

BLAINE SPEAKS OUT.

HE PLEADS FOR THE ELECTION OF HARRISON AND REID.

The Ex-Secretary Speaks at a Meeting at Ophir Farm and Makes a Special Appeal for the Irish Vote on the Question of the Tariff.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Oct. 15.—James G. Blaine has spoken. The magnetic man of Maine has thrown the weight of his utterances into the campaign. He has silenced the Democratic claim that he was disgruntled by earnestly and with much of his old time vigor proclaiming the Republican cause and advocating the election of the Harrison and Reid ticket.

Mr. Reid invited a formidable gathering to dine with Mr. Blaine. There were present Chauncey M. Depew, Charles W. Hackett, chairman of the Republican state executive committee; William Brookfield, chairman of the New York county committee; National Committeeman Garrett A. Hobart of New Jersey, B. O. Kerens of Missouri, W. A. Hahn of Ohio; W. H. Robertson, ex-collector of the port of New York; Solomon Hirsch, ex-minister to Turkey, and Patrick Egan, minister to Chili.

While at dinner a large crowd gathered the house from the surrounding towns, and Mr. Blaine said he would speak to the people and said that Depew should speak also. Mr. Blaine was very loudly cheered when he was introduced by Mr. Reid. The ex-secretary said:

Mr. Blaine's Speech. FELLOW CITIZENS OF NEW YORK—I should be churlish indeed if I did not make response to your call after you have come several miles to this beautiful home of Mr. Reid on a pleasant October evening. At the same time I am not making speeches in the canvass for reasons which are well known to you. I have no connection whatever with politics.

Generally administrations in a presidential election are challenged on account of the condition of the business of the country, and I submit that the Republican administration of President Harrison can triumphantly endure such a test. I doubt if since the government of the United States was instituted anybody at any time has seen what we call "good times" so general, taking in so many interests and spreading prosperity throughout the whole domain of trade. I might appeal to New York if the city has ever passed through more satisfactory financial results than for the past two years, in which the general effect on capital and labor has been more prosperous.

The Republican party always represent New York as a commercial city and not a manufacturing one, and yet the product of the manufacturers of this city alone is \$700,000,000. Anything that would cripple that great interest would cripple the metropolis seriously and to a very hurtful extent. More men in New York get their living from pursuits protected by the tariff than from any other source. I know New York is the center of commerce—the great entrepot of our trade—but all the men engaged in commercial affairs in and about New York are smaller in numbers than the men engaged in manufacturing.

The Democrats in the West. We learn from the Democratic party that these western states are in a desperate condition. The amount of their farm mortgages roll up into the millions. You would suppose it would be the amount of money that would be raised could ever have been invested. This is not so among the farmers in New York. It is not so among the farmers in New Jersey. It is not so among the farmers of Connecticut. It is not so among the farmers of Pennsylvania. It is not so among the farmers of any state near by whose condition can be easily learned, but by a singular facility it is true that some states that have got all these farm mortgages burdening them and taking the life out of the people. I do not like to state that these gentlemen have voluntarily misrepresented the facts, but I do well and wisely to demand the proof.

About the Irish Vote. I have a word to say about the Irish vote. I see it stated that the Democrats boast of having the mass of them in their ranks. This year it is one of the mysteries of politics that a question which interests England so supremely, which is canvassed almost as much in London as it is in New York, should have the Irish vote on the side of Great Britain. If the Irish vote were solely for protection they could defy all the machinations of the Democratic party for free trade, and throw their influence on the side of the home market of America against the side of the foreign market of England. I know this appeal has been frequently made to the Irish voters, but I make it with emphasis now, for I am unwilling to believe that with light and knowledge before them they will deliberately be on the side of their former oppressors.

I think I shall rely on my good friend Egan, the brilliant and successful minister to Chili, whom I feel especially glad to meet at Mr. Reid's table this evening—I think I may rely on him to intercede with his countrymen—his countrymen in two senses—not to aid the Democratic party in lowering the standard of the wages of American labor by their potential votes and their potential numbers.

WHITELAW REID'S LETTER.

