

THE PATTON COURIER

Published Every Thursday. Thos. A. Owens, Editor & Prop. E. F. Bradley, Associate Editor

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THE REPUBLICAN TICKET.

President.....HERBERT HOOVER Vice President.....CHARLES CURTIS United States Senator DAVID A. REED State Treasurer.....EDWARD MARTIN Auditor General.....CHARLES A. WATERS Judge of the Supreme Court.....WILLIAM D. PORTER Congress.....J. RUSSELL LEITCH State Senator.....JAY R. SHEPHERD General Assembly, Second District: MILTON SPENCER, EDMUND JAMES, JOHN R. MUSSER

A COUNTY FAIR THAT WE ALL SHOULD BE PROUD OF.

Cambria County's fifth annual fair is in session this week at Ebensburg, and it is such a good, great big show that all the citizens of Cambria county can and should feel proud of it.

The attendance has been good all of the week to date. Monday's attendance shattered all previous counts. The fair has become a popular event not only in our own county but all over central and western Pennsylvania.

Of course, as the years roll on, it will continue growing bigger and better. It cannot be otherwise with proper management. Even Charles M. Schwab, the "daddy" of the fair movement and the dreamer of big things is a busy and successful business life, admits that Cambria's fair has expanded to greater proportions in five years than he had any idea when he "pepped up" the business leaders of the county about six years ago to the county fair movement.

In prestige Cambria County's fair this week grew by leaps and bounds over any other fair in a five year period and already the "infant" among the larger fairs of the country is making bids for competitive honors against those fairs operating annually for the last half century. The unprecedented large crowd attending the opening of the 1928 exhibit of products of the harvest fields of a county generally known as a manufacturing center, and not by its fruits of the soil; is taken by the promoters and those who put their dollars with the dollars of Mr. Schwab in building the fair grounds as an endorsement of Cambria's venture. The fair itself may well be called another of Cambria's industries, remarks the Johnstown Democrat.

All the buildings are filled and from a standpoint of physical property, the Cambria county fair grounds has reached a saturation point. Leaders of the fair movement agree that if the popularity of Cambria's fair continues to grow with the same phenomenal rate which marked the expansion in the first five years of its existence, it will not be long before the "plant" must be enlarged to meet the growing demands.

When Mr. Schwab put his efforts to the project and interested the business men and progressive farmers of this county in the fair, he pointed out that he had in mind not something for profit to those who invested their money, but to make possible a place where the people of a county like Cambria, composed of diversified industries could gather at least once a year on a common ground for a common purpose of enjoying themselves and also to view on exhibit the "cream" of the other fellows "fruits of labor"—the best bull or heifer or hog in the county, the most attractive jar of preserves, the finest pen of poultry or the biggest potatoes. All of this and more is fulfilled at the Cambria fair.

The fair is symbolic of the spirit of

Cambria County. That, as Mr. Schwab points out, is the success of the venture. While the best mechanical plant of the fairs throughout the country is to be found at Ebensburg, with amusement owners, entertainers and concessionaires flocking there each fall in increasing numbers, the primary idea of a harvest fair has not been submerged by the coming of the amusements, the races and games.

The "midway" is popular, but the men, women and children of Cambria county, by the interest displayed during this week, in the stock and farm products exhibits, show that the first bid for a successful fair must be the cattle, hogs, sheep, etc. Even to the city bred, the Cambria County stock exhibit shows what the county fair project has done for the farmer of the county. In the last five years the standard of perfection has been elevated and today the farmer of Cambria boasts of blooded stock, the equal of the stock bred in several of our eastern counties long given over to industrial pursuits. A visit to the stock buildings is a concrete example of how in a brief period of five years the Cambria county fair has helped the resident of this county to help himself.

Taken all in all, the Cambria county fair is fast outgrowing even the big things planned for it. It is a fair to be proud of. Very few localities in the nation can boast as much, population considered.

