidere; F. E. Gibson, Dover; Alex. Schlesienger, Jersey City; H. D. Wilton, Hackensack; J. P. McDonald, Bell, Paterson; secretary, Charles Bechtel, Trenton; treasurer, James S. Yard, Freehold; executive committee, S. Chew, Camden; A. A. Vance, Morristown; L. S. Hyer, Rahway; E. D. Stokes, Mt. Holly; James S. Yard, Freehold.

Rex Will Go to San Francisco. NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 7.—F. A. Haber, of San Francisco, chief of the department of viticulture of the midwinter exposition, has consummated a deal with the promoters of the carnival in this city, by which the entire Rex pageant and the preliminary parade, comprising the triumphal entry into the city of the monarch of mirth, will be reproduced in San Francisco in April as one of the features of the exposition. It is intended to reproduce the carnival in its entirety to show the Californians what the carnival is, so the gorgeous paraphernalia, floats, trappings, etc., will be shipped west in a week.

Meeting of Boston's Unemployed. BOSTON, Feb. 7.—Another meeting of the unemployed was held on Boston common yesterday afternoon, when nearly 1,000 gathered around the soldiers monument and listened to speeches from several speakers. Those who addressed the crowd were H. L. Swift, Mrs. Merrifield, Mrs. Gunning, P. E. O'Neil and Rev. M. A. Casson, of Lynn. The addresses were whole were temperate, those of Mrs. Merrifield and Mr. Casson being most anarchistic. A parade was made after the meeting with 1,000 in line.

Bills to Be Reported Favorably. ALBANY, Feb. 7.—The senate cities committee will report favorably the following bills: Senator Brantley's, providing for the election of aldermen in Brooklyn by wards; Senator Guy's, three bills for the care of the trees in West End avenue and for the completion of Riverside and Cathedral parks, New York city; and Senator Robertson's, incorporating Sing Sing city.

Customs Receipts from Exhibits. WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Collector Clark, of Chicago, reports up to Jan. 30, customs receipts from foreign exhibits at the World's fair aggregated \$855,385, and expenses in collecting the same, \$217,922. At the date named, 48,272 foreign packages had been shipped or were ready for shipment, and 17,387 foreign packages were now prepared for customs inspection.

POLITICAL.

Delay for Peckham. WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—It was the unexpected that happened in the room of the senate committee on the judiciary. The full membership of the committee was present, and it was supposed that the prompt adjournment at noon meant that Peckham had been disposed of. On the contrary, it went over until next Monday, and that, too, on motion of Mr. Hoar, the republican senator from Massachusetts, who was the chairman of the committee during the republican administration. As soon as the committee convened the question was asked whether the vote should be taken, and the motion made by Mr. Hoar followed. It is also said that Mr. Hoar accompanied this motion with the statement that as the case now stood he was unprepared to vote for a favorable report. Under these conditions the friends of Mr. Peckham could do nothing else but submit to a postponement, and the opponents of the nomination readily acquiesced. Mr. George (dem., Miss.), who was said to have been weakening in his opposition, is said to have talked as if he were prepared to vote as he did in the Hornbough case. The foes of Mr. Peckham, making their choice of George or any other senator drop out of the list of anti-Peckham men, there is another ready to step in and fill up the ranks. Mr. Hill is confident that the report will be adverse, and that he can defeat the nomination in the senate.

Populists Planned in Arizona. TUCSON, Ariz., Feb. 7.—The people's party is laying its wires to capture the new state of Arizona. Gen. John B. Weaver his son-in-law, and their families have just arrived here with the declared intention of making their permanent home. Street, the Illinois populist, who was a candidate for senator when Gen. Palmer was elected, has been living in Arizona for about two years past at Tempe. A populist newspaper has recently been started here, making five in all. It is rumored that a movement is on foot to re-organize the organization of the people's party in Arizona, and that Weaver and Street will be its candidates for the United States senatorship.

Mississippi's Democratic Caucus Deadlock Broken. JACKSON, Miss., Feb. 7.—A. J. McLaurin, of Rankin county, was last night nominated by the democratic caucus to succeed Gen. E. C. Walthall, in the United States senate. The friends of Taylor, Campbell and Lowry held a conference in the afternoon to determine which is the strongest man. After several ballots Taylor developed the most strength, which resulted in the withdrawal of Lowry and Campbell, and the 6th and last ballot was taken. It resulted: McLaurin, 73; Taylor, 2.

