FREELAND TRIBUNE.

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—BY—

THOS. A. BUCKLEY,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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FREELAND, PA., MARCH 20, 1890.

ECKLEY B. COXE, of Drifton, is getting a big boom for the Democratic nomination for Congress. The recognized Democratic organs appear to have their instructions. There is a wide difference of opinion as to the vote that Coxe would poll in the mining regions.—Kingston *Times*.

THEY need to learn just one more lesson, and that is that they can never hope to have their ideas of tariff reform realized by sending to Congress a lot of representatives who are owned body and soul and boots by the trusts and monopolies. Let these farmers repudiate the Republican party, and learn to vote the straight Democratic ticket, and the light will begin to shine.

THE "protected" coal miners of the United States have reason to envy the superior condition of their brethren in free-trade England. Not merely the English miners, but English workingmen in all pursuits, have felt the beneficent influence of the repeal of their protective tariff laws. While the cost of living has declined, the rates of wages have steadily advanced under a policy which has made England the chief manufacturing and commercial nation of the world.—Philadelphia *Record*.

THE worst feature of the unusual weather conditions that have prevailed this winter is the damage that appears to have been done to growing wheat in a large section of the West. The favorable weather of the early winter advanced the plants more than usual, and two successive hard frosts in March have apparently killed them. Nothing could have been more unfavorable to early vegetation than the spring-like days of February, followed by the unusual cold weather of a few days in March.

THE people of Freeland were treated on Wednesday, March 12th, to an object lesson in protection. The occasion being the sale advertised to take place at the Central Hotel, of carriages, buggies, harness, etc. The ordinance of the Borough of Freeland says: "No sale by auction shall take place in the borough unless the owner of the goods to be sold is a bonafide resident of the borough for six months previous." On this occasion a party from Hazleton advertised the sale above mentioned, and on the date fixed for it were promptly stopped by Burgess Cowen. They then went outside the borough and began to sell, when Constable Sault put in an appearance and arrested the whole crowd, who gave bail for their appearanceat court.

The reader will no doubt ask, "What has this to do with protection?" It is this. The borough has a protective plank in its ordinance for the benefit of its merchants and business men, while the purchasers ignore such a system, as was evidenced by the howl that went up from the would-be buyers when they found that the sale was stopped. This requires no comment whatever. The men who have goods to sell clamors for protection, while the man who wants to buy is anxious to buy it in the cheapest market.

Much indignation was indulged in by would-be buyers, residents of the borough as well as outsiders, at the action of the Burgess in stopping the sale. Yet these same men, merchants and buyers will go to the poll and vie with each other in voting for protection.

Ballot Reform and the Constitution.

Some very well meaning persons in this State are inadvertently playing into the hands of the enemies of Ballot Reform by insisting that an amendment of the Constitution would be necessary for the introduction of the Australian system into Pennsylvania. The machine politicians have already taken the cue, and upon this hint the sneaking opposition to Ballot Reform will doubtless be carried on in the next Legislature. Whether the managers of the next Republican State Convention will boldly take high constitutional ground or endeavor to escape the question of Ballot Reform in an unmeaning generality remains to be seen. But the Democratic State Convention cannot afford to resort to any double-dealing on this important issue; and is not in the least likely to do so.

As has been frequently shown, there is nothing in the Constitution of Pennsylvania which prevents the adoption of the essential features of the Australian system—those which require all ballots to be printed and issued by the public authorities at public expense and the erection of booths or stalls in which voters may secretly make up their tickets without molestation. It is contended, however, that the provision of the Constitution of Pennsylvania requiring all tickets to be numbered is destructive of the secret ballot, and therefore incongruous with the Australian system. Whatever may be the weight of this objection to the policy of the Constitution, it does not involve a constitutional question. The whole strength of the objection lies in the plea that the Australian ballot system would be less effective while the provision of the Constitution requiring the numbering of ballots should remain in force.

But the framers of the Constitution maintained that they were providing amply for protecting the secrecy of the ballot when they made it a misdemeanor for an election officer to disclose how any citizen has voted. Experience has justified this view; for the instances in which the secrets of the ballot-box have been disclosed by prying officials are exceedingly rare. In fact, in the counting of hundreds of votes the election officers seldom stop to compare the contents of the ballot with its number in order to identify the voter. Even dishonest election officers would not commit perjury and incur the risk of imprisonment for nothing.