LEGAL NOTICE.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR BIDS. SEALED BIDS will be received at the office of the County Controller, Court House, Ebensburg, Pa., until 10 o'clock A. M. (Eastern Standard Time) on Friday, September 14, 1928, for the reconstruction and widening of sections of the Cresson Pike, a County Road between Ebensburg and Cresson, Pa., all in accordance with plans and specifications on file in the office of the County Engineer, third floor, Court House, Ebensburg, Pa.

The work will consist of approximately 4114 Cubic Yards of excavation and 6078 square yards of one-course concrete pavement.

Bids will be publically opened and read at the regular session of the county commissioners at eleven (11) o'clock A. M. (Eastern Standard Time), Friday, September 14, 1928.

Instructions to bidders, specifications, plans, proposals and contract forms can be obtained at the office of the County Engineer, third floor, Court House, Ebensburg, Pa., for a deposit of TEN (\$10.00) DOLLARS for each set, which deposit will be refunded upon submission of bid and return of plans and specifications to the County Engineer's Office.

Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check to the amount of FIFTY HUNDRED (\$1,500.00) DOLLARS, made payable to the treasurer of Cambria County, Pa., as a guarantee that if the proposal is accepted the contract will be entered into.

Work to be completed in Forty (40) working days.

All proposals must be made on the blank forms furnished by the County Engineer, as none other will be accepted and they shall be enclosed in an envelope bearing the name and address of the bidder, and marked "Proposal for Re-construction Cresson Pike," and addressed to the County Controller, Court House, Ebensburg, Pa.

The County reserves the right to reject any or all bids, and to award the contract as may be deemed to be the best interest of the county.

HENRY L. CANNON, County Controller of Cambria County, Pa.

FOR SALE—Bed and springs, 2 leather rockers, 1 couch. Will sell cheap. Inquire 508 Magee avenue.

666

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CURTIS PLEDGES PROMPT FARM AID

Vice-Presidential Candidate Asks Non-Partisan Solution Under Hoover Leadership.

URGES JOINT COMMITTEE

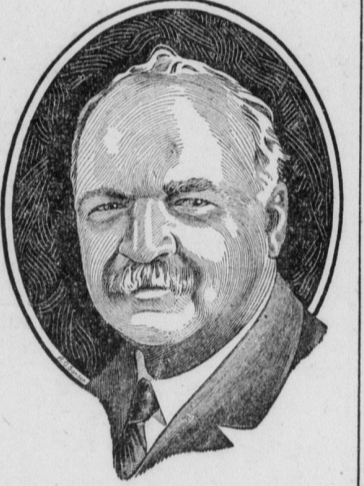
Agricultural Situation, He Explains, Is of Deep Economic Importance to Citizens.

By U. S. SENATOR CHARLES CURTIS Republican Vice-Presidential Candidate.

Senator Curtis, in his Address of Acceptance, stressed the importance of prompt action on the question of farm aid. "The problem," he declared, "is of deep-seated economic importance to every citizen without regard to occupation or political party."

He added the significant thought that "properly its solution is and always should be, non-partisan." For the leadership of such a non-partisan movement, involving the expenditure of hundreds of millions of dollars by the federal government, he declared that the leadership should be Hoover's—a man well worthy of the party's choice.

THE question of the proper relief for Agriculture is a trying and perplexing one. The problem is of deep-seated economic importance to every citizen without regard to his occupation or his political party. Properly, its solution is and always should be, non-partisan. I am convinced that if a small joint committee of the House and Senate were appointed to study the problem and to find its proper solution, the necessary relief quickly could and would be afforded. The Committee could be assisted in its task by the advice and



experience of the most capable experts on the subject whose services can be obtained.

It will be remembered that for years we had great trouble with the problem of settling our standard of value. The failure to settle the question had brought forth the Greenback Party, and later the Free Silver party. In 1899, that great and able statesman from Maine, Thomas B. Reed, appointed a Committee of Eleven to draw a measure fixing the standard of value. In three weeks the committee had agreed upon a draft of a bill, and the Gold Standard Act of 1900 was the result. We have had no trouble with that question since then. If such a committee could settle so satisfactorily that great and vexing question, surely a similar committee of able legislators specifically charged with the task could agree upon an agricultural relief plan which would be equally satisfactory.

