

FREELAND TRIBUNE.

PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY AND THURSDAY. THOS. A. BUCKLEY, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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FREELAND, PA., JANUARY 26, 1893.

Chinese Taxation.

The United States government has a gentleman named Edward Bedloe stationed as consul in one of the cities of China, and in a recent issue of Goldthwaite's Geographical Magazine he is credited with writing an article upon the land question in that country, of which the following is a portion:

The title to all real estate is vested in the throne, not absolutely in its own right, but as the legal head of the great family—the Chinese nation. Land is inalienable. It cannot be bought or sold. It is leased on long leases, for what may be called a nominal rent to the government and these leases can be bought, sold, mortgaged and devised the same as real property.

The sentence stating that "it is the Henry George system carried out to its utmost" is not correct. The rest of the quotation is correct, and shows that China has substantially the land system of America. The Chinese system does not in any way resemble the single tax system. China has a multiplicity of taxes, instead of the single tax, the tax on land being light, while taxes on trade are heavy.

The rent of land in China is high, and goes to the landlords who have leased it from the government. They may charge any rent for it that they can get from the tenants, and are not taxed for it according to the value of the land, as they would if the Henry George system was carried out to its utmost. Tea lands, for instance, rent for \$700 an acre, and these are often leased from the government at one-tenth of that figure.

The Chinese government retains the right of eminent domain, and so does every other country, but Mr. Bedloe does not appear to be aware of the fact, or he would not place so much emphasis upon it. Before writing another article upon the land question of any country this consul might enlighten himself by digesting the contents of a primer on political economy.

Keep Children at School.

What a pity that so many children are taken out of school just when they are beginning to learn. Boys and girls taken out of school and cooped up in stores, shops and coal breakers are not only mentally impoverished, but physically ruined, and that, too, for a miserable pittance. It is false economy to make children earn their bread too soon.

While at school the history, geography, grammar, physiology and natural philosophy they learn to constitute the knowledge that will be their capital when they enter on a business life. Intelligent workmen are cheaper at higher wages than the uneducated at lower wages.

Give your children the best possible education. Even if they should not live to profit by their education and should disappoint your hopes, still, you have the consciousness of having discharged your duty to them; of having done all in your power to make them what God intended they should be—men and women.

A Retrograding State.

With an area nearly two and one-half times as great as that of the state of Pennsylvania, Nevada cast but 10,695 votes at the last presidential election, 9,000 less than it cast in the presidential election of 1876. As a state Nevada has its representative in congress and its two members of the United States senate. Its 10,000 voters have the same representation in the senate as the state of Pennsylvania, with its million and more of voters.

This "sovereign" state was made out of inadequate material, and since the mining flurry has subsided it has retrograded in wealth and population. It can never become an agricultural state, and just what to do with it is a problem. There is a proposition to annex Utah to Nevada, but the silver state refuses such a companion.

The Case Should Be Retried.

We are not without hope that the labor associations which have taken the matter in hand will be able to secure a new trial for Dempsey, the master workman of the Knight of Labor, convicted at Pittsburg of the attempt to procure the poisoning of non-union laborers at Homestead. The testimony of persons who would permit themselves to be used for such a diabolical purpose is worthless unless corroborated by reputable witnesses so as to preclude a doubt. Dismissing any reflection upon the verdict of the jury, if there be a possibility of wiping out this stain upon the labor unions by means of a retrial, the effort should be made.

The intrusion of Anarchist Bergmann into Homestead affairs by his attempt upon the life of Mr. Frick was a terrible blow to the strikers, though they disclaimed any sympathy with his crime or his methods. But Bergmann's act was a reputable and courageous proceeding compared with that of which Dempsey has been convicted. If it be possible to throw any new light upon this hideous crime, let it be done.

Sanitary Day.

The board of health of Pennsylvania will ask the legislature to fix in that state one day in the year which shall be called "Sanitary Day." It will be similar to the Forestry Day already established in Pennsylvania and other states. The people will gather to a sort of picnic. The school children will march probably, and there will be music, waving banners, and then the most eloquent speakers that can be mustered will instruct the throngs on the art of keeping in health by means of cleanliness, good air and good food.

Not the least entertaining of the exercises of the day might be the object lessons which could be given. There should be caught and placed conspicuously on exhibition the man who never took a bath in his life but once, and then he accidentally fell into the river. His stupid brain, dirty, gummy skin and sticky hair should be especially lectured about before the rising generation. Next after him should be produced the fellow who never used a toothbrush. To clinch matters, his teeth and gums should be examined under the microscope. A view of the infinitesimal monsters collected there would drive the young person of ordinary nervous sensibilities either to keeping his teeth clean or to suicide.

