A GIFT OF \$2,500,000 TO THE CHI-CAGO EXPOSITION.

gress—The House Hilarious at the Close.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—The 5th of August, WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—The 5th of August, 1892, will be remembered as a red letter day in the annals of legislation and in the history of the country, as it chronicles adjournment of the first session of the Fifty-second congress and the passage of the World's fait bill appropriating \$2,300,000 for that enterprise. The passage of the bill was without special incident, as it was a foregone copclusion. One hour was devoted to debate, find the final vote resulted: Yeas, 131; nays, 83. A substitute of Mr. De Armond, of Missouri, allowing the World's fair managers to coin buillon to the extent of \$5,000,000 in souvenir coins, the seignorage to go to the management (estimated at age to go to the management (estimated at \$2,500,000) and the premium on the coin, was rejected. The house not then being in a mood to pass any general bills took a recess until 7 o'clock in the evening.

The Night Session.

The Night Session.

Expectation of an adjournment filled the galleries of the house at its night session, and the same reason brought an unusual attendance of members. Promptly at 7 o'clock Speaker Crisp called the house to order and soon after the Durborrow World's fair bill was reported from the senate. Mr. Jolley, of South Dakota, secured the passage of a senate measure regulating the time for holding sessions of the United States courts in South Dakota, and then the private calendar was taken up.

States courts in South Dakota, and then the private calendar was taken up.

After the passage of several of these bills Mr. Holman, of Indiana, presented the report of the conferees on the sundry civil bill. Mr. Holman explained the nature of the agreement, detailing the items in dispute and the compromises effected. He said the bill as finally agreed to carried \$97,807,428, being \$9,600,220 less than the bill as it passed the sente and \$2,314,246 more than its aggregate when it passed the house.

bill as it passed the senate and \$2,614,246 more than its aggregate when it passed the house.

Concerning the Pinkerton detective clause of the bill Mr. Holman admitted that the amendment adopted by the house was a little too broad, and that in the interest of a speedy adjournment the house conferees were obliged to accept the substitute submitted on the part of the senate. The chief stambling block had been the amendment offered by Mr. C'Neill, of Missouri, and adopted by the house, but cut out of the bill by the senate, to prevent any officer of the government having the power to make contracts with any corporation, firm or individual who employed Pinkerton detectives. After considerable discussion the confrees agreed to substitute for the amendment the following proviso:

"And no employee of the Pinkerton detective agency or any similar agency shall be employed in any government service or by any officer of the District of Columbia."

This relieved the application to government contractors.

This relieved the application to government contractors.

Mr. Simpson, of Kansas, denounced "the act of the representatives of the house in surrendering to the representatives of the plutocracy of the country." He called the Pinkerton employees "armed thugs, robbers and murderers."

"You'll hear from this in the elections in the fall," said Mr. Simpson, "and any one that votes for this amendment should be left at home. You should not surrender to the representatives of wealth."

The Closing Scene in the House.

the representatives of wealth."

The Closing Scene in the House.

Mr. McMillin, of Tennessee, offered a resolution (which was adopted) providing for the appointment of a committee of three members to join a like committee of three members to join a like committee of the senate in informing the president that congress was ready to adjourn and ask if he had any further communications to make. The speaker appointed Messrs. McMillin, fellows and O'Neill as the committee.

Mr. McMillin, of Tennessee, reported that the committee appointed to join a committee of the senate and inform the president that congress was ready to adjourn had performed its duty, and the president had said that he had nothing further to communicate.

journ had performed its duty, and the president had said that he had nothing further to communicate.

It lacked five seconds of the eleventh hour when a dozen members shouted wildly for recognition, waving papers in their hands, but they were too late.

Speaker Crisp announced that the hour of 11 o'elock had arrived, and bringing his gavel down on his desk with a bang, declared the first session of the Fifty-second congress adjourned without day.

A great shout went up from the members on the floor; great bundles of waste paper were thrown high into the airgand fell in showers on the happy congressmen, while from the press gallery came the deep resonance of the doxology. "Praise God From Whom All Blessings Flow" struck a responsive chord in the floor and gallery, and dignified old members atcord at their deaks amid the showers of falling paper and joined in the hymn.