The Constitution, for the further security of the suffrage, provides that any voter may write his name on his ticket if he choose. In some modifications of the Australian system the voter is prohibited from disclosing the names of the candidates for whom he has voted. But this would be carrying the principle of the secret ballot to an unnecessary and absurb length. The citizen has as good a right to declare for whom he has voted as he has to express freely his opinions on any other subject.

But the provisions of the Constitution as to numbering tickets and writing names upon them, while affording sufficient protection to the secret ballot, are salutary means of preventing as well as of exposing election frauds. They create the secret records which, when brought to light in any proper judicial inquiry, inevitably cause the detection and punishment of dishonest election officers. Instead of being inconsistent with the Australian system or any other genuine Ballot Reform, they would give it increased strength. It would be more reasonable to call a convention to put these provisions into the Constitution, if not already there, than to call a convention for the purpose of taking them out of it.

Correspondence From the Capitol.

WASHINGTON, March 18, '90.

It is probable that the investigation of the Civil Service Commission which has just ended will lead to no satisfactory conclusion either way. The House committee is very apt to take the ground that the business which they have mainly in hand is to search impartially into the workings of the system, and accordingly it is quite likely that they may regard the administrative misbaps which some of the Commissioners have incurred as of slight importance, and as having little bearing on the general question. Beyond doubt Commissioner Lyman favored his brother-in-law, Campbell, but in such circumstances men will act similarly to the close of time—whether there be any Civil Service law or no. Civil Service law is immaterial. But the strange and utterly inadequate method by which the Commission undertook to try important officials and report upon their efficiency or non-efficiency—their conformity or non-comformity to law, cannot be easily explained. Their mode of proceeding in this matter will strike the average mind as being unfair and un-American, and the censure which will probably weigh most heavily on the Commission will be on this account.

Whatever conclusion the committee may arrive at the investigation will impress the people at large with the belief that the present Commissioners are not thoroughly efficient. Whether this belief in their inefficiency is due to their want of knowledge of, or their want of harmony with, the real spirit of a real civil service reform; or is owing to mere personal lack of discretion, is difficult to determine. It would not, however, be surprising if the present contention should lead to some changes in the Commission.

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Everybody has heard of old grandma searching all over the house for the spectacles which were very conspicuous on her own forehead, and of little Jonnny laughing at the old woman's vain chase. It seems to me that the Senate in searching for the leakaged Senatorial secrets is very much like the old woman looking for her spectacles, and it is very little wonder that the Johnnies laugh. Senators ought to know that fully one-third of their number, at one time or another, give to the newspapers full and detailed accounts of the proceedings had in secret sessions, that a much larger number are always willing to tell, in a general way, what has been done, and that there is hardly a member of the Senate who will not accommodate a newspaper reporter so far as to tell him that a certain thing has not been done if it has not. Apart from this, which is a moderate estimate of the general politeness and obligiveness of United States Senators, everybody who knows anything knows that it is a poor newspaper man that doesn't "own his Senator," as the phrase goes. The members of the Senator Dolph's Inquisition seem to be oblivious of the fact, that generally speaking, every Senator has a newspaper correspondent for private secretary. They also know that this private secretary correspondent never does any of the work of a private secretary and that he never receives any of the pay, but that it is simply an arrangement under which the Senator is to help the correspondent to news, and that the correspondent will help the Senator to fame.

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Every stranger who visits Washington remarks upon the hovel-appearance of the city. On almost every hand this half-built feature is brought to their notice. On prominent residence streets and busy thoroughfares the view is the same. Our great Capitol building inclosed by its beautiful park, is surrounded by small one-story shops and tumbledown frame shanties. Representative Henderson's new house, one of the handsomest in the city, is surrounded by hovels. Senator Sawyer's imposing residence is likewise crowded by objectionable frames. Just below the British Minister's are several dilapidated frames, and adjoining ex-Speaker Carlisle's home is another eyesore; and thus it runs over the entire city. Sixteenth street, overlooking the White House, Lafayette Square and Scott Circle is one hundred and sixty feet wide, and should be our most beautiful street. However, its very centre is stifled by old frame houses, prices are very high, and very few people have the courage to pioneer such a district.