The solution will be found, and found promptly. Our party has pledged itself to the development and enactment of measures which will place the agricultural interests of the United States on a basis of economic equality with other industries, to insure its prosperity and success.

Philosophy of Farming

Encouragement of Agriculture always has been a Republican doctrine. It is a necessary part of our philosophy of government. Agriculture is the basic industry of the country and in the very nature of things will ever be so. Whatever is to the detriment of the farmer is, eventually, to the detriment of all our citizens; his welfare and prosperity are inevitably reflected in the welfare and prosperity of the whole nation.

Many plans for the encouragement of Agriculture have been proposed, and many have been given effect by our party. In the course of my political life every one which in my opinion promised an appreciable measure of sound relief has had my wholehearted and active support. Of recent years, two farm measures have been introduced by me in the Senate. Two Democrat members of the House joined in their preparation and introduction. The first was known as the Curtis-Aswell Bill. It created an Interstate Farm Marketing Association. Its purpose was to promote and stimulate the orderly flow of agricultural commodities in commerce; to remove burdens and restraints on such commodities in commerce; and to provide for the processing, preparing for market, handling, pooling, storing and marketing of agricultural commodities through co-op-

erative marketing associations. The object of this measure was to place the marketing organizations under the ownership and control of the farmers themselves. The other measure was known as the Curtis-Crisp Bill. Its object was to enable the farmers to stabilize their markets against undue and excessive fluctuations; to preserve advantageous domestic markets; and to minimize speculation and waste in marketing.

Republican Record

Without the help which the Republican party has given, the agricultural situation would be infinitely worse than it is. The Capper-Volstead Act gave to the farmer the right to engage in collective buying and co-operative selling. In every possible way the Republican administration has endeavored to give practical and substantial effect to that right.

The Department of Agriculture fills an important place in the work of aiding and advising the farmer. It is our policy to widen each year as much as possible the scope of the Department's effectiveness. In the last year alone, \$2,298,172.00 was spent in particularly valuable research work covering numerous classes of agricultural products, including cattle and swine. It is added the significant thought that \$4,157,857.00 will be required for this work for the coming year. Nearly \$3,000,000.00 is expended annually by the Department of Agriculture in broadening agricultural markets.

The development of inland waterways, and water transportation in general, is of great value to the agricultural sections of the country. An extensive project in this regard is now being executed. The last Congress has provided for a large line to extend from St. Louis to Missouri River points, which when in full operation will bring decided relief in the difficulties and cost of transporting farm products. When the loss of the foreign market for our products was imminent because of insufficiency of ships in which to transport them, vessels of the United States Shipping Board were reconditioned and placed in service, thereby saving the market. Tariff protection against foreign competition always has been given to farm products. The Fordney-McCumber Tariff Act carries higher rates of duty on agricultural products than any tariff law in the history of the nation. It has been found that certain of the duties are not high enough to give adequate protection to some of the products of the farm, and I believe it is the duty of Congress to provide rates high enough to protect such products against foreign competition. In addition, by this act, the duties have been lowered on most of the articles the farmers buy or they have been put upon the free list.

Appropriations have been made freely to aid the farmers in time of crop failures. The Federal Farm Loan System and the Intermediate credit banks have made available to farmers, on loans at a low rate of interest, more than \$2,500,000,000.00. That effective help has been given to the farmer by the Republican party since it took charge on March 4, 1921, is indicated by the statement of the Washington office of the American Farm Bureau Federation. On page one of its Annual Report dated April 6, 1923, there appears the following:

"The passing of the 67th Congress into history marks an epoch in the undertaking of the American Farm Bureau's national legislative campaign. It is not too much to say that the twenty-six laws passed by that Congress, which were initiated and supported by us, are of far more importance to American agriculture than all the legislation relating to Agriculture passed since the adoption of our Constitution."

