EVEN SIGHT OF FOOD WOULD SICKEN HIM

But Frey Quickly Overcame His Troubles by Taking Tanlac.

"What it takes to build a man up and make him feel right, Tanlac certainly has it," states George W. Frey, Jr., a well-known printer, 623 Greenway Ave., Philadelphia, Pa.

"Before taking Tanlac I was badly run-down. For several months my stomach had been so upset that even the sight and smell of food was sickening to me. My nerves were all undone, my sleep unsound and I had no strength to do anything. I never even went out any place after work hours, because I was always too tired.

"Three bottles of Tanlac has made me feel like a new person. It has put my stomach in first-class condition, strengthened my body and steadied my nerves. I sleep good nights, get up mornings feeling fine and do my work without getting tired. I will continue taking Tanlac, as it keeps my system in a good, healthy condition."

Tanlac is for sale by all good druggists. Accept no substitute. Over 40 million bottles sold.

Tanlac Vegetable Pills for constipation; made and recommended by the manufacturers of Tanlac.

She Threw Away Calomel *and took* Beecham's Pills

"I felt so miserable," said the young woman cashier in a fashionable New Jersey hotel. "A friend suggested calomel and I was about to take it.

"Another friend noticed the calomel on my desk and cautioned me against it. She said her sister took calomel and ate some fruit and the combination 'salivated' her—loosened some of her teeth and made her very sick.

"Fearing that my stomach might be in an acid condition, I bought a 25c box of Beecham's Pills and took a dose. The next day I felt fine and I haven't needed anything during the three weeks since.

"I wouldn't take anything but Beecham's now. Some of the other girls here take Beecham's and all say they are wonderful."

At all druggists—25c-50c.

Beecham's Pills

The good die young. Ah, well; they wouldn't get on the first page anyway.

Forbear to mention what you cannot praise.

There were dirt-eaters in the hills long ago; now they are in the car behind.

As a rule popular subscriptions are in the unpopular class.

Children Cry for

Fletcher's CASTORIA

MOTHER:— Fletcher's Castoria is especially prepared to relieve Infants in arms and Children all ages of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and, by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving natural sleep.

To avoid imitations, always look for the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. Absolutely Harmless—No Opiates. Physicians everywhere recommend it.

The Spanking Place

Another explanation of the modern child's manners is that too many woodsheds have been converted into garages.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Never Ridiculed

I have lived one hundred years; and I die with the consolation of never having thrown the slightest ridicule upon the smallest virtue.—Fontenelle.

Despair is the conclusion of fools.

He who would have the fruit must climb the tree.

Cuticura Comforts Baby's Skin

When red, rough and itching, by hot baths of Cuticura Soap and touches of Cuticura Ointment. Also make use now and then of that exquisitely scented dusting powder, Cuticura Talcum, one of the indispensable Cuticura Toilet Trio.—Advertisement.

Be sure you're wrong; then back up.

A spoonful of Davis goes as far as a spoonful of any other high grade baking powder—*and costs much less*

Bake it BEST with

DAVIS BAKING POWDER

Daddy's Evening Fairy Tale

BY MARY GRAHAM BONNER

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SPOT'S VISIT

Spot was a little white dog with shaggy white hair and a little pink nose.

He was a cousin of Snowball, another dog who belonged to a cousin of Spot's mistress.

Snowball was white and shaggy and little and a great pet.

Whenever Spot's mistress went to visit her cousin, Spot went along, too. It was quite a little journey by train, but he was never left at home.

He had a special basket in which he traveled, and his mistress carried the basket.

When he arrived he always had a beautiful time. He played with Snowball, he played with the different members of the family, he sat up on his hind legs and "begged" prettily for good things to eat.

He looked now at the new rabbits which had arrived since they had last been here.

There were six of them, and they were very white and soft and fluffy, and their little noses were pink.

The last time he had been here there had been six or seven cunning little turtles. They had been amusing.

He Looked Now at the New Rabbits.