A great shout of applause went up at its conclusion, and the press gallery choir responded with some verses about Speaker Crisp and ex-Speaker Reed being joily good fellows, and concluded with a musical query of Congressman Matson as to what constituted a congressional jag. Then there was handshaking and many goodbys, and in half an hour the house of representatives was deserted.

Senate Preceedings.

Senate Preceedings.

Senate Preceedings.

Pursuant to an order of the day before the senate met at 2 o'clock. Some business of a routine nature was transacted, when an executive session was held. When the doors were reopened the World's fair bill appropriating \$2,500,000 was submitted, read and without a division passed, although several senators emphatically protested against its passage. Another conference was ordered on the pending sundry civil bill and a recess was taken until 8 o'clock. Promptly at 8 o'clock, in a suitry atmosphere with well filled galleries, but a very sparsely occupied floor, the vice president rapped the senate to order after the recess.

Mr. Pettigrew, of South Dakota, attempted to obtain a reconsideration of the vote which tabled his resolution authorities.

Mr. Pettigrew, of South Dakota, attempted to obtain a reconsideration of the vote which tabled his resolution authorizing a subcommittee of the quadrocentennial committee to go to Chicago and to employ a clerk, etc.

Mr. Coke, of Texas, at first declared that if that motion was pressed he should ask a yeas and may vote upon it (thereby disclosing the absence of a quorum), but on Mr. Pettigrew offering to strike out everything providing for the employment of a clerk or involving expense to the senate the resolution was allowed to pass.

Mr. Call, of Florida, was emboldened by this incident to ask consideration of his Cuban investigation resolution which was likewise laid over the other day. He also had amended it by striking out everything relasing to the employment of a clerk and stenographer, etc., and also had simplified it so that the resolution simply authorized

the committee to "report upon the commercial conditions of Cuba and the West India islands and the United States." The contact, however, would not assent even to this modified resolution.

It was 9:25 before Chief Clerk Towle, of

at was 9:30 before Chief Clerk Towle, of the house, announced the house agreement on the sundry civil bill.

Mr. Allison, chairman of the senate com-mittee on appropriations, was immediately recognized by the vice president to present the senate conference report, which was received in slence and elicited no opposi-tion and was unanimously agreed to

the senate conference report, which was received in silence and elicited no opposition and was unanimously agreed to.

The Appropriations.

Mr. Allison said the appropriations for the first session of the last congress were in round numbers \$463,000,000; for this session, \$807,000,000, showing an increase of \$44,000,000. The principal increase for the present session was found in the appropriations for pensions and the postoffice department. There were some diminutions, notably in deficiencies, which were \$5,000,000 less this congress than two years ago, and in miscellaneous expenses.

Not a single public building bill had been passed by this congress. He would not stop to make any observation on the appropriation for pensions, as he knew of no criticism which had been made as to these on either side of the chamber. Nor need he allude to the fact that \$5,000,000 additional had been appropriated for the postoffice service. This was made necessary by the growth of the country, and still left many expenditures absolutely necessary for the condition of the postoffice department unprovided for which would have to be met by deficiency appropriations at the next session.

Mr. Allison disclaimed making these remarks in a partisan sense, and stated that the appropriations were made necessary by the growth of the country.

Mr. Grokrend, of Maryland, a member of the committee on appropriations, characterized Mr. Allison's statement as fair and correct, but again earnestly called the attention of congress and the executive to return to a more economical basis of fixed expenditure.

Adjournment.

Mr. Cockrell, of Misseaut said in his inde-

ture.

Adjournment.

Mr. Cockrell, of Missouri, said in his judgment the house had done its best to keep down appropriations. That they had been larger than many expected he did not doubt.

Mr. Allison at 10:25 reported the house adjournment resolution, substituting for Saturday, July 30, at 2 p. m., "Friday, Aug. 5, at 11 p. m." The resolution was agreed to, and the customary committee of of two (Mesers. Allison and Gorman) was appointed to wait upon the president of the United States.

Thanks were tendered the vice western.

Thanks were tendered the vice president and the vice president pro tem. (Mr. Manderson) by motions made by Democratic senators.

congress.

The vice president paid a fitting tribute to the two senators who had died during the session (Messrs. Plumb and Barbour) appropriately acknowledged the vote of and thanks and then declared the senate addressed without Aux.

