

Patton Courier

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POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

FOR SHERIFF—I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the Republican nomination for Sheriff. Primaries September 18, 1917. I respectfully solicit your influence and support.

JOHN BERG,
Johnstown, Pa.

FOR SHERIFF—This is the formal announcement of my candidacy for the office of Sheriff of Cambria County, subject to the decision of the Republican Primary Election, Sept. 18, 1917. I respectfully solicit your influence and support.

W. S. STUTZMAN.

FOR SHERIFF—I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the Republican nomination for Sheriff. Primaries Sept. 18, 1917.

If nominated and elected, I promise the people of Cambria County a strictly business administration of the office.

BOSCOE C. CUSTER.

FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR: I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Poor Director, subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

A. B. WESTOVER,
Susquehanna Township.

FINANCING THE WAR

The United States is financing itself in this war by loans and taxes. It obtains funds from the people, some by taxation and some by the sale of bonds, and then it goes into the markets and buys from the people what it needs. The people supply the government with money and the government with this money buys from the people what it needs for the war.

There are three sources from which the United States can draw the moneys of war. First is the fixed property of the nation. This represents our farms, factories, mines, railroads and all other property including accumulated savings. From the corpus or body of none of these, except the accumulated savings, will the government obtain war funds, and even from the accumulated savings it will draw a relatively small portion. These accumulated savings are invested in industries and business which are necessary to the country's welfare and prosperity and it is only that portion of these savings which are seeking investment that the government will receive in exchange for bonds.

The second and the great source from which the government is to derive its war fund is the wealth produced during the war. Part of this it will obtain by taxation and part in exchange for bonds. The annual production of the United States, from its farms, mines, factories, and other sources, amounts to fifty billion dollars a year and out of this fifty billion dollars will come the funds part from taxes and part from the sale of bonds, with which the United States will finance itself during this war.

By taxation this generation will pay its portion of the cost of the war. By the sale of bonds the next generation is called upon to pay its portion, and this last portion will be paid from the wealth production after the war.

By this method the capital of the country, its sources of income and wealth, are unimpaired. It is only the yearly increment of this property that is called upon to bear a portion of the cost of the war. Thus despite the waste of war and the destruction of property involved the country may emerge from the conflict stronger financially, more efficient and even wealthier than before. What the government receives it receives from the people without impairing the sources of wealth of the country, and passes it back to the people in exchange for the productions of the country. It is in a way only a shifting of credits.

The government collects the current taxes and by means of bonds anticipates taxes of the years to come, and all the money thus acquired passes back into the hands of the taxpayers. This is why governments which follow sound economic methods not only are not impoverished by wars but sometimes emerge the stronger as England did after the Napoleonic wars and the United States did after our great Civil War.

AMERICA'S CAUSE FOR WAR

"The military masters of Germany denied us the right to be neutral. They filled our communities with vicious spies and conspirators. They sought to corrupt our citizens. They sought by violence to destroy our industries and arrest our commerce. They tried to incite Mexico to take up arms against us and to draw Japan into hostile alliance with her. They impudently denied us the use of the high seas and repeatedly executed their threat that they would send to their death any of our people who ventured to approach the coasts of Europe."

"This flag under which we serve would have been dishonored had we withheld our hand."—Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States.

NOW STATES SHE IS THE HAPPIEST MOTHER IN TOWN

Son's Restoration to Health Made Possible by Master Medicine

There is one mighty happy mother in Sunbury, Pa. She is Mrs. Nellie Neuer, of 935 Railroad avenue, and her happiness comes from the fact that her son, George W. Neuer, who is one of Sunbury's best known citizens, has been restored to health.

"My boy suffered for a long time from stomach trouble and a run-down system," said Mrs. Neuer. "He had indigestion and gas on the stomach. He used to 'bloat' terribly, and nothing he ate seemed to agree with him. I used to cook him all kinds of tasty dishes, but he would leave them untouched."

"His nerves were bad, and he did not sleep well. He lost weight and frequently had to stay home from work. Then I heard about Tanlac, the Master Medicine. I asked him to try it for me, and the results are astonishing. Just yesterday he said to me, 'Mother, I'm improving every day.'"

"His stomach is again normal. His appetite is restored. He sleeps well and his nerves are quieted. Since this change for the better came over him I'm one of the happiest mothers in Sunbury."

Tanlac is being introduced here by C. M. Schaeffer.

CHARTER NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of Pennsylvania, on Monday, September 10th, 1917, by L. W. Maurer, Andrew Rhody and F. R. Maurer under the Act of Assembly entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1914, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called Beechwood Collieries Company, the character and object of which is the mining, operating, buying, selling and shipping of coal and coal products, the purchasing or leasing of coal lands and the selling of the same, the erection of tipples, side tracks, buildings and machinery necessary for these purposes, and the erecting and owning of dwellings for employees, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said Act of Assembly and the supplements thereto.

Respectfully submitted,
Ray E. Brown,
Solicitor.

