## REVENUES FOR THE WAR

How the People Will Contribute to the Government to Pay Expenses.

## BEER AND TOBACCO HEAVILY TAXED.

The Secretary of the Treasury May Issue Bonds to the Amount of \$400,000,000. Telegrams and Sleeping Car Tickets Asiessed-Many Other Articles Must Bear the War Stamp.

Following is the war revenue bill adopted in conference last week and which subsequently passed both the House and Senate. It is expected that this bill will yield an annual revenue of \$150,000,000.

TAXES ON LIQUORS. A tax of \$1 on all beer, lager beer, ale, porter and other similar fermente. I liquors, brewed or manufactured and sold or stored in warehouse or re-moved for consumption or sale, for every barrel containing not more than 31 gailons; and at a like rate for any other quantity or fractional parts of a tarrel with a discount of 7½ per cent on all sales by collectors to brew-ers of the stamps provided for the pay-ment of the tax. An additional proviso was added as follows by the confer-

Sixth—Proprietors of theaters, mu-seums and concert halls in cities of more than 15,000 people, \$100. This does not include halls rented or used oc-casionally for concerts or theatrical

presentations. Seventh-Circuses, \$190. No special

and eighteites innnufactured or sold. or removed for consumption or sale, the following taxes to be paid by the manufacturer, \$1.60 per thousand on cigars weighing more than three pounds per thousand; \$1 per thousand on cigars weighing not more than three pounds per thousand and \$1.50 per thousand on cigarettes weighing ot more than three pounds per housand, provided that in lieu of the thousand, provided that in lieu of the two, three and four-ounce packages of tobacco and snuff now authorized by law there may be packages thereof containing one and two-thirds ounces, two and one-half ounces and three and one-third ounces, respectively, and in addition to packages now authorized by law, there may be packages containing one ounce of smoking tobacco.

The compromise provision in regard to the taxation of the stock on hand is

to the taxation of the stock on hand is as follows:

There shall be assessed and collected, with the exceptions hereinafter in this section provided for, upon all the articles enumerated in this section, which were manufactured, imported and removed from factory or custom-house before the passage of this act busing stamps affixed to such articles for the payment of the taxes thereon and cancelled subsequent to April 14, 1898, and which articles were at the time of the passage of this act held and intended for same by any person, a tax equal to one-half the difference between the tax already paid rence between the tax already paid such articles at the time of removal om the factory or custom house and the tax levied in this act upon such articles. Dealers having on hand less than 1,000 pounds of manufactured to-bacco and 20,000 cigars or cigarettes on the day succeeding the date of the bili are relieved from the necessity of making returns and thus relieved from he necessity of paying the tax.
For the expense connected with the resessment and collection of the toacco taxes there is appropriated \$100,-

The commissioner of internal revenue is authorized to employ internal revenue agents in addition to the number now authorized.

INSURANCE.

Lafe—On each policy for each \$100,00, 10 cents on the amount insured.

Policies on the industrial or weekly
dith, 40 per cent of the amount of the
irst weekly premium is charged. Fraermal beneficiary societies and orders,
armers, purely local co-operative
companies, employes, relief associaicons operated on the lodge system or
cial co-operative plan, "organized
and conducted solely by the members
bersof for the exclusive benefit of its
members and not for profit," are ex-INSURANCE.

Casualty, fidelity and guaranty—
Esch policy and each bond for the performance of the duties of any office or
waition or other obligation of the nature of indemnity and each contract
or obligation guaranteeing the validity
of bonds or other obligations issued by
any state, county, municipal or other
public body, or guaranteeing titles to
real estate or mercantile credits executed or guaranteed by any surety
company, upon the amount of prenaium charged, one-half of 1 cent on
each dollar.