THE TREASURE SAFE

That \$20,000,000 in Gold New Locked Up in Wall Street.

That \$20,000,000 in Gold Now Locked Up in Wall Street.

New Yors, Aug. 10.—The undertaking of the railway postal service to transport safely \$20,000,000 ingold from the subtreasury in San Francisco to the subtreasury in San Francisco to the subtreasury in this city has been successfully accomplished, the vast treasure now being locked up in the massive vaults in Wall street.

The shipment was the largest of the kind ever attempted for anything like the distance involved, and the precautions taken for its safe transport were of an extraordinary character, making robbery practically out of the question. The treasure cars themselves were of steel and supposed to be bomb proof. Half a hundred and more trusty guards were aboard the train, each armed to the teeth, and arrangements had been made whereby the authorities of the postal service were informed by telegraph of the location of the train every quarter or half hour of the total time consumed in the journey.

Eight Persons Drowned.

Charleston, Aug. 10.—A ferryboat plying between the mainland and Sullivan's sland was swamped, and the captain of the vessel and seven of his passengers were drowned; four passengers were rescued. The drowned are Henry Semore, Captain Anthony Garvin, Napoleon Ladson, Dave Springer, Caroline Gibbs, Dave Jennen, Jerry Hamilton and Jerry Smalls.

Scooped by the Reading.

ALTOONA, Pa., Aug. 10.—The Reading railroad, through the Lebigh Valley Coal company, has for some time been quietly buying all the good coal tracts in the Snowshoe district. The work has been thoroughly done and now all the tracts, except the possessions of a few small operators, have been scooped. The output will be handled over the Beech Creek railroad.

Murdered by Indians.

Deming, N. M., Aug. 10.—Word has been received here from Hatchita, a town about eighty miles north of here, that Lee Hodgen, a cowboy on the Davenport ranch near that place, was found murdered by renegade Indians from the San Carlos reservation.

Disston Denies It.
New York, Aug. 10.—Mr. Hamilton Disston, of Philadelphia, is at the Fifth Avenue hotel. When interviewed regarding the recent report of his appointment on the Republican national advisory committee he denied the truth of the same.

A Setback for Pastor Downes.

Boston, Aug. 10.—Judge Sherman, of the superior court, set aside the verdict in the case of Rev. W. W. Downes against Deacon Storey and others of the Bowdoin Square church, and granted a new trial. The verdict gave Downes \$10,000.

DICKINSON ELECTED

CHAIRMAN OF THE DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE.

the Position-New York's Reapportic ment Act Unconstitutional - Ex-Secre tary Blaine Will Take the Stump.

tary Blaine Will Take the Stump.

New York, Aug. 5.—The chairman of the Democratic national campaign committee has been chosen, the honor falling upon the shoulders of Don M. Dickinson, after three hours' fruitless endeavor to persuade Arthur P. Gorman to accept the office. At the meeting all the members were present. Mr. Harrity was if ade temporary chairman, and Bradley B. Smalley, of Vermont, temporary secretary. Owing to Mr. Gorman's declining to accept the responsibility of the chairmanship no definite action was taken until after a reassembling after dinner, when Mr. Dickinson was unanimously chosen permanent chairman and Bradley Smalley permanent secretary.
William C. Whitney, who was present by courtesy, was, after considerable debate as to the right of the chairman to name nine



DON M. DICKINSO

committeemen, unanimously chosen a mem-ber. Mr. Harrity was authorized to ap-point necessary subcommittees. The selection of Mr. Dickinson was a sur-prise because wholly unexpected. He is a warm friend and supporter of Mr. Cleve-land. Senators Ransom and Gorman started for Washington immediately after adjournment.

SHEEHAN ELECTED CHAIRMAN.

He Will Manage the Cleveland Campaign in New York State.

Saratoga, Aug. 9.—The Grand Union hotel corridors were filled last night with politicians anxious to know who was to conduct the Cleveland campaign in this state. The campaign committee was called to order in the clubroom of the hotel by Chairman Edward Murphy, of the state committee, and these responded to the roll call: Edward Murphy, Jr., William Shechan, John D. McMahon (for S. A. Beardsley), William B. Kirk, E. T. Dunning (for Cordmeyer), James Stephens, James J. Martin, Samuel J. Tilden, Jr., Calvin J. Quackenbush (for H. J. Mowrey), Charles M. Preston, James H. Manning, D. E. Griffin and John Flannigan.

