

Ordinance No. 92.

An ordinance amending section one of an ordinance of the borough of Patton, known as ordinance No. 82, approved the 16th day of October, A. D. 1905, entitled "An ordinance authorizing the grading, paving and curbing of Beech avenue from Fifth avenue west to Sixth avenue, and providing for the collection of the cost of the same."

Be it enacted and ordained by the burgess and town council of the borough of Patton, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by authority of the same. That section 1 of an ordinance of the borough of Patton, known as ordinance No. 82, approved the 16th day of October, A. D., 1905, entitled: "An ordinance authorizing the grading, paving and curbing of Beech avenue from Fifth avenue west to Sixth avenue, and providing for the collection of the cost of the same," which reads as follows:

Section 1. Be it enacted and ordained by the burgess and town council of the borough of Patton, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by authority of the same:

That, whereas, two-thirds of the property owners, representing not less than two-thirds in number of feet of the properties fronting or abutting on Beech avenue, between Fifth and Sixth avenues in the borough of Patton, have petitioned council, asking that said street be graded, paved and curbed, setting forth in said petition the reasons therefor, and respectfully asking that the same be paved with vitrified paving brick or blocks.

Therefore, be it enacted and ordained that said street, beginning at Fifth avenue, and extending west to Sixth avenue, be properly graded, paved with vitrified paving brick or blocks and curbed to the width of 30 feet between curbs, be and is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 1. Be it enacted and ordained by the burgess and town council of the borough of Patton, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by authority of the same: That, whereas, two-thirds of the property owners, representing not less than two-thirds in number of feet of the properties fronting or abutting on Beech avenue between Fifth and Fourth avenues in the borough of Patton, have petitioned council asking that said street be graded, paved and curbed, setting forth in said petition the reasons therefor, and respectfully asking that the same be paved with vitrified brick or blocks.

Therefore, be it enacted and ordained, that said street, beginning at Fifth avenue and extending west to Sixth avenue, be properly graded, paved with vitrified paving brick or blocks and curbed to the width of 25 feet between curbs, and that alley approaches be graded, curbed and paved to the width of sixteen feet.

Enacted and ordained by the burgess and town council of the borough of Patton, this 30th day of July, A. D. 1906.

H. S. LINGLE, President of Council.

Attest: Ed S. MOORE, Borough Secretary. Approved by the burgess of Patton borough this, the 30th day of July, A. D. 1906.

H. S. LINGLE, Acting Burgess.

Ordinance No. 93.

An ordinance authorizing the grading, paving and curbing of Fifth avenue from Beech avenue north to the intersection of Terra Cotta avenue, and providing for cost of collection of the same.

Section 1. Be it enacted and ordained by the burgess and town council of Patton borough, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by authority of the same.

That, whereas two-thirds of the property owners, representing not less than two-thirds in number of feet of the properties fronting or abutting on Fifth avenue between Beech avenue and Terra Cotta avenue in the borough of Patton, have petitioned council asking that said street be graded, paved and curbed, setting forth in said petition the reasons therefor, and respectfully asking that the same be paved with vitrified brick.

Therefore, be it enacted and ordained that said street, beginning at Beech avenue and extending north to Terra Cotta avenue, be properly graded, curbed with stone and paved with vitrified paving brick or blocks to the width of 30 feet between curbs.

That grading, paving and curbing be according to plans and specifications of the borough engineer, which plans are hereby approved and made a part hereof, and that said work be done under his supervision as well as that of the street committee.

Section 2. That the grading, paving and curbing be done by contract. Contract to be advertised and let to the contractor who submits the lowest bid, offers the best terms, and who submits a bond for the faithful performance of his duties under the contract.

Section 3. That the cost of grading, paving and curbing of the same be ascertained, charged and assessed to the

property owners adjacent to the same and the borough of Patton according to Act of Assembly approved the 23rd day of April, 1889.

The borough engineer is hereby directed to advertise for bids for the grading, paving and curbing of said street according to plans and specifications prepared, or to be prepared by him, and to report the bids received by him to the burgess and town council at a time to be hereafter designated.

Enacted and ordained by the burgess and town council of Patton borough this 30th day of July, A. D. 1906.

H. S. LINGLE, President of Council.

Attest: Ed S. MOORE, Borough Secretary. Approved by the burgess of Patton borough this, the 30th day of July, A. D. 1906.

H. S. LINGLE, Acting Burgess.

Ordinance No. 94.