His Official Acceptance of the Vice Presidential Nomination.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—Hon. Whitelaw Reid's letter accepting the Republican nomination for vice president has been made public. It is addressed to Hon. W. T. Durbin, Anderson, Ind., and is dated Ophir Farm, N. Y., Oct. 18. In it Mr. Reid says:

It is obvious that, in the common judgment of the people in all parts of the country, the really vital issues which this year divide parties and demand a popular decision are those relating to the tariff and the currency. Fortunately both sides have stated their positions on these subjects with directness, simplicity and frankness. The issues thus made between the rival candidates for the popular suffrage are especially sharp and distinct.

Mr. Reid then goes into an extended argument on the protective tariff, its constitutionality and its effect on wages, and devotes considerable space to a discussion of the financial question. Mr. Reid, speaking of the alleged force bill, says it scarcely calls for notice, and continues:

The very title of the bill referred to proclaimed its object to be to prevent the use of force at elections. It failed, anyway, and the southern white men who were lately its chief as they were its most interested opponents now begin to wish it revived, to protect them from being themselves counted out of elections. They have fairly won—as the other day in Alabama—by their own white fellow Democrats.

BRIEF ITEMS OF NEWS.

INTERESTING HAPPENINGS OF THE WORLD FROM FAR AND NEAR.

The Developments of Each Day During the Week Caught Fresh from the Busy Wires and Carefully Edited and Condensed for Our Readers.

Thursday, Oct. 13. C. W. Webber, a traveling salesman for a Philadelphia firm, was found dead in his room at Hunt's hotel, Cincinnati. He had committed suicide. A nonwinning pool ticket procured at the Latonia races was the only clew to indicate a cause for the act.

Mr. George B. Long, a young married woman, of Huntingdon, Pa., was waylaid on an obscure street by Charles Hawkins, a paroled inmate of the Huntingdon reformatory, and assaulted. Hawkins was arrested.

Joe Dunn attempted to shoot his wife at Galloway mines, Ala., when his mother-in-law stepped in between them and received a load of buckshot in her face. She will die.

Conductors and baggage men on the Connecticut branch of the Philadelphia and Reading have been ordered to give security in \$900 bonds on penalty of dismissal.

Abner Grover, superintendent of the Shelton Tack company at Shelton, Conn., was killed by the railroad cars at Shelton and killed.

Friday, Oct. 14. It is rumored that Colonel Dodds, commander of the French forces in Dahomey, has been killed.

The colored waiters on the Yale commons have struck because the head waiter was discharged.

Petrillo, the convicted murderer, again tried to commit suicide at the New Haven jail by hanging himself.

Robert Reynolds, a Delaware, Lackawanna and Western section hand, was struck by the Lackawanna express at Chango Forks, Broome county. He was thrown some distance and was instantly killed.

The safe of Taylor Bros.' general store, at Maine Village, Broome county, N. Y., was blown open by burglars, and money, jewelry and silk handkerchiefs, valued at about \$100, were stolen.

The body of John Crinane, of Troy, N. Y., who had been missing from home for more than a week, was found floating in the river at Troy.

Troops have been sent to quell the demonstrations of striking miners at Carmax.

Saturday, Oct. 15. Special Columbus services were held yesterday in St. John Lateran cathedral in Rome. Cardinal Rampolla celebrated high mass and Mgr. Stonor officiated at vespers.

Delegates from Radical clubs and trades unions in London yesterday resolved to issue a manifesto calling a public meeting for Nov. 13, at which the condition of the poor will be discussed.

John B. Clark, a Bridgeport (Conn.) contractor, is missing.

Five fires have occurred about Norwalk, Conn., in six days, and the police are searching for the firebugs.

Detectives are still searching the woods about Waterbury, Conn., for Millionaire Leitch of New York, who has been seen at farmhouses recently.

Paterson, N. J., fears a water famine. John B. Perry, a prominent Newark lawyer, has been placed in Morris Plains insane asylum.

The Essex county grand jury is investigating the alleged bribery in connection with the Newark water supply.

Monday, Oct. 17. Mary L. Larsen, aged four, of Brooklyn, fell and broke her neck, dying instantly.

Lady Revelstoke died in Paris last night. The Aaron Meyer bank, in Buckeberg, Lippe, founded 107 years ago, has failed, with liabilities of 1,500,000 marks.

The young king of Spain is seriously ill with indigestion and fever, as a result of the Columbian festivities in Madrid.

The P. and O. Steamer Bokhara is still overdue in Hong Kong, and it is considered probable that she has gone to the bottom.