Daniel E. Griffin nominated for chairman of the campaign committee William P. Sheehan. There was no other nomination, and Mr. Sheehan was nowned by accessed.

of the campaign committee William F. Sheehan. There was no other nomination, and Mr. Sheehan was named by acclama

and Mr. Sheenan was marked tion.
Charles H. Defrees, of Troy, was named as clerk of the committee by acclamation, and the officers were authorized to secure suitable quarters for headquarters of the committee.

NEW YORK'S REAPPORTIONMENT.

NEW YORK'S REAPPORTIONMENT.

Judge Rumsey Declares the Act to Be
Unconstitutional and Void.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Aug. 6.—Justice William Rumsey, of the supreme court, rendered his decision in the case of the people ex rel. Charles F. Pond against the board of supervisors of Monroe county, involving the constitutionality of the act of the last legislature making a reapportionment of the senate and assembly districts of the state. The court holds that the law is unconstitutional, and for that reason declines to issue a writ of mandamus requiring the board of supervisors to reapportion the assembly districts of Monroe county as declared by the act.

Judge Rumsey cites many cases to show that the provisions of the constitution of the state of New York in regard to changing the organizations of districts are mandatory and not discretionary, and supervisors that the apportionment act was passed, and the objections to it based upon these sections are: First—That the enumeration upon which it was based was taken in 1853 and not a tenth after 185.

Second—That the extraordinary session at Second—That the enumeration within the constitutional provision.

Third—That the supervisionment is unconstitutional because in estimating the number of inhabitants in the new senate districts the persons of color not taxed were included.

Fourth—That but shear and assembly apportionment are unconstitutional because the or of inhabitants in the new senate districts the persons of color not taxed were included.

Fourth—That but shear and assembly apportionments are unconstitutional because the or of inhabitants, and the constitution is figured.

HILL MISSED CLEVELAND.

The Latter in New York When the Forme Reached Buzzard's Bay.

The Latter in New York When the Former Meached Buzzard's Bay.

New Haven, Aug. 8.—Ed Stokes steam yacht Fra Diavalo, with Senator David B. Hill and party aboard, dropped anchor in Morris cove, off the Pequot clubhouse, about 10 o'clock last night and sailed westward this morning.

In an interview with a reporter Senator Hill said: "Unfortunately our party missed Mr. Cleveland. While we were in Buzzard's bay he was in New York. We have not seen a single politician of prominence on our trip."

our trip."

When asked the probable chances for Cleveland's election this fall he said, "I think the chances are in favor of the Democonsiderations to be taken into account."

When asked if ne would take the stump himself he said, "I nave not yet decided, but shall probably be heard from later."

Platt and Reid Confer.

NEW YORK, Aug. 8.—The Sun prints the following in to-day's issue:

"Whitelaw Reid and Thomas C. Platt had a conference over the New York state situation. It occurred in Mr. Reid's room, 51 Fifth Avenue hotel, on Saturday morning, between 10:10 and 12:30. It lasted over an hour. It was known to at least half a dozen persons in the Fifth Avenue hotel. It was known to may be a few of the first three the first havenue hotel. It was known to may eyester day. The Sun is not indebted to either Mr. Reid or Mr. Platt or their confidants for this information. The conference, it is reported, was eminently satisfactory."

KING ESCAPES THE GALLOWS

Governor Buchanan Commutes His Sentence to Imprisonment for Life.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 10.—Colonel H. Clay King, who was to have been hanged on Friday next for the murder of Lawyer Poston in connection with the scandal of Colonel King and the widow of General Pillow, has escaped the gallows. Governor Buchanan has commuted the death sentence to imprisonment for life. Houghton King, a son of the condemned, received the glad tidings from a telegram sent by his mother, who has been in Nashville for the past week pleading with the governor for the life of her husband.

Houghton King immediately went to the county fall and gave the welcome news to

Houghton King immediately went to the county jail and gave the welcome news to his father. Colonel King did not seem to be affected by the intelligence.

