THOS. A. BUCKLEY, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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FREELAND TRIBUNE FREELAND, PA.

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UNITED STATES SENATORS Ingalls, Evarts, Spooner, Farwell and Blair will lose their seats in America's House of Lords through the cyclone of last week, the Legislatures in their respectful States having gone Demo-cratic.

Thery Nine States expressed an opinion, and their voice is a thunderous protest against McKinley prices for the necessaries of life, against a restricted market for American products and against starvation wages for the laboring classes.—New York Herald.

The Philadelphia Evening Telegraph lifts its head from beneath the tidal wave to ask the Democrats if there is anything more they would like to have. "If there is," it says, "take it, but please leave a few Thanksgiving turkeys to console us in our misery."

News has reached this office from what we consider a reliable source, that efforts are being made to coerce employes to deal in the store of a certain coal company under a penalty of depriving them of certain rights. If found to be true, an exposure will follow with names of the parties interested.

The verdict of the nation is against the McKinley bill and its policy of restricted markets, high and partial protection and increased prices of the necessaries of life. The victory has been won against heavy odds and mainly by an appeal to the sound sense and intelligent judgment of the people of the United States.

The boast of the Republican cam-paigners that the McKinley tariff was a settlement that must and would was a settlement that must and would stand for at least ten years, rings hollow and empty on this chill No-vember air. The people of thirty-nine States have risen to move that McKinley's settlement shall be un-settled, and the people of the whole United States are going to second the motion two years hence.

There are so many phases in the great victory of last week, which will bring joy to the people, that the full purport of the high tariff Waterloo can purport of the high farilf waterioc can scarcely be comprehended in this brief time. Another year of Repub-lican rule and usurpation and the country will be Democratic in every branch of government. Then will come down every custom house in America and absolute free trade will have its innings. May God speed that day.

ALL over the country heavy Democratic gains are reported, which is the rebuke of the people to the McKinley law, the proposed Force bill, together with the whole policy of the Republican party. It cannot be claimed that all of this is occasioned by an off year, for it goes much by an off year, for it goes much further than that. Bill McKinley and his gang of evolutionists can medi-tate at home on the result and tell the American people whether their tactics have been wise or not,

Our Republican contemporaries owe an apology to their readers for deceiving them in the last campaign by claiming that there was no serious defection in the Republican party on their candidate for Governor, Mr. Delamater. Willour Republican contemporaries still hold to the claim pade during the campaign that the made during the campaign that the election of Patticon meant the repeal of the McKinley tariff bill? If so, that infamy, which robs the poor man, will be taken from the statute book.

Ir the talk among the prominent Republican leaders is any indication of the general feeling in the party, Harrison may yet come to look upon November 4th, 1890, as another evidence that providence has its kindly eye upon him. These Republicans and of Republicans who could not laud Quay high enough in the National campaign, but who now denounce him and paign, but who now denounce him and or the President have concluded that a contest for the Presidency on the Republican ticket in 1892 is not wholly and unqualifiedly desirable. Harrison will have fewer competitors for the chief place in that contest than he might have expected.

But it is the old and oft-repeated lesson that it is the old and oft-repeated lesson that the presidence of the cambridge of the cambri

A Question Which Was Answered.

For weeks before the election the chief Quay organ in this State, the Philadelphia Inquirer, printed in bright, bold-face type the following question and rescues the constraint of the wonderful man, the wise politician, the wonderful man, the wise politician, the wonderful man, the wise politician constraints of the wonderful man, the wise politician can be written as a summar because where the creat value wonderful man, the wise politician, the wonderful man, the wise politician can be written as a summar because where the creat value wonderful man, the wise politician, the wonderful man, the wise politician can be written as a summar because where the creat value wonderful man, the wise politician can be wonderful man, the wise politician can be written as a summar because where the creat value wonderful man, the wise politician can be written as a summar because where we wonderful man, the wise politician can be written as a summar because where we wonderful man, the wise politician can be written as a summar because where we wonderful man, the wise politician can be written as a summar because where we wonderful man, the wise politician can be written as a summar because where we wonderful man, the wise politician can be written as a summar because where we will be written as a summar because where we will be written as a summar because where we will be written as a summar because where we will be written as a summar because where we will be written as a summar because where we will be written as a summar because where we will be written as a summar because where we will be written as a summar because where we will be written as a summar because where we will be written as a summar because where we will be written as a summar because where we will be written as a summar because where we will be written as a summar because where we will be written as a summar because where we will be written as a summar because where we will be written as a summar because where we will be written as a summar because where we

tone it stated that

Pennsylvania is prepared to see Uleveland again elected President in 1892.