Gold has been found near Frankenberg, in Hesse, Prussia, near the old gold mines which were in operation a thousand years ago.

The floods in the neighborhood of Lake Como are still causing great damage, and have necessitated the stoppage of several large factories.

Archbishop Corrigan confirmed 125 children at Highland Falls, N. Y., yesterday.

Tuesday, Oct. 18. The contract for building an electric railroad between Homersville, N. Y., and the village of Canisteo, five miles south, was awarded to R. C. Beardsley, of Elmira.

A gang of roughs attacked the Salvation Army detachment at Wyandotte, Mich., with bricks, stones, clubs and knives. Lieutenant Lowe was felled with a brick and she will die.

Eighteen young women of Kinsale, Dublin and Kilkenny are on their way to Cincinnati to become postulants in the Sisters of Mercy.

Archduke Albert of Austria is trying to arrange a long distance ride from Vienna to Rome and Rome to Vienna, the participants to be Italian and Austro-Hungarian officers.

The Chinese cook who killed Captain Buckley, master of the American bark William Hales, and his wife, did so because the captain complained about the dirty condition of the caboose.

L. Bauman, living near Sunbridge, Ont., stabbed his wife slightly and then blew the top of his head off.

An epidemic of madness has seized large herds of cattle in Madison township, Iowa, and many have died.

Wednesday, Oct. 19. Samuel Fleck, agent of the United Oil company, of Baltimore, was found dead in his boarding house in Pittsburg. As there is mystery about the death a coroner will investigate.

The bricklayers' unions of Boston will establish an eight-hour work day on Nov. 1. A dispatch from Zanzibar says that the Wahhis attacked the Germans near Kilosa and killed Lieutenant Bruening and four soldiers.

Owing to the refusal of foreign merchants to purchase the surplus grain from the interior of Russia the grain trade is in a critical condition.

Uneasiness is felt regarding the British ship Kalgut, Commander, Captain Murdoch, which sailed from San Francisco July 30 for Queenstown.

The pope, it is said, has warned France that unless its aggressive policy against the vatican is abandoned the next French cardinals created will be the last.

Augustus Kerr, a middle aged American accountant, was remained at Liverpool pending the arrival of extradition papers from America. He is charged with embezzlement and forgery.

BACHELOR ELECTED.

The Masonic Mantle of General Albert Pike Fell on His Shoulders.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—The biennial meeting of the supreme council of Scottish Rite, thirty-third degree, for the southern jurisdiction of the United States elected officers, and the result of the election was as follows: Grand commander, J. C. Batchelor, of New Orleans; lieutenant grand commander, Philip C. Tucker, of Galveston; grand prior, Thomas Hubbard Caswell, of San Francisco; grand chancellor, Theo. Erasmus Car, of Leavenworth; grand minister of state, Odel Squier Long, of Wheeling, W. Va.

THE KEYSTONE STATE.

ITEMS WHICH ARE OF PARTICULAR INTEREST TO PENNSYLVANIANS.

Brief Mention of Matters Which Every-body Should Know About—A Week's Accidents and Crimes Accurately and Concisely Chronicled.

Trout Streams Drying Up. WILLIAMSPORT, Oct. 18.—The continued drought in this section has dried up many of the mountain streams and thousands of brook trout which had gone up stream have perished. In many instances the dry beds of the streams are covered with the decomposed bodies of fish. The streams are lower than they have been for many years.

Boys Explode a Cartridge. POTTSVILLE, Oct. 18.—Clarence Kuhn, of this place, found a dynamite cartridge and exploded it with a stone in the presence of Charles Eisenacht and Peter Kuhl. Kuhn lost a finger. Eisenacht had the end of his left thumb blown off and Kuhl lost his right hand and a part of his left hand. All were severely burned.

An Old Lady Fatally Injured. WILLIAMSPORT, Oct. 18.—Miss Margaret McMicken, aged seventy-six, sustained fatal injuries by a fall down stairs at the home of her niece, Mrs. Milton Hubber. At midnight the aged lady entered the hall in the dark and by mistake stepped off the landing, falling to the bottom. There is no hope of her recovery.

Water Scarce in Lebanon. LEBANON, Oct. 17.—This city is threatened with a water famine. There are three reservoirs at home's mill eight miles from here. One is empty, and each of the others contains water which will not last over one week. Water Superintendent Alwein said that unless there is a heavy rain the city will be without water in less than three weeks. The water department will turn off the water from all property holders who do not sprinkle streets and wash pavements.