Next should come the person who sleeps with his bedroom windows shut tight. One whiff of the air in his room when he leaves it in the morning would linger in the school child's memory like the story of the Black Hole of Calcutta. Last of all, bring to the sanitary show the fellow who spits. Let him—but not by the time that the states establish an annual sanitary day to encourage and teach citizens and their children the glorious results of cleaning up and keeping clean—by that time the fiend who makes a cuspidor out of stairways, sidewalks and car floors will be punished with fine and imprisonment.

The Gold Cure for Drunkenness.

"Does bichloride of gold cure drunkenness?" asks Mr. Henry Wood in The Arena. He asks the question in order that he may answer it himself. He produces on one hand the positive, united testimony of a number of the most prominent members of the medical profession in the world that no drug known to the faculty will cure either the alcohol, opium or chloral habit or any other kind of a drug taking habit or appetite. Then, on the other hand, Mr. Wood marshals the army of ex-drunkards that are claimed to owe absolute reformation and redemption to the gold cure. It is asserted for the gold cure that no less than 10,000 reformed drunkards stand today as evidence of its merits. From the best obtainable statistics only 5 per cent. of those treated by the Keeley method relapse, Mr. Wood tells us. The Chicago Bichloride of Gold club now numbers 400 members. Of these only six are said to have fallen into their former habits. The evidence seems to show in face of the positive statements of the doctors that it cannot be done that the gold cure certainly does reform a large number of the patients that take it. How does it happen?

Mr. Wood thinks it is a case of a sort of mind cure by perhaps unconscious suggestion. A great number of men are brought together bent on the same idea—getting rid of the alcohol habit. Contrary to the custom of inebriate asylums, they are put under no restraint, but allowed to come and go at will. The surroundings are agreeable. A powerful impression is made on the mind. The French professors of the school of Nancy cure drunkenness by hypnotism as effectually as Dr. Keeley is believed by many to cure it by his drug. Mr. Wood thinks the bichloride of gold is the fetish, so to speak, to which the attention of the patient is attracted while the beneficent unconscious psychological process goes on in his mind. The hypnotic injection of the drug takes the place of the bright disk on which the hypnotic subject is told to fix his attention. Mr. Wood's idea is ingenious anyhow.

Cannot somebody devise a way to ventilate a house thoroughly so that we can get a constant supply of pure air without freezing ourselves when the thermometer is at zero? If such a way has ever been found the public is not generally aware of it.

THE NEWS OF CONGRESS.

Condensed Report of the Business in Senate and House. WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—The backward state of the annual appropriation bills has impressed itself upon congress. The senate is chargeable with the greater delay in this respect. Not one of the bills has yet passed that body, although the house has sent over three which are ready for action. It is the general expectation that the anti-opium bill will come to a final vote before the middle of this week and that the appropriations committee will probably take the lead. There may be a suspension of the order in this respect long enough to allow debate and action upon the Cherokee outlet bill, some of the interstate commerce bills and one or two other measures which the committee on order of business may decide to call up.

Party feeling will probably manifest itself in the executive sessions during the week in connection with the McComas nomination, which is the unfinished business when the senate closes its doors. The silver repeal bill is the unknown quantity in all calculations as to the business of the senate, and it may become the live issue at any time upon motion of a senator to proceed to its consideration, but at this time no such purpose is openly expressed.

The probabilities are that the house during the coming week will also occupy itself largely with the delayed appropriation bills, and will make an effort to catch up with the record of previous short sessions of congress on these supply bills.

CABINET SPECULATION.

Mr. Cleveland Summons Chairman Har- rity to Lakewood. NEW YORK, Jan. 25.—A Lakewood dispatch to The Press says: Mr. Cleveland's selection of Senator Carlisle for the treasury portfolio is a settled fact, and from a most reliable source comes the information that Mr. Cleveland telegraphed National chairman William F. Harritt of Pennsylvania to come on for consultation, and that while here he will be tendered the postmaster general's portfolio. It is also conceded here that Daniel Lamont will be offered the navy portfolio. Mr. Bayard that of attorney general and John Randolph Tucker that of secretary of war.

