SOMEWHAT STRANGE.

ACCIDENTS AND INCIDENTS OF EVERY-DAY LIFE.

Queer Episodes and Thrilling Advetures Which Show that Truth Is Stranger than Fiction.

A Demana correspondent of an English paper describes a desperate light between a man and a jaguar, which recently took place on the Demerara River. The hero of the combat, a bluck named Lally Davilson, a farmer, was out with his dag, which roused the jaguar from his lair. The ferocious animal moder tracks for the thick stog. Being closely pressed, the jaguar climbed a tree, where Davidson show it, wounding it in the heart. This made the animal descend, and again he dived info free bush, pursued by Davidson. The beast concealed himself in some brambles, and as Davidson some brambles, and as Davidson some sagain trying to take aim, the jaguar leaped upon him, knocking him bodily into a drain full of water. Davidson now engaged in a desperate struggle with the fierce brute, and seiging the jaguar, now somewhat exhausted from loss of blood, he exerted all his strength and mananged to hold his head underwater until he was slowly suffocated. But before this the jaguar had severely wounded the courageous man; his hand was badly blitten, the scalp on the left side of his head was partly ripped of and his left eye was gouged out. Str., fering as he was, Davidson slowly-trawled home, and while he went indopy the state has not been making much noise about its achievements. Here are a few leaders Mr. Mage of Glemood sent to the office of the local newspaper a radish weighing over six pounds. W. E. Ployd of Eagle of the hold and the courted hit has achievements. Here are a few leaders Mr. Mage of Glemood sent to the office of the local newspaper a radish weighing over six pounds. W. E. Ployd of Eagle of the hold of the boad part of the children who play there until the appeal of the children who play there until the province of the children who play there until the province of the children who play there until the province of the children who play there until the province of the children who have the correct of the children who have the

estimate his crop of cherries because one of his trees from which he has gathered one large crop this year has shed its old leaves, grown a new set, and is now in full bloom again.

leaves, grown a new set, and is now in full bloom again.

The Chicago Tribune tells a strange story of a mysterious affair, which is said to have occurred at Mendota, Ill. A Mr. Ralph Shaffer erected a fine monument over the grave of his young wife who died last spring, but in deference to his mother-in-law's wishes, who had no love for her daughter's husband, placed no inscription on the stone. The story goes that recently a distinct shadow of the late Mrs. Shaffer appeared on the tombstone. It grew until the shadow became life size. The mother was wroth, and had the monument makers rub the stone down with pumice, but they could not efface the shadow. At first sight the shape has as much resemblance to a man's form as a woman's, but by a continued gaze one seems to see a woman's semi-profile, with bangs and with the hair done up at the back of the head. The neck and chin show plainly, as do also the shoulders, and there is a scarf about the neck. The features are distinct, and bear a remarkable resemblance to the dead wife. The shadow is eight inches wide and fourteen inches high, and is in the middle of the stone.

Near Point Burwell. Canada, lives an

stone. The story cost that recently, a distinct shadow for the last Mr. Shadow and the state of the last Mr. Shadow and the state of the last Mr. Shadow and the steady the steady the steady the steady the state of the shadow and the shadow and the state of the shadow and the shadow and the state of the shadow and the shadow and the state of the shadow and the shadow and the state of the shadow and the state of the shadow and

ACCIDENTS AND INCIDENTS OF EVERY-DAY LIFE.

Queer Episodes and Thrilling Adventures Which Show that Truth is Stranger than Fiction.

A Demerar correspondent of an English paper describes a desperate field a curious story that would interest be word in the start and recalled the words in Turkish; "To be paid to the dear, which resembly be defined and the paid to the stranger than Fiction.