LEASES, CUSTOMS AND TRANS-Lease, land or tenement, not ex-ceeding one year, 20 cents; exceeding one year and not exceeding three years, 50 cents; exceeding three years,

clearance of cargo for a foreign port, if the registered tonnage of such ship, vessel or steamer does not exceed 300 tons, \$1: exceeding 200 tons and not exceeding 600 tons, \$3: exceeding 600 tons. tons, \$1; exceeding 200 tons and not exceeding 600 tons, \$3; exceeding 600 tons, \$5. Mortgage of real estate or personal property exceeding \$1,000 and not exceeding \$1,500, 25 cents, and on each \$500 in excess of \$1,500, 25 cents.

Passage ticket from a port in the United States to a foreign port, if costing not exceeding \$30, \$1; costing more than \$30 and not exceeding \$60, \$3; costing more than \$60, \$5.

Froxy for voting at any election for officers of any incorporated company.

officers of any incorporated company, except religious, charitable or literary societies or public cemeteries, 10 cents. Power of attorney, 25 cents; not to apply to the collection of ex-soldiers' claims against the government on ac ount of the military or naval service. Protest of notes, bills of exchange Protest of notes, bills of exchange, acceptance, checks or drafts, or any marine ports, 25 cents, warehouse receipts 25 cents. The stamp duties on manifests, bills of lading and passage tickets do not apply to steamboats or other vessels plying between ports of the United States and ports in British

North America.

SCHEDULE B-MEDICINAL PROPRIETARY ARTICLES AND PREPARATIONS.

Upon every packet, box, bottle, pot or phial or other inclosure, containing any pills, powders, tinctures, troches or lozenges, sirups, corlials, bitters, anodynes, tonics, plasters, liniments, salves, ointments, pastes, drops, water (except natural spring waters and carbon ated natural spring waters), es-North America.

a terrel with a discount of 7% per cent on all sales by collectors to brewers of the stamps provided for the ray resist of the tax. An additional proviso was added as follows by the conference:

"That the additional tax imposed in this section on all fermented liquor stored in warehouse, to which a stamp had been affixed, shall be assessed and collected in the manner now provided by law for the collection of taxes not past by stamps."

FPECIAL TAXES FROM JULY 1.

First—Bankers employing a capital architecture of the period of th

FPECIAL TAXES FROM JULY 1.

First—Bankers employing a capital not exceeding \$25,000 to \$50,000, and for every additional thousand dollars, \$2, surplus included in capital. The amsunt of such annual tax to be computed on the basis of the capital and surplus for the preceding fiscal year. Saving banks having no capital stock and whose business is confined to receiting deposits and loaning or investing the same for the benefit of the depositors and which do no other business banking, are not subject to this tax.

Becond—Brokers, \$50, but any person having paid the special tax as a banker shall not be required to pay the special tax sis a broker.

Third—Pawnbrokers, \$20, Fifth—Custom-house brokers, \$10. Saxth—Proprietors of theaters, mu-

cents.

Sparkling or other wines, when bottled for sale, upon each bottle containing one pint or less, I cent; more than one pint, 2 cents. The stamp is only to be affixed when the article in this schedule is soid.

Seventh—Circuses, \$100. No special tax paid in one state is to exempt exhibitions from the tax in another state, though but one special tax is to be imposed for exhibitions within any one state.

Eighth—Proprietors or agents of all other public exhibitions or shows for money not enumerated here, \$10.

Ninth—Bowling alleys and billiard rooms, \$5 for each alley or table

TOBACCO, CIGARS, CIGARETTES AND SNUFF.

In lieu of the tax now imposed by last, a tax of 12 cents per pound upon all tobacce and smuff, however prepared, manufactured and sold or removed for consumption or sale; upon cigars and cigarettes manufactured or sold, as a legarettes manufactured or sold. objected on every seat soid in a palace or parlor car and on every berth soid in a sleeping car, the stamp to be affixed to the ticket and paid by the company issuing it.

INHERITANCE TAX.

A tax on inheritance and legacies exceeding \$10,000 on personal property, is provided as follows: On sums between \$10,000 and \$25,000: First-On benefits to the lineal issue

or lineal ancestor, brother or sister of the deceased at the rate of 75 cents for Second—To the descendant of a brother or sister at the rate of \$1.50 for

Third-To the brother or sister of the Third—To the brother or sixter of the father or mother, or a descendant of a brother or sister of the father or mother at the rate of \$1 for every \$100.