A number of politicians who claim to be in touch with Mr. Cleveland have arranged this slate: Secretary of State—Thomas F. Bayard of Delaware. Secretary of the Treasury—John G. Carlisle of Kentucky. Secretary of War—Patrick A. Collins of Massachusetts. Secretary of the Navy—Daniel S. Lamont of New York. Secretary of the Interior—E. C. Wall of Wisconsin. Postmaster General—William F. Harritt of Pennsylvania.

Secretary of the Interior—John Randolph Tucker of Virginia. Secretary of Agriculture—Hugh C. Wallace of Washington. Mr. Cleveland sent out word that he had formulated no plans about Mr. Justice Lamar's funeral. It is not at all likely that he will attend. Mr. Cleveland and ex-Secretary Bayard, who is here assisting Mr. Cleveland in fixing up his cabinet, put in several hours of hard work, and then the two statesmen went sleighing with Mrs. Cleveland and Mrs. Bayard. On their return Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Bayard at once went into the private study and resumed work upon the cabinet, denying themselves to all visitors.

MR. BLAINE'S CONDITION.

The Grim Destroyer Bravely Warded Off, but Still Approaching. WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—No encouraging reports as to even temporary gaining of strength have been received from Mr. Blaine's physician or family, and the impression is everywhere becoming more emphatic that each day now finds him in some respects not so well as on the previous day. Everything about the house appears thus far the same as usual. The dim light in the sickroom, seen through the drawn curtains, conveys no sign of anything beyond the ordinary vigil.

The physician visited his patient at 9 o'clock and said there was no material change. Mr. Blaine slept more than he did a week ago, but when awake he was conscious. The doctor said he would not return during the night unless called for. As far as known there has been no change in Mr. Blaine's condition since the time of the doctors' visit at 9 o'clock and at 3 o'clock a. m. all is quiet in the vicinity of the house.

Tank Cars Explode.

ALTON, Ill., Jan. 23.—The southwestern freight train through an open switch into a limited train standing on the siding, and Engineer Webb Ross of the limited was instantly killed. The wreck took fire, and while a great crowd was watching the spectacle an oil tank car exploded with a terrific force, enveloping the spectators in a shower of burning oil. Fifteen are dead and as many more cannot recover from their frightful injuries.

Of the fatally injured all are more or less seriously burned about the limbs and body, but the worst injuries sustained are fearfully burned heads and faces. All are also injured internally from inhaling the burning flames, that scorched and parched their throats to such an extent that their escape from instant death is almost miraculous.

He Paid a Million Dollars.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 19.—Stephen V. White was tendered a complimentary dinner at the Lincoln club in honor of his having completed payment of the debt of \$1,000,000 incurred through his financial failure one year ago. About seventy-five guests were present, and speeches were made by Joseph Tracy, James W. Ridgeway, Secretary C. Hendrix, Murat Halstead, A. T. Ketcham, General Wingate, Rev. Dr. A. J. F. Behrends and John Oakley.

Grand Trotting Circuit Dates.

NEW YORK, Jan. 25.—Pittsburg, July 11 to 14; Detroit, July 17 to 21; Cleveland, July 24 to 28; Buffalo, Aug. 1 to 12; Rochester, Aug. 15 to 18; Springfield, Aug. 22 to 25; Hartford, Aug. 29 to Sept. 1; New York Driving club, Sept. 5 to 8; Philadelphia, Sept. 12 to 15.

Stamboul's Record Rejected.

CHICAGO, Jan. 25.—Stamboul's grand performance of 2:07 1/2 at Stockton, Cal., on Nov. 23, a mile that crowned him king of trotting stallions, was rejected by the American Trotting Register association.

Fifty Cents on the Dollar.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Jan. 19.—The committee of creditors of Stewart Hammetton recommends a settlement on a basis of fifty cents on the dollar.

U. S. Commissioner of Massachusetts. BOSTON, Jan. 19.—William E. Spear was appointed United States commissioner.

ONE SURE CABINET MEMBER.

Carlisle's Formal Resignation to Accept the Treasury Portfolio. FRANKFORT, Ky., Jan. 21.—Governor Brown received the following letter in yesterday's mail from Senator Carlisle: "I hereby resign the office of Senator from the state of Kentucky in the congress of the United States, to take effect on Feb. 4." The resignation of Senator Carlisle was transmitted by the governor to the state senate. The decision of Governor Brown not to be a senatorial candidate is final. Lindsay men claim a large share of the Brown following. McCrary no less certainly secures another large or perhaps larger share, and Stone will come up in the readjustment. Last night the figures, while not pretended to be accurate, averaged about thus: Lindsay, 44; McCrary, 34; Stone, 22.