A Demerar correspondent of an English paper describes a desperate field whole scene. He was soon asleep again; however, and by morning he had nearly free the combat, a black named Lally Davidson, a farmer, was out with als dog, which roused the igaguar climbed in the part of the form of the part of the form of the stream, and as he drew on his trousers his heavy revolver fell from the hip backet, struck butt downward upon the high for, struck a sunken tile and, turn his dog, which roused the jaguar climbed a tree, when the start. This made the animal descend, the action of the combat, and again he dived into the bush, purification of the combat, and again the dived into the bush, purification of the combat, and again the dived into the bush, purification of the combat, and again the dived into the bush, purification of the combat, and again the dived into the bush, purification of the combat, and again the dived into the bush, purification of the part of the stranger of the form of the bush, purification of the part of the stranger of the strength of the strengt

The wonderful crops and the abundance of general products in the United States this year seem to be a family blessing, bestowed without regard to where the individual may be located, from the Arctic circle to the Gulf, and covering half the world in longitude. This is really noteworthy, considering the hard times afflicting the rest of the world with equal impartiality. The salmon product of Alaska is unusually large, and will average fifteen per cent, over that of last year. Over 200,000 cases of salmon will be shipped from Alaska this season.

A BASUER from away back on the

Alaska this season.

A RANCIER from away back on the ranges engaged a room at the Occidental Hotel in Seattle a few days ago. The hotel is lighted with electricity, and the bell boy turned on the light in the old rancher's room. The farmer did not know how to extinguish the light, and after exhausting his ideas uncoiled the length of wire by which the light hung and stuck the lamp in the bureau drawer, smothering it under his clothing. The next day the lamp was found stowed away there and still burning.

A cow belonging to Samuel Drensor.

Our equipment for this long and difficult journey consisted of a strongly built pavoska, or seatless traveling-sleigh, with low runners, wide outriggers, and a sort of carriage-top which could be closed with a leather curtain in stormy weather; a very heavy sheepskin bag six feet wide and nine feet long in which we could both lie side by side at full length; eight or ten pillows and cushious of various sizes to fill up chinks in the mass of baggage and to break the force of the jolting on rough roads; three overcoats apiece of soft shaggy sheepskin so graded in size and weight that we could adapt ourselves to any temperature from the freezing point to eighty degrees below; very long and heavy felt boots known in Siberia as vallinki; fur caps, mittens, and a small quantity of provisions consisting chiefly of tea, sugar, bread, condensed milk, boiled ham, frozen soup in cakes, and a couple of roasted grouse. After having packed our heavy baggage as carefully as possible in the bottom of the pavoska, so as to make a comparatively smooth and level foundation, we stuffed the interstices with pillows and cushions; covered the somewhat lumpy surface to a depth of twelve or fourteen inches with straw; spread down over all our spare overcoats, blaukets, and the big sheepskin bag; stowed away the bread, boiled ham, and roast grouse in the straw, where we could sit on them and thus protect them to some extent from the intense cold; and finally, filled the whole back of the pavoska with pillows. A temperature of forty degrees below zero will turn a boiled ham into a substance that is as useless for edible purposes as the famous "chunk of old red sandstone" from Table Mountain. You can neither cut it, gnaw it, nor break it in pieces with a sledge-hammer; and unless you have facilities for thaving it out, and time enough to waste in that way, you can no more get nourishment from it than you could get beef tea from a paleozoic fossil. Having learned this fact from sad experience, Mr. Frost and I were accustomed to put article

It is Very High, but Money is Mad

It is Very High, but Money is Mad.

Easily.

I asked a young American dentist is San Luis Potosi, a city of 100,000 peaple in the north central part of Mexico pie in the north central part of Mexico a rich farming country—what it costs to live in Mexico. The young dentist Mres very nicely Like all of his kind in Mexico, he is making nother and he is saving enough to made him rich within the next ten or fifteen years. Said he:

"I keep a close account of my expenses and as I figure it it costs me just shout \$117 a month. My living costs about \$117 a month. My living costs for table expenses \$2 a day, or \$60 a month. I pay \$25 a month for my house and I have three servants, who average \$4 a month apiece. Here every respect able fellow has to have a cook, man and a chambermaid. In addition to the wages of the servants I have to give them so much a day for food. Each of them expects six cents every morning for tortillas or corn-cakes, which constitute the bread of the common people. Then every week I have to give six cents extra to them for soap. This is the custom and they want the money and not the soap. I once bought twenty-five pounds of soap and tried to dole it out to them, but they wouldn't take it. Washing and ironing are never done in the house in Mexico. There are public washerwomen, who pound and rub the clothes to pieces after wetting them with cold water, which they get from public tanks or ditches. They wear out the clothes in one-third the time that they would be destroyed by Chinamen and I pay them \$5 a month for doing it. My butter costs me seventy-five cents a pound, my milk seventeen cents a day, and I pay about six cents a day, and I pay about six cents a day on the average for charcoal.

"An ordinary hand-me-down suit costs from \$20 to \$30. Underclothing is very expensive. Calico costs 18 cents a yard. A very oddinary silk necktie sells for \$2. Linen cuffs are 50 cents a pair and collars three for \$1. My wife's dresses count up, I can tell you, and a man has got to make a good lot of money in M

got to make a good lot of money in Mexico in order to live as well as he does at home."

"I suppose you make it," said he.
"Yes, I do," was the reply, "and any American dentist who will come here and stay can do likewise. I made \$5,000 the first year, and I have done considerably better right along since that time. I can charge bigger prices. I get from \$100 to \$150 for a full set of teet hon rubber. Whenever I administer gas I charge \$10 for pulling a tooth, and when a number are pulled I charge \$10 for the first tooth and \$5 for all succeeding ones. For jerking out a tooth without gas I charge \$2. Fillings range from \$5 upward, and gold fillings cost from \$15 up into the hundreds, according to the size of the cavity and the size of the bank account of the man who has his teeth filled. I always get \$500 for making a set of teeth on gold, and all other business is done in proportionate rates."

There are about 700 Americans living in Mexico City. Some of them are very wealthy. A few own houses, and quite a number have rented establishments. Thomas Brauniff, who was born on Staten Island, is said to have an income of over \$100,000 a year. He is President of the Mexican railway which runs to Vera Cruz, and he has a big plantation, cotton factories, and is one of the leading owners of the Bank of London and Mexico, which is the biggest bank in the country. He is building a house which will cost \$100,000 on the Paseo, a fashionable drive of Mexico City. He is the richest American in Mexico. Gen. John B. Frisbie is another rich American. He owns some gold mines near Toluca, and he has one of the most comfortable homes in the capital. He tells me that living is high in Mexico and that his expenses there are about as big as they would be in Washington.—[New York World.]

A Deer Whips a Bull.

Abner M. Goodrich, who lives on Panther Hill, thirteen miles south of Scranton, Penn., saw a buck deer strolling along the edge of a pice of woods on his place a few days ago. Suddenly the buck stopped, threw back his antlers, and began gazing toward the farm buildings. In a hillside pasture field, twenty rods below the buck, Mr. Goodrich's herd of cattle were grazing. All at once the buck caught sight of the cattle, and leaping over the fence, bounded down the hillside toward them. The cows became frightened at the buck's sudden appearance, and with their tails in the air they cantered to a corner of the pasture. The bull in the herd did not run.

When the buck saw the cows capering away he came to a sudden stop. The bull immediately faced the strange animal, bellowed savagely, and began to paw up the dirt. At first the buck acted as if he didn't know what to make of the noisy bull's actions. He backed off a few feet, and the bull slowly followed him. Then the bull made a lunge at the buck got out of his way by bounding to one side. This was repeated a number of times, the bull becoming more angry at each failure to gore the buck, while the buck eyed his noisy antagonist and kept out of his reach.

Finally the buck began to get mad at the way the bull was making him shift his ground. When the bull again lunged at him he uttered a load bleat, bounded into the air, and struck the bull in the neck. One of the bull's horns pierred the buck's shoulder, and then the buck's fighting nature was aroused to the highest piech. He danced all around the bull, jammed his prongs into the bull's sides, struck him with his sharp hoofs, and didn't give the bull another chance to gore him.

sinces, struck im with an sharp noors, and didn't give the bull another chance to gore him.