An ordinance amending section one of an ordinance of the borough of Patton known as ordinance No. 83, approved the 6th day of November, 1905, entitled, "An ordinance authorizing the grading, paving and curbing of Fourth avenue from Magee avenue north to Beech avenue, and providing for collection of cost of the same."

Be it enacted and ordained by the burgess and town council of the borough of Patton and it is hereby enacted and ordained by authority of the same.

That section 1 of ordinance of the borough of Patton known as ordinance No. 83, approved the 6th day of November, A. D. 1905, entitled, "An ordinance authorizing the grading, paving and curbing of Fourth avenue from Magee avenue north to Beech avenue and providing for collection of cost of the same," which reads as follows:

Section 1. Be it enacted and ordained by the burgess and town council of the borough of Patton, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by authority of the same: That, whereas, two-thirds of the property owners, representing not less than two-thirds in number of feet of the properties fronting or abutting on Fourth avenue between Beech and Magee avenues, in the borough of Patton, have petitioned council, asking that said street be graded, paved and curbed, setting forth in said petition the reasons therefor, and respectfully asking that the same be paved with vitrified brick.

Therefore, be it enacted and ordained, that said street, beginning at Magee avenue and extending north to Beech avenue, be properly graded, curbed with stone and paved with vitrified paving brick or blocks to the width of 30 feet between curbs, be and is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 1. Be it enacted and ordained by the burgess and town council of the borough of Patton, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by authority of the same:

That, whereas, two-thirds of the property owners representing not less than two-thirds in number of feet of the properties fronting or abutting on Fourth avenue, between Beech avenue and Magee avenue, in the borough of Patton, have petitioned council, asking that said street be graded, paved and curbed, setting forth in said petition the reasons therefor, and respectfully asking that the same be paved with vitrified brick.

Therefore, be it enacted and ordained that said street beginning at Magee avenue and extending north to Beech avenue, be properly graded, curbed with stone and paved with vitrified paving brick or blocks to the width of twenty-four feet between curbs, and that the alley approaches be graded, paved and curbed to the width of sixteen feet.

Enacted and ordained by the burgess and town council of the borough of Patton, this, the 30th day of July, A. D. 1906.

H. S. LINGLE, President of Council.

Attest: Ed S. MOORE, Borough Secretary. Approved by the burgess of Patton borough this, the 30th day of July, A. D. 1906.

H. S. LINGLE, Acting Burgess.

Ordinance No. 95.

An ordinance authorizing the grading, paving and curbing of Fifth avenue from Lang avenue south to the iron bridge crossing Little Chest creek, and providing for the collection of the cost of the same.

Section 1. Be it enacted and ordained by the burgess and town council of Patton borough, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by authority of the same.

That, whereas, two-thirds of the property owners, representing not less than two-thirds in number of feet of the properties fronting or abutting on Fifth avenue between Lang avenue and the bridge crossing Little Chest creek, in the borough of Patton, have petitioned council asking that said street be graded, paved and curbed, setting forth in said petition the reasons therefor, and respectfully asking that the same be paved with vitrified paving bricks or blocks.

Therefore be it enacted and ordained

that said street, beginning at Lang avenue and extending south to the bridge crossing Little Chest creek, be properly graded, curbed and paved with vitrified paving bricks or blocks to the width of thirty feet between curbs.

That grading, paving and curbing be done according to plans and specifications of the borough engineer, which plans and specifications are hereby approved and made a part hereof, and that said work be done under his supervision as well as that of the street committee.

Section 2. That the grading, paving and curbing be done by contract. Contract to be advertised and let to the contractor who submits the best bid, offers the best terms and who submits a bond for the faithful performance of his duties under the contract.

Section 3. That the cost of grading, paving and curbing be ascertained and charged and assessed to the property owners adjacent to the same and the Borough of Patton according to Act of Assembly approved the 23rd day of April, A. D., 1889.

The borough engineer is hereby directed to advertise for bids for the grading, paving and curbing of said street according to plans and specifications prepared or to be prepared by him, and to report the bids received by him to the burgess and town council at a time to be by them designated.

Enacted and ordained by the burgess and town council of Patton borough this 21st day of August, A. D. 1906.

H. S. LINGLE, President of Council.

Attest: Ed S. MOORE, Borough Secretary. Approved by the burgess of Patton borough this, the 24th day of August, A. D. 1906.

H. S. LINGLE, Acting Burgess.

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES (Pennsylvania Division.) Beech Creek District. Condensed Time Table.