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American judges, as a rule, receive small salaries. The House bill raising all district judges' salaries to $4,500 per annum, and all circuit judges' salaries to $5,000 has been favorable reported, and the Senate bill to give the districts judges $5,000 and upward having passed that body, one or the other of these measures ought to be enacted. First-class lawyers are reluctant to accept judgeships because they cannot afford to surrender for the salaries offered the earnings of a successful lawyer. The country ought to have first-class lawyers on the bench and therefore the salaries should be raised. R.

ANNUAL REPORT
—AND—
BALANCE SHEET
—OF THE—
Middle Coal Field Poor District,

For the Year Ending December 31st, 1889.

Unexpended balance Jan. 1, 1888 $10,424 69

ANNUAL RECEIPTS, 1889.

Rec'd on tax duplicate of 1887	$ 857 68	
" " " " " 1888	2,684 18	
" " " " " 1889	20,162 55	
Rec'd of Danl. Cannon for 2 old mules	30 00	
Rec'd of S. A. Wehr, bal., after paying return judges '88, '89	27 10	
Rec'd of Fire Insurance Co., and unseated land tax in Luzerne and Carbon counties, 1882, '83, '86, '87, '88	7,778 60	
Rec'd of J. G. Eadie refunded money	26 05	
Rec'd of C. M. Eberts funds of Patrick Carrol	225 00	
Rec'd of A. Coll, Steward's account	104 18	31,945 24
Total receipts and balance		$42,370 02
To amount to balance		4,955 47
		$47,325 50

DISBURSEMENTS.

Auditing expenses	20 00	
Conveying paupers	742 44	
Clothing, boots and shoes	1,709 03	
Conveying paupers to Danville	47 90	
Dry goods and notions	830 29	
Election expenses	286 90	
Farm expenses	3,778 26	
Freight and express	225 76	
Fuel and light	1,270 08	
Farm implements	871 81	
Groceries and provisions	6,018 61	
House fixtures	24 25	
" expenses	556 62	
Hospital expenses	236 00	
Insurance, 3 years	700 20	
Improvements	5,435 51	
Investigating paupers residence	35 00	
Legal fees and expenses	5 50	
Medicines and medical attendance first 3 months, $291.46; 9 months, $500.31	791 71	
Maintenance of insane	6,298 27	
Office expenses, safe, making tax duplicate, adjusting Carbon Co. assessments, stationery, etc	357 94	
Outdoor relief—Luzerne dist.	3,035 00	
" " Middle "	1,389 75	
" " Lower "	2,454 83	
" Burial—Luzerne "	624 66	
" " Middle "	52 67	
" " Lower "	232 67	
" " Medical attendance	285 63	
Printing and publishing	536 35	
Paid other districts, $91.00; Children's Aid Society, $212.25	303 25	
Repairs to buildings	1,967 59	
Refunded taxes	59 25	
Salaries and expenses—Directors, $800.00; A. Coll, steward and matron, $625.00; Secretary, $300.00; Physician, $300.00; Warden, $120.00	2,245 00	
Live stock	3,477 00	
Tobacco	309 57	47,325 50

OUTSTANDING ON TAX DUPLICATES.

Thomas Mullery, Col. Banks Twp., 1870	$ 30 39
John Rothrock, Col., Banks Twp., 1874	3 32
J. E. Jenkins, Col., M. Chunk Twp., 1875	52 59
M. Hannon, Col., M. Chunk Twp., 1883	160 72
E. W. Dewitt, Col., Weatherly Borough, 1886	65 00
*H. L. Reihman, Col., E. M. Chunk Borough, 1888	254 40
*Jno. Painter, Col., M. Chunk Borough, 1888	45 42

OUTSTANDING ON TAX DUPLICATES SUBJECT TO EXONERATION AND GOMMISSIONS.

