

Patton Courier

PATTON PUBLISHING CO., Proprietors.

THURSDAY, JUNE 17, 1897.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One copy, one year, in advance, \$1.00.
Advertising rates made known upon application.

No papers discontinued until all arrears are paid, unless at the option of the publishers.

Entered at the Postoffice at Patton as second-class matter.

NEWSPAPER LAW DECISIONS.

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary are considered as wishing to receive their subscriptions.

2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their papers, the publisher may continue to send them until all arrears are paid.

3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their papers from the postoffice to which they are directed, they are responsible and the publisher is not liable.

4. If subscribers move to other places without informing the publishers, and the papers are sent to the former address, they are held responsible.

5. The Court has decided that refusing to take papers from the office or removing and leaving them uncollected, is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

6. If subscribers pay in advance they are bound to give notice at the end of the time if they do not wish to continue taking it; otherwise the publisher is authorized to send it and the subscriber will be responsible until a notice, with payment of all arrears, is sent to the publisher.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

President Judge—Hon. A. W. Barber.
Prothonotary—James Lewis.
Recorder—F. E. Jones.
Treasurer—E. P. Shuman.

Deputy Sheriff—Elmer E. Murphy.
District Attorney—J. R. Murphy.
Commissioners—Jones, Hostetter and Hoover.

County Clerk—John C. Gates.
County Superintendent—T. L. Gibson.
County Surveyor—J. G. Patterson.
County Auditor—A. L. Mittenberger, F. M. Lawrence, John Gittinger.

Jury Commissioners—Anselm Weakland and W. D. Miller.
Circuit Judge—F. R. Livingston.
Poor Directors—James Somerville, Theo. T. Jones and James Moore.

TIME OF HOLDING COURTS.

1st Monday of March, 1st Monday of Sept., 1st Monday of June, 1st Monday of Dec.
Argument Court is held between the above dates.

BOARDS OFFICERS.

Borough—Geo. Frindley.
Council—W. C. Hubbard, president; Alex. Hamilton, Ralph Leland, David F. Jones, Post Office, J. P. Cole, J. D. Blair, Wm. Landtetter.

School Board—C. C. Crowell, president; H. Curfman, secretary; W. H. Sandford, treasurer; James E. Dale, H. E. Burton, C. C. Miller, Justice of the Peace—James E. Dale, Jas. Mellon.

Treasurer—W. H. Sandford.
Clerk—E. W. Miller.
Assessor—Jas. E. Dale.
Auditors—Elmer Smeal, W. A. Mellon, H. T. Gould.

Justice of Election—Sam'l Irvin.
Inspector—Jas. Hovey, Frank Campbell.
County Jail—James E. Jones.
Chief Constable—Sam'l Hovey.
Chief of Police—Howard Weaver.
Street Commissioner—Sam'l E. Jones.

FIGURES OF COAL PRODUCT.

The coal product of the United States in 1896 was 100,000,000 short tons, valued at \$198,077,648, against 108,117,000 short tons, valued at \$197,799,043, in 1895, a decrease of 2,477,071 short tons in amount and \$2,278,605 in value.

Of this total Pennsylvania produced 40,101,145 tons of bituminous, valued at \$88,024,918, and 23,771,000 tons of anthracite, valued at \$91,418,708. The decrease in product was entirely in that of Pennsylvania anthracite.

The output of bituminous coal shows an increase of about one and three-quarters million tons. The anthracite product of Pennsylvania decreased nearly four and a quarter million tons. There was a decrease in the value of the bituminous product of over \$1,000,000, notwithstanding the increased output, and there was a comparative increase in the value of anthracite, although on account of the smaller production it did not equal the value of 1895.

The average price obtained for anthracite at the mines increased from \$1.41 in 1895 to \$1.28 in 1896. The average price for bituminous declined from 86¢ to 85¢.

Among the bituminous coal producing states, Pennsylvania stands first with an output of nearly 40,000,000 tons; Illinois second, with nearly 20,000,000 tons. The race between Ohio and West Virginia was very close in 1896, there being 1,000 tons difference, and the output of each nearly 13,000,000 tons. These four states yield about 70 per cent. of the total bituminous production. Pennsylvania's bituminous product was a little more than 1,000,000 tons less than in 1895. Ohio lost 400,000 tons. West Virginia increased her output about 1,500,000 tons, and Illinois about 1,000,000 tons.