Strangely enough the first news of the commutation was received in this city by Frank Poston, the brother of the murdered man, he receiving a telegram which ran as follows:

man, he receiving a telegram which ran as follows:

"I have commuted King's sentence to impresoument for life. J. B. BUCHANAN."

Mr. Poston was terribly taken aback. The governor had allowed matters to proceed so far without giving any notice of his intentions that the Postons felt assured that the sentence would be carried out and their brother's murder avenged.

Mr. Poston at once carried the news to The Appeal-Avalanche office and expressed himself in a most bitter manner against the governor, saying at the same time that his action was a license to every man to buckle on his six shooter and go to killing his enemies, with the assurance that he would not be hanged for it.
When the news was heard on the streets

on his saturance that he would be hanged for it.
When the news was heard on the streets Governor Buchanan was almost universally condemned as a weak sentimentalist, who had allowed a woman's tears and prayers to swerve him from his duty.

THE MONETARY CONFERENCE.

Allison, Jones, McCreary, Cannon and Walker Will Act for Uncle Sam. WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—The names of the five commissioners who are to represent the United States at the coming international monetary conference are officially announced. They are Senator William B. Allison, of Iowa; Senator John P. Jones, of Nevada; Congressman James B. McCreary, of Kentucky; ex-Comptroller Henry W. Cannon, of New York, and General Francis A. Walker, of Massachusetts. With the exception of Mr. McCreary these names have all been among those discussed for the appointment.

have all been among those discussed for the appointment.

The place of meeting of the conference is not yet definitely decided upon. It will be in one of the capitals of Europe, probably either Brussels or Berlin—the time Octo-ber. An appropriation of \$80,000 was made in the sundry civil bill to defray the ex-penses of the United States commissioners.

She Preached Abolition. She Preached Abolition.

London, Aug. 9.—Mrs. Rose, one of the first women to speak in the United States in favor of the abolition of slavery, was buried in Highgate cemetery today. In the United States she was associated with Lucretia Mott, Abby Kelly, John G. Whittier and Wendell Phillips in the antislavery agitation. Several times during her abolition speeches she narrowly escaped being tarred and feathered. She was eighty-three years of age.

Allerton Went Lame.

Allerton Went Lame.

DAVENPORT, Ia., Aug. 4.—The great race for a \$10,000 purse offered for a trial between Allerton and Delmarch was run here before a crowd of 11,000 people, McHenry, Delmarch's owner, substituting Lebasco for Delmarch. Allerton finished very lame in the third heat, and falling to appear in the remaining heats forfeited the race to Lebasco.

Caprivi May Resign.

Berlin, Aug. 9.—Kleine's Journal gives currency to a report, as yet unconfirmed, to the effect that Chancellor Caprivi is about to resign, owing to differences of opinion with the kaiser as to the Bismarck crisis, and that Prince Hatzfeldt-Wildenburgh, now the German ambassador in Great Britain, will be his successor.

Harrison and Ireland.

LOON LAKE, N. Y., Aug. 9.—President Harrison is spending his time here quietly. Being questioned again by a reporter, Mr. Harrison refused to make any statement in regard to his alleged letter to the pope asking the appointment of Archbishop Ireland to be a cardinal. Mrs. Harrison continues in good spirits.

Revolution in Bolivia.

La Paz, Aug. 8.—A serious revolutionary conspiracy has been discovered. A number of prominent men, including many members of congress, have been sent out of the republic and martial law has been proclaimed.

Forty-five Were Drowned.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—A dispatch from Helsingfors, Finland, announces that a pleasure
steamer was run down outside the harbor
and forty-five of the persons who were on
board were drowned.

Au Unknown Man Killed.
WHITE PLAISS, N. Y., Aug. 6.—An unknown man was killed near the White
Plains depot. Both his legs and his head
were cut off. He had a dark mustache and
bald head.

bald head.

General Markets.

New York, Aug. 9.—COTTON—Spot lots dull; middling uplands, 7½c. Futures steady; August, 71.2c.; September, 71.6c.; October, 7.8c.
FLOUR—In more demand, with prices firm; city mill systams, 84.8024.8 for West Indies; on the systam of the sys

THEKEYSTONESTATE

TEMS WHICH ARE OF PARTICULAR INTEREST TO PENNSYLVANIANS.

body Should Know About—A Week's Accidents and Crimes Accurately and Concisely Chronicled.