A. P. Goedecke, Col., Jeddo boro	$ 21 27
†Bernard McLaughlin, Col., Freeland Borough, 1889	158 49
*Thos. Elliott, Col., Foster Twp., 1889	865 15
†Patk. Smith, Col., Hazle Twp., 1889	2,211 61
*John Korn, Col., W. Hazleton, Borough, 1889	196 24
*John Painter, Col., M. Chunk Borough, 1889	608 95
*W. W. Buck, Col., Weatherly Borough, 1889	491 74
*H. L. Reihman, Col., E. M. Chunk Borough, 1889	237 49
James Butler, Col., M. Chunk Twp., 1889	2,088 13
*Thos. B. Carr, Col., Banks Twp., 89	1,448 65
Wm. Heister, Col., Lansford Borough, 1889	538 00
†L. G. Lubrecht, Col., Hazleton Borough, 1889	1,633 72

Since balances were struck exoneration lists have been filed and statements or commissions made but not acted upon by those marked (*) thus, and settlements in full have been made by those marked (†) thus.

Total amount of expenditures were $47,325.50, from which deduct the following items not chargeable to the cost of maintenance of inmates.

Salaries and expenses	$2,245 00	
Conveying paupers	742 44	
" " to Danville	47 90	
Election expenses	286 90	
Legal fees and expenses	5 50	
Maintenance of insane at State Hospital	6,298 27	
Outdoor relief	6,879 58	
Paid other districts	303 25	
Printing	536 55	
Repairs to buildings	1,967 59	
Outdoor medical attendance	285 63	
Refunded taxes	59 25	
Am't paid for live stock	3,477 00	
Outdoor burial	910 00	
House fixtures	24 25	
Insurance	750 00	
Improvements	5,435 51	
Investigating paupers residence	35 00	32,339 82
Net cost of inmates for year		$14,995 68
" " " " per month		6 94
" " " " week		1 62
" " " " day		23

The whole number of inmates of the almshouse and hospital during the year 1889 were 265 men, 72 women, 14 boys, 9 girls. Total, 360. The total number of days support given them was 65,700, or and average daily number of inmates of 180.

The whole number of tramps and vagrants relieved during the year were 285, to whom were furnished 1425 meals.

The whole number of persons who received outdoor relief during the year were 234 men and women and 273 children.

During the year 1889 57 indigent insane persons, residents of this poor district, have been maintained at the State Hospital, Danville, Pa., of this number 1 male adult died, 3 female adults died and 28 male adults and 25 female adults remained December 31, 1889.

D. A. Furey, Thos. Clemens, Geo. W. Miller, } Directors.

Attest; W. A. Grimes, Secretary.

STEWARD'S AND MATRON'S REPORT.

During the year Steward received for pigs sold	$ 18 00	
For 2 cows	48 00	
" cash received	4 00	
" money refunded by P. F. McNulty	8 00	
" money due Dominick Sweeney by Pardee & Co	10 73	
" board of Mike Domyok	15 45	
Received on orders of Directors	2,495 00	$2,599 18

DISBURSEMENTS.

Farm labor, teamsters, firemen, warden, cooks, seamstress, freight and express and other accounts as per vouchers and receipts exhibited to the Auditors	$2,645 99
Bal. due the Steward Dec, 31, '89	$46 81

All the above receipts and expenditures by the Steward are included in the foregoing general account.

PRODUCE OF THE FARM FOR 1889.

100 tons hay, 1200 bushels rye, 200 bushels corn, 1600 bushels oats, 250 bushels buckwheat, 500 bushels potatoes, 25 bushels red beets, 4500 heads cabbage, and usual garden vegetables. 10bbls krout. 800 pounds butter, 4000 lbs pork, 650 lbs lard, 500 lbs veal, 1100 lbs beef, 2500 lbs hard soap, 18 bbls soft soap.

STOCK ON THF FARM.

8 horses, 12 cows, 6 heifers, 2 bulls, 12 hogs, 60 shoats, 100 fowls.

MACHINERY, IMPLEMENTS AND TOOLS.

4 two-horse wagons, 1 buckboard, 1 cart, 3 two-horse sleds, 2 sleighs, 5 plows, 2 cultivators, 2 harrows, 1 grain drill, 1 double corn planter, 2 mowing machines, 1 reaper and binder, 1 reaper, 2 horse rakes, 1 four-horse power thrashing machine, 1 fanning mill, 1 corn sheller, 1 stump machine, 1 land roller, and usual small tools and utensils used about a farm.