But he was told now that the turtles had gone to sleep in their mud beds for the winter.

Spot couldn't imagine a mud bed being very nice. He always had a nice soft bed with a big cushion on it. But then the turtles were funny, anyway.

He had thought the way they lived in their shell homes all the time was most strange and they had spent their time in the water when he had been here last and had not bothered to explain why they did this.

Perhaps they had, but then they talked turtle talk, and he only knew dog's talk and people's talk.

He could understand all that the people said.

Well, he had a beautiful visit and enjoyed himself immensely, but when it was time to go home he went and sniffed at his basket, for he had heard his mistress asking what time the train left, and he knew that meant that they would be starting pretty soon.

He went and crawled inside his basket, as though to say:

"Here I am, all ready to start. Why should there be any more delay?"

But they told him that they were not quite ready to start, and to come out again.

So he came out once more and sat on his hind legs as though to say:

"Please let's start now."

Then he thought perhaps that was not very polite, so he wagged his tail as though to say to these cousins:

"We had a charming time. Thanks so much for having us. Delicious food, pleasant society, a charming time."

But after awhile it was really time to get ready and Spot got in his basket and with one paw waving a good-by and his tail wagging his thanks, they were off.

Down at the station it was raining, so he went inside the waiting room with his mistress and sat up in her lap.

Then the train came along and she told him to get in his basket which was down on the floor.

He bounded down and into the basket and the people all around smiled at such a smart little dog.

And then they started for home in the train.

It wasn't a very long trip, and some might have left their little dog at home, but his mistress didn't.

No, he went traveling, too. He liked to go where his mistress did, and he enjoyed visiting and good "company" food.

But when he turned around three times and then curled himself into a comfortable position upon his home pillow that night he said to himself:

"But home is the best and the most comfortable of all."

Plenty

"Oh, mamma!" exclaimed little Charles, as he rushed into the house. "There are 200 dogs in our back yard."

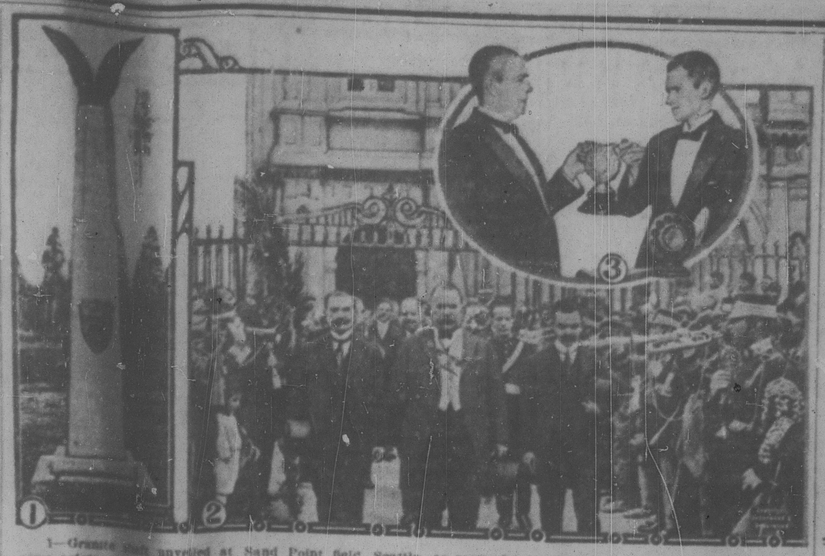
"Are you sure there are that many?" asked his mother.

"Well," said Charles, "there is our dog and another one, anyway.—Detroit News.

His Memory Was Bad

Little Johnny had been sent to the bakery to buy a coconut cake, but when he arrived at the bakeshop the word "coconut" had completely slipped his memory.

"Please, lady, my mother wants a two-layer noodle cake," he said.