Fourth—To the brother or sixter of the grandfather or grandmether, or descendant of the brother or sixter of the grandfather of the g the grandfather or grandmother, \$4 for

the grandfather or grandmother, 34 for every \$100.

Fifth—To those of any other degree of collateral consanuinity or strangers in blood or body politic or corporate at the rate of \$5 for every \$100.

All legacies or property passing by will, by the laws of any state or territory to husband or wife, are exempted from tax or duty. On sums ranging between \$25,000 and \$100,000 the rates of tax are to be multiplied by one and one-half; on those ranging from \$100,000 to \$500,000 the rates are to be multiplied by two; on those ranging from plied by two; on those ranging from 1500,000 to \$1,000,000 the rates are to be multiplied by two and one-half; and on those above \$1,000,000 the tax is made a tien upon the property until paid and it s required that the tax shall be satis-ied before the legatee is paid. CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTED-

NESS. The secretary of the treasury is au-thorized to borrow from time to time at a rate of interest not exceeding 3 per cent such sums as in his judgment per cent such sums as in his judgment may be necessary to meet public ex-penditures and to issue certificates of indebtedness in denominations of \$5 or some multiple of that sum. Each cer-tificate is made payable at such time not exceeding one year from the date of its issues, as the secretary of the treasury may prescribe, provided that the amount of such certificates out-standing shall at no time exceed \$100,-900,000.

TOBACCO DEALERS AND MANU-FACTURERS.

Dealers in leaf tobacco whose annual sales do not exceed 20,000 pounds each. 16. Those whose annual sales exceed 50,000 and not 100,000 pounds, \$12, and if

their annual sales exceed 100,000 pounds, 324.

Dealers in other tobacco whose annual sales exceed 50,000 pounds, \$12. Those selling their own products at the place of manufacture are exempted the place of manufacture are exempted from this tax. Manufacturers of to-bacco whose annual sales do not exceed 50,000 pounds, \$6. Manufacturers whose sales exceed 50,000 and not 100,000 pounds, \$12. Manufacturers whose sales exceed 100,000 pounds, \$24. Manufacturers of cigars, \$6. Manufacturers whose sales exceed 100,000, and not 200,000 cigars, \$12. Manufacturers whose sales exceed 200,000 cigars, \$24. Any person who carries on the business for which special taxes are imposed by this act, without having paid posed by this act, without having paid the special tax, is made guilty of a misdemeanor, the penalty being a fine of from \$100 to \$500 or imprisonment or not more than six months, or both. It is provided that until appropriate stamps are prepared and furnished, the stamps heretofore used to denote the payment of the internal revenue tax on fermented liquors, tobacco, snuff, with a suitable device to denote the new rate of tax and shall be affixed to all packages containing such articles on which the tax imposed by this act is paid.

ADHESIVE STAMPS.

Section 7 provides that if any person

Section 7 provides that if any person

or persons shall make, sign or issue any instrument or paper of any des-cription without its being stamped, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, the penalty being \$100, at the discretion of

the court.
Section 9 provides a penalty of a fine not exceeding \$1,000 or imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years, or both, for the counterfelting of the stamps and the penalty is made to apoly to all persons having any connec-ion with the counterfeiting. Proprietors of proprietary articles

are given the privilege of furnishing their cwn dies or designs for stamps, a failure to perform which act is made a misdemeanor punishable by a fine on not less than \$50 nor more than \$50, o by imprisonment of not to exceed six months or both. It is also made a misdemeanor by section 10 to evade the provisions of the stamp law, punishable by a fine not exceeding \$100.