ARTICLES MADE IN THE HOUSE.

150 women's dresses, 33 children's dresses, 20 infant's dresses, 18 infant's chemises, 90 women's aprons, 30 child's aprons, 120 women's chemises, 20 child's chemises, 30 women's drawers, 15 child's drawers, 80 night gowns, 45 underwaists, 96 bed sheets, 115 pillow cases, 86 straw bolsters, 50 bed ticks, 90 women's petticoats, 20 children's petticoats, 23 infant's petticoats, 12 shrouds, 10 shirts, 50 crash towels, 60 canton flannel towels, 40 night gowns, 20 night caps, 36 table napkins, 8 table cloths.

Inventory and approximate value of real estate and personal property as taken and computed by the directors and auditors,

381 acres land @ $50 per acre	$19,050 00
Barn and other farm buildings	7,500 00
Alms house main building	12,000 00
Hospital building and fixtures	25,000 00
Boiler house, laundry and fixtures	5000 00
Chop mill and water works	2500 00
Gas machine and fixtures	500 00
Hose furniture in all buildings	2500 00
Farm implements and machinery	2000 00
Live stock	3340 00
Farm produce on hand	4500 00

INMATES OF THE HOUSE AND HOSPITAL.

Male adults remaining Dec. 31, 1889	140	
Female adults remaining Dec. 31, '89	48	
Male children remaining Dec. 31, 1889	6	
Female children remaining Dec. 31, '89	4	198
Male adults admitted during the year	125	
Female adults admitted during year	24	
Male children admitted during year	8	
Female children admitted during year	5	
Total number of inmates for the year	360	360
Male adults died during the year	21	
Female adults died during the year	8	
Children died during the year	3	32
Male adults discharged and removed	82	
Female adults discharged and removed	17	
Children removed and placed in private families	41	162
Total remaining Dec. 31, 1889		198

CLASSIFICATION OF NUMBER REMAINING.

Male adults	140
Female adults	48
Male children	6
Female children	4

Of the number remaining there were in the hospital 53 males and 23 females, of the adults 14 males and 9 females were insane. In the almshouse there were 87 males and 25 females.

Of the children 4 boys and 4 girls were under 7 years of age, and 2 boys were under 10 years of age.

DIED DURING THE YEAR.

	DATE	AGE
Unknown Hungarian	Jan.	1
Hugh Coll	Feb.	14, 73 yrs.
John Munday	Feb.	19, 87 "
Mike Zelman	March	3, 50 "
John McFadden	March	15, 75 "
James Curran	March	3,110 "
Mary Williams	April	7, 70 "
Mary Cool	March	3, 35 "
Timothy Gleason	April	3, 69 "
John Gossamer	April	12, 35 "
Mike Bonike	April	17, 45 "
Mike Moclea	May	7, 45 "
John Follar	June	5, 45 "
Mrs. Cunningham	June	8, 80 "
Michael McNealis	June	22, 75 "
Ann Hughes' child	July	31, 4 days
Bella Walker's child	Aug.	2, 7 "
Anthony Sweeney	Aug.	2, 40 yrs.
John Gaffaney	Aug.	6, 60 "
Mrs Rohrbach	Aug.	17, 65 "
Jacob Shearback	Aug.	26, 30 "
Mrs. McClafferty's child	Sept.	6, 5 days
George Sebold	Sept.	1, 60 yrs.
Stephen Geuovis	Sept.	6, 38 "
Catharine McClafferty	Aug.	8, 35 "
Martine Grose	Sept.	23, 55 "
Nancy Dorien	Oct.	7, 90 "
Wassil Molerock	Oct.	23, 50 "
John Walsher	Nov.	25, 30 "
And. Pousky	Dec.	10, 28 "
Mike Spellocks	Dec.	25, 25 "
Bridget McNealis	Sept	8, 65 "

ANTHONY COLL, Steward.
SARAH COLL, Matron.

MIDDLE COAL FIELD POOR DISTRICT.
FEBRUARY 24, 1890.

