Chronology of the Year

> 1928 E. W. PICKARD

DOMESTIC

Jan. 2—President Coolidge held big
New Year's reception in White House.
Jan. 4—Three bodies taken from
sunken submarine S.4.
Assistant Secretary of War Hanford
MacNider, resigned and President appointed Col. Charles B. Robbins of
Iowa to succeed him.
Jan. 8—Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Lasker
gave \$1,000,000 to University of Chicago for medical research.
Seventeen bodies taken from wreck
of the S-4 identified.
Jan. 11—Mexican documents published by Hearst papers declared
by senate investigating committee to
be forred.
Fifteen more bodies taken from

he hubs.

ith ice.

them a

concrete

sts that

oil and

bear the

base but

sylvania

nown oil

ies. The

arefully

aterials

em with perience

ient can

cognized

standard

MMERVILLE

TV-AT-LAW

Good Bui' 'ng.

8--0--8--0--8--0--8--0--8--0--8--0--

LMER

ive. The

becomes

valued ve, and

active.

e upon

Frank L.

ssistants.

,000.00

,000.00 ,000.00

TOWN, PENNA

by senate investigating committee to be forged.

Fifteen more bodies taken from wreck of the S-4.

Jan. 12—Democrats selected Houston, Texas, for their national convention and set June 26 for its opening. Mrs. Ruth Snyder and Henry J. Gray electrocuted in Sing Sing for murder of woman's husband.

Jan. 13—President and Mrs. Coolidge and party left Washington for Havana. Cuba.

Jan. 19—Senate adopted resolution declaring vacant the seat of Senator-Elect Frank L. Smith of Illinois, President Coolidge returned to Washington from Cuba.

Elect Frank L., Smith of Illinois.
President Coolidge returned to WashIngton from Cuba.
Jan. 20—President Cosgrave of
Irish Free State arrived in New York.
Jan. 23—President Cosgrave of Ireland called on President Coolidge and
other officials.
A. P. Giannini. San Francisco banker, gave \$1.500.000 to University of
California.
Jan. 31—Senate passed Jones bill for
continuation of government owned and
operated merchant marine.
Feb. 3—Senate arrested Robert W
Stewart, Standard Oil of Indiana official, for refusal to answer certain
questions in Teapot Dome inquiry.
Feb. 10—Senate adopted resolution
opposing third term for President,
Feb. 12—Herbert Hoover announced
his Presidential candidacy by entering
the Ohio primaries.
Feb. 15—Senate called for investigation of public utilities by trade commission.
Feb. 16—Gov. Ed. Jackson of Indiana
Feb. 16—Gov. Ed. Jackson of Indiana

Feb. 15—Senate called for investigation of public utilities by trade commission.

Feb. 16—Gov. Ed Jackson of Indiana freed of bribery charges because of statute of limitations.

Senate ordered investigation of coal mining conditions in Pennsylvania West Virginia and Ohio.

Feb. 20—Fresident appointed Representative W. R. Green of Iowa as judge of court of claims.

Feb. 21—H. F. Sinclair, H. M. Day, W. J. Burns and W. S. Burns found guilty of criminal contempt of court in oil scandal case by Justice Siddons of District of Columbia Supreme court.

Naval court inquiry placed blame for S-4 disaster on commanders of submarine and destroyer Paulding, Feb. 23—House naval affairs committee scrapped the administration navy program, substituting a bill calling for iffteen cruisers and one aircraft carrier within six years.

March 2—Grand jury indicted Col R. W. Stewart for contempt of senate, in connection with Dome oil case. Senate passed bill for registration of lobbylsts.

Senator Walsh of Idaho entered Democratic race for Presidential nomination.

March 16—Rodman Wanamaker's

Democratic race for Presidential nomination.

March 16—Rodman Wanamaker's will provided for \$2,000,000 for trade school as memorial to his father.

Senate rejected reappointment of John J. Esch of Wisconsin to interstate commerce commission.

March 17—House passed \$274,000,000 naval bill providing for 15 cruisers and one plane carrier.

March 21—Chicago school board found Juperintendent McAndrew guilty of insubordination and ousted him.

March 26—Revised McNary-Hauken farm relief bill reported favorably by house agriculture committee.

March 27—House passed bill appropriating \$350,000,000 for naval construction

March 28—Senate passed Jones bill

ruction March 28—Senate passed Jones bill oppropriating \$325,000,000 for flood march 28—Senate passed Jones but appropriating \$255,000,000 for flood control.

March 20—George Remus, former "bootleg king" and slayer of his wife, found sane by Ohio Court of Appeals.

Senate confirmed all pending appointments to radia comprision. ments to radio commission, March 31—Arthur H. Vandenberg of Grand Rapids appointed senator from Michigan to fill out term of Government completed purchase of Cape Cod canal.

Cape Cod canal.

April 5—Cyrus Locher of Cleveland appointed senator from Ohio to fill out term of late Senator Willis.

April 9—United States Supreme court upheld validity of flexible tariff law.