Subscribe for the Tribune.

The Congressional Revolution

Major J. M. Carson, the able and bril-Washington correspondent of the

liant Washington correspondent of the Public Ledger, sums up the result of the Congressional elections in the following: Before the elections occurred the Republicans feared the loss of, and the Democrats hoped for, if they did not expect, the gain in the majority in the Xational House of Representatives; but, certain as were the fears of the former and confident as were the latter's hope, the results in their broad sweep and numerical changes, were probably not less surprising to the victors than to the defeated.

There were other surprises in store for

numerical changes, were probably not less surprising to the victors than to the defeated.

There were other surprises in store for the Republicans which were not less great nor less astounding than the result in Pennsylvania and in the various Congressional districts of the country. In the East three of the strongest States stole clear away from their moorings, and in the West two others followed their example.

Everywhere the story is that of losses piled on top of losses, and ever increasing, and, it is only not quite so bad in other Republican States as its in Rennsylvania, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Nebraska, Kansas and Wisconsin, All sorts of reasons are given on either side for the Congressional revolution.

Such a result was wholly expected and unhoped for. It was the high prices wrought by the McKinley bill, and the proposed Force bill, say the Democrats; it was local issues, gerrymandering, misunderstanding of the McKinley bill, and the pathy and discontentof anoft year, say the Republicans, It was all these things and others combined, each contributing its lesser or high experiment of the returns of the election for members of the House it seems that the Democrats have elected more than two-thirds of the entire membership of that body, which will consist of 322. Of this number the Democrats appear to have elected 230, which is 20 in excess of two-thirds of the entire membership of them was a sufficient number of members after the proposal of the work of the same that the Democratis cannot now be ascertained.

A quorum will consist of 167, and it is safe to assume that the Democrats will have a sufficient number of members detect ocntrol the organization and to shape legislation.

It was fared prior to the election that the Alliance men would hold the balance of power and be able to prevent the elec-

have a sufficient number of members elect to control the organization and to shape legislation.

It was feared prior to the election that the Alliance men would hold the balance of power and be able to prevent the election of a man as Speaker who might be distasteful to them, but the unexpected and unparalleled success of the Democrats removes this apprehension and will place that party in full control of the House and make it responsible for all acts of omission and commission. It would perhaps have been better for the future of the Democratic party had it been less successful and its majority limited to a much less number than appears to have been chosen.

The disaster has been not only severe on the Republicans numerically, but in the character of the losses. Comparatively few of the Republican leaders of the present House will be found on the roll of the next. Four Republican members of the Appropriations Committee, Canford the Appropriations Committee, Canford, and McCommittee, Mason and Adams, of the same State, Greenhalge, Rockwell and Candier, of Massachusetts; Morrow and De Haven, of California; Grosvenor, of Ohio; Cutcheon, of Michigan; Dunnell. of Minnesota; Perkins, of Kansas; Caswell, of Wisconsin, all of whom are strong men, and most of whom have served several terms, will be missed when the line of battle is formed between parties.

On the other hand the Democrats have retained all their strong men, and, unless there should arise among them a strife over the leadership, the Republican leaders are likely to be outgeneraled as well as outnumbered.

Since the close of the war and the return of the rebellious States no party has had such a preponderence in the House as the Democrats will have in the next Congress.

has had such a preponderence in the House as the Democrats will have in the next Congress.

The Democrats assume to be inspired with the hope that in 1892 they will carry the country on their Presidential and Congressional tickets as they did two years after the political tidal wave of 1882. But what they will do will depend largely or solely upon the wisdom shown during the next two years by Harrison's Administration and Congress. For part of that line the Democrats will will be in control of the National House will be in control of the National House will do much to help or hurt their chances in the Presidential year. This contest of 1892 will stand or fall on its own merits, not on those of this year. The Democrats have gained great advantages of position, but they can hold them only by deserving to do so. The people have again proved that they are the arbiters of parties; that they are the controllers of public affairs. They will prove it again in 1892, and from now until the great national contest ends each party will be wise to consider and do only those things which will best serve the people's welfare.

There is a great scramble among the

of the President have concluded that and mentally that he was in the cam-

But it is the old and oft-repeated lesson of politics—it's ingratitude. Had Delamater been elected Quay would still be

quested an answer from the citizens of Pennsylvania through their ballots:
In 1882 Robert E. Pattison was elected Governor of Pennsylvania. The State was won by the Democracy. What was the result? was won by the Democracy. What was the result?

In 1884 James G. Blaine was defeated by Grover Cleveland.