BOTH PARTIES WANT TARIFF.

The notable thing about the Chamber of Commerce resolutions concerning the tariff, is, that they are a non-partisan production. Democrats and Republicans join to declare in favor of protection "wherever it is needed," and for a greatly increased revenue, the evident need of which cannot be exaggerated, and relief from incessant agitation. The chamber does itself honor in its enunciation, and people are justified in believing that the action had will have some effect at Washington.

Read in the light of historical knowledge, the desire for a discontinuance of agitation is not bound to be realized very soon. The tariff and revenue have been continuous subjects for legislation for a hundred years or more, with occasional interludes about banks, money, etc., and it is not likely that the history of the future will be materially different. People are greatly divided on such things, and probably will continue to differ, heatedly as to how the four or five hundred millions needed by the United States government shall be obtained.

THE SUGAR SCHEDULE.

One of the critical stages in the progress of the tariff bill was reached last week when the sugar schedule was

taken up by the Republican caucus, says Bradstreet's. Several different propositions were submitted touching the rate on refined sugar.

The caucus, after some discussion, finally agreed upon an amendment fixing the rate on refined sugar at 1 95-100 cents per pound, instead of 1 85-100 cents, as fixed by the House bill.

There was no very strenuous effort by the members of the Finance Committee to retain the amendments originally suggested by them, and they acquiesced without protest in the decision of the majority.

A new paragraph has been added to the schedule providing that the duty on molasses, clayed and other sugars testing not above 87 degrees by the polariscope shall be one-tenth of one cent per pound less than that imposed by the main section on the corresponding tests of sugar.

Shiloh's consumption cure cures where others fail. It is the leading cough cure and no home should be without it. Pleasant to take and goes right to the spot. Sold at Corner Drug Store.

County Seat Letter.

EBENSBURG, Pa., June 14, 1897.

Court is in session again. There are quite a number of cases to be heard this week.

A number of young people enjoyed a dance at the Opera House on Tuesday night. The music was furnished by an Italian orchestra.

J. A. Detrick, of Patton, was in Ebensburg to-day attending to business matters.

Sixty orphans from Pittsburg arrived in town on the 8 o'clock train on Wednesday evening and were taken to the McLaughlin Memorial Home, which is located near the fair grounds in this place.

Blair Curry entertained a number of friends at the Cambria house on Monday night in honor of Miss Linnie Bartsch, of Hastings.

J. A. Shoemaker is erecting a fine veranda in front of his house on the corner of Julian and church streets.

The improvements on the property of E. J. Lather on Julian street are nearing completion, and will be one of the finest residences in town.

The work on the long talked of sewer on Centre and Main streets was commenced last week.

A number of Ebensburg people attended the funeral of Mr. Benjamin Anderson, of Loreto, which took place this morning.

John Sparks' show will exhibit in Ebensburg on Friday afternoon and evening. It comes highly recommended.

About 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon the storage barn of John J. Davis, of Cambria township was struck by lightning and burned to the ground. There was a lot of straw burned. We are glad to note they carry a good insurance on the burned structure.

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.—It is a terrible accident to be burned or scalded; but the pain and agony and the frightful disfigurements can be quickly overcome without leaving a scar by using DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. C. W. Hodgkins, Patton Pharmacy.

Resolution of Respect.

And regret from First Baptist Sunday school of Patton, Pa.:

Since it has pleased Almighty God to remove by death a beloved, faithful and consistent member of this School.

RESOLVED, That we, the members of said School, while humbly bowing to the Divine will of Him who doeth all things well, sincerely regret the death of Sister Rowland, as by her death this School and community lose an earnest and faithful worker in the cause of Christ. All be it.

RESOLVED, That we tender our sincere sympathy to the family of the deceased. That while their loss is great they are consoled by faith that she whom they loved died in Christ. And be it further.

RESOLVED, That a copy of these resolutions be tendered the bereaved family, also a copy on the minutes of Sunday School, PATTON COURIER and Pennsylvania Girl for publication.

W. M. RADCLIFFE,
JOHN HUNTER,
EDWIN RADCLIFFE,
Committee.

Don't neglect a cough because the weather is pleasant; before the next storm rolls around it may develop into a serious difficulty beyond repair. One Minute cough cure is easy to take and will do what its name implies. C. W. Hodgkins, Patton Pharmacy.

To Advertisers.