We the undersigned Auditors of the Middle Coal Field Poor District do hereby certify that we have examined the foregoing accounts, receipts and vouchers for the expenditures of the Directors and Steward and find them correct as above stated.

JOSEPH P. SALMON, S. F. BEHLER, JAMES FITZGERALD, } Auditors.

IDEAL TOOTH POWDER

Please ask your dealer for
IDEAL TOOTH POWDER.
Four medals received, each the highest.
An Engraving 20 x 24 without Advertising
WITH EACH TWO BOTTLES.
BEAN & VAIL BROTHERS, Philadelphia,
M'f'rs of Peep O' Day Perfume.

FOR SALE OR RENT on reasonable terms, the Hotel lately occupied by Hugh Elliott, South Heberton. Apply to JOHN D. HAYES, Freeland.

FOR RENT.—The store and dwelling now occupied by John Turnbach, in the Birkbeck brick, corner of Main and Centre streets, Freeland, is offered for rent from May 1st, 1890. For terms apply to THOMAS BIRKBECK, Freeland, Pa.

FOR SALE.—Two good cows and a calf, one a Durham, 3 years old, the other a Jersey breed, 6 years old (and calf), will be sold at a bargain. Apply to EDWARD QUINN, Highland, Pa.

B. F. DAVIS,
Dealer in
Flour, Feed, Grain,
HAY, STRAW, MALT, &c.,
Best Quality of
Clover & Timothy SEED.
Zemany's Block, 15 East Main Street, Freeland.

PRITCHARD & WILLIAMS,
—dealers in—
CIGARS, TOBACCO,
Temperance Drink,
Candies Etc. 47 Washington St, Freeland.

Fisher & Cornelius,
BUTCHERS,
and dealers in all kinds of
Fresh & Cured Meats,
Home Made Sausage, Pudding, Pon Haus, Head Cheese and Blood Pudding.
ALL MEAT IS HOME DRESSED,
Corner Centre and Walnut Sts.

A. RUDEWICK,
GENERAL STORE.
SOUTH HEBERTON, PA.
Clothing, Groceries, Etc., Etc.

Agent for the sale of
PASSAGE TICKETS
From all the principal points in Europe to all points in the United States.

Agent for the transmission of
MONEY
To all parts of Europe. Checks, Drafts, and Letters of Exchange on Foreign Banks cashed at reasonable rates.

J. J. POWERS
has opened a
MERCHANT TAILOR'S and GENTS' FURNISHING
ESTABLISHMENT
at 110 Centre Street, Freeland, and is not in partnership with any other establishment but his own, and attends to his business personally.
Ladies' outside garments cut and fitted to measure in the latest style.

PATENTS
Caveats and *Re-issues* secured, *Trade-Marks* registered, and all other patent causes in the Patent Office and before the Courts promptly and carefully prosecuted.
Upon receipt of *model* or *sketch* of invention, I make careful examination, and advise as to patentability *free of charge.*
With my offices *directly across from the Patent Office*, and being in personal attendance there, it is apparent that I have superior facilities for making prompt preliminary searches, for the more vigorous and successful prosecution of applications for patent, and for attending to all business entrusted to my care, in the shortest possible time.
FEES MODERATE, and *exclusive attention given to patent business.* Information, advice and special references sent on request.
J. R. LITTELL,
Solicitor and Attorney in Patent Causes,
Washington, D. C.,
(*Mention this paper*) Opposite U.S. Patent Office.

ARMOUR'S
Chicago Dressed Beef
RECEIVED FRESH DAILY.
This Beef is from rigidly inspected cattle, slaughtered in the most cleanly manner, and is the cheapest and best animal food to be procured. Wholesale only.
Freeland Beef Co.,
FREELAND, PA.

MISS ANNIE COSTELLO
has opened a
NEW DRESS MAKING ESTABLISHMENT
at the residence of Archie Phillips, Chestnut Street, below Washington, where all kinds of plain and fancy sewing will be done in the best possible manner.