1—Granite shaft unveiled at Sand Point field, Seattle, as memorial to the around-the-world flight of the army aviators. 2—President Obregon leaving the cathedral in Mexico City after Mexican independence day services which the American industrial mission attended. 3—George Dewey Hay of Chicago receiving gold cup at radio world's fair in New York, as best radio announcer in the world.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Japan Wins Victory in the League of Nations—Baseball Scandal.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

JAPAN has, for the time being, put one over on the member nations of the League of Nations, and all the world is waiting, more anxiously, to see what the result will be. It all turns on the matter of regulation of immigration, which the Japanese will not admit is a purely internal question that each nation is entitled to determine without outside interference. They refused to accept the league's proposed text of arbitration, security and disarmament until it had been amended in accord with their view on that point, and after a strenuous debate the committee in charge yielded to them and framed a so-called compromise that satisfied them. The "protocol for pacific settlement of international disputes," as it is officially known, is then submitted to the league assembly and accepted. In the opinion of most Americans and of Australia, Canada and other British dominions the league has overreached itself in attempting to become not only an international arbitrator but an international peacemaker, and the result is likely to be war than peace.

Briefly stated, the amendments insisted upon and obtained by Count Adachi and his Japanese associates oblige the league to arbitrate the immigration question or any other question of internal policy even after the world court has refused to have anything to do with it. This, as one correspondent puts it, means that "Japan is entitled to drag the United States into a long, dangerous dispute on the race question before the world's nations, even though the highest court of justice in existence has declared the question at issue is America's own business. No time limit is set for this operation, and if at any time during this process the United States kicks over the traces and decides to handle its own problem in its own way the league is obliged to punish it by the military power of 54 nations."

If the United States should refuse to obey the league's orders, Japan could declare war on us and could count on the support of as many of the signatory nations as would honor their signatures to the document. In the same case would be any other nation that has adopted legislative measures to check Japanese immigration.

In the debates in Geneva the Japanese had the support of Greece and Italy—quite understandably—and of Belgium, whose reason for such a stand is not clear. The French and English representatives were so set on adoption of the protocol that they gladly accepted the compromise, which in fact was practically complete surrender to Count Adachi's demands. However, adoption of the protocol at Geneva is not binding until the document has been ratified by the governments of signatory powers, and the prospect now is that it will be rejected by at least the British, Australian, New Zealand, South African and Canadian parliaments. Australia, which is determined to remain "white," is especially concerned over the matter and its press is outspoken and bitter in comment. In the United States the constant opponents of American membership in the league see further justification for their position. Those who have advocated American membership are in the main noticeably silent.

In one respect the discussions in the league worked out to the disadvantage of the Japanese, for they were compelled to admit openly that they were considering the possibility of making war on the United States over the immigration question. This might well result in the making of an agreement by America, England and the British dominions for parallel action, co-operation and support.

ENGLAND'S labor government has run up against a crisis that is likely to bring about its downfall. Some days ago Prime Minister MacDonald announced that if the house of commons failed to ratify the treaties negotiated with soviet Russia he would appeal to the country through a general election. He said that under the pacts Great Britain secured many valuable concessions and would only guarantee, not make, a loan to Russia. Wednesday night the Liberal parliamentary party, on which the Laborites rely for their control of the house, met and gave notice to the government to abandon the Russian treaties or get out of office. When the autumn session of parliament opens on October 28 the Liberals will offer a motion rejecting the treaties on the ground that they threaten "to divert resources that are urgently needed for national and imperial development," and that they "contemplate that the British taxpayer should be made liable for further loans to the Russian state, raised by means of a guarantee by the British government, as a condition upon which any part of the private claims of certain British creditors should be recognized or met by the soviet republic." The motion of repudiation will be supported by the Liberals.

FOR the first time in ten years France has a balanced budget, and Finance Minister Clementel says the equilibrium between receipts and expenditures will be maintained, the policy of raising loans to meet normal charges being abandoned. Assurance is given that none of the measures proposed are such as to harm capital. Taxes will remain unchanged, but they will be more thoroughly collected. Among the estimated receipts is 800,000,000 francs from Germany.