S-17-3t

FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF PATTON BOROUGH SCHOOL DISTRICT FOR THE YEAR 1916-1917

Whole number of schools	21
Average number of months taught	9
Number of male teachers	3
Number of female teachers	18
Average salary or male teacher per month	\$105.37
Average salary of female teacher per month	61.56
Whole number of pupils enrolled	890
Average daily attendance	776
Number of mills levied for school purposes	10
Number of mills levied for sinking fund	1
Amount levied for school purposes	\$14,852.20
Amount levied for sinking fund	1,485.22
Total amount levied	16,337.42

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, TREASURER GENERAL FUND Receipts

Balance as per audit 1916	\$158.43
Interest paid on average daily balances	95.80
State appropriation	3,138.97
Sale of old iron	16.80
High school appropriation	800.00
Unsettled lands	175.14
Tuition received	483.50
Supplies sold	35.90
W. J. Gill, Tax Collector	16,834.68
W. J. Gill, extra taxes collected	108.00
Money borrowed	2,581.00
Total	\$24,179.23

Disbursements

Teachers salaries	\$12,769.12
Teachers attending institute	315.00
Supplies	1,647.22
Books	873.93
Typewriters	165.00
Janitor Salaries	1,332.50
Light	46.68
Fuel	640.16
Water	36.80
Telephone rent and tolls	46.44
Renel Somerville (solicitor salary)	100.00
Taxes on bonds	101.52
Freight and drayage	49.72
Repairs to Buildings	1,461.14
Auditors	30.00
Taxes refunded (Fisher estate)	31.74
Secretary salary	125.00
W. J. Gill, Collector, salary	371.88
Transferred to sinking fund	1,000.00
Error deposits of taxes	2,181.82
Miscellaneous	414.10
Total	\$23,739.77

Cash on hand

Cash on hand	\$439.45
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SINKING FUND Receipts

Balance as per audit 1916	\$195.70
Transfer from general fund	1,000.00
Interest on average daily balances	11.40
W. J. Gill, tax collector	1,663.13
W. J. Gill, extra taxes collected	10.80
Total	\$2,881.03

Disbursements

Refund to W. J. Gill, error on deposits	\$218.18
Bonds No. 1 and 2 paid	1,000.00
Coupons paid	1,307.50
Total	\$2,525.68

Cash on hand

Cash on hand	\$355.35
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W. J. GILL, TAX COLLECTOR, 1916-1917 Debits

Amount of duplicate	\$16,337.42
5 per cent on taxes collected after October 1st	129.75
Taxes collected not on duplicate	118.80
Total	\$16,585.97

GENERAL FUND Credits

Collected at par	\$11,973.70
Collected 5 per cent added	2,359.33
5 per cent	117.96
Postage used	23.63
Returns	116.78
Collected not on duplicate	108.00
Exonerations	378.74
Total	\$15,078.14

SINKING FUND Credits

Collected at par	\$1,197.37
Collected 5 per cent added	235.94
5 per cent	117.96
Postage used	2.37
Returns	11.68
Collected not on duplicate	10.80
Exonerations	37.88
Total	\$1,507.83

RESOURCES

Cash on hand	\$439.45
General fund	439.45
Sinking fund	355.35
Prepaid insurance (two years)	\$794.80
Money due district from	\$279.36
Outstanding tuition	\$812.00
Unsettled lands	128.46
Approximate value of school buildings, etc.	66,075.00
TOTAL	\$68,089.62

LIABILITIES

Unsettled bills (approximately)	\$450.00
Bills payable	2,531.00
Old orders outstanding	38.00
Bonds outstanding	26,000.00
Total	\$29,019.00

Resources in excess of liabilities

Resources in excess of liabilities	\$39,070.53
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We, the undersigned Auditors of Patton Borough School District, have carefully examined, checked and audited the books and accounts of the said school district, and find them correct, to the best of our knowledge and belief.

Respectfully submitted,
F. L. BROWN,
RAY E. BROWN,
PAUL T. BEARER.

Auditors.

J. A. SCHWAB, President M. D. BEARER, Cashier
Dr. J. I. VAN WERT, Vice President M. G. DUMM, Ass't

The Grange National Bank

OF PATTON, PA.

Capital	\$60,000.00
Surplus	20,000.00

ORGANIZED AUGUST, 1906

Deposits Dec. 31st, 1906	\$ 76,773.52
Dec. 31st, 1907	201,963.10
Nov. 27th, 1908	226,286.03
Sept. 1st, 1909	279,279.00
Sept. 1st, 1910	321,625.73
Dec. 5th, 1911	421,612.64
Nov. 26th, 1912	509,559.52
Aug. 9th, 1913	576,741.96
Sept. 12th, 1914	617,447.39

3 PER CENT Interest Paid on Time Deposits

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT

Drafts Issued on All Parts of the World. A General Banking Business Transacted.

We Solicit Your Account

The First National Bank

PATTON, PENNSYLVANIA

Capital paid up	\$100,000.00
Surplus	75,000.00

ESTABLISHED 1893

The Oldest National Bank in Northern Cambria

A general banking business transacted. We invite personal interviews or correspondence with firms and individuals wishing to establish or change their banking relations.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

Steamship Tickets for all the leading Lines; Foreign Draft payable in the principal cities of the world. Safe Deposit Boxes for use of our patrons furnished free.

You should have one or more of our Saving Banks in your home. Will teach the children practical lessons of economy.

WM. H. SANDFORD President
FRANK L. BROWN Cashier

BUY THAT NEW BONNET AT

Neal's

THE LADIES' HAT SHOP

1411-13 Eleventh Ave. Altoona, Pa.

J. EDWARD STEVENS

FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER

Careful and Up-To-Date Service
Modern Equipment
Horse and Motor Hearses
Telephone Service—Office and Residence
CARROLLTOWN, PA.

A little thing—your photograph—means much to those who taught you love for country.

MAKE AN APPOINTMENT TODAY

Edward Thomas

Patton, Penna.

Dry Cleaning Plant

LADIES AND GENTS CLOTHES DRY CLEANED AND PRESSED

CIBULKA the Tailor, Barnesboro