April 12—Senate passed McNary farm relief bill.

April 16—Socialist national convention nominated Norman Thomas for April 16—Socialist national conven-tion nominated Norman Thomas for President and James H. Maurer for Vice President, April 21—Harry F. Sinclair acquit-ted by fury in Teapot Dome conspiracy

April 24—House passed flood control bill.

April 25—Senate passed the \$360,000,000 naval appropriation bill after defeating amendments attacking President's policy in Nicaragua.

April 30—Senate ordered an investigation of Presidential campaign expenditure

gation of Presidential campaign expenditures.

May 3—House passed the Haugen farm relief bill.

May 4—Senator T. J. Walsh withdrew as candidate for Democratic Presidential nomination.

May 5—House passed White bill to encourage the merchant marine.

Max Mason resigned as president of University of Chicago.

May 7—House passed bill raising pay of 135,000 government employees.

May 9—Senate passed flood control bill, modified, to avoid a veto.

May 10—Senate passed bill to reorganize diplomatic service piomotion system.

May 10—Senate passed bill to reorganize diplomatic service promotion system.

May 15—President Coolidge signed flood relief bill.

May 18—Senate voted full publicity for tax returns.

May 21—Senate passed finance bill cutting taxes \$205,875,000.

May 22—House overrode President's veto of postal pay raise bill.

May 23—President Coolidge vetoed the McNary-Haugen farm relief bill.

May 25—Congress passed the Muscle Shoals bill and the house passed the Boulder Dam bill. Senate failed by 4 votes to pass farm relief bill over President's veto.

May 25—House and senate approved conference report of bill reducing taxes \$223 000 000.

May 23—Congress adjourned, leav

May 29—Congress adjourned, leaving Boulder Dam bill unfinished business before the senate.

President signed tax reduction bill.
May 30-President Coolidge delivered
Memorial day address at Gettysburg.
May 31-President Coolidge selected
Cedar Island lodge on Brule river,
northern Wisconsin, as summer White
House.

June 7—President Coolidge let Muscle Shoals bill die without veto or June 13—President and Mrs. Coolidge left for Wisconsin camp.
June 14—Herbert Hoover nominated for President by Republican convention 'n Kansas City.
June 15—Republican convention nominated Senator Charles Curtis for Vice President.

June 7—Governor Ritchie of Mary-

President.

June 17—Governor Ritchie of Maryland withdrew from Democratic Presidential race in favor of Al Smith.

June 20—Ohio Supreme court freed George Remus. wife-slayer from insane asylum. sane asylum.

June 21—Secretary of the Interior

Rubert C. Work made chairman of legalishing national committee.

In 23—Senator Joseph T. Robinson of the process of the convention for Vice President. State of the convention of Vice President. State of Vice President. State of the convention of Vice President. State of the convention of Vice President. State of the convention of Vice President. State of Vice reaty.

Reuben Clark of Utah appointed under secretary of state.

Aug 21—W. F. Whiting of Holyoke, Mass., paper manufacturer, appointed secretary of commerce and sworn in.

Aug. 26—Director of the Budget Lord estimated the treasury deficit for this fiscal year would be \$94.276.346.

Sept. 4—Mrs. Florence Knapp. former secretary of state of New York, convicted of embezzlement of state funds sentenced to 30 days in fall.

Sept. 10—Republicans won Maine state election by heavy majorities.

Sept. 11—John Coolidge, son of Fresident. began work as clerk for New Haven railroad.

Sept. 12—President and Mrs. Coolidge eturned to Washington.

Sept. 12—John Reese elected commander in chief of the G. A. R.

Sept. 21—John Reese elected commander in chief of the G. A. R.

Sept. 30—Col. C. A. Lindbergh. Charles Evans Hughes, and Dr. F. M.

Chapman, ornithologist, awarded Roosevelt medals for distinguished service.

Oct. 3—Chicago Sanitary District opened new \$32,000,000 sewage disposal plant, best in world.

Oct. 6—Navy department let contracts or two huge dirigibles.

Oct. 8—American Legion convention opened in San Antonio.

United Spanish War Veterans met in Havana, Cuba.

United 3tates Supreme court upheld right of Canadians to cross the border daily to work in states.

Oct. 10—Triennial convention of Episcopal church opened in Washington.

Oct. 11—Paul V. McNutt of Indiana elected national commander of Amer-

Episcopal church opened in washington.
Oct. 11—Paul V, McNutt of Indiana elected national commander of American Legien.
Oct. 16—Attorney General Sargent ruled Sinclair's Salt Creek oil field contracts invalid.
Oct. 19—Battlefields National park in Virginia dedicated. President Coolidge speaking.