FINANCE Minister Luther of Germany has gone to London to sign the agreements in connection with the Dawes plan loan, which he said would be floated before the American elections and put on the market at 97 and bear 7 per cent interest. The British bankers informed him that unless Germany was prepared to let down the customs barriers against British trade she need not expect further credits there.

Germany's immediate worry is a prospective wheat famine, for the crop has been full half destroyed in regions that were devastated by great storms. East Prussia, Westphalia and the Rhineland suffered the most. Government agents have been sent to the United States, Canada and Argentina to purchase grain. Not much can be obtained from Russia for the crops there also are short. The reich plans to put an import duty on grain, the money obtained to go to the farmers, many of whom are facing financial ruin.

CHINA'S civil war goes along merrily but neither side seems to have won any decisive advantage. On the Shanghai front the fighting has been severe for several days and the defenders of the city appear to be getting the worst of it. These Chekiang forces, however, though driven back, claim to have strengthened their lines. Their troops in the Sunghiang area are now commanded by Ma-liang, once a famous general and later a bandit chief. In northern China Wu and Chang have not yet engaged in a real battle.

Just to complete the record about wars, it should be said that the Spanish troops in Morocco, after relieving some of the garrisons that were beseiged by the Riff tribesmen, were again in difficulties because the Moors cut the Tetuan highroad and once more surrounded Zauen where there is now a Spanish force of 6,000. Also it is reported that the Wahabis, the fundamentalist fanatics of Islam, have captured Mecca from King Hussein's Arabs.

NEW YORK Giants and Washington Senators, having won respectively the National and American league pennants, are playing the world's championship series. But on the eve of its opening there came to light another sad scandal. Commissioner Landis blacklisted two members of the Giants, Outfielder Jimmy O'Connell and Coach Cozy Dolan, for attempting to bribe Shortstop Heinie Sand of the Philadelphia team to throw a game to New York so as to make their victory in the National league more certain. Sand refused the $500 offered him and promptly informed his manager. O'Connell, called before Commissioner Landis, President Heydler of the National league and John McGraw, manager of the Giants, confessed and vainly tried to implicate three of his fellow players. O'Connell was bought from the Pacific coast by the Giants in 1922 at a cost of $75,000 and had been much lionized in California. He says Coach Dolan suggested the bribery scheme to him, but where the $500 came from is not yet revealed. Dolan has been in professional baseball for 20 years.

CHICAGO was host last week to the American Bankers' association, which wound up its final session with the installation of the new president, William E. Knox, head of the Bowery Savings bank of New York. Several of the financiers who addressed the convention made severe attacks on Senator LaFollette, terming him "the nation's chief liability" and "the archdemagogue." The independent candidate for the Presidency, indeed, found no defenders among the bankers, which is not surprising.

SENATOR BROOKHART of Iowa, who is running for re-election as a Republican, prepared his way to bolting the G. O. P. national ticket by a letter to Chairman Butler in which he demanded that Charles G. Dawes resign or be compelled to resign as candidate for the vice presidency. He declared Dawes had wrecked the campaign, especially in the Northwest, and that he had organized a disloyal group—the Minute Men of the Constitution—to conduct an illegal defense of the Constitution with the secret purpose of destroying the constitutional rights of union labor. He also held that the Dawes candidacy was an insult to the co-operative movement in agriculture. Brookhart has long been in sympathy with the LaFollette policies. Neither Butler nor Dawes has replied to his demand at this writing. The "regular" Republicans in Iowa are wondering what to do about Brookhart. He cannot be removed as the party nominee, but the state committee may decide to support Luther A. Brewer of Cedar Rapids, an independent Republican candidate for the senatorship.

Democrats of Rhode Island nominated Gov. William S. Flynn for United States senator. Their platform denounces the Ku Klux klan and calls for modification of the Volstead act to permit the sale of light wines and beer. Similar planks are in the platforms adopted by the Democrats of Vermont and New Jersey.