In 1890 Robert E. Pattison is again a candidate for Governor. Should he succeed what will be the result?

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In 1890 Robert E. Pattison is again a candidate for Governor. Should moorings of patriotism, honesty and statesmanship. The present coin of Republicanism will pass current in this country no more. This The Call says normal country no more. This The Call says normal candidate for patriotism, bonesty and statesmanship. The present coin of Republicanism will pass current in this country no more. This The Call says normal candidate for patriotism, bonesty and statesmanship. The present coin of Republicanism will pass current in this country no more. This The Call says normal candidate for patriotism, bonesty and statesmanship. The present coin of Republicanism will pass current in this country no more. This The Call says normal candidate for patriotism, bonesty and statesmanship. The present coin of Republicanism will pass current in this country no more. This The Call says normal candidate for patriotism, bonesty and statesmanship. The present coin of Republicanism will pass current in this country no more. This The Call says normal candidate for patriotism, bonesty and statesmanship. The present coin of Republicanism will pass current in this country no more. This The Call says normal candidate for patriotism, bonesty and statesmanship. The present coin of Republicanism will pass current in this country normal candidate for patriotism, bonesty and statesmanship. The present coin of Republicanism will pass current in this country normal candidate for patriotism, because of the patriotism, bone

A Southern View of the Result.

The Atlanta Constitution, on Saturday eaking editorially of the election, says

The Atlanta Constitution, on Saturday, speaking editorially of the election, says:

The Republican leaders in the National House of Representatives will feel lonely. Only two of them remain, Tom Reed and Henry Cabot Lodge. But the leaders left at home will feel more lonely still. McKinley, Mason, Cannon and Rowell will have plenty of leisure for reflection. They have food for thought; no doubt about that.

They were under the impression that they had Russianized the Republic. They made a big mistake. A few days ago these insolent chieftains saw their party securely entrenched in the lower House of Congress. They had a majority of a score or so, and confidently expected to see it increased last Tuesday. The election was a startling surprise. It not only wiped out the Republican majority in the House of perhaps 150. Talk about a cyclone or a tidal wave. If a word is wanted to tell the whole story why not call it a revolution. A revolution it is—a peaceful uprising of the people, overwhelming with a shower of ballots the conspirators who were or ballots the conspirators who were of ballots the conspirators have a sudden change. On the people of the people

in a day dwindled to mere nonentities in their party and swelled the Democratic column.

What does it all mean? the baffled and defeated leaders on the losing side will ask. It means that the American people have an inbornlove of fairness and justice, and may be trusted to redeem the Republic and restore honest government when they have time to bring their second sober thought into action. It means that the masses, whether Democrats or Republicans, want peace, prosperity and a re-united country and will no longer follow the lead of ambitions partisans who would restore worse than war taxes, old war issues and bayonet rule when and where it suits their pleasure. It means that this is the United States and not Russia. The fallen leaders will now see that 'corruption wins not more than honesty.''

Our millions of toilers in the North and West as well as in the South utterly abhor the domination and the methods of a branded criminal like Quay, in Pennsylvania, and they will not submit to his control. Their love of justice and peace made them revolt when Reed travelled from State to State threatening the loyal South with bayonets. Their indignation was aroused when they saw that the party in power now proposed to hold the Government forever by squandering the public money and by imposing a tariff that made every poor man's dollar worth 15 cents less than it was before the McKinley bill became a law.

ents less than it was before the McKinley bill became a law.
There is no end of material for Republican reflection. The revolution on Tresday makes it plain that the voters of the two parties are determined to rebuke and brand and destroy the "mailed hand" and the "blocks of five" business. It means that they will not stand gagules, false quorums, and despotic methods in the House, where their representatives meet to make laws for a nommon country. All these lessons are aught by the work of Tuesday—that red letter day in our calendar.

common country. All these lessons are taught by the work of Tuesday—that red letter day in our calendar.

This clean sweep of the Democracy from the snow line to the orange belt, from Orient to Occident, inaugurates a brighter era in our history; it unites the sections, buries the old war passions, restores the Government of our fathers, and gives every fireside in the land a promise of peace and prosperity.

and staff.

Isaac C. Mills Castle, No. 395, of Middletown, Fayette county, will be instituted, Nov. 11, by District Grand Chief James H. Burd and staff.

Nazareth Castle, No. 396, of Nazereth, Northampton county, will be instituted, Nov. 14, by District Grand Chief Wilson H. Seem and staff.

Nov. 14, by District Grand Chief Wilson
H. Seem and staff.