Democratic Congressmen Considering a Rule Providing for Pines. WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—The leaders of the majority of the house have had under consideration for some time the framing of a rule by which filibustering may be still further discouraged. They have not yet decided upon the phrasing of the rule, but their idea is to fine representatives who indulge in this practice. There was exhibited on the floor of the house today the draft of a rule to the following effect: Upon a roll call which does not show a quorum voting, a previous call of the house having demonstrated the presence of a quorum in the chamber, the house may, upon the suggestion of any member, direct the clerk to certify to the sergeant-at-arms the names of representatives shown to be present and not voting, and their pay for that day shall be withheld.

Arrest of Skirm. TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 7.—The republican senate met again yesterday afternoon, but adjourned for the week without transacting any business. They refused to consent to the proposed amendment in order that the imbroigto might be transferred to the courts, and then the democrats began considering the advisability of arresting him anyhow, under the belief that he would be compelled to go to the supreme court for his release and that no writ of habeas corpus would be granted until the whole matter had been ventilated and the legality of the democratic senate passed upon. So far, however, the arrest has not been made.

Duluth Republican on Tariff Issue. DULUTH, Minn., Feb. 7.—Fay T. Lewis, republican, was elected mayor of Duluth yesterday by a majority of 2,800 to a total vote of about 10,000. The republicans elected 16 aldermen, which is a clean sweep. The fight was made a party one with the tariff question the issue. The present city administration is democratic.

Democrats Carry Plattsburg. NEW YORK, Feb. 7.—At the charter election here yesterday the democrats elected every candidate, the majorities ranging from 125 to 200. At last fall's election the republican majority was 600.

Prohibition Victory in Ontario. TORONTO, Ont., Feb. 7.—Returns from all parts of Ontario, giving the vote on the recent prohibition plebiscite, show a total majority in favor of prohibition of 81,730.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL. Money and Stocks. NEW YORK, Feb. 7.—Money on call 1 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4 1/2 per cent. Sterling exchange 4 7/8. 1-4 Government bonds cash. State bonds dull. Railroad bonds higher. Stocks were weak and lower, especially among the industrials, which showed a considerable falling off.

CRIMES AND ACCIDENTS.

Valiant Guillotined. PARIS, Feb. 5.—Auguste Valiant, the anarchist who threw the bomb in the chamber of deputies on December 9 last, was guillotined at 7:10 o'clock this morning.

Mysterious Loss of a Warship. KINGSTON, Jamaica, Feb. 5.—Three weeks ago a vessel that had been purchased in the United States to be used as a warship by Gen. Manigat in his proposed attempt to overthrow President Hyppelie, of Hayti, sailed from an American port. Since that time she has not been heard of, and it is believed that she has been lost at sea, probably with all on board of her. Gen. Manigat, who was prevented a few days ago from sailing from this port to meet his newly acquired warship, remains in Kingston.

Panama Canal Scandal. PARIS, Feb. 2.—Henry R. Chereff announces in his paper L'Intransigent that Dr. Cornelius Herz, so often mentioned in connection with the Panama canal scandal, is now living at Bourne-mouth, England, is having published three volumes of memoirs, which will contain all the letters exchanged between himself and French politicians. Rochefort adds that when the first alarm was caused by the evident intention of the government to probe the scandal, all the papers and documents in the possession of Dr. Herz were sent to Chicago for safe keeping. These have now been returned to Dr. Herz, and will form much of the memoirs.

Three Times a Bigamist at 18. HENDERSON, Ky., Feb. 7.—Mrs. Celia Livers has been convicted of bigamy by the Simpson county court at Frankfort, Ky. She is but 18 years old and has been married to the fourth husband within the past two years without having secured a divorce from any. She is the daughter of a prosperous farmer of Macon county, Tenn., who was divorced and deserted all of her husbands except No. 4, a young druggist of Frankfort, Ky., who is exerting himself to obtain her release.

Arrested in Winnipeg. FAIRMINGTON, Mo., Feb. 7.—Notice of the arrest of H. A. Hickert, in Winnipeg, Manitoba, just received here, is of much interest. He is charged with abstracting \$2,000 in bonds from the Portland Safety Dep. s' vault, belonging to the estate of the late Gen. R. B. Gray, of Freeman. In October last he left his home in Freeman for an extended trip west. Nothing was suspected until a week ago, when the executors called at the bank vaults to clip the coupons from the bonds, when the \$2,000 in the vaults was found to be empty.

"Dink" Wilson Must Die. ALBANY, Feb. 7.—Among the decisions handed down by the court of appeals was that affirming the judgment of conviction of the Onondaga county court of over and against the termination of the life of "Dink" Wilson, for murder in the first degree. Wilson was sentenced to be executed by electricity for the killing of detective James Harvey on East Water street in Syracuse within but a few rods of the police station July 31, 1893.