Soon the buck's energetic and fierce attack completely demoralized the bull. He made one more effort to down his lively antagonist, but failed to hook him, while the buck got in another telling strike on the bull's ribs. Then the bull gave a bellow of rage, turned tail like a flash, and rau at the top of his speed to where the cows were huddled. For a moment the triumphant buck strod and gazed at the fugitive bull. Then he whirled, legged it up the hill, scaled the fence, and disappeared in the forest. The bull was so badly injured that Mr. Goodrich had to kill kim.—[New York Sun.

Velocity of the Meteor.

made a trip up the Thames in 1817. He also draws a pension for service in the war of 1812, and has voted at every Presidential election since 1808 except the last one.

A VALUABLE Sherman (Mich.) horse that had died the other day was looked into. A half bushel of fine sand was found in the stomach. Feeding on short clover pasture is supposed to be the way in which it accamulated the small sandbank.

The town of Saratow, in the southeast function of the stream, upon which Saratow is built, and flowing exclusively in the left arm, which is about a mile and a quarter disabank.

The bill is on imperial green paper, a color held sacred in Turkey, which the slowed as a rank of the stream is now quite dry and is used as color held sacred in Turkey, which the slowed as a rank of the stream is now quite dry and is used as which arrive by steamer to the town.—

Isolated that it was not worth while to coact their claims on these bare rocks and the standing, Inward Tumors, and standing, Inward Tumors, and covery disease of the skin, expect the skin, expect that has taken root. Thunder Humot, and Cancer that has taken root. Price, \$1.50. Sold by every Druggist in the United States and Canada.

The bill is on imperial green paper, a color held sacred in Turkey, which the stream is now quite dry and is used as which arrive by steamer to the town.—

The words in the steems demonstrated that while the greatest velocity imparted to a can mon ball scarcely exceeds 600 meters a second—about 1,500 miles an hour—account the standing, Inward Tumors, and standing, Inward Tumors, and Cancer that has taken root.

The words represented the skin, expect double the greatest velocity in parted to a can mon ball scarcely exceed 600 meters as cond—about 2,500 miles an hour—account the partial part of the skin, expect double the greatest velocity in parted to a can mon ball scarcely exceed 600 meters as cond—about 2,500 miles an hour—account the partial part of the skin, expect double the greatest velocity in the left arm, with a root of 40,00

THE RECORD

Hood's Sarsaparilla very gratically. Became of these we urge all the suffer from Seofula, Sait Rheum, or any other issesse caused by impure blood or low state of the ystem, to try Hood's Sarsapari la.

"August Flower"

pit of my stomach. I suffered frequently from a Water Brash of clear matter. Sometimes a deathly Sickness at the Stomach would overtake me. Then again I would have the terrible pains of Wind Colic. At such times I would try to belch and could not. I was working then for Thomas McHenry, Druggist, Cor. Irwin and Western Ave., Allegheny City, Pa., in whose employ I had been for seven years. Finally I used August Flower, and after using just one bottle for two weeks, was entirely relieved of all the trouble. I can now eat things I dared not touch before. I would like to refer you to Mr. McHenry, for whom I worked, who knows all about my condition, and from whom I bought the medicine. I live with my wife and family at 39 James St., Allegheny City, Pa. Signed, John D. Cox.

G. G. GREEN Sole Manufacturer, Woodbury, New Jersev, U. S. A.

A Most Interesting Find.

