Out of the Pen Six Weeks.

The Cambria Herald is Authority for the following: "George Hamilton, who was convicted at the recent term of court of robbing Joseph Urda's house in Cambria township, and who was sentenced to the penitentiary for one year and three months and was taken to that institution last week, is a well known criminal, and had only been liberated from the penitentiary six weeks. As soon as the officials saw him at that place they knew him, and it was just six weeks since he got out. He had been convicted of cracking a safe and received a long term for the offence. He boarded at a hotel in Pittsburg and one night he left and visited a town below Pittsburg, cracked a safe, took sixteen hundred dollars therefrom, and returned to his hotel, having been gone just 3 hours and 40 minutes. The only thing that convicted him at that time was a half dollar found in his possession, which had been in the safe he robbed, and which had been placed there for safe keeping, as it was a relic. Had the Court known these facts before he received his sentence here, it is quite likely that he would have gotten several years."

An Acrobatic Shine.

The man was tall and lank, with keen blue eyes, looking over a nose like a parrot's beak. A shaggy growth of uneven whiskers sprouted in patches from his face, and he wore a long drab ulster, which partly covered a huge pair of mud covered topboots, into which were stuffed the ends of a varicolored pair of overalls. With a badly worn carpet gripsick in his hand he leaned against the wire fence beside the register's office and called a bootblack.

Two Italians responded, and each claimed the customer. After a volley of Mulberry street expletives each grabbed a foot and set to work. The man eyed them closely and clutched his grip a little tighter. In a moment the bootblacks renewed their dispute, and in their anger yanked the man's feet in the air. For a moment he poised, balanced on the wire, and then with a whoop fell backward upon the withered grass plot. A crowd collected, and the Italians scampered off.

Their victim, with one boot shined and the other muddy, picked himself up slowly.

"Gosh," he muttered, "maybe them 'ere fellers knowed I kept bills in my boots, or else they were durned hard up fer work."

He ascended the steps to the bridge and was soon swallowed in the crowd.—

Doesn't it Seem Funny.

That a blunt man's sayings may be verry cutting.

That there is a time in every man's life when his mustache is "down" on him, and won't take any of his lip.

That when a man is short he generally has a long face.

That it is in bad form, though good taste, to soak your bread in gravy.

That a man's name is never mud while he has the dust, even though he don't come in out of the wet.

That women are like bells, because you never know the metal they are made of till you ring them.

That many a fly meets a watery grave in a milk pitcher.

That some people can't even catch a cold without getting it in the neck.

That a man's shortcomings go a long way against him.

That it is a cold day when a man is fired.

That a pensive maiden may become expensive after marriage.—Jewelers' Circular.

A Household Treasure.

D. W. Fuller, of Canajoharie, N. Y., says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house and his family has always found the very best results follow its use; that he would not be without it, if procurable. G. A. Dykeman Druggist, Catskill, N. Y., says that Dr. King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best Cough remedy; that he has used it in his family for eight years, and it has never failed to do all that is claimed for it. Why not try a remedy so long tried and tested. Trial bottles free at Dr. Belcher's City Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and $1.00.

Bold Robbery.

The Carrolltown News says that on last Sunday June 17, while the family were at church, robbers broke into the house of Mrs. Erhart Farabaugh in Allegheny township and ransacked it from top to bottom, breaking open trunks, etc., and carried away several articles of value, such as clothing, and a few pieces of jewelry, keepsakes of deceased members of the family.

People living in the country should take steps for their better protection against such contemptible vermin of society.

Assignee Notice.

Notice is hereby given that T. F. Mellon, doing business as T. F. Mellon & Co., of Patton, Pa., made and delivered a deed of voluntary assignment for the benefit of his creditors to the undersigned. All persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present the same properly authenticated.

JOHN LAUER,
Assignee.

Patton, Pa., May 28, 1894.

A Challenge.

Curt Richards sends a challenge to any lumberman to take the prize in the log rolling match in Patton on the 4th of July.

ORDINANCE NO. 22

OF THE

BOROUGH OF PATTON

FOR THE

Better Preservation of the Public Health, and to Prevent the Spreading of Communicable Diseases.

In virtue of the powers conferred by the Act of Assembly, April 3, 1851, Sec. 1, P. L. 320. Also, Act of Assembly of the 11th day of May, 1893, approved by His Excellency, Robert E. Pattison, of the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Be it ordained by the Burgess and Council of the Borough of Patton and it is hereby ordained by the authority of the same.

SECTION 1. That whatever is dangerous to human life or health, whatever renders the air or food or water or other drink unwholesome, and whatever building, erection, or part or cellar thereof, is overcrowded, or not provided with adequate means of ingress or egress or is not sufficiently supported, ventilated, sewered, drained, cleaned or lighted, are declared to be nuisances, and to be illegal; and every person having aided in creating or contributing to the same, or who may support continue or retain any of them, shall be deemed guilty of a violation of this ordinance, and also be liable for the expense of the abatement and remedy therefor.