Oct. 19—Battleneius National park in Virginia dedicated. President Coolidge speaking.
Oct. 20—Congressional medal presented to Thomas A. Edison by President Coolidge.
Nov. 6—Hoover and Curtis, Republicans, elected President and Vice President of United States, receiving 444 electoral votes to 87 for Smith and Robinson, Democrats.
Arkansas voted for law to prohibit teaching of evolution in tax-supported schools.
Nov. 12—Walter Olson of Rio, III. won national corn husking championship at Fowler's Ind.
Nov. 19—United States Supreme court, upholding a New York law, declared the Ku Klux klan an undesirable organization.
President-Elect Hoover sailed from San Pedro for good will tour of Latin America.
Nov. 20—Robert W. Stewart oll mag.

President-Elect Hoover sailed from San Pedro for good will tour of Latin America.

Nov. 20—Robert W. Stewart oil magnate acquitted of perjury in Teapot Dome case by jury in Washington.

Engineers' commission reported to President Coolidge that cost estimates of Boulder Dam project were \$40.000.000 too low.

Nov 26—President-Elect Hoover made stops at Ampala, Honduras, and La Union. Salvador.

Annual report of governor of Alaska showed decrease in fishing and mining industries of the territory.

Nov. 27—Nicaraguans greeted Mr. Hoover at Corinto.

Nov. 28—Mr. Hoover visited San Jose, Costa Rica,
Engagement of Florence Trumbull to John Coolidge announced.

Nov. 29—Secretary of Commerce Whiting in annual report told of great prosperity of country.

Dec. 1—Hoover visited Ecuador.

Estelle Manville of New York married to Count Folke Bernadotte, nephew of king of Sweden.

Dec. 3—Short session of congress opened.

Dec. 4—President Coolidge's message

Dec. 4—President Coolidge's message was read to congress.

Dec. 5—Hoover welcomed by great crowds at Callao and Lima, Peru.

Dec. 7—House passed billion-dollar treasury and post office supply bill.

Dec. 10—Hoover received in Valoaraiso and Santiago, Chile.

Dec. 13—Hoover welcomed to Buenos Aires, Argentina. Dec. 13—Hoover welcomed to Buenos Aires, Argentina. Dec. 17—Hoover spent a day in Montevideo, Uruguay, Dec. 18—Hoover sailed for Rio de Janeiro on U. S. S. Utah.

INTERNATIONAL

INTERNATIONAL

Jan. 2—United States marines defeated Nicaraguan rebels in two-days' battle at Quilall.

Jan. 10—Pope Pius XI issued encyclical rejecting the movement for unity of all Christian churches.

Jan. 16—Pan-American conference opened in Havana, Cuba, with speeches by Presidents Coolidge and Machado.

Jan. 24—Rumania and Italy began conference on formation of bloc of southern European nations.

Jan. 26—United States marines in Nicaragua captured Sandino's stronghold at El Chipote,

Jan. 29—Germany and Lithuania signed arbitration treaty.

Jan. 30—Pan-American congress rejected Mexico's plan for reorganization of Pan-American union.

Feb. 6—New Franco-American arbitration treaty signed on one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of signing of first treaty by the two nations.

Feb. 10—Plan to make Pan-American union an American league of nations defeated in the Havana conference.

Radiophone service between America and Germany opened.

Feb. 13—Pan-American congress turned down Argentina's demand for declaration rgainst tariff walls between American republics.

Feb. 15—United States refused to let fan-American conference dictate its tween American republics.
Feb. 15—United States refused to let
Pan-American conference dictate its
Immigration policy.
F2b. 16—Honorio Pueyrredon announced his resignation as head of
Argentine delegation to Pan-American
congress and as ambassador to United
States because his demand for declaration against high tariffs was turned
down.

down.

Feb. 20—Pan-American congress adjourned after adopting resolutions generally satisfactory to the United States.

Feb. 21—Hungary destroyed five carloads of machine guns shipped from Italy on eve of inquiry by League of Nations council.

Feb. 27—Five American marines killed by Nicaraguan rebels.

Feb. 28—Secretary of State Kellogg told France the United States was ready to make treaties with all the great powers renouncing war as a national policy. Feb 21—Hungary destroyed five carloads of machine guns shipped from Italy on eve of inquiry by League of Nations council.

Feb 27—Five American marines killed by Nicaraguan rebels.

Feb 28—Secretary of State Kellogg told France the United States was ready to make treaties with all the great nowers renouncing war as a national policy.

March 7—Nicaragua congress warned by United States minister to adopt law guaranteeing election fair to both parties in that republic.

March 21—President Diaz decreed an

FOREIGN FOREIGN

Jan. 3—Dr. C. C. Wu appointed special envoy to Washington by Chinese Nationalist government.

Jan. 7—Lyman F. Barber, American engineer, kidnaped by Mexican bandits killed four of his guards and escaped Jan. 10—France removed ban on exportation of gold.

Jan. 15—Trotzky and other opposition leaders of Russia exiled to remote parts of Asiatic Russia.

Jan. 20—Conservative cabinet of Norway resigned.

Foreign business concerns agreed to pay Chinese Nationalist government's new taxes.

Feb. 1—James McNeill installed as governor general of the Irish Free State.

Feb. 9—Norway's labor cabinet resigned.