Other sections following relate to the administration of the law. Section 12

provides for the distribution of stamps Section 16 exempts government, state county and municipal bonds from the operation of the law, and also the stock and bonds issued by co-operate building and loan associations whose cap-ital stock does not exceed \$10,000, and milding and loan associations or com panies that make loans only to their shareholders. Section 18 provides for a tax stamp

on telegraph messages, but exempts messages of officers and employes of the government on official business. and also the messages of telegraph thorized and directed to coin into and railroad companies over their own standard silver dollars as rapidly as

o proprietary artcles. Section 24 adds the tax on proprie-

poses named in said act. poses named in suid act.

MIXED FLOUR.

A substitute was adopted for the senate provision for a tax on mixed ficur, but the material points were retary articles to the duty on them, requiring the affixing of the internal revenue stamp before withdrawal for consumption.

The commissioner of internal revenue is authorized to procure until Jan. I, 1899, any of the stamps provided tained. The substitute requires that persons engaged in making, packing or repacking mixed flour shall pay a spe-cial tax at the rate of \$12 per annum and the license granted is to be posted

for by contract whenever they cannot be speedily prepared by the bureau of

engraving and printing.
SCHEDULE A-STAMP TAXES.
Bonds, debentures or certificates findebtedness by any association, com-pany or corporation, on each hundred dollars of face value or fraction there-of, five cents; and on each original is-sue, whether on organization or reor-ganization, of certificates of stock by any such corporation, on each \$100 of face value or fraction thereof, five cents; and on all sales, or agreement to sell, or memoranda of sales, or de-liveries or transfers of shares or cerliveries or transfers of shares or cer-tificates of stock on each \$100 of face value or fraction, two cents. In clase of sale, where the evidence of transfer is shown only by the books of the com-pany, the stamp shall be placed upon such books, and where the change of ownership is by transfer certificate, the stamp shall be placed upon the cer-tificate; and in case of an agreement to sell or where the transfer is by de-livery of the certificate assigned in blank, there shall be made and de-livered by the seller to the buyer a bill

fine of from \$500 to \$1,000 and imprisonment for six months, or both.

Upon each sale or agreement to sell any products or merchandise at any exchange or board of trade, or other similar place, either for present or future delivery, for each \$100 in value of said sale or agreement of sale or agreement of sale or agreement to sell, one cent. agreement to sell, one cent; and for each additional \$100 or fractional part thereof in excess of \$100, one cent; pro-vided, that on every sale or agreement of sale or agreement to sell, there shall be made and delivered by the seller to the buyer, a bill or memorandum to such sais, to which them shull be of fixed a lawful stamp or stamps in

value equal to the amount of the tax on such sale.

Lani: check, draft or certificate of deposit not drawing any interest, or order for the payment of any sum of money drawn upon or issued by any bank, trust company or any person or persons, companies or corporations,

two cents. Bills of exchange (inland), draft, cer-tificate of deposit drawing interest, or order for the payment of any sum of money otherwise than at sight or on demand or any promissory note except bank notes issued for circulation and for each renewal of the same for a sum not exceeding \$100, two cents and for each additional \$100 or fractional part thereof, in excess of \$100, two cents.

Bills of exchange (foreign) or letter of credit, if drawn singly for a sum not exceeding \$100, 4 cents, and for each \$100 or fractional part thereof in

each \$100 or fractional part thereof in excess of \$100, 4 cents. If drawn in sets of two or more: For every bill of each set, where the sum does not ex-ceed \$100 in any foreign currency, 2 cents, and for each \$100 or fractional part in excess of \$100, 2 cents. Bills of lading or receipt (other than charter purty) for any goods or merchandise to be exported to any foreign

It is made the duty of every railroad or steamboat company, carrier, express company or corporation or person whose occupation is to act as such, to issue to the shipper or consignor, a bill of lading, manifest or other evidence of receipt and forwarding for each shipment received, whether in bulk or in boxes, bales, packages, bundles or not so inclosed or included, and there is to be attached and canceiled to each of said bills of lading, etc., a stamp of the value of I cent. Provided that but one bill of lading shall be required on bundles or packages of newspapers when enclosed in one general bundle at the time of shipment.