J. C. CARLISLE.

GUilty OF POISONING.

Verdict of the Jury in the Trial of Master Workman Dempsey. PITTSBURGH, Jan. 21.—Judge Stowe, in charging the jury in the Dempsey case, reviewed very carefully and impartially all points of the testimony brought out during the trial. It was for the jury, he said, to determine whether poison was put into the coffee or tea or the food in the mill. "This question depends solely upon the testimony of Gallagher and Davidson. If they tell the truth, then the defendant was the originator and principal in the business and is responsible for the acts of Gallagher and Davidson or either, and accountable for whatever they did in pursuance of his instructions."

"Now, just here comes the great question so far as the defendant in this case is concerned. Dempsey emphatically denied what Gallagher and Davidson say in regard to the purpose for which he employed them. He is a competent but interested witness. They are also competent, but suspicious and tainted witnesses. But the jury may, if they believe their testimony, convict of it alone. The jury after being out three hours returned with a verdict of guilty as indicted. The courtroom was crowded with friends of the defendant at the time, and the verdict created a sensation, but there was no outward demonstration. The defendant carried out in a building letter to one of his family on December 22, 1892, signed T. D. Geo. Wise, Jeddo, Pa.

New Jersey Building Associations. TRENTON, Jan. 20.—The semi-annual meeting of the Building and Loan Association League of New Jersey was held at Trenton, N. J., on Jan. 20. Seventy delegates were present and President Armstrong, of Camden, occupied the chair. There are 292 building and loan associations in the state. Of this number ninety-two are connected with the league, which controls 571,000 shares. There are \$7,000,000 individual shares held in the league and 21,000 borrowers on 145,000 shares. At the close of 1892 the total assets amounted to nearly \$20,000,000. Before adjourning the league elected the following officers: President, Dewitt Van Buskirk, of Bayonne; first vice president, J. B. Hawkins, private study and resumed work upon the cabinet, denying themselves to all visitors.

The Typewriter Trust. BOSTON, Jan. 19.—Several representatives of the Remington, Calligraph, Vest, Smith, Premier and Hammond Typewriter companies have been questioned regarding the possible combination of their interests. It is admitted that such a plan is being considered, but there is no probability that the older firms will enter the combination. Cost of the Homestead Riot. HARRISBURG, Jan. 21.—The adjutant general's department statement shows the cost of the Homestead riot to the state: Individual pay of troops, \$817,053.17; horse hire, \$9,356.93; transportation, \$57,373.60; quartermaster supplies, \$18,233.45; surgeon general, \$622.26; commissary, \$31,346.33. Total, \$1,034,813.33. A Four-year-old Killed by Whisky. YONKERS, N. Y., Jan. 21.—A four-year-old son of Richard Monahan, a saloon keeper, died of alcoholic poisoning. The little fellow went behind his father's bar while no one was around and took down a bottle of whisky and drank almost a pint.

The Princeton Musicians.

PRINCETON, N. J., Jan. 19.—The Glee Banjo and Mandolin clubs have decided that their eastern trip should be made this year in New York state, and that a trip should be made later to Washington, Baltimore and cities in the south. Deserts Deput for McLeod. NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—Theodore Voorhis, general superintendent of the New York Central Railroad company, has accepted the position of second vice president of the Reading Railroad company at a yearly salary of \$15,000.