Feb. 12—Cleto Viquez elected President of Costa Rica.

Feb. 20—Government of Japan won at first universal suffrage election.

Feb. 25—Italians completed subjugation of the Tripoil littorial, defeating rebels in two big battles.

March 14—Priest and five prominent of Japan won at first universal suffrage election.

squad.
March 17—Miss Nancy Ann Miller of Seattle, Wash., wedded former maharajah of Indore at Bombay, India.
March 18—Nationalist government in China announced execution of 51 Chinese officers and soldiers responsible for Nanking massacra. comma announced execution of 51 Chinese officers and soldiers responsible for Nanking massacre.

March 25—All Italy celebrated ninth anniversary of Fascist party.

March 26—Famous Tower of Charlemagne at Tours, France, built in Twelfth century, collapsed

March 27—Dictator Pilsudski defeated by Communists in organization of new Polish parliament,

April 10—Turkish assembly passed bill separating church and state.

April 12—Attempt to assassinate king Victor Emmanuel of Italy in Milan by dynamite bomb resulted in 14 deaths.

April 15—Gen. Oscar Carmona inaugurated President of Portugal.

April 16—Chinese Nationalists won big victory over northerners in Shantung province.

April 30—Nationalists of China an.

urated President of Portugal.
April 16—Chinese Nationalists won big victory over northerners in Shantung province.
April 30—Nationalists of China announced occupation of almost all of Shantung province, and cut railway despite warning of the Japanese.
May 4—Chinese Nationalists battled with Japanese at Tsinan,
May 6—Two hundred thousand Rumanian peasants met at Albajulia and demanded the resignation of the Bratiano government.
May 11—Hipolito Irigoyen declared President-Elect of Argentina.
May 20—Nationalist party routed in German elections, Socialists making big gains.
May 22—Creek cabinet resigned.
May 29—Chinese Nationalists captured Paotingfu key to Peking defenses.
June 3—Marshal Chang left Peking for Mukden and was fatally injured when his train was bombed.
June 3—Chinese Nationalists began occupation of Peking.
June 9—Chinese Nationalists began occupation of Peking.
June 9—Chinese Nationalists captured Peking began occupation of Peking.
June 14—British house of commons rejected Church of England's revised prayer book.
June 20—Yugo-Slavian deputy killed fwo Croatian deputies and wounded four in row in parliament.
June 21—The Chinese Nationalists changed name f Peking to Peiping.
July 1—General Obregon elected President of Mexico.
July 4—Yugo-Slavian government resigned.
Alfred Loewenstein, Belgian multi-millionalre, disappeared from his plane

July 4—Yugo-diavian government resigned.

Alfred Loewenstein, Belgian multimillionaire, disappeared from his plane over the North sea.

July 11—Chinese Nationalists effected fiscal unity of the country after eight-day conference.

Ontar'o government seized great stores of liquor ready for smuggling into United States.

July 17—Gen. Alvaro Obregon, President-Elect of Mexico, assassinated.

July 19—Body of Capt. Alfred Loewenstein. Belgian millionaire, found in English channel.

July 21—Revolutionary attempt in Portugal crushed by loyal troops.

Luis Morones, labor leader, resigned from Mexican cabinet and fied.

July 25—Archbishop of Canterbury, primate of England. resigned effective November 12.

July 27—Dr. Cosmo Lang, archbishop of York, appointed archbishop of Canterbury and primate of all England.

July 30—Manchuria agreed to unite with Nationalist China, ignoring Japan's warning.

Aug. 1—Russian government named a dictator for distribution of the year's crops.

June 5-Southern Cross reached a, FII.
une 9—Southern Cross arrived safeat Brisbane, Australia.
olonel Lindbergh given first master
aeronauties degree by New York
versity. iversity. June 10—Southern Cross landed at June 10—Southern Cross landed at ydney, Australia,
June 12—Captain Carranza completed onston flight from Mexico City to Vashington.
June 17—Amelia Earhart and comanions, in airplane Friendship, hopped ff from Trepassey, N. F.
June 18—Captain Amundsen and five impanions lost in attempt to reach obile party in plane.
Airplane Friendship anded in Burry let, Wales.

Wales, e all—Major Maddalena reached and five companions by airplane, e 24—Swedish airman rescued bile.

uly 3—Ferrarin and Del Prete, lians, hopped off at Rome for Brazil, uly 5—Italian flyers landed near tt Natal, Brazil, having made new tance record of 4.449 miles. uly 11—Russian aviator discovered ctor Malmgren and two companions, mbers of Nobile party, who had wanded over ice 42 days, but he could land

d over ice 42 days, but he could land
land
lly 12—Russian icebreaker Krassin
ued Malmgren's campanions but
ad Malmgren had been dead a
th; it then rescued the five men
near Foyn island by Nobile,
ally 13—Aviators rescued Sora and
Dongen, who were lost while
ting for the Italia survivors,
apt. Emilio Cairanza, Mexican good
lfyer, killed by lightning in New
sey.