A tax of 1 cent is imposed for every telephone message for which over 15 cents is charged. Any telegraphic message, 1 cent. Indemnifying bonds, 50

Penalty, \$50.

Certificate of profits of any association and on all transfers thereof, on each hundred dollars of face value, I Certificate of damage or otherwise issued by any part warden or marine surveyor, 25 cents. Certificate of any other description, 19 cents. Charter party, if the registered tonninge of the

vessel does not exceed 300 tons, \$3. Ex-ceeding 300 tons and not exceeding 600 tons, \$5. Exceeding 600 tons, \$15. Con-tract, brokers' note or memorandum of sale of any goods or merchandise, stocks, bonds, exchange notes of hand, real estate or property of any descrip-tion issued by brokers or persons act ing as such for each note or memorandum of saie, 10 cents. Conveyance or deed for real estate, in which the con-sideration exceeds \$100 and does not exceed \$500, 50 cents, and for each additional \$500, 50 cents.

Entry of goods at any custom house, not exceeding \$100 in value, 25 cents; exceeding \$100 and not exceeding \$500 in value, 50 cents: exceeding \$500 in calue, \$1. Entry for the withdrawal of goods from custom bond warehouse, 50 cents.

BONDS. The secretary of the treasury is auSPAIN'S ROYAL FAMILY.

chorized to porrow on the credit of the

treasury, not otherwise appropriated, to pay the expense of preparing, ad-

cortising and issuing the same."
COINAGE OF SILVER BULLION.

Following is the provision in regard the coinage of silver builion:

The secretary of the treasury is au-

in accordance with the provisions of sections 2242 and 2249 of the Revised Statutes, the fines and penalties to be

the same as imposed in those sections. They are required to mark each package as mixed flour and it is to be put

INDUSTRIAL WORLD.

considered the maximum

while most of the rolling stock for coal

The Fall River Cotton Mills, employ-

and American Baen mills, which have

machinery. A more hopeful tone pre-

Harber schools are also to be abolish-

is to commence at once, and the mill is

The Briar Hill Iron and Con! Com-

pany and the Youngstown Steel Com-

pany have purchased the Biwabik ore

mines of 20,000,000 or more tons in the Mesaba range from Alexander Byers. of Pittsburg, and Tod, Stambaugh & Co., of Cleveland.

One hundred members of construc-tion gangs of the Fittsburg, McKees-port & Youghlogheny railroad at Weet Newton, Pa., struck for an advance from \$1.20 to \$1.30 per day.

It is reported that the Bridgewater

Natural Gas Company, not depending on gas wells, will erect a plant for ar-tificial gas at New Brighton, Pa.

Warren (O.) capitalists have organ-

ized to erect a plant to manufacture plaster from wood pulp. John C. Pew is president and H. S. Pew secretary

The strike of 500 employes of the

Wheeling (W. Va.) stamping works has been settled, the men returning to

This is the London version of the story of Mr. Vanderbilt's parting with nie celebrated Paris chef. Joseph. One

day the millionaire sent for Joseph and told him frankly that he was growing

rather tired of his highfatlutin, "artis-

tie" French dishes. "The fact is," said the millionaice, "I'm darned hungry,

and I want a square, old-fashioned meal. Go and cook me," he added, "some nice boiled beef and cabbage."

"Monsbeur," replied Joseph, in his suavest manner, "I think you have

sent for me my mistake. Shall I ring for the gardener?" Joseph has just be-come the presiding genius of the kitchens of a big London hotel. To an interviewer he said the other day: "A dinner should be short—like men. The shorter they are the better."

shorter they are the better."

work at the old wages.

to be in operation next fall.

tract for several weeks ahead.

their late employers.