A Colored Person's Fair. HARRISBURG, Oct. 18.—The first state fair under the auspices of the colored people of Pennsylvania is holding at the Auditorium here. The fair will continue for ten days.

"Old Sport" Galvin Retires. PITTSBURG, Oct. 18.—A benefit game for Pitcher Jimmy Galvin was played at Exposition park between members of the Pittsburg club and a picked nine. The benefit strike the "old sport" about \$3,000 richer. Jimmy will retire permanently from the diamond, where he has been a bright light and favorite for many years.

Quay at Home Sick. BEAVER, Oct. 18.—Senator Quay is at home and complains of feeling unwell. He says that he is going to New York, but not until he feels better, and fixes no date for his trip. He says he has no appointment to meet Mr. Blaine, as was reported.

Killed in Self Defense. PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 18.—Lewis Williams (colored), who killed John McGraw, was discharged on the ground that the murder was committed in self defense.

Jealousy's Fearful Work. MECHANICSBURG, Oct. 18.—Mr. William Reed was fatally gashed with a razor by Saul Stone. Reed has five large wounds, the largest reaching from his neck sixteen inches down his back and is two inches deep. A cut across the stomach is twenty inches long, from which his intestines protruded. Stone has fled. Jealousy was the cause for the assault.

Homestead Strikers Go Back. PITTSBURG, Oct. 18.—Eleven strikers, all skilled workmen, went back to work at the Carnegie Homestead mills yesterday.

Bitten by a Mad Dog. PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 17.—A dozen people on Chestnut street were bitten by a mad dog before it was killed.

Brakeman Rennie Killed. STROUSVILLE, Oct. 17.—At Stevens' Point, in a wreck of a coal train, brakeman Rennie, of Carbondale, was killed.

Killed with His Own Gun. PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 17.—Frazier Askhurst, a popular young society man, died at his father's home, 180 Spruce street, from the accidental discharge of a gun which he was cleaning.

Another Fraternal Order Gone. PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 15.—The downfall of fraternal orders was continued, by assignment of the Universal Order of Security to Charles H. Edmunds.

Hanged Himself in Jail. SCRANTON, Oct. 15.—Patrick Neary, who was sentenced to four years' imprisonment in the Eastern penitentiary by Judge Seelye, at Honesdale, for attempting to murder Thomas Finnerty, was found dead in the Wayne county jail, having hanged himself during the night.

A Newspaper Man Succumbs. EASTON, Oct. 15.—Colonel William H. Hutter, one of the oldest newspaper men in Lehigh valley, is dead of nervous prostration. He was sixty-nine years old.

Charges About the Treason Cases. HOMESTEAD, Oct. 14.—A sensational story is given out by the defense in the Homestead treason cases to the effect that the commonwealth's witnesses were dined and coached by a Carnegie official before testifying before the grand jury. This is to be made a ground for questioning the indictments.

Died for Her Servant. PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 19.—Springing to the assistance of a servant whose clothing had ignited from a gasoline stove, Mrs. Lizzie Wagner was herself so badly burned that she died. The servant escaped serious injury.

A Youthful Murderer. PITTSBURG, Oct. 19.—James Stevenson, aged fourteen, was stabbed and killed by Stewart Rodgers, a boy ten years old, during a quarrel. Young Rodgers is in jail.

The Pacling Record Broken. NASHVILLE, Oct. 19.—Hal Pointer was in great form here, and came within half a second of the 2:04 mark which Nancy Hanks and Mascot both reached at Terre Haute.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Court of Common Pleas of Luzerne county, or one of the law judges thereof, on Saturday, October 20, 1892, at 10 o'clock A. M., under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and Regulation of certain Corporations," approved April 25, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "St. Virgilio Beneficial Society of Freeland, Pa.," the character and object of which is the maintenance of a society for charitable and benevolent purposes for the members from funds collected therein, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges conferred by said Act of Assembly and its supplements.

John D. Hayes, solicitor.

THE LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE IS NOW IN SUCCESSFUL OPERATION.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—The long distance telephone line between this city and Chicago was formally opened at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The line operated in the most perfect and satisfactory manner. The line was opened by a conversation between Mayor Grant in New York and Mayor Washburne in Chicago. Mayor Grant offered his congratulations to Mayor Washburne upon the approaching celebration, and also upon the opening of the telephone communication which brings the two cities so close together. Chicago's representative returned the congratulations.