Table with columns: Read up, Exp. Mail, No. 33, In effect June 17, '05, Exp. Mail, No. 30, No. 36, Read down. Lists various stations like Patton, Westover, Arcadia, etc.

Connections—At Williamsport with Philadelphia and Reading Railroad; at Jersey Shore with the Fall Brook District; at Mill Hill with Central Railroad of Pennsylvania; at Phillipsburg with Pennsylvania Railroad and N. Y. and P. C. R. R.; at Clearfield with the Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburgh Railway; at Mahanoy and Patton with Cambria and Clearfield Division of the Pennsylvania Railroad; at McAdams with the Pennsylvania and North-western Railway.

J. F. Fairbank, Gen'l Pass. Agt., New York. W. H. Northrup, Gen. Agent, Williamsport, Pa.

Lucas Paint advertisement. Includes an illustration of a house and text: 'Lucas Paint (Tinted Gloss) has richer gloss and more brilliant colors than any other paint. Best of all, it gives lasting beauty. Lucas Paint looks better and wears longer because we use pure materials and know how to mix them. John Lucas & Co. Sixty years of paint-making. New York Philadelphia Chicago. For Sale by Binder & Starrett, Patton, Pa.'

ARMORED COFFINS.

They Were Once Used in a Churchyard in Scotland.

In the earlier half of the nineteenth century the practice of stealing bodies from the churchyards for the purpose of sale as subjects for dissection, which was known as "body snatching," was for a time very rife.

Various plans were made to defeat the nefarious and sacrilegious proceedings of the "body snatchers," or "resurrectionists," as they were sometimes called, a very common one being the erection of two or more small watch-towers, which, with a commanding view of the whole churchyard, and in which the bodies of the deceased were placed, were to be removed at night after the funeral.

A burial in one of the grave robbers was to dig down to the head of the coffin and bore in it a large round hole by means of a specially constructed center bit. It was to counteract this maneuver that the two curious coffin-like relics now lying on either side of the door of the ruined church of Aberfoyle, in Perthshire, were constructed. They are solid masses of cast iron of enormous weight.

When an interment took place one of these massive slabs was lowered by suitable derricks, tackles and chains on to the top of the coffin, the grave was filled in, and there it was left some considerable time. Later on the grave was opened and the iron armor-plate was removed and laid aside ready for another funeral.

These contrivances still lie on the grass of the lonely little churchyard, objects of curiosity to the passing cyclist and tourist.—Scientific American.

The Explanation.

One morning the readers of a certain newspaper were perplexed to see in type the announcement that "the Scotus handed down an important decision yesterday." The afternoon paper of the town, with which the morning paper for years had held a bitter controversy, interesting none but themselves, laughed that day, as the poets say, "in ghoulish glee," and it was up to the morning paper the next day to explain that "the types" made them say that the Scotus did so and so when the telegraph editor should have known that that word was merely the abbreviation of the telegrapher for suppressor of the United States.

Locusts Good to Eat.

All native African races eat locusts. With many it takes, and has to take, the place of the British workman's beef and mutton. In a good many villages sun-dried locusts are an article of commerce. The Sudanese are particularly fond of them.

Before they are eaten they are toasted. The wings and legs having first been torn off, the long, soft body and the crisp head form the delicacy.

I determined not to let my European prejudices influence me, but to give the dish of grilled locusts a fair trial. I thought how John the Baptist had enjoyed them plus wild honey.

The one I was eating was rather nice. I agreed with my Arab servant that, should the meat supply fall short, a dish of locusts would be a very good substitute.

By the time I was eating the second locust it seemed to me absurd why one should have a sort of lurking pity for John the Baptist's daily menu unless it be for its monotony, and I felt convinced that I should get tired of honey sooner than I should of locusts.—Current Literature.

An eccentric clergyman in Cornwall had been much annoyed by the way the members of the congregation had of looking around to see late comers. After enduring it for some time he said on entering the reading desk one day: "Brethren, I regret to see that your attention is called away from your religious duties by your very natural desire to see who comes in behind you. I propose henceforth to save you the trouble by naming each person who may come late."

He then began, "Dearly beloved," but paused half way to interpolate "Mr. S., with his wife and daughter."

Mr. S. looked rather surprised, but the minister, with perfect gravity, resumed. Presently he again paused. "Mr. C. and William D."