Will alber, kined by lightling in New Jersey, July 15—Icebreaker Krassin picked up Russian Aviator Chukhnovsky and four companions, who had crashed while hunting the Nobile party. July 31—Nobile and survivors of his party reached Rome.

Aug. 2—Capt. C. T. Courtney and three companions, flying from the Azores to Newfoundland, were forced down in midocean and picked up by a steamer. steamer,
Idzikukowski and Kubala, Polish
aviators, started flight from Paris to
New York.

Aug. 4—Polish flyers fell in ocean
and were picked up by steamer.

Aug. 16—Hassel and Cramer flew
from Rockford, Ill., to Cochrane, Ont.

on way to Stockholm.

Aug. 18—Rockford flyers left Cochrane for Mount Evans, Greenland, and
disappeared.

rane for Mount Evans, Greenland, and disappeared.

Aug. 20—Art Gobel flew from Los Angeles to New York in 18 hours 58 minutes, without stop.

Sept. 2—Hassell and Cramer found safe in Greenland; plane disabled.

Maurice Bokanowski, French minister of air and commerce, and four aids killed in airplane accident.

Sept. 5—Thirty-seven airplanes started from New York in transcontinental air derby.

Sept. 10—Earl Rowland, Kansas, won in Class A of aerial derby.

Sept. 18—Spanish inventor flew across English channel in new gylopiane.

ine, Oct. 11—The Graf Zeppelin, great rman dirigible, started from Fried-thschafen, Germany, for the United richschafen. Germany, for the United States.
Oct. 15—The Graf Zeppelin landed safety at Lakehurst, N. J.
Oct. 17—Commander H. C. McDonald, English aviator, started solo flight from Newfoundland to England in small biane and was lost.
Oct. 25—Tucker and Collyer flew from New York to Los Angeles in 24 hours 51 minutes.
Oct. 29—Graf Zeppelin began its trip back to Germany.
Nov. 1—Graf Zeppelin arrived at Friedrichschafen, Germany.
Nov. 4—Tucker and Collyer, cross-continent record holders, killed in Arizona in crash of plane,
Dec. 12—International civil aviation conference opened in Washington.
Dec. 17—Delegates to aviation conference celebrated at Kitty Hawk, N. C., the twenty-fifth anniversary of the first flight by the Wright brothers.

Workers of Jacksonville settlements settlements ners' strike wages DISASTERS Jan. 2—Russian steamer foundered in lack sea; 200 drowned. Jan 9—Twenty-one men killed by ine explosion at West Frankfort, Ill. Feb. 10—Twelve men killed and 50 art in oil refinery explosion at Evett Mass.

Illinois Merchants Trust banks of Chi-cago merged.
Sept. 18—Federal mediators aban-loned efforts to settle threatened strike of western railroad trainmen.
Sept 29—President Coolidge named board to investigate western railroad obard to investigate western railroad wage dispute.

Oct. 1—Fifty thousand German ship builders struck for more pay.

Oct. 6—Textile workers of New Bedford, Mass., accesses wage cut and ended strike.

Oct. 18—Indiana coal miners and operators agreed on a wage scale.

Oct. 30—Emergency board considering western railroad wage dispute coal miners and op-a wage scale. ency board consider-liroad wage dispute re increase of 6½ per nge in rules or 7½ ges in operation. can Federation of ia New Orleans, de-splacement of work-Feb. 10—Twelve men killed and but in oil refinery explosion at Everett, Mass.
Thirty-nine killed in fire in Hollinger old mine at Timmins, Ont.
Feb. 12—Thirteen killed by mine explosion at Whitehaven, England.
Feb. 24—Mine explosion at Jenny Lind, Ark., killed 13 men.
March 10—Two hundred killed by Mount Serrat landslide in Santos, Brazil

cale, April 22—Thousand northern Illinois coal miners agreed to accept reduced

nmerce com-van Swearin.

ngineers of ber cent

vages.
May 18—Interstat

May 18—Interstate
mission cut the propose
gen rail merger to incl
O. and the Pere Mar
June 19—Locomotive
western roads grante
wage increase.
July 18—United Mir
America abandoned the
scale as a basis for wa
Aug. 31—Illinois coal
settled on basis of red
Sept. 7—Continental
Illinois Merchants Trus
cago merged.

n railroad dispute setting 6 % per cent

zil.

March 13—San Francisquito dam,
water supply for Los Angeles, broke;
436 drowned.
March 27—Earthquake in Udine
province, Italy, killed ten and injured AERONAUTICS gh flew from Belize to San Salvador. gh landed in Tegucimore flew from Belize to San Salvador.