According to the Washington Star
the Smithsonian Institution has received information of the recent discovery at Tel-el-Amaria, in Upper
Egypt, of a number of tablets relating
to the history of Langalon. ceived information of the recent discovery at Tel-el-Amaria, in Upper
Egypt, of a number of tablets relating
to the history of Jerusalem and dating back 600 years earlier than any
records hither to known. When it is
understood that these tablets of stone
are letters passed between the King
of Jerusalem and the Pharaoh of
Egypt 400 years before the birth of
David, who was the father of Solomon, some notion will be formed of
their extreme interest. Several of
the letters were addressed to the ruler
of Egypt by the King of Jerusalem.
Abdi-Taba. The cities of Palestine
were at that time tributary to Egypt,
and in one of the letters the writer
says; "The Habiri people are conquering the cities of the King"—i. e.,
the cities tributary to the Pharaoh—
'therefore the King may turn his face
to his subjects and send troops. If
the troops arrive this year the countries of the King, my Lord, may besaved, but if no troops arrive the
countries of the King, my Lord, will
exist no longer." This tremendous
"find" at Tel-el-Amaria includes two
hundred tablets, largely of Babylonian cuneiform script, which is thus
discovered for the first time to have
been in use at so early a period in
Egypt and Palestine. Many of the
other tablets are dispatches of about
the same date from prefects of other
cities of Palestine to the Pharaoh.
Some of the inscriptions are in an unknown language, which no one so far
has been able to translate. Solomon
himself would have looked upon these
tablets as remote antiquities.

Atminum in fron Foundries.

Mr. David Spencer, in American
Machinist, says: I have used aluminum in foundry practice, and find it
is a splendid thing to make iron fluid
and clean. It seems to take all the
impurities out of the iron when it is
charged in the cupola with the pig
iron. Ten pounds of Cowles' ferroaluminum to 2,000 pounds of pig iron
will produce good, sound castings,
free from blow holes.

It is to the history of Jerusalem and dat

makes a uniform grain. It can away the tendency to chill in cast iron.

In steel it reduces the shrinkage, and increases the welding properties in both wrought iron and steel.

I recommend it to persons making tool castings, such as face plates, and in fact all kinds of work that has to be planed, milled, or turned.

There is one thing that I like in its use, and that is, it does not weaken the iron or take the strength from it, but rather adds to it. We are having good success with it in sewing machine castings. I believe in progress in foundry practice, and am always willing to give such things a trial, if I find that they are a benefit.

I want other foundrymen to know it. I believe we are making rapid progress in American foundry practice, and the foundryman that is satisfied to run his foundry in the same old-fashioned, way his grandfather did, is going to get left. And

same old-fashioned way his grand-father did, is going to get left. And the younger and more progressive men will come to the front. The Universal Postal Congress will as-semble in Washington in 1897.

DONALD KENNEDY Of Roxbury, Mass., says

Kennedy's Medical Discovery cures Horrid Old Sores, Deep-Seated Ulcers of **40** years' Seated Ulcers of 40 years standing, Inward Tumors, and every disease of the skin, except Thunder Humor, and Cancer that has taken root.

Price. \$1.50. Sold by overs.

He Didn't Get the Better of Pat.

"Some time ago I was trading in a village store," writes a correspondent, "when one of the clerks came to the junior partner, who chanced to be waiting on me, and said: 'Won't you please step to the desk a moment? Pat Flynn wants to settle his bill, and insists on having a receipt."

"The merchant was evidently annoyed. 'Why, what does he want of a receipt?' he said; 'we never give one. Simply cross his account off the book; that is receipt enough.'

"So I told him,' answered the clerk, 'but he is not satisfied. You had better see him.'

"So the proprietor stepped to the

clerk, 'but he is not satisfied. You had better see him.'

"So the proprietor stepped to the desk, and after greeting Pat with a 'good morning' said, 'You wished to settle your bill, did you?' to which Pat replied in the affimative.

"'Well,' said the merchant, 'there is no need of giving you a receipt. See! I will cross your account off the book,' and suiting the action to the word he drew his pencil diagonally across the account. 'That is as good as a receipt.'

"'And do ye mane that that settles it?' asked Pat.

"That settles it,' said the merchant.

"That settles it,' said the merchant.

"And ye're shure ye'll never be afther askin' me fur it again?"

"We'll never ask you for it again,' said the merchant decidedly.