The visitation of the Camden Castles
to Lafayette Castle, No. 41, on Nov. 4th,
was a grand success.

Samaritan Castle. No. 214, of Jenkintown, on Nov. 11, will visit Spartan
Castle, No. 97, of Frankford.

The First Regiment, Military Branch,
of Philadelphia, Col. J. H. Fredericks,
which won a large silk American flag at
the fair of Belmont Council, Jr., O. U.
A. M., for the largest number of men in
line, had a parade on Nov. 6, on which
occasion the flag was presented to them.
A special session of the Grand Castle
of New Jersey, will be held on Nov. 12,
at Burlington, to confer the Past Chiefs
Degree on Sir Knight E. Burd Grubb,
who is the U. S. Minister to Spain. A
testimonial will be presented and a
banquet tendered to him.

The hall of Sinking Springs Castle.

omquet tendered to him.

The hall of Sinking Springs Castle,
No. 334, of Sinking Springs, will be dedicated on Nov. 12th.

The fair of Purity Castle, No. 127, will
open on Nov. 12, for two weeks, at Textile Hall, Kensington ayenue and Cumberland, stress.

Nov. 15th.

The fair of Wissahickon Castle, No. 121, at Manayunk, will close on Nov. 17, St. Victor Commandery, No. 43, will give a package party at their armory. Tenth street and Montgomery avenue, on Nov. 18.

Fernward on Nov. 18.

Fernwood Castle, No. 227, will be visited on Nov. 19, by Grand Chief Davis Casselberry and staff. The Degree Team of Crescent Castle, No. 98, will exemplify the ritualistic work.

empify the ritualistic work..

The first issue of the Knights of the Golden Eagle, under the management of Reinicke & Barnes, contained eighteen pages an increase of ten and four pages of illustrations.

Iron Castle, No. 63, Conshohocken will attend Divine service on Nov. 9.

Southwayk Castle, No. 21, will hold

Sourthwark Castle, No. 21, will hold a fair at Naval Post Hall, Second and Queen streets, from Nov. 16th to 27th. Hermann Castle, No. 337, of Harris-burg, will hold a grand German ball on December 31.

the "Tribune."

Correspondence From the Capitol

Correspondence From the Capitol

Washington, Nov. 11, 1890.

The disappointment of those who predicted that the population of the United States would reach 65,000,000 is to some extent mitigated by the facts in the case as stated by Superintendent Porter. The first count of the present census foots up the population, exclusive of whites in the Indian territory, Indians on the reservations, and Alaska, at 62,480,540. The increase of percentage between 1870 and 1890 is 24.57. The increase of percentage between 1880 and 1890 is 24.57. The increase of percentage between 1870 and 1880 was 30.8. But the apparent reduction of percentage in the last decade from the rate in the previous decade is explained by the gross deficiency in the census of 1870 in the Southern States. That census by giving a greatly exagerated increase between 1870 and 1880 affected materially the increase in the republic at large. Mr. Porter assumes, and he may be correct in the assumption that the true rate of increase between 1870 and 1880 was not far from 25 per cent. and that the proportional increase of population was but 1.2 less in the last decade than it was in the one immediately previous. This is a fairly good showing. Mr. Porter states the general law to be that when not disturbed by war, pestilence, immigration, emigration, ect., the increase of population goes on at a continually diminishing rate. The natural rate of increase of increase has steadily although not uniformly declined in each decade. It sunk from 35.06 per cent. in the first ten years of the century to 28.02 per cent., from '30 to '40, and 25.60 per cent. in the lowest point—14.89 natural increase, 22.65 total.

**** WASHINGTON, Nov. 11, 1890

lowest point—14.89 natural increase, 22.65 total.

Whether the omission of the tobaccotax rebate section from the McKinley bill was accidental or otherwise or whether it invalidates the bill or not, the tobacco manufacturers' "combine" is likely to profit handsomely by it. In the absence of a rebate section in the bill, dealers in tobacco would naturally buy no more than they felt sure of selling before Jaauary I, when the reduced tax on tobacco goes into effect. This would cause considerable disturbance in the tobacco trade. To prevent this the tobacco trust, or combine, announced to the dealers of the country a few days ago that in consequence of the omission of the rebate section from the Tariff bill the trust had agreed to guarantee that no reduction whatever should be made in the manufacturers' prices of tobacco and snuff asole and snuff asole as any tobacco and snuff asole as good thing for the tobacco trade generally, as dealers can, under the guarantee of the trust, go on and purchase as usual, and there will in consequence be no disturbance of the trade. But if it is a good thing for the tobacco trade it is simply a magnificent thing for the manufacturers' trust, which will by it be enabled to make a clear additional profit of two cents on every pound of tobacco and snuff sold to dealers for months to come; for, while the trust is spledged to sell at present rates; it will after January 1 pay to the Government two cents per pound less in taxes than it is now paying. The immense profits that the trust will thus gather in in the course of a few months may be easily figured out when it is known that last year taxes were paid on over 213,000,000 pounds of manufactured tobacco, and over 8,000,000 pounds of snuff.

from the snow line to the orange, belf, from Orient to Occident, inaugurates a brighter era in our history; it unites the sections, buries the old war passions, restores the Government of our fathers, and gives every fireside in the land a promise of peace and prosperity.