In landed in Tegucian the landed in Tegucian the landed at Panama to landed land sons. lay 19—Explosion in mine at Ma-r, Pa., killed 198. lay 22—Mine explosions at Yukon, Va., and Kenvir. Ky., killed 32 men. une 16—Tornado in Oklahoma killed gh flew 1,050 miles e Virgin islands. ch hopped to San July 1—Volcanic eruption wiped out town of Libog in Philippines. July 7—Chilean army transport sank. 300 drowned. Aug. 6—Eight killed, 52 injured in Illinois Central train wreck near h flew to San Do-Lindbergh ended his ir at Havana. ix, French aviators e south Atlantic, arh made nonstop to St. Louis, kler completed solo to Australia in 15 shed.
Aug. 24—Thirteen killed, 100 injured
n New York subway wreck.
Sept. 13—Fourteen killed by tornaloss in Nebraska and South Dakota.
Destructive hurricane swept Forto
bloo and Lesser Antilles: hundreds fight from Endays. Feb. 26—Dir Los Angeles began anama Canal Zone. ngeles arrived at Zone ow Wilson peace awarded to Colonel Rico and Lesser anthes; hundreds killed.

Sept. 14—About 20 persons killed by tornado in and near Rockford, III.

Sept. 15—Tropical hurricane reached central Florida, doing great damage and killing 2,200.

Sept. 23—About 120 perished in theater fire in Madrid, Spain.

Oct. 3—French submarine sunk by collision with Greek steamer; 43 men lest and Lebrix ended Walter Hinchcliffe, and Elsie Mackay and for transatlan-and were lost. Keith Miller ended from England to lost.
Oct. 26—Thirty-one killed in train wreck in Rumania.
Nov. 6—Several Sicilian towns destroyed by eruption of Mt. Etna.
Nov. 12—Liner Vestris sank 240 miles off the Virginia capes: 111 lost, 215 dent Coolidge pre-ndbergh with Con-Honor. de Bernardi of Italy rd for airplanes at rescued.

Nov. 24—Perrific storms in the Philippines and on the coasts of Europe.

Dec. '1—Earthquake in southern Chile wrecked several towns and killed about 200 persons. man made new en-3 hours 36 minutes Von Huenefeld and ed off from Dublin he plane Bremen, remen aviators landand. Strait of Belle irst to make east across the Atlantic, started from Italy a for the North pole George H. Wilkins on completed flight on from Point Barspitzbergen and reand.

dirigible Italia

n dirigible Italia er polar regions.

Italia returned to

arles A. Lindbergh holical committee of ir Transport. In the Italia passed

May 26-Dirigible Italia wrecked on

tee fide.

May 30—Eleven of 14 balloons in na 'lonal elimination race from Pittsburgh were driven down by furious storm; two men killed.

May 31—Monoplane Southern Cross with crew of four, started from Oak land. Calif., for Sydney, Australia vin Hawaii. Fili and Brisbane.

June 1—Southern Cross landed at Wheeler field. Hawaii.

June 3—Southern Cross left Hawaii.

June 3—Southern Cross left Hawaii.

June 3-Southern Cross left Hawaii for Fiji.

May 22—Col. ecame head of

NECROLOGY Jan. 2—Loie Fuller, dancer, in Paris.
C. M. Kittle, president of Sears. Roebuck & Co., in Chicago.
Emily Stevens, American actress.
Jan. 3—Dorothy Donnelly, actress
and playwright.
Jan. 6—Marvin
Duilder, in Chicago.
Jan. 11—Thomas Hardy. English
novelist.
Jan. 14—Andrew MacLeish. ploneer
merchant of Chicago. Jan. 19—Edward L. Ryerson, Chicago Jan. 23—William Du Pont, former lead of the Du Pont interests.

Jan. 21—Maj. Gen. George W. Goelhals, builder of Panama canal.

Jan. 22—Rear Admiral Victor Blue. Jan. 24—Talcott Williams, journalist in New York,
Jan. 28—Count Hugo Hamilton.
Swedish statesman. Vincente Blasco Ibanez Spanish nov Jan. 29—Earl Haig, commander in Jan. 29—Earl Haig, commander in chief of British armies in World war Feb. 15—Herbert H. Asquith, earl of Oxford, and Asquith former British premier. Oxford and Asquith former British oremier.
Feb. 16—Eddle Foy veteran comedian, in Kansas City.
Peb 20—Edward B Butler, Chicago millionaire merchant and art patron, Feb. 26—William O'Brien, Irish Nationalist leader.

James L. Ford, author and dramatic critic, in New York. Feb. 29—Marshal Armando Dias, Italian commander in chief in World March 7—William H. Crane, dean of American stage, at Hollywood, Calif. March 9—Rodman Wanamaker, president John Wanamaker stores, March 18—John F. Smulski, Chicago

March 18—John F. Smulski. Chicago banker.
March 19—Nora Bayes, actress, March 20—James W. Packard, auto ploneer, at Cleveland.
March 21—William C. Sproul, former governor of Pennsylvania.
March 23—Senator Woodbridge N. Ferris of Michigan.
March 30—Frank B. Willis, United States senator from Ohio,
April 1—Dr. Sanger Brown, allenist, in Chicago.