"Faith, then,' said Pat, 'and I'll be afther kapin' me money in me pocket, for I haven't paid it yet'

"The merchant's face flushed angrily, as he replied, 'Oh, well, I can rub that out.'

"Faith, now, and I thought that same, 'said Pat.

"It is needless to add that Pat obtained his receipt."

Its Excellent Qualities

Commend to public approval the California liquid fruit remedy Syrup of Figs. It is pleasing to the eye, and to the taste and by gently acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels, it cleanses the system effectually, thereby promoting the health and comfort of all who

A King in the Family.

Dr. Hozsie's Certain Croup Cure for colds, coughs, croup and pneumonia has no rival. Cures without nausea or any disarrangement. Sold by druggists or mattled on receipt of 50 cts. Address A. P. Hoxsie, Buffalo, N. Y.

It is reported that the Government will discontinue the use of the new parcel boxes FITE stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NEWVE RESTORER. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and \$2 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

A cattle range in Eastern Washington ver 300 miles long and 200 miles wide.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is a liquid and is taken internally. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

all the money you've spent for it—if there's neither benefit nor cure. That's what ought to be said of every medicine. It vould be—if the medicine were good enough. But it is said of only one medicine of its kind—Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It's the guaranteed Hood-purifier. Not only in March, April and May, when the sarsaparillas claim to do good, but in every season and in every case' it cures all diseases arising from a torpid liver or from impure blood. For all Scrofulous, Skin and Scalp Diseases, Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Biliousness, it is a positive remedy.

Nothing else is as cheap, no matter how many hundred doses are offered for a dollar.

With this, you pay only for the good you get.

And nothing else is "just as good"

It may be "better"—for the dealer; but you are the one that's to be helped.



Tutt's Pills

GOOD DIGESTION.

The ocean eats into a rod of Atlantic coast U42

SALESMAN WANTED. Salery and expenses pearly.

SALESMAN WANTED. Salery and expenses pearly.

From Father to Son.

Scrofula is a blood poison which descends from parent to child

AFFLICTED FROM CHILDHOOD.

It is a taint which must be eradicated from the system before a cure can

be made. Swift's Specific, S. S. S., drives out the virus through

Mrs. N. Ritchey, of Mackey, Ind., says: "Justice com-pels me to say that S. S. S. has worked little short of a miracle in my case, in curing me of aggravated Scroft-la, which afflicted me from childhood. It attacked my throat and nose, and threatened my lungs. My threat was so sore that I was compelled to subsist on liquid food. When I began S. S. S. I was in a wretched condi-tion but commenced to improve at once, and am now entirely well." pores of skin and thus relieves the blood of the poison.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ca.



EPPS'S COCOA HAY FEVER We want the pame a dress of every sufficer. U.S. and Canada. Add P. Harold Hayne, M.D., Back

VENTILATED X X X CLOTHING X X INTER-AIR-SPACE X X



It is an Ointment, of which a small particle is applied to the nostrils. Price, 50c. Sold by druggists or sent by mail.

Address. E. T. HAZELITINE, Warren, Pa.

SICK WEAK, NERVOUS, WESTCHED mortals get well and keep well. Health Helper tells how, Socts, a year. Sample copy yee. Dr. J. H. DY E. Editor, Buralo, N. Y. PENSIONS - Due all MOLDIERS

M disabled. Effector Increase. 20 years experience. Write for Laws. AV. McCornick

Bons. Washington, D. C. & Cincinnati. O. DROPSY Treated FREE.

symptoms reports unsuppress.

symptoms removed. Sond for trea book of testimonial
symptoms removed. Sond for trea book of testimonial
symptoms under the symptoms of the sympt





"A woman best understands a woman's ills."

This is why thousands of women have been benefited by Mrs. Pinkham's advice, and cured by her remedies after all other treatment had failed. This is also why

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

has been more successful in curing Fennale Complaints than any remedy the world has ever known.

An of the world has ever known.

In fact, the world has been a fent of the fe