The Queen Regent's Life Has Been a

proceeds may be, required to defray expenditures authorized on account of the existing war (such proceeds when received to be used only for the pur-The Archduchess Christina, Queen pose of meeting such war expendi-tures) the sum of \$400,000,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, and to prepare and issue therefor coupon or registered bonds of the United States in denominations of \$50 or some multi-ple of that sum, redesmable in coin at Regent of Spain, is an Austrian and was married to the late King Alphonso XII, in 1879. She has three brothers and two half sisters, the daughters of her mother by her first marriage. These sisters are the nearest descendants of the pleasure of the United States after ten years from the date of their issue, the Stuart kings of England, and the and payable twenty years from such date and bearing interest, payable quarterly, in coin, at the rate of 3 per cent per annum. The bonds are to be first offered at par as a popular loan.

The conference added the following younger sister married the late Prince elder, who is married to Prince Lud-John de Bourbon of Spain, and is the "That any portion of any issue of said bonds not subscribed for as above provided may be disposed of by the secretary of the treasury at not less of Spain. It was with the hope of ef than par, under such regulations as he feeting a reconciliation between the may prescribe, but no commissions shall be allowed or paid thereon, and a sum not exceeding one-tenth of 1 per roval house of Spain and the Carlist faction that the Archduchess married to King Alphonso XII. The hope was cent of the amount of the bonds and never realized. appropriated out of any money in the

standard silver dollars as rapidly as the public interests may require, to an amount, however, of not less than one and one-half millions of dollars in each amount, however, or more less than one and one-half millions of dollars in each strong to evade the provisions of schedule B. relating to drugs, medicines, perfumes, etc., panishable by a fine not to exceed six months, or both.

Uncompounded medicines or those put up and sold at retail on prescriptions are not included in the taxable articles, leaving it to apply particularly to proprietary articles.

Section 24 adds the tax on proprietions and for the purposes, and all title more than two years.

Section 24 adds the tax on proprietions are not included in the provisions of the act appropriately and the public interests may require, to an amount, however, of not less than one and for the silver buillion now in the treasury, purchased in accordance with the provisions of the act appropriately and the public interests may require, to an amount, however, of not less than one and for the first week of her married life showed herself capable of fulfilling her duties, and also showed that she put up and sold at retail on prescriptions are not included in the taxable articles, leaving it to apply particularly to proprietary articles.

Section 24 adds the tax on proprieting the public interests may require, to an amount, however, of not less than one duite understood her difficult position, and from the first week of her married life showed herself capable of fulfilling her duties, and also showed that she public in the treasury purchased in accordance with the provisions of the act approvate the provisions of t 1880, and a little more than two years later the Infanta Maria Theresia was born, on Nov. 12, 1882.

King Alphonso XII., who had always been far from strong, died on Nov. 25, 1885, just three days after he had completed his twenty-eighth year. He had reigned eleven years, a period of peace and comparative propagative pro and comparative prosperity for the Spanish nation; but the success of his government was mainly due to the wise government was mainly due to the wise administration of Canovas del Castillo. Oscola Milis. Houtzdale..... vear. May 17, 1886, the present King was

age as mixed flour and it is to be put up only in original packages. In addi-tion to the annual license, a tax of four cents per barrel is levied upon all mixed flour manufactured, sold or re-moved for sale. The same rate is proborn, and on the same day he was pro-chaimed King under the regency of his mother. Though devoted to all her chil-mother. Though devoted to all her chil-oscola Mills. 5.31 mother. Though devoted to all her call dren, the Queen Regent is especially Philipsburg. portionately as levied on half barrels and smaller packages.

TEA.

There shall be levied, collected and paid upon tes when imported from foreign countries a duty of ten cents per fond of the little King, Alphonso, The Queen is most judicious in the way in which she brings up her children, and greend Up. which she brings up her children, and even the King is subjected to strict discipline during his times of study. She is an excellent linguist, and makes a plan of talking to her children in vari. The changes regarding ten makes the duty operative with the act instead of July 1, as it passed the senate. plan of talking to her children in various languages, so that they may be-

often relax from her usual regal demeanor, but when she does sige is perhauling does not average above 55,000 pounds. The employment of steel, however, allows greater space for the load, feetly charming, with a keen sense of humor and an almost girlish delight in the pleasures of her children. All her No 37 No 38 while the supports and framework, the pleasures of her children.