States senator from Ohlo.
April 1—Dr. Sanger Brown, allenist, in Chicago.
R. C. Carton, English dramatist.
April 3—Congressman J. A. Gallivan of Boston, Mass.
April 5—Chauncey M. Depew in New York.
W. E. Griffis, author, lecturer and authority on Japan.
April 9—John A. Dix, ex-governor of New York.
April 10—Stanley J. Weyman, English novelist.
April 16—E. M. Statler, hotel owner, in New York.
Charles Sims, English artist.
April 22—Baron Okura, Japanese millionaire merchant.
Archbishop Mora y del Rio of Mexico, in San Antonio, Texas.
April 25—Floyd Bennett, famous aviator, in Quebec.
Baron Peter Wrangel, leader of "White" Russians.
April 27—Congressman Martin B. Madden of Chicago.
May 1—Congressman Thaddeus C. Sweet of New York.
May 3—Dr. Edgar Faha Smith, chemist, in Philadelphia.
E. B. Piper, editor Portland Oregonian.
A. W. Krech, New York financier.

E. B. Piper, editor Portland Ore-conian.
A. W. Krech, New York financier,
May 4—George A. Thorne, Chicago
apitalist.
May 8—Rev. Dr. J. S. Stone, Epis-copalian divine of Chicago.
May 10—Judge W. H. Sanborn, U.
S. Circuit Court of Appeals, in St. Paul,
Minn. May 16—Sir Edmund Gosse, English author.

May 18—William D. Haywood, former I. W. W. chief, in Moscow.

May 19—Bessie Van Vorst, American author.

author.

May 21—Prof. Hideyo Noguchi, bacteriologist of Rockefeller Institute.

Allan Dale, dramatic critic.

May 24—Herschel Jones, publisher of Minneapolis Journal.

May 29—Dr. W. A. Young, director of medical research for Rockefeller institute.

June 2—Dr. Otto Nordenskjold. Swedish explorer.

June 6—John D. Wed. ish explorer.
June 6—John D. Works, former U. S. sonator from California.
June 13—Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, suffragist, in London.
June 17—E. T. Meredith, former secretary of agriculture, in Des Moines. Iowa.
June 19—Donn Byrne, AmericanIrish novelist, in Ireland.
June 21—Marshal Chang Tso-lin,
Manchurian war lord.
June 24—Senator Frank R. Gooding
of Idaho.

June 24—Senator Frank R. Gooding of Idaho.
Holbrook Bilnn, actor.
June 27—Robert Bruce Mantell.
Shakespearean actor.
June 29—Leo Ditrichstein, actor.
June 30—Avery Hopwood. American playwright.
July 8—Howard Elliott, former president of Northern Pacific railway.
July 9—George E. Chamberlain, former senator from Oregon.
July 15—H. R. Rathbone, congressman-at-large from Illinois.
July 16—Giovanni Giolitti, Italian statesman.
Dr. C. L. Summers, pediatrician, in Baltimore.
July 20—Ellen Terry, English actress. July 20—Ellen Terry, English actress.

July 22—Dr. George Colvin, president of University of Louisville.

July 23—Rear Admiral W. M. Folger. retired, in Boston.

July 28—T. B. Walker, multimillionaire lumberman and art patron, in Minneapolis.

aire lumberman and art patron, in Minneapolis.
July 30—Federal Judge D. C. Wester-haver at Cleveland, Ohio.
Aug. 7—Prof. E. C. Hayes of University of Illinois.
Aug. 8—George E. Brennan, Democratic national committeeman from Illinois, in Chicago.
Aug. 11—James B. Laughlin, steel company president, in Hyannisport.
Mass.
Aug. 19—Viscount Haldane, British statesman,
Aug. 20—Col, George B. Harvey, pub-Aug. 19—Viscount Haldane. British statesman.

Aug. 20—Col. George B. Harvey, publicist and former ambassador to Great Britain.

Aug. 27—Marshal Emile Fayolie, famous French strategist.

Aug. 28—A. R. Sorlie, governor of North Dakota.

Aug. 29—Mary Garrett Hay, suffrage leader, in New Rochelle, N. Y.

Sept. 3—Rear Admiral G. F. Winslow, retired.

Sept. 20—William Whitman, cotton manufacturer, in Brookline, Mass.

Sept. 21—Roy K. Moulton, newspaper humorist, in St, Joseph, Mo.

Sept. 23—Sir Horace Darwin, scientist and son of Charles Darwin, scientist and son of Charles Darwin, Sept. 25—R. F. Outcault, newspaper comic artist.