Hereafter all patrons who wish a display advertisement in the PATTON COURIER, or who wish to change their "ad" now running, must hand their copy in not later than Monday evening of each week. If handed in later than Monday evening it will have to be held over 'till the next week. Try to get copy in early. PATTON PUB. CO.

Sick headaches can be quickly and completely overcome by using those famous little pills known as "DeWitt's Little Early Risers." C. W. Hodgkins, Patton Pharmacy.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Casco's Candy Cathartic. It is the only C. C. C. that cures, druggists refund money.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve

Cures Piles, Sores, Burns.

CASTORIA

Is the Best Laxative for Infants.

Prepared by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Patton Pharmacy.

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LEZE MAJESTY.

How a Subject of the King of Belgium Played It.

It is a curious reflection that men who will face death with impunity are yet absolutely aghast with fear when brought into the presence of the great ones of the earth. "Such great divinity doth hedge a king" that few men would venture to assert their independence or the right of their manhood if a sovereign's view were opposed to theirs.

This is, no doubt, an inheritance from the days of feudalism, when the monarch was indeed the liege lord of all the people. Among the few, however, whose names have come down to an admiring posterity because they had the stamina to rely on their own rights and assert their own desires must be mentioned the name of M. Vandendriessche, a subject of the king of Belgium.

Some time ago he saw a piece of ground at Oxtend, the position of which pleased him. As luck had it, it chanced to be directly in front of the king's villa.

This fact, we may be sure, did not make it less desirable in the gentleman's eyes. He called in the aid of architects and builders and proceeded to erect a house on it after his own best tastes.

Somewhat, however, in the United States and found that his subject's home, if it had not emulated Aladdin's, and sprung up in a night, as did that marvellous structure with the view of the other sovereign.

The king naturally remonstrated at this want of consideration in a subject, and, no doubt, expected that the remonstrance would have good effect. So, indeed, it seemed, for M. Vandendriessche engaged a number of workmen, who proceeded to pull down the edifice, which had only recently been finished.

Alas for the credulity of the human mind, even when that mind belongs to a potentate of the world! As soon as the foundations of the building had been raised to the ground, and the king, no doubt, congratulated himself on that uninterrupted view of the country which he had had before, he was startled to find that an increased army of builders arrived to augment the number of those who had been employed.

Oddly enough, a huge quantity of bricks and mortar appeared on the scene. These bricks the masons began to use in the most unaccountable manner possible, piling them one on top of the other with mortar between. It looked as if they were building a wall.

They were. Slowly, as is the manner of masons in every country of the world, the wall grew by inches. Instead of a villa a 15 story fireproof building was erected, which effectively prevented his majesty from seeing the country which lies on the other side of the property of his recalcitrant subject.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Old Cannon.

If the various Grand Army posts of the country were disposed to take advantage of an offer made at the last session of congress, they might materially increase the warlike spirit supposed to pervade every patriotic family, says the Washington Post.

Oddly enough, however, the supply of warlike implements, which, if they have cultivated their usefulness, will serve as ornaments for post headquarters and might inspire the rising generation with much patriotic fervor. This could be accomplished by accepting the tender of several hundred abandoned cannon and shot and shell which congress has decided to give to any Grand Army post that may apply for them and which are now lying useless and neglected at the navy yards.

These cannon are mostly old style models of engines of war, which might have been considered just the proper thing 30 years or more ago, but which, with the march of progress and the advance of invention, have been placed upon the retired list. Their places have been filled by guns and munitions of war of a more improved type, and as the abandoned articles are valuable only as old metal the government decided that it could put them to no better purpose than to give them to the veterans of the late war, who fought on the Union side with these same guns.

But it is surprising to count up just how few posts of the immense Grand Army have taken advantage of this offer. Since the passage of the joint resolution last winter the records in the office of the secretary of the navy, where such applications have to be filed, show less than 100 from the entire country.

There are still guns on hand for about 700 more posts, yet, strangely enough, the Grand Army has made no effort to provide itself with an armament which, although it would be of little service in time of war, is valuable from an artistic standpoint in time of peace.

The Hair Water Collar.

It would be interesting to trace many of the so called caprices of fashion to their real source. Many, as is well known, are of historic origin and received their inspiration in the whim of some royal or other distinguished personage. The introduction of the separate collar shirt waist, which has and is enjoying a great vogue, was, it is said, a center in one of the fashionable tailor shops where ladies' waists are made. He suggested and advocated the style to save work, it was discreetly talked up by the head saleswomen, who received the customers, and the thing was done—well done, too, most women will testify.