being of metal, it is less bulky than wood. The result is economy of space under the most serious circumstances, and much greater strength, which almuch greater strength, which almuch carrying of much heavier but she has still left to her the capabilities of much heavier but she has still left to her the capabilities of much heavier but she has still left to her the capabilities of much heavier but she has still left to her the capabilities of her children.

ity of enjoying life and its pleasures. It is at San Sebastian, which is on \$58 12 15 ar the sea coast, and where the Queen possesses a palace of fairy-like beauty. \$60 11 50 810 11 50 ing 2.700 hands resumed operations a few days ago, after a shut down of five weeks. All the mills except the Robeson are in operation. The Merchants' that her Majesty is seen at her happiest. It is here that she takes her ancurtailed of late, have started all their nual holiday, and, with her children, 733 1038 revels in the beautiful country and sea-side life, away from the streets of Ma-side life, away from the streets of Mavalls in the print cloth market, and revels in the beautiful country and sea-manufacturers have been able to con-side life, away from the streets of Madrid, and free from the most trying of Should a bill before the New York her state duties. The King and his sis-Legislature become a law, every man who wants to be a barber will have to ters are all good swimmers, and the serve three years' apprenticeship and princesses encourage their brother and also pass a satisfactory examination. help him, when the waves are too rough-for King Alphonso is a someed, if agitation by bosses and journey-men shall be effective. what delicate child. Cycling is also among the favorite amusements of the At a meeting of the men on strike among the favorite amusements of the on the Cork & Bandon (Ireland) rail- princesses and their brother, and there are very merry rides taken in the way. Mr Tevenson, the Irish secretary of the Amaigamated Society, stated that over \$300 had been received during neighborhood, and in the beautiful grounds that surround the palace. Ofthe week from England in support of the men, who are receiving more ten the Queen's mother, the widowed money now than they got in pay from Archduchess Elizabeth of Austria, pays her a visit. The Archituchess Elizabeth The contract for the erection of the is now (2) years of age, but she is in ex-The contract for the erection of the big silk mill to be built at Phoenixville. Pa., at once by Johnson, Cowdin & Co., of Paterson, for \$58.983. The mill is to be 400 feet long, 50 feet wide and four stories high and will when running employ several hundred hands. Work is to compensus at once, and the mill is

The Quakertown (Pa.) Times awards

to Bethlehem the distinction of having erected the first water works in the United States. Near the banks of the Monocacy Creek (the Indian name for creek of many bends), it says, there is a never-failing spring of pure cold water, which has formed the supply of Bethlehem from its founding up to the present time. In the spring of 1754 Hans Christopher Christiansen began the erection of the first water works in the old mill. The water was forced through wooden pipes up the hill into a wooden reservoir, situated where the Moravian church now stands.

On and after February 20th, 1898, trains will leave Market Street Depot, Clearfield,

5:20 a. m. Reynoldsville Accommodation for Curwensville, Du Bois, Fails Creek and Reynoldsville. Connecting at Du Bois for Ridgway, Johnsonburg. Bradford and

11.45 a. m. Buffalo Express, for Curwens-ville, Du Bois and Falls Creek. Connecting et Du Buis, for Ridgway, Johnson-burg, Bradford and Buffalo.

5:22 p. m. Du Bois and Pennsutawney Ex-press. For Du Bois, Fails Creek and Punxsutawney. Trains arrive, 8:39 a. m., and 3:00 and 6:12

tion, call on or address, C. B. Hysilp, E. C. Lapey,
Agent, Gen't Passenger Agt.,
Clearfield, Pa Rochester, N. Y

Pennsylvania Railroad Time

Table November 29, 1897. Main Line.

Sen Shore Express, week days
Atoona Accommodation, week days
Main Line Express, daily
Altoona Accommodation, daily
Math France, daily 814am 836am 155pm 345pm 45pm 828pm 834pm Fastime, daily. Johnstown Accom., week days.

cambria and clearfield.

Southwarf. Southward.