Professor Bell then took possession of the telephone, and held a conversation with William H. Hubbard, of Chicago, who assisted Professor Bell with his first public exhibition of the telephone in 1876, at the centennial, when the emperor of Brazil and Sir William Thompson first heard the telephone. Professor Bell sent his congratulations to the officers of the company in Chicago on the completion of the line. While talking a photograph of Professor Bell was taken by flash light.

The ladies were then given an opportunity of talking to Chicago, and pronounced it "just too lovely for anything." A man in Chicago recited "The Charge of the Six Hundred," and every word was distinctly heard at this end; in fact, much better than it could be heard over the average local telephone.

The line to Chicago will be opened to the public today. It runs through Easton, Harrisburg, Pittsburg and Newcastle, Pa.; Cuyahoga Falls and Maumee, O., and South Bend, Ind., to Chicago, and is what is known as a "metallic circuit," or two wires, there being no ground connection. The wire is copper and considerably heavier than the ordinary telephone wire.

HORSE THIEVES LYNCHED.

Nine of them Shot Down and Then Strung Up by Ranchmen. BOISE CITY, Oct. 18.—Nine horse thieves were lynched by a posse of ranchmen in the Samas prairie country on Aug. 13. The story of the battle has just been brought in by Wilson Marwin from Deer Flat, in the northern part of the state.

The outlaws killed several horses, making a breastwork of their carcasses, and an hour's fight at long range failed to result in a death on either side. The ranchmen then set the grass afire, shooting down six of the outlaws who broke through the flames, and hanging the bodies beside the three wounded men, badly burned, who had been left in the outlaw camp.

CORBETT TELLS WHAT HE WILL DO.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—Corbett publishes the following: "My theatrical engagements prevent me from fighting for a year. When I am ready I will fight Mr. Jackson in the club offering the largest purse and for as much money over \$10,000 as he wants on the side, providing it is impossible for me to force Charles Mitchell to fight. I am of the opinion that I can get more money from the Olympic club of New Orleans, to fight Mitchell than any other man in the world."

CHANGES AT HOMESTEAD.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 19.—The Carnegie Steel company announced the resignation of John A. Potter as general superintendent of the Homestead mills and his appointment as chief mechanical engineer. Charles M. Schwab, superintendent of the Edgar Thomson plant, will succeed Mr. Potter at Homestead.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—COTTON—Spot lots steady; middling uplands, 8c. Futures steady; October, 7.75c.; November, 7.80c.; December, 7.90c.

WHEAT—Moderately active and steady; city mill extras, \$4.25@4.35 for West Indies; fine, \$1.65@2.10; superfine, \$1.70@2.20.

WHEAT—Opened steady at 1/2c. decline and fell 1/2c. more by noon; receipts, 238,000 bushels; shipments, 18,018 bushels; No. 2 red winter, 78 1/2@79 1/2c. cash; October, 78 1/2c.; November, 79 1/2c.; December, 80 1/2c.; May, 87 1/2c.

CORN—Was weak throughout and declined 1/2c. by noon; receipts, 121,000 bushels; shipments, 60,232 bushels; No. 2 mixed, 50c. cash; November, 50 1/2c.; December, 51 1/2c.; May, 52 1/2c.

OATS—Opened 1/2c. lower and at noon were dull; receipts, 322,500 bushels; shipments, 104 bushels; No. 2 mixed, 34 1/2c. cash; October, 34 1/2c.; November, 35 1/2c.

RYE—Neglected.

FLORIDY—Neglected.

MOLASSES—Dull; New Orleans, 30 1/2@35c. crushed and cut loaf, 5 1/2@5 1/4c.; granulated, 4 1/2@4 1/4c. Bebold A, 5 1/2@5 1/4c.

COFFEE—Spot lots dull, but steady; fair Rio cargoes, 16 1/2@16 1/4c.

RICE—Nominal.

PORK—More active and firm; mess, \$12@12 1/2 for LARD—Quiet; November, \$8.12; January, \$7.75.

BUTTER—Firm and moderately active; creamery, state extra, 20 1/2@20 3/4c.; western separator, 20@20 1/2c.