Sept. 25—A. E. Stilwell, railroad man, in New York,

Sept. 29—Brig, Gen, W. H. Bixby, former chief of army, engineers,

Oct. 5—George Beban, film actor,

Oct. 5—George Beban, film actor,

Oct. 12—Mrs. Augusta E. Stetson, fa-

omedian.
Oct. 12—Mrs. Augusta E. Stetson, fanous disciple of Mary Baker Eddy, in Rochester, N. Y.
Oct. 13—Dowager Empress Marie of CANCER FREE BOOK SENT
Oct. 14—William J. Flynn, former
chief of U. S. secret service.
Oct. 16—Benjamin Strong, governor
of New York Federal Reserve bank.
Sir Frank Dieksee, English painter
and president of Royal Academy.
Oct. 22—Adolf Kraus, Jewish leader.
Chicago.
Charles A. Townson Oct. 22—Adolf Kraus, Jewish leader, in Chicago.
Charles A. Towne, former U. S. senator from Minnesota.
Dr. A. H. Putney, international law authority, in Washington.
Miss Frances Newman, American novelist, in New York.
Oct. 23—George Barr McCutcheon.
American novelist, in New York.
Oct. 24—Cardinal de Lal, in Rome.
Oct. 26—Rev. R. A. Torrey, evangelist, at Ashville, N. C.
Brig. Gen. J. R. McQuigg, former national commander of American Legion, Oct. 30—Robert Lansing, former-secretary of state.
Richard Hudnut, American perfumery manufacturer, in France,
Nov 3—Eliza Scidmore, writer on Far East.

Now 4—Dr. Frank Crane American

East.
Nov. 6—Dr. Frank Crane, American
writer, in Nice, France.
Nov. 10—Prince Trepoff, premier of
Russia in 1916.
Nov. 14—Dr. Sabin von Sohocky, inventor of radium paint, at East Orange.
N. J.

Rev. J. H. Nicely, moderator in In-Rev. J. H. Nicely, moderator in Indiana presbytery.
Nov. 16—Prof. T. C. Chamberlin, geologist, in Chicago.
Nov. 18—Dr. John Harding, father of the late President Harding.
Nov. 19—William A. Oldfield, congressman from Arkansas.
Nov. 21—Hermann Sudermann, German dramatist. man dramatist.

Nov. 22—George H. Jones, chairman of Standard Oil of New Jersey.

Nov. 23—Thomas F. Ryan, financier, in New York.

Dr. E. Y. Mullins, president Southern Baptist Theological seminary in Louisville, Ky.

Nov. 24—Gen. Baron Jacques, Belgian war commander. an war commander.

Nov. 26—Admiral Scheer, commander
German fleet in battle of Jutland.

Nov. 28—Admiral F. F. Fletcher, re-

Dec. 1-Henry A. Haugen. Chicago 2-Lord Tennyson, son of the

THRIFT WEEK

WILL BE A GOOD TIME TO SHOP IN

BOOSTER

Next week is the time in each year that special emphasis is placed on the importance of being thrifty. Much advice will be given as to what one should

do during Thrift Week. There will be many suggestions offered as to the best means to practice thrift and all, no doubt, will be com-

nendable. When considering the best means by hich to practice thrift in the home, the matter of buying wisely and eco-nomically should be given careful consideration as being one method that should appeal to every home as it is just a simportant that the necessary expenditures for the home and person-al needs be made wisely and economi-cally, as it is for a portion of the in-come to be saved for investment.

WHEN YOU SHOP AT BOOSTER STORES

For the things your local merchants cannot supply, you have the opportunity to buy wisely and eco: mically and thus can practice thrift in a manner that really means saving, which, after all, is the real meanin gof thrift.

Booster Stores advertise regularly in the Altoona papers. It pays to read their advertisements, as they contain information that is always of interest

o all home EVERY WEDNESDAY IS SUBURBAN DAY IN THE STORES OF THE MEM-

BERS OF THE ALTOONA BOOSTER ASSOCIATION Good Roads lead to Altoona from All ections of Pennsylvania.

STRAND THEATRE

Altoona, Pa. One Week Starting Saturday, January 12th. See and Hear ALL TALKING Picture,

"ON TRIAL"

Pauline Frederick and Bert Lytell VITAPHONE AND MOVIETONE

666

is a Prescription for Colds, Grippe, Flu, Dengue, Bilious Fever and Malaria. It is the most speedy remedy known

NOW OPEN FOR BUSINESS SANDWICHES, PIE, ICE CREAM, COFFEE, SODAS, ETC. Confections, Candy, Cigars, and Tobaccoes.

BIGOS BLDG., MAGEE AVE. GIVE US A TRIAL

Gooderham & Weakland, Props. 'Service, Courtesy and Satisfaction."

Thursday, and the continuous and **BLADDER WEAKNESS**

If Bladder Weakness, Getting Up Nights, Backache, Burning or Itching Dec. 3—Ezra Meeker, last of the Dec. 3—Ezra Meeker, last of the Dec. 7—Miss Alice Longfellow. laughter of the poot. Dec. 8—James A. Patten, Chicago manuer. drug store. Put it to a 48 hour test.

Dec 12—J. M. Dickinson. former sectory of war, in Chicago.

Dec, 16—Eleanor Wylie, American loet and novelist.

(© by Western Newspaper Union.)

drug store. Put it to a 48 hour test. Money back if you don't soon feel like new, full of pep, sleep well, with pains alleviated. Try Cystex today. Only 60c.

Fogerty's Drug Store.