General Markets.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—COTTON—Spot steady; middlings, 95c. Futures, steady. Flour—Dull, 94c. March, 95c.; April, 95c.; May, 96c. WHEAT—Dull and weak; city mill patents, \$4.30; fine spring, \$1.75; superfine spring, \$2.10; receipts, 3,175 bushels; shipments, 5,700 bushels; No. 2 red winter, 80c.; March, 80c.; May, 80c.; June, 80c.; July, 80c. CORN—Receipts, 12,800 bushels; shipments, 7,508 bushels; No. 2 mixed, 54c.; February, 53c.; March, 53c.; May, 53c.; July, 53c. OATS—Receipts, 11,700 bushels; shipments, 10,500 bushels; No. 2 mixed, 38c.; March, 38c.; May, 38c.; July, 38c. RYE—Nominal; ranging from 62 to 64c. BARLEY—Firm; western, 60c.; two rowed old, 55c. MOLASSES—Dull; New Orleans common, 12 1/2c. SUGAR—Refined firm and unchanged; cut and crushed, 5 1/2c.; extra fine granulated, 5 1/2c.; molasses, 4 1/2c.; confectioners' A, 4 1/2c.; B, 4 1/2c. COFFEE—Spot quiet, but firm; Rio, No. 7, 3 1/2c. RICE—Steady, fairly active; domestic, poor to choice, 3 1/2c. to 4c. PORK—Dull and firmer; old mess quoted at \$18; new mess, \$18.20. LARD—Dull; March, \$11.35; May, \$11.20. BUTTER—Firm, but quiet; creamery, state, 24c.; full made, best, 23c.; western separator, extra, 22c. CHEESE—Firm; state factory, full made, white, fancy, 12c.; colored, fancy, 12c. EGGS—Easier on a greater supply; state, fresh gathered, choice, 30c.; western, fresh collections, best, 30c. TURPENTINE—Dull, but firm, at 33 1/2c. ROSIN—Firm; strained to good, \$1.35; 1 1/2c. PETROLEUM—Nominally unchanged. TALLOW—Quiet; prime city, 9 1/2c.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

BETHEL BAPTIST. Ridge and Walnut Streets. Rev. C. A. Spaulding, Pastor. Sunday School..... 10:00 A M Gospel Temperance..... 2:30 P M Preaching..... 6:00 P M HEAVENLY RECRUITS. Centre Street, above Chestnut. Rev. Charles Brown, Pastor. Morning Service..... 10:00 A M Sunday School..... 2:00 P M Love Feast..... 8:15 P M Preaching..... 7:30 P M JEDDO METHODIST EPISCOPAL. In charge of Rev. E. M. Chilcoat. Sunday School..... 2:00 P M Preaching..... 7:00 P M ST. ANN'S ROMAN CATHOLIC. Rev. M. J. Fallhee, Pastor; Rev. Edw. O'Reilly, Curate. Low Mass..... 8:00 A M High Mass..... 10:30 A M Sunday School..... 2:00 P M Mass on Weekdays..... 7:00 A M ST. JAMES' EPISCOPAL. South and Washington Streets. Rev. A. J. Kuehn, Pastor. Sunday School..... 1:30 P M Prayer and Sermon..... 7:00 P M ST. JOHN'S REFORMED. Walnut and Washington Streets. Rev. H. A. Benner, Pastor. Sunday School..... 9:00 A M German Service..... 10:30 A M Praise Meeting..... 7:00 P M High Sermon..... 7:30 P M Prayer and teachers' meeting every Saturday evening at 7:45 o'clock. ST. KASIMIR'S POLISH CATHOLIC. Bridge Street, above Carbon. Rev. Joseph Macozas, Pastor. Mass..... 11:00 A M Vespers..... 4:00 P M Mass on Weekdays..... 7:30 A M ST. LUKE'S GERMAN LUTHERAN. Main and Washington Streets. Rev. A. Beumler, Pastor. Sunday School..... 9:00 A M German Service..... 10:00 A M Catechism Instruction..... 5:00 P M ST. MARY'S GREEK CATHOLIC. Front and Fern Streets. Rev. Chril Gulovich, Pastor. Low Mass..... 8:00 A M High Mass..... 10:30 A M Vespers..... 2:00 P M TRINITY METHODIST EPISCOPAL. Birkbeck Street, South Heberton. Rev. E. M. Chilcoat, Pastor. Preaching..... 10:00 A M Sunday School..... 2:00 P M Prayer and Class Meeting..... 7:00 P M Epworth League meets every Sunday evening at 6:00 o'clock. WELSH BAPTIST. Fern Street, above Main. Services by Rev. A. J. Morton, of Kingston. Sunday School..... 10:30 A M Welsh Service..... 2:00 P M English Service..... 6:00 P M FOR SALE.—A horse, truck wagon and buckboard; also one heavy and can light set of harness. Apply to John J. Gallagher, Five Points, Freeland.

\$50 Reward Will be paid if the party is found and convicted for writing a threatening letter to one of my family on December 22, 1892, signed T. D. Geo. Wise, Jeddo, Pa.

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DO YOU COUGH DON'T DELAY TAKE KEMP'S BALSAM THE BEST COUGH CURE. It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by all druggists everywhere. Large bottles 50 cents and \$1.00.

AT BEDTIME I TAKE A PLEASANT HERB DRINK. THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER. My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys, and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is sold everywhere.

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