The Peabody Fund.

George Peabody's gift of \$3,000,000 for London workmen's homes has increased to \$8,000,000 in the 34 years since his death. Last year the trustees of the fund provided 11,867 rooms, besides bathrooms, lavatories and laundries; 19,854 persons occupied them. The death rate of infants in the buildings is 4 per cent below the average for London.

Those who are in position to know, say that more lives are saved by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy than any other medicine in the world. In almost every community there is some one whose life has been saved by this remedy. Such persons seldom let an opportunity pass to recommend it. That is what makes it the most popular medicine in use for bowel complaints. Mr. I. E. Shumaker, of Danville, Pa., is a large general merchant and farmer and one of the most prominent men in Armstrong county. He says: "Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy saved my life. I have used it several years for cramps colic and it has always given me prompt relief. There is nothing better made. For one troubled as I have been it is life itself." For sale by Patton Pharmacy, C. W. Hodgkins.

Don't thin your blood with arsenic or poison it with blue-mass; but aid Nature by using DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills for constipation, biliousness and stomach and liver troubles. They are purely vegetable. C. W. Hodgkins, Patton Pharmacy.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, use the little, but so effective, and safe, and so strong, All Druggists, 50¢ or \$1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address: Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Some for ten, some for twenty and some for thirty years have suffered from piles and then have been quickly and permanently cured with DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, the great remedy for piles and all forms of skin diseases. C. W. Hodgkins, Patton Pharmacy.

YOU ARE WELCOME.

We want to make it so pleasant in our store and so economical for you to trade here that you will not want to go anywhere else. We want your own experience to teach you that you may have confidence in us.

The best possible way to

PLEASE A CUSTOMER

Is to have what he wants, and not try to persuade him to buy what we want to sell. We want to sell everything, one as much as another. Yours for everything that is kept in a first-class Grocery and General Store.

Patton Supply Co.

Next to Corner Drug Store.

Do you know That I am Selling Wall Plaster,

That I have the two best Patent Plasters made? The Diamond Wall Cement —AND THE— Crown Wall Plaster

and sell both very cheap. Get my prices before buying elsewhere.

Also Sell Cement

Giant Portland, Rosendale Cement and Hillsboro Plaster, which is the best grade of Plaster Paris made. ALSO Phosphate, Farmers' Dissolved Bone, which is made by the Baltimore Guano Co.

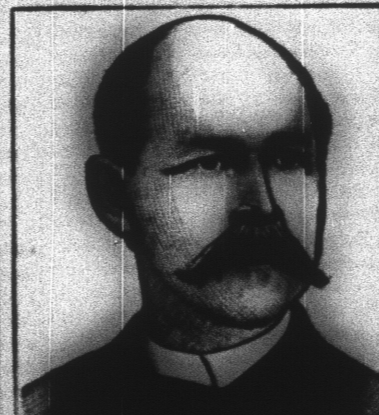
I have just received a car load of

FINE SHINGLES,

both No. 1 and No. 2, which I am selling at a very low price.

Those contemplating building or using any of the above articles will do well to get my prices before purchasing elsewhere.

GEO. S. GOOD, PATTON, PA.



W. L. Douglas \$3 Shoe.

Style, durable, perfect fitting. Endorsed by over 100,000 wearers.

W. L. Douglas \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$5.00

Shoes are the production of skilled workmen, from the best material possible at these prices. Also \$2.50 and \$3.00

Shoes for Misses, \$2.50, \$3 and \$3.75 Boys

We carry the best Cash, Sewing, Knit, French, Patent, Calf, French, Patent, Kid, etc., shoes in our store.

If dealer cannot supply you, write Catalog free. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

MIRKIN & KUSNER, Magee Avenue.



MILLINERY,

And up-to-date novelties for women. Anything special will be ordered upon short notice. Prices moderate.

ALICE A. ASH-KROFT, Opposite Commercial Hotel, Patton.



Clinton St., Johnstown.

Attention is called to our novelties in DRESS GOODS

For the Spring Trade.

Our Stock of WASH GOODS

Comprises everything in the market—Organadies, Lawns, Dimities, Tissues, and Percales

Organadies and Lawns as low as 6 and 8 cents. SPRING CAPES are very neat and dressy, so are our Jackets and Tailor-made suits.

James Quinn.