REPORTS received by Secretary of the Treasury Mellon show that financial conditions in the agricultural sections of the Northwest have improved steadily under the operation of the $10,000,000 agricultural credit corporation which was formed by New York and Chicago bankers at the suggestion of President Coolidge.

"Attention was first directed by the corporation to the banking situation, then in bad straits, and loans were made to some of the 290 banks to an aggregate amount of over $5,000,000," says the statement from the treasury. "Deposits in the banks aided were over $53,000,000. It is difficult to estimate how many of these banks would have been closed if the aid had not been given—probably 70 per cent, and the effect of their closing would have embarrassed other banks.

"It is safe to assume that by stopping the excessive number of bank failures in the Northwest until the crop began to mature and the spirit of the people in this territory revived, the corporation safeguarded at least $25,000,000 of the people's deposits.

"The banking situation having so improved by the increased prosperity in the territory, the corporation has now concentrated its attention on farm diversification."

WRIGLEY'S

after every meal

Cleanses mouth and teeth and aids digestion.

Relieves that over-eaten feeling and acid mouth.

Its l-a-s-t-i-n-g flavor satisfies the craving for sweets.

Wrigley's is double value in the benefit and pleasure it provides.

Sealed in its Purity Package.

For Business Only

"What is 'continuity,' John?" "'Continuity,' my dear, is something the moving picture people use—except in their matrimonial relationship."—Boston Transcript.

More Power

A complete new set of dependable Champions at least once a year gives more power and speed. Performance is greatly improved. Oil and gas are saved.

Champion Spark Plug Co. Toledo, Ohio

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FOR SALE: 25 MIDWEST UNIFLOW GARDEN TRACTORS, at half price, $150; All new. Giving up agency, ill health and poor business in Ga. Walter Walters, Albion, Ga.

AGENTS WANTED—SELL WATERPROOF SUITS $12.95. Trousers $4.98. Commission liberal. Selling outfit prepaid. R. Gent. Sure Clothing Co., 810 Land Title Bldg, Philada.

Read This: Truthful letter on poultry finance. Nothing like it. Cheap feeding method; doing myself what I advise. Price $1.00. Others pleased. Parr's Poultry Farm, Greenlawn, N.Y.

NO MORE PUMPING UP TIRES. New valve cap. With this cap, one inflation lasts life tire. Set of 4, $1.25. Agents wanted. ATLAS, 8657 Commercial Avenue, Chicago.

REST Let the "Yakko" do your washing. No rubbing! Saves clothes! Safe to use! No power required! Wonderful invention. Local agents wanted. Write for circular. Yakko Washing Machine Co., 19th St. and Broadway, New York City.

KEEP COOL WITHOUT ICE—Ice-Oil, artificial ice, keeps foods, drinks cool and fresh; no more ice bills; few cents makes 5 formula 25 cents coin. LOLT, BOX 137, ANAHEIM, CALIFORNIA

RADIO TUBES $2.25 Postage 25c. Type 201A and 200, best, guaranteed. Riggus Mfg. Co., Inc., 146 Broadway, Brooklyn, N. Y.

SEGELL'S STOVE POLISH does not burn off stove; washes off hands like soap. Large can, 25c, direct by mail. SEGELL & CO., 41 Astor Street, NEWARK, NEW JERSEY.

Mar-Hair—Genuine hair stimulant; actually stops falling hair, cures dandruff, increasing growth. Sent on $1. Wonderful testimonials. Wetterer's (Dist. 1888), 889 9th Ave., New York.

SAVE 20%-50% on DIAMONDS, WATCHES, jewelry, silver. Special—17 Jewel Elgin 12 Size open face white gold filled watch, usual price $27.50, cost you $19.75. 18 K. white gold pierced ring with genuine white diamond, $15.75, sold elsewhere for $27.50. We have no store expense, no bad accounts, so we sell for cash only, which enables us to sell at 20% to 50% less than others. Write for price of anything you want in the jewelry line. Your money refunded if not pleased. In business since 1879. H. A. ERINEMAN, Jewelry Broker, 903 First National Bank Building, PITTSBURGH.

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