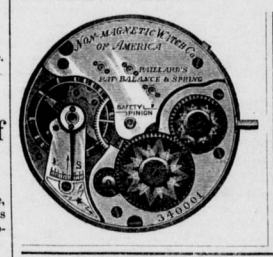
IF YOU ARE DRY, AND WANT the worth of your money, just give
Patrick Carey
a call. He keeps the best beer and the —largest schooner.—
Fine Rye Whiskey, Old Wines, Porter, Ale, Cigars and AGARIC, *the Great Nerve Tonic.*
Centre Street, below South, Freeland.

O'DONNELL & Co.,
Dealers in
—GENERAL—
MERCHANDISE,
Groceries, Provisions, Tea, Coffee, Queensware, Glassware, &c.
FLOUR, FEED, HAY, Etc.
We invite the people of Freeland and vicinity to call and examine our large and handsome stock. Don't forget the place.
Next Door to the Valley Hotel.

OUR LARGE STOCK OF
DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, TOBACCO,
and all kinds of
GENERAL MERCHANDISE
cannot be surpassed in Freeland.
☞ We invite special attention to our line of Furniture, which is equal to any in Lower Luzerne.
J. P. McDonald,
S. W. Corner Centre and South Sts., Freeland.

To Horse Owners!
Blankets, Buffalo robes and all
WINTER GOODS,
reduced away down to rock-bottom prices.
All goods needed by horse owners have been reduced to the lowest possible price.
GEO. WISE
Centre Street, Freeland, and Jeddo, Pa.

CLEARING SALE!
GOODS MUST GO.
We Need Room.
Our Large Store is Full of Bargains.
Reductions in all Departments for the Next Thirty Days.
Our Spring Stock Will Arrive Early. Room Must be Made.
PRICES NO OBJECT, MAKE YOUR OWN.
Come to us before going elsewhere. Money will do wonders for the next thirty days.
Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Shawls, Carpets, etc.
Ready Made Clothing for Men, Boys and Children.
JOSEPH NEUBERGER,
BRICK STORE
FREELAND, PENN'A.



WATCHES

Biggest Inducement Ever Offered in Freeland!
Read Carefully and Be Convinced!

Silver Cases, Elgin or Illinois Movement	$ 5 50 and up
Silver Cases, Elgin, Waltham or Springfield Movement	10 00 and up
Ladies' 14 Karat Filled Cases, Elgin or Springfield Movement	18 00 and up
Ladies' 14 Karat Solid Gold Cases, Elgin or Springfield Movement	27 00 and up
Gents' James Boss 14 2-10 Karat Filled Cases, Elgin or Springfield	40 00 and up

Also a large stock of P. S. Bartlett and Paillard non-magnetic movements. Also a complete stock of solid gold and band rings from $1.50 and up. Call and inspect goods before purchasing elsewhere. Largest stock and lowest prices at
E. M. GERITZ'S, Leading Jeweler,
Opposite Birkbeck Brick, Centre Street, Freeland, Penn'a.

BOOTS AND SHOES.
A Large Stock of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, Etc. Also
HATS, CAPS and GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS of All Kinds.
A Special Line Suitable for This Season.
GOOD MATERIAL! LOW PRICES!
HUGH MALLOY,
Corner Centre and Walnut Sts., Freeland.

THOMAS BIRKBECK, 35 Centre St., Freeland, Pa.
Wholesale and Retail.

STOVES,
HEATERS,
RANGES,
REPAIRING,
FIRE ARMS,
TINWARE,
HARDWARE.
All kinds of plumbing and spouting done at short notice in the most approved style. We carry the largest stock of goods in Freeland and extend an invitation to the public to inspect them

RIP VAN WINKLE RECLINING AND ROCKING CHAIR.
THE
200 POSITIONS.

"GREATEST ON EARTH"
MAKES—15—PIECES FURNITURE.
HAS NEW ROCKING PRINCIPLE.
NOISELESS, PERFECT ACTION, MODERATE PRICES.
A BEAUTIFUL PRESENT, A COMFORT EVERY HOUSEHOLD NEEDS, BUY ONE.
BEST INVALID'S CHAIR IN THE WORLD!
SEND FOR CIRCULARS AT ONCE. WALTER HEYWOOD CHAIR M'F'G CO., NEW YORK.

Job Printing Done at the Tribune Office.