CHEESE—Dull, but steady; state factory, full cream, fancy white, September, 10 1/2c.

EGGS—Quiet, but steady; state, new, choice, 22 1/2@23 1/2c.; western second, inferior, \$4.25@4.50 per case.

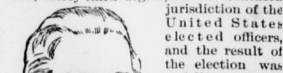
TURPENTINE—Dull; 30 1/2@30 3/4c.

ROBIN—Dull; strained to good, \$1.25@1.37 1/2.

TALLOW—Quiet; prime city, 4 1/2c.

PETROLEUM—Nominal.

FREIGHTS—Quiet; grain to Liverpool, Spain, 3d.



J. C. BACHELOR, grand commander of state, Odel Squier Long, of Wheeling, W. Va.

To-day! To-day!

NEUBURGERS BEGIN THEIR Fall Opening in Dry Goods

Department, which is more complete in variety and quantity than ever.

We Are Offering During This Week:

Very fine 4x4 unbleached muslin at 5 cents per yard; would be cheap at 8 cents. Good tate toweling at 4 cents per yard. Good apron gingham at 5 cents per yard. The very best apron gingham, namely Amoskeag and Lancaster, at 7 cents per yard. Good canton flannel at 5 cents a yard. The best chevrot shirting at 7 cents a yard. Out-door cloth, in the newest dress designs, at 10 cents a yard. It will pay you to inspect our handsome assortment of Bedford cords, chevrons and Henriettas, which we are selling at 25 cents per yard; cannot be bought the world over under 40 cents. Extra fine black Henrietta, 46 inches wide, 60 cents per yard; actual price should be 85 cents. A large assortment, comprising all the newest shades, of extra fine 54-inch all wool habit cloths at 60 cents per yard; sold elsewhere at 90 cents.

MANY OTHER BARGAINS

Too numerous to mention, as our stock is more complete than ever, therefore giving you better opportunities to make your selections. Prices are astonishingly low.

OUR - BLANKET - STOCK - IS - COMPLETE.

Call and examine it and be convinced. See the fine silver gray 10x4 blankets, which we are selling at 75 cents a pair; just one-half what they are worth.

Shoes! Shoes! Shoes!

We can give you the biggest bargains you ever carried home. We are now selling children's good school shoes, with heel, or spring heel and sole leather tips, sizes 8 to 11 and 12 to 2, at the astonishing low price of 75 cents a pair; their actual worth is \$1.25.

In Overcoats and Clothing

We carry the largest stock in the region and sell at prices on which we defy competition. Bring your boys and secure one of \$1.00 OVERCOATS for them, as they are stunners for the price. If you want anything in the line of

Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing Goods,

Hats, Caps, Trunks, Valises, Underwear and Notions,

You will find our stock the largest and most complete and prices far lower than elsewhere.

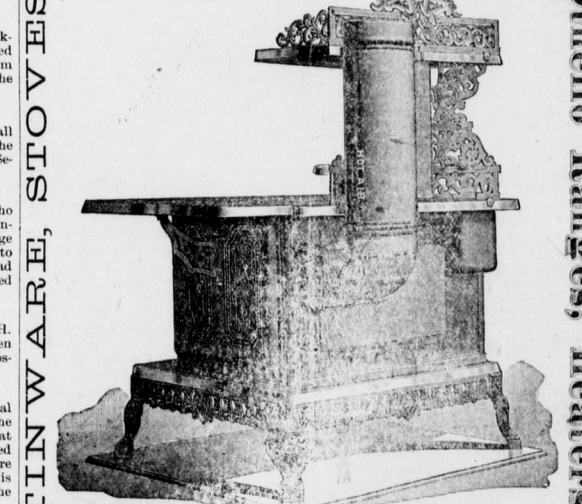
Jos. Neuberger's Bargain Emporium,

Corner Centre and Front Streets,

P. O. S. of A. Building, Freeland, Pa.

We Are Headquarters

FOR—



And Hardware of Every Description.

REPAIRING DONE ON SHORT NOTICE.

We are prepared to do roofing and spouting in the most improved manner and at reasonable rates. We have the choicest line of miners' goods in Freeland. Our mining oil, selling at 20, 25 and 30 cents per gallon, cannot be surpassed. Samples sent to anyone on application.

Fishing Tackle and Sporting Goods.

BIRKBECK'S,

CENTRE STREET, FREELAND, PA.