Though much has been done to ameliorate the farmers' situation, still more remains to be done, for there exists today a depression in Agriculture which in the best interests of all of the people, must be relieved.

Women in Government

Since the beginning of civilization, the right to vote, which is the right to have a decisive voice in the affairs of government, has been coveted and fought for. When obtained, it has been cherished by its possessors; hedged around with restrictions and qualifications; and extended to others only with reluctance. During the early period of our own government it was not every free man who was entitled to vote. Our present policy of universal suffrage is the growth of the years, and the recognition of woman's rights was particularly slow.

My personal stand on the question was at all times firmly and openly in favor of permitting women to vote. It is known and recognized that my active aid and support were instrumental to no small degree in procuring the action of the Senate on June 4, 1919, by which the 19th Amendment to the Constitution was proposed to the legislatures of the several states, and woman's right to the ballot became effective August 26, 1920.

The more right to vote, not exercised, is useless. As a matter of duty women as well as men should exercise that right. There are in the United States today between twenty-six and twenty-seven million women over the age of twenty-one, entitled to vote. As the years pass, these women are becoming increasingly alive to their opportunity to take a large and important part in the management and control of the country's affairs; to enforce recognition, change and improvement in their own particular problems and those which most interest them; and to become a distinct power in deciding all questions of vital concern to every citizen regardless of sex.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.

In the estate of Gottfried Anderson, late of the Township of Elder, County of Cambria, and State of Pennsylvania, deceased.

Letters of administration in the above estate have been granted to persons undersigned, who requests all persons having claims or demands against the estate of said decedent, to make known the same, and all persons indebted to said decedent to make payment with out delay.

MRS. JUSTINA ANDERSON, Administratrix. Patton, R. D., No. 2, Pa. 3rdp.

EXECUTRIX'S NOTICE.

In the Estate of John Gagliardi, late of the Borough of Patton, County of Cambria, and State of Pennsylvania, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that Letters Testamentary in the estate of said decedent have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment and those having claims or demands will make them known without delay to

Attorney for Executrix, Court House, Ebensburg, Pa. 6t. THERESA GAGLIARDI, Executrix, Patton, Pa. Fred J. Fees.

Bell Phone 34-R-14, 34-R-15 Established 1912.

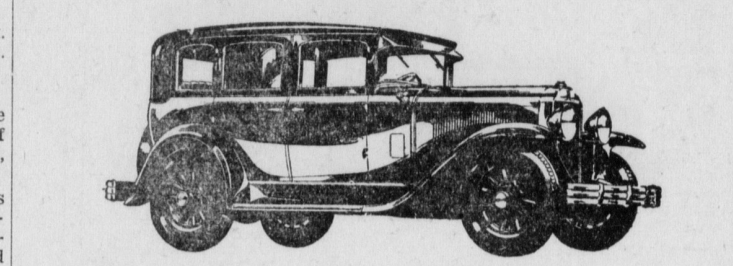
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But it is not in the matchless grace and beauty of exterior design alone that the Silver Anniversary Buick eclipses other cars. In fleet, powerful performance too, the world holds no equal for the Silver Anniversary Buick with Masterpiece Bodies by Fisher. And the motor, public, buying in such tremendous volume as to force the great Buick factories to work day and night to supply the demand, is elevating it to the prominence of a vogue!

PATTON AUTO CO, PATTON, PA. REUEL SOMMERVILLE ATTORNEY-AT-LAW Office in the Good Building. FRIGIDAIRE PRODUCT OF GENERAL MOTORS The Electric Refrigerator made and guaranteed by the Great General Motors Corporation. Four out of every five Electric Refrigerators is a FRIGIDAIRE. More than 450,000 satisfied users. PRICED from \$180 up. L. E. KAYLOR, Dealer, EBENSBURG, PA.

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