Amusing Testimony in the Trial of Dan Coughlin. CHICAGO, Feb. 7.—Andrew Foy, accused by his wife of conspiring with Daniel Coughlin and others to murder Dr. Cronin, in the police station in Chicago in May, 1889, is the star witness for the defense of those who have testified so far. He was sharply questioned and his answers were given in a droll manner. Some of the questions put to him and his replies were: "Did you, Andrew Foy, have anything on your mind with the death or disappearance of Dr. Cronin?" "I guess not."

"Did Dan Coughlin, to the best of your knowledge, have anything to do with this man's death?" "No sir, to the best of my knowledge." "Come—You say 'I guess not,' as to the question regarding yourself. What do you mean by it?" "Well, I will confess that if you like, I am positive of it."

"Have you refused to give your wife a cent because she testified against you?" "Certainly." "How many children have you, had?" "We had fifteen altogether, so my wife tells me." (Laughter.) "Did you ever compose a poem entitled 'Martin, Dan and Pat,' glorifying the man who killed Dr. Cronin?" "No, but I have seen such a poem. I am not a poet."

JOSEPH NEUBURGER'S

The following are exceptional values, which we are offering until Saturday next only, in order to reduce our tremendous stock, previous to our annual inventory. Avail yourself of this opportunity, if you are looking for a chance to make a dollar go a good way, as never have such bargains been offered to you. The prices quoted are for two weeks only.

The best 64x64 skirt lining, 4 cents per yard. The best skirting calicoes, 4 cents per yard. Lancaster and Amoskeag apron gingham, 5 cents per yard. Extra fine muslin, 5 cents per yard. Fine striped and checked seersucker, 6 cents per yard; regular price, 10 cents. Fine French dress gingham, 12-cent quality, now 8 cents per yard. Eighteen cent double fold cashmere, now 12 cents. Forty-cent fine henrietta and chevron, now 25 cents. Seventy-five cent all wool fine henrietta, go during this sale at 49 cents per yard. All broad cloths, flannels and woolen goods, at less than cost of manufacture. Princess 8-inch curling irons, 5 cents each. Ladies' extra heavy wool skirts, 68 cents. Four by four chenille covers, best quality, 75 cents. Six by four chenille covers, that formerly sold for \$2.50, now offer at \$1.50. Eight by four \$4.50-covers, are now \$3.00. Clothing and overcoats, underwear, gloves, caps, boots and shoes, rubbers, notions, etc., etc., at greatly reduced prices, at Jos. Neuburger's, in the P. O. S. of A. building, Freeland, Pa.

JOSEPH NEUBURGER'S

ORANGE BLOSSOM

IS AS SAFE AND HARMLESS AS A Flax Seed Poulitice. It is applied right to the parts. It cures all diseases of women. Any lady can use it herself. Sold by ALL DRUGGISTS. Mailed to any address on receipt of \$1.

Dr. J. A. McGill & Co., 3 and 4 Panorama Place, Chicago, Ill. Sold by W. W. GROVER, Freeland.

Do You Wish To Make A Handsome Present? Call on KELLMER Photographer. 13 W. Broad Street, Hazleton, Pa. CABINETS FOR \$2.00 PER DOZEN. Which cannot be beat for elegant finish.

JOB PRINTING

Promptly and Neatly Executed

at the

TRIBUNE OFFICE.

Prices - Guaranteed - to - be - Satisfactory.

GEO. CHESTNUT, To Horse and Mule Owners! LEADER OF GREAT BARGAINS, has a fine line of Boots and Shoes. Big stock of Horse Blankets, Lap Robes, Fur Robes. Every Variety. Best Material. Good Workmanship. Reasonable Prices. NOVELTIES, TOYS, Etc., OF EVERY KIND. See our handsome stock of footwear—the largest and best in town. Custom-made work a specialty and repairing done on the premises.

93 Centre street, Freeland. CITIZENS' BANK OF FREELAND. —15 FRONT STREET.— CAPITAL, \$50,000. OFFICERS: Joseph Birkbeck, President. H. C. Koons, Vice President. B. R. Davis, Cashier. John Smith, Secretary. DIRECTORS: Joseph Birkbeck, Thos. Birkbeck, John Wagner, A. Rudebeck, H. C. Koons, Chas. Dushock, John Smith, John M. Powell, M. John Burton. Three per cent. interest paid on saving deposits. Open daily from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Wednesday evenings from 6 to 8.