Knights of the Golden Eagle.

Morrisdale Castle, No. 391, of Morrisdale Mines, Clearfield county, was instituted, Nov. 3d, by District Grand Chief Ed. Kaufman and staff.

Green Mountain Castle, No. 392, of Cedar Run, Lycoming county, was instituted, Nov. 3d, by District Grand Chief F. H. Heinbach and staff.

Immanuel Castle, No. 393, of Salina, Westmoreland county, was instituted, Nov. 54, by District Grand Chief G. F. H. Heinbach and staff.

Mizpah Castle, No. 394, of Wheatland, Nercer county, was instituted, Nov. Sth, by District Grand Chief G. F. H. Heinbach and staff.

Mizpah Castle, No. 394, of Wheatland, Mercer county, was instituted, Nov. 8th, by District Grand Chief Robert White and staff.

Isaac C. Mills Castle, No. 395, of Mid-mid-mid and the fact are in silver marked in the price of silver baving by natural laws will prevail in the end. Unit the East takes its quota the surplus must go on accumulating, making a waiver load all the time for speculators.

The choice bit of humor in the present campaign was Mr. Roosevelt's "voluntary" contribution, and his mighty effort to make it appear that he enjoyed the medicine.

R.

—John Schmucker, 24 years of age, who was visiting relatives in Reading, was found dead in bed Sunday morning, suffocated by gas. The gas was turned on full head. The deceased lived in Muncy.

WORMS HORSES CATTLE.

DR. EMERSON'S "DEAD SHOT"

for Worms in Horses, is the best general Condition Powder in use. Dose: One tablespoonful. Directions with each box. Sold by all Druggists, or sent by mail upon receipt of fifty cents. Chas. B. Smith, Wholesale Druggists, 863 & Broad St., Newark, N. J.

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patentability free greetly across from the rates. With my offices directly across from the rates. Office, and being in personal attendance there, office, and being in personal attendance there, and the personal preliminary searches, for the more vigorous and successful prosecution of applications for patent and for attending to all phenomena of the possible time.

FEES MODERATE, and exclusive attention given to potent business, information, advice and special related. R. LITTELL,

Solicitor and Attorney in Patent Causes,
Washington, D. C.,

(Mention this paper) Opposite U.S.Patent Offic

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The new Tariff Laws went into effect at 3 o'clock p. m. October 6, 1890. The great talk about making goods go up in price may be true to some extent, but with us it is all the contrary as we have just received the largest and most valuable considerance of

Dry Goods, Ready Made Clothing, Hats, **CAPS, GENTS FURNISHING GOODS** Carpets, Ladies and Misses' Cloaks, JACKETS, FURS & MUSLIN UNDERWEAR,

Ever received at the Lehigh Valley freight depot, at one time since this town has been known.

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Joseph Neuburger,

vious season before. Prices lower than the lowest at

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Ks.

Yours respectfully,

WOLCOTT WITTER.

DR. B. J. KENDALL, COLUMBUS, Ohio, April 4, 20.

Dear Sits: - I have been selling more of Kendall's ever before and Fint's Condition Powders than ever before and Fint's Condition Powders that the selling selling the selling selling the selling se DR. B. J. KENDALL CO., Dear Sira; —I have used a

KENDALI. Co., is well several bottles of your is :—I have used several bottles of your is Spavin Cure with perfect success, on a e and blooded mare that was quite lame lone Spavin. The mare is now entirely free meness and shows no bunch on the joint.

Respectfully, F. H. HUTGIRS. KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

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WE NEVER FAIL OF SUGUESS.

Recent acts of Congress extend the benefits of the pension laws to ALL DISABLED SOLDERS, no matter whether their disabilities DISES, no matter whether their disabilities of the pension of the pensions. service, it now in neces, and service, it now in neces, say with stamp for return postage, C. L. EBERHART, Att'y-at-Law, Beaver Falls, Beaver Co., Pa

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