Concisely Chronicled.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 9.—The Duquesne rioters had a hearing before Alderman Reilly. Quite a crowd of Duquesne workmen were present to hear the case. Mr. E. V. Breck appeared for the commonwealth and Messas. W. J. Breunan and J. R. McQuaide Gorane defendants. After hearing the tenumry Alderman Reilly held Ursie, Essler, Bukis, Bennett, Kennedy, Hogan, Nolan, Haas and Coates for court and fixed ball on 2000. Sinder and McLean were released on parole to appear for a further hearing. All of the men got ball except Ursie, who went to jail.

The Souvenir Half Dollar.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 9.—Engraver Barber, of the Philadelphia mint, has completed the design for the new souvenir half dollar which congress has authorized to be coined and has forwarded it to the mint bureau at Washington, where it will be passed upon. The design provides for a bust of Columbus on one side and on the other a cut of the administration building at the World's fair.

Has Periodical Hydrophobia.

PITTSRURG. Aug. 8.—John Alles of this

administration building at the World's fair.

Has Periodical Hydrophobia.

PITTRBURG, Aug. 8.—John Alles, of this city, is suffering from a periodical attack of a disease resembling hydrophobia. Fifteen years ago he was bitten by a mad dog. In August of each year since then he has had attacks smilar to the present one, going into spasms and frothing at the mouth. Between the periodical attacks he enjoys good health.

Tried to Kill His Father.

health. Tried to Kill His Father.

SUNBURY, Aug. 8.—W. B. Haupt, a son of Dr. Fred L. Haupt, attempted to burn down the parental mansion and kill his father. Since being discharged from the Pennsylvania railroad service he has been in an irresponsible condition.

Fatal Shooting at Camp Meeting.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—At a colored camp meeting near Washington a negro named Blair fatally shot another colored man named Dougherty, who was riding with Blair's wife.

A Convict's Desperate Suicide.

A Convict's Desperate Suicide.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 8.—James Rodan, Cherry Hill convict, committed suicide by igniting the mattress in his coll, lying down in the mass of flames and then cutting his throat with a knife.

throat with a knife.

He Has a Saloon on a Boat.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 8.—Thomas Crouse does a rushing business on Sundays boating up and down the Delaware river with a boat-laden with beer and whisky, which he retails to boating parties.

Raided as a Speak Easy.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 8.—The Fairmount Rod and Gun club was raided as a speak easy by Superintendent Linden.

The Scale Signed.

PHILADELPHIA, Ang. 8.—Goulbert, McFadden & Caskey have signed the Amalgamated association scale, and their rolling mills, at American and York streets, employing 300 men, will start up at once.

A Determined Saicide.

A Determined Saicide.
PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 8.—James Rodman, aged thirty-two years, a convict in the Eastern penitentiary, committed suicide by setting fire to his straw mattress and throwing himself upon it and then cutting his throat with a knife.

Engineer Cantlin Dead.
PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 8.—John B. Cantlin, chief engineer of the Philadelphia fire department, died at his home, 800 North Forty-first street. He was made chief engineer of the fire department in February, 1870

gineer of the fire department in February, 1879.

PITTSBURG, Aug. S.—The charred body of Martin Reed, the escaped murderer, who, after he had been brought to bay, killed Deputy Sheriff Coyle, wounded Chief of Police Orr and then, when his pursuers set fire to the building in which he was secreted, committed suicide, was brought to this city, where it was viewed by the coroner. It was found that he had shot himself through the heart.

Gas Works Bought by a Syndicate.
PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 7.—A Philadelphia syndicate has secured control of the gas works in West Chester, Coatesville, and Phoenixville.

Phoenixville.

She Is a Common Scold.

Norristown, Aug. 7.—Hannah Johnson, of Norristown, has been held for court charged with being a common scold.

Sailor Riggin's Hody.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 5.—The body of Charles W. Riggin, the murdered sailor, is expected to arrive here next Thursday.

0

Stabbed in a Quarrel.

BLOSSBURG, Aug. 6.—An Italian named Rogani in a quarrel stabbed John Scott and Albert Hughes. Hughes is dangerously wounded.

And Albert Hughes. Hughes is dangerously wounded.