The abashed congregation kept their eyes studiously bent on their books. The service proceeded in the most orderly manner, the parson interrupting himself every now and then to name some newcomer. At last he said, still with the same perfect gravity: "Mrs. S. in a new bonnet."

In a moment every feminine head in the congregation had turned around.—Millinery Trade Review.

A Mystery of the Sea.

One of the most curious finds ever made from the sea was that which came to the Azores in 1853. The island of Corvo was then in the possession of two runaway British sailors. One morning there drifted ashore a craft which had evidently been frozen in the ice for a long time. It was an ancient and battered brig, without masts, bulwark or name, but the hatches were on, the cabin doors fast, and the hull was buoyant. She had little cargo, and that consisted of skins and furs in prime condition.

No papers were found in the cabin, but it was figured that she was a sealer or trader, carrying a crew of 10 or 12, and that she had been provisioned for a year. The flour was spoiled, but the beef was perfectly preserved. She had been abandoned when frozen in an iceberg and drifted for years. The date of the letter found in the forecastle showed that the brig had been abandoned nearly half a century before. The two sailors got out the furs, which eventually brought them \$4,000, and two barrels of beef and then set fire to the wreck. No trace was ever found of its name or owners.

Letter to S. J. Wirtner, Patton, Pa.

Dear Sir: A pound of meat and no bone is worth more than a half pound of meat and a half pound of bone, but there are, as you say, a great many people who won't pay more than a certain price by the pound. Give 'em bone; that's right; give 'em plenty of bone!

There are people who won't pay more than \$1.50 a gallon for paint; give 'em bone!

There's no better school than experience; cost is high; but the lesson is never forgotten.

Let a man paint two houses alike, same size; one Devoe, the other that \$1.50 paint. He buys 10 gallons of each, and pays \$3 a day for labor—\$3 a day is \$3 a gallon, easier reckoning.

He has to buy two gallons more of the \$1.50 paint; and has two gallons left of Devoe: 12 gallons \$1.50, \$18; 8 gallons \$1.75, \$14; \$4 more for "cheap" paint.

He pays \$3 a gallon for painting; 8 gallons \$24; 12 gallons \$36; \$12 more for painting "cheap" paint.

He'll buy the less gallons paint after that. If people are slow to learn, it's because they keep on buying bone meat. Give 'em plenty of bone.

Yours truly, F. W. DEVOE & Co.

P. S. Binder & Starrett sell our paint.

A BOON TO WOMEN.

The Bane of the Average Female Promptly Eliminated by a Simple Remedy.

Backache, whether due to natural causes or the result of disease, can be promptly alleviated and ultimately cured by the use of Dr. Wood's Kidney and Backache pills. Thousands of suffering women can testify to the truth of this.

It is a purely vegetable compound and does not contain any poisons or deleterious substances. It acts promptly, and in addition to relieving the pain tones up the system and makes life worth living. A trial will convince and a trial will cost you nothing. If they do not do all that is claimed for them your money will be cheerfully refunded.

Dr. Wood is a reputable physician who has had over 40 years of experience in kidney troubles, having made it a specialty, and these pills are made from his own perscription.

Don't suffer any longer, but buy a box now. Price 50 cents at Wolf's Pharmacy.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between E. T. W. A. and F. C. Little, under the firm name of Little Bros. has been dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued by E. T. and W. A. Little, who will pay all debts and to whom all bills must be paid. Patton, Pa., August 1, 1906.

NOTICE.

In re first and final account of W. H. Sandford, Assignee of H. A. Leiden and John R. Leiden, as individuals, and as partners, trading as Leiden Brothers, of Cambria County.

Having been appointed an Auditor to report a distribution of the fund in the hands of said accountant, notice is hereby given that I will sit for the purpose of said appointment at the office of Reuel Somerville, Esq., Patton, Pa., on Wednesday, the 1st day of August, 1906, at 10:30 a. m., where and when all persons interested may appear or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund. F. J. HARTMAN, Auditor. Ebensburg, Pa., June 25, 1906.

Estate Annie Manion, Deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of Annie Manion, late of Clearfield township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to MART MANTON AND HARRISON MANTON, Administrators, Patton, Pa. Or to their attorney, Reuel Somerville, Patton, Pa.

Advertisement for Widow Jones' Clothes. Includes an illustration of a woman in a long dress and text: 'Widow Jones' Clothes. 202 1/2 S. 22nd St. - PATTON, PA. 1816. Plant an Ad in THE COURIER.'