Morning train for Patton and Cresson leaves Glen Campbell 4:40; Mabaffey 565 a m: La Jose 5:28; Westover 5:51; Hastings 6:18; Garway for Cresson 9:28; Patton 6:06; Bradley Junction 7:26; Kaylor (for Ebensburg) 7:19; arriving at Cresson at 8:10 a m. Afternoon 1:81 for Patton and Cresson leaves Glen Campbell at 2:15 p m; Mahaffey at 2:50; LaJose 5:28; Westover 3:22; Hastings 3:65; Garway for Cresson) 8:58; Patton 4:30; Bradley Junction 8:36; Kaylor 4:49, arriving at Cresson at 5:06.

Northward.

Northward. The young Archduchess had by no means an easy life before her when she accepted the hand of King Alphonso, a man whose heart was in the grave of his first wife, and whose health was already showing signs of the liness which ended his life at so early a date. The Queen, however, young as she was, quite understood her difficult position, and from the first week of her married

Altoona & Philipsburg Connecting R. R. COMDENSED TIME TABLE.

In effect December 1, 1897. EASTWARD-Week Days.

WESTWARD-Work Days. A.M. A.M. P.M. P.M. P.M. 8.30 11.15 1.45 8.00 8.10 8.33 11.31 2.01 5.16 8.36 8.50 11.50 2.22 5.35 8.45 9.00 12.00 2.32 5.45 8.55

SUNDAY TRAINS. SUNDAY TRAINS, A.M. P.M. P.M.

ous languages, so that they may be come accustomed to all Like so many other royal children, the King and his sisters have been partly educated by English governesses, and they all speak English very well, with an excellent accent. German also is almost as familiar cent. German also is almost as familiar send. Speak as it is their Commercions-At Philipsburg (Union Staochester. A: O cools for Houtzdale and Ramey with

P. R. R. trains leaving Tyrone at 7,20 P. M. G. M. H. GGOD.

Beech Creek Railroad. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. Co. Lessee.

Patton Westover Mahaffer Kerrmoor Gazzam Kerrmoor New Miliport Olanta Mitchells Clearfield Minson B
Whourse
Peals
Gillintown
Snow Shoe
Beech Creek
Mill Hall
Lock Raven
Youngstals (Wayne)
Jersey Shore Junction
Jersey Shore

14 20 iv N Y via Tamaqua ar 9 25 10 00 iv N Y via Phila arbite 19 30 \*\*Bill by N Y via Phila ar blo 40 19 30

\*\*Daily \*\* Weekdays 50 00 p m Sundays\*\*

10 55 a m Sundays\*\*

"b." New York passengers traveling via Philadelphia on 10 20 a m train from Williamsport will change cars at Columbia Ave, Phila.

Connections—At Wildsmsport with Philadelphia and Reading railroad; at Jersey Shore with the Fail Brook Ry, at Mid Hall with Central Railroad of Fennsylvania; at Philiphing with Pennsylvania milroad; at Philiphing with Pennsylvania milroad; at Clearfield with the Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg milway: at Mahaffey and Patton with Cambria and Clearfield division of the Petinsylvania and Northwestern milway.

A. G. Paimer.

Superintendent.

Gen. Pass. Agent.

Philadelphia, Pa.

Pittsburg & Eastern Time Table. TO TAKE EFFECT NOV. 15, 1897.

Westward Not Nos Nos No.1 No.3 No.3 n. III. p. III. Works f Horton Run t Glen Campbe Passmore L. Burnside

f. Flag station.
Connections—At Union Station, Mahaffey,
with Beech Creek railroad, C. & C. division
Pennsylvania railroad, and P. & N. W. railroad; at Whiskey Run with Medices & Newiroad; at Whiskey Run with Medices & Newiroad; at Whiskey at Medices with P. & N. W.

read; at Whistey Rim with Medices & New-tonburg milread; at Medices with P. & N. W. milread.

Notes—Until further notice tmins will run only between Union Station (Mahaffey) and Gien Campbell. All trains daily except Sun-day.

S. H. Hicks, General Manager,