The Woman Was Insane.

READING, Aug. 5.—Mrs. Emma Miller, of St. Peters, who created a sensation by deserting her husband and eloping with a negro, has been adjudged insane.

In Financial Difficulties.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 5.—Mr. Albert M. Friend, of the well known broker firm of Friend & Narr, gave notice to the board of governors of the Stock exchange that he will withdraw from the firm. Money difficulties are the alleged cause.

Dutch Carmen Arrested.

Hazleron, Aug. 5.—Dutch Carmen, who kicked Andrew Umka to death at a christening near Tomhickon, was arrested at Silver Brook, where he was in hiding.

Iron Hall Elects Officers.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 5.—The Iron Hall Building company had its regular yearly meeting at 1317 Arch street. A. R. Elasser was elected president and Colonel H. C. Williams was re-elected secretary-treasurer.

Over \$150,000 at Stake.

September, 1986. Cash; August, 38%c.; September, 1986.** RYE—Quiet and easy at 736,75c, afloat. BALLEY—Neglected.

**MOLASSES—Slow; Cuba, 30 test, 10c. MOLASSES—Slow; Cuba, 30 test, 10c. Molasses, 10c. Molasses,

Don't Miss This!

WE NOW BEGIN

Neuburger's Annual Clearing Sale.

We will offer our entire stock, which is the largest in this region, at prices that will astonish you. Call early if you are looking for bargains as this sale will

FOR TEN DAYS ONLY!

During this time we will sell goods at prices lower than were ever before heard of.

In the Dry Goods department you can buy:

Handsome dress gingham-print calicoes, 6 cents per yard; reduced from 10 cents.

Apron gingham will be sold at 5 cents per yard.

All the leading shades in double-width cashmere, which was sold at 15 cents is now going at 10 cents per yard.

As handsome an assortment of Scotch and zephyr dress ginghams as you have ever seen, which we sold at 20 cents, will now go at 12½ cents per yard.

Lockwood, best sheeting, we will sell at 17½ cents per yard, reducing it from 25 cents.

Fifty different shades of Bedford cord, Manchester chevron and Henrietta cloth, which were sold at 45 cents, will now go at 25 cents per yard.

losiery department quotes the following: Men's seamless socks, 5 cents per pair.
Boys' outing cloth waists, 15 cents each.
Men's outing cloth shirts, 20 cents each.
Ladies' ribbed summer vests, 4 for 25 cents.

Ladies' chemise, 25 cents.

We have just received an elegant line of ladies' shirt waists and will sell them from 35 cents upward.

Shoe department makes the following announcement: We have just received a large consignment from the East, and have not yet had time to quote prices. But we will say that they will go at prices on which we defy competition. Call and examine them.

Clothing prices are marked as follows: We are selling boys' 40-cent knee pants at 25 cents. Men's \$1.25 pants are now going at 75 cents per pair. Boys' blouse suits, 50 cents. Men's \$6.00 suits reduced to \$3.00.

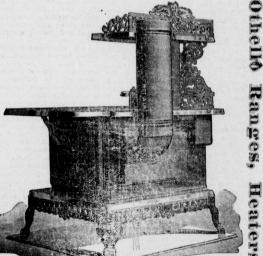
Men's Custom-made \$9.00 wood-brown cassimere suits reduced to \$5.00. Men's absolutely fast-color blue suits at \$6.50; reduced from

We have lowest marks on all goods in our lines of Ladies' and Cents' Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps,

Trunks, Valises, Notions, Etc. Joseph Neuburger's

BARGAIN EMPORIUM, P. O. S. of A. Building, Freeland, Pa.





And Hardware of Every Description:

Williams was re-elected secretary-treasurer. Over \$150,000 at Stake. PHILABELPHIA, Aug. 5.—William B. Robins, attorney and conveyancer, has disappeared, and it is alleged that the discrepancies in which he is involved aggregate over \$150,000.

We are prepared to do roofing and spouting in the most improved manner and at reasonable rates. We have the choicest line of miners' goods in Freeland. Our mining oil, selling at 20, 25 and 30 cents per gallon, cannot be surpassed. Samples sent to anyone on application.

Fishing Tackle and Sporting Goods.

BIRKBECK'S,

FREELAND, PA.