SEC. 2. No house-refuse, offal, garbage, dead animals, decaying vegetable matter, or organic waist substance of any kind, shall be thrown on the street, road, ditch, gutter or public place within the limits of this borough, and no putrid or decaying animal or vegetable matter shall be kept in any house, cellar or adjoining outbuilding or grounds for more than twenty-four hours.

SEC. 3. No person or persons, without the consent of the Board of Health, shall build or use any slaughter house within the limits of this borough and the keeping and slaughtering of all cattle, sheep and swine, and the preparation and keeping of all meat, fish, birds, or other animal food, shall be in the manner best adapted to secure and continue their wholesomeness as food; and every butcher or other person owning, leasing or occupying any place, room or building wherein any cattle, sheep or swine have been, or are killed or dressed, and every person being the owner, lessee or occupant of any room or stable wherein any animals are kept, or any market, public or private, shall cause such place, room or building, stable or market, to be thoroughly cleansed and purified, and all offal, blood, fat, garbage, refuse and unwholesome and offensive matter to be removed therefrom at least once in every twenty-four hours, after the use thereof for any purposes herein referred to, and shall also at all times keep the woodwork, walls, floor and ceilings, in any building, place or premises aforesaid, thoroughly painted or whitewashed; and the floor of such building, place or premises shall be so constructed as to prevent blood or foul liquids or washings from settling in the earth beneath.

SEC. 4. No blood-pit, dung-pit or offal-pit or privy-well shall remain or be constructed within any slaughter house. Any one offending against this rule shall be guilty of creating and maintaining a nuisance, prejudicial to public health, and shall be required to remove such nuisance within ten days from the date of notice.

SEC. 5. The owners, agents or occupants of all slaughter-houses are required, during the months of June, July, August and September, to distribute twice each week not less than twenty-five pounds of Chloride of lime about their premises, and also to remove the contents of any manure-pit or manure-pile on the premises once in each week, the said premises and contents of manure-pits being hereby declared to be nuisances prejudical to public health, unless subjected to frequent disinfection and cleaning as herein indicated. No pigs or hogs shall be kept in the same enclosure with a slaughter house; nor shall they be fed there or elsewhere, upon the offal of slaughtered animals.

SEC. 6. No person or company shall erect or maintain within the limits of this borough any manufactory or place of business dangerous to life or detrimental to health, or where unwholesome, offensive deleterious odors, gas-smoke, deposit and exhalations are generated, such as tanneries, refineries, manufactories of starch, glue, leather, chemicals, fertilizers, gas, etc., etc., without the permit of the Board of Health, and all such establishments shall be kept clean and wholesome so as not to be offensive or prejudical to public health, nor shall any offensive or deleterious waste substance, refuse or injurious matter be allowed to accumulate upon the premises, or be thrown or allowed to run into any public water, stream, water-course, street road or public place. And every person or company conducting such manufacture or business shall use the best approved and all reasonable means to prevent the escape of smoke, gases, and odors, and to protect the health and safety of all operatives employed therein.

SEC. 7. The business of bone and horse-boiling shall not be allowed, unless conducted under cover, the building to be provided with smoke-consumers, and a due regard be had to cleanliness in the disposition of the offal. No bone-boiling establishment or depository of dead animals shall be kept or erected in any part of this borough without a permit from the Board of Health.

SEC. 8. No permit shall be granted to any person or persons to carry on the business of boiling bones and dead animals until after a careful inspection of the locality, buildings and apparatus, and of the plans for conducting the business, by an accredited inspector of the Board of Health.

SEC. 9. No bone-boiling establishment or depositories of dead animals shall be kept or erected in or near to a thickly inhabited neighborhood.

SEC. 10. The floors of all bone-boiling establishment or depositories of dead animals shall be paved with asphalt or with brick or stone, well laid in cement, or with some other impervious material, and shall be well drained; and all such establishments shall have such an adequate water supply as will enable thorough cleanliness to be maintained.

SEC. 11. The boiling of bones and dead animals, etc., shall be conducted in steam-tight kettles, boilers or cauldrons, from which the foul vapors shall first be conducted through scrubbers or condensers, and then into the back part of the ash-pit of the furnace fire, to be consumed, or by other apparatus equally efficient in preventing or counteracting the offensive effluvia.

SEC. 12. When bones are being dried after boiling, they shall be placed in a close chamber, through which shall be passed by means of pipes, large volumes of fresh air, the outlet pipe terminating in the fire-pit.

SEC. 13. All proprietors of bone-boiling establishments not having permits, to carry on the business, and violating these ordinances, shall be fined for every such offence, and for each month's continuance of the same, after notice, and also be liable to an indictment at common law for creating and maintaining a nuisance.

SEC. 14. The Secretary of the Board of Health shall have provided a book in which to enter the names of all persons engaged in the business of boiling bones and having depositories of dead animals; also, the location of works and appliances as reported by the Inspector, whether licensed or not, the number and date of permit, and remarks.

SEC. 15. The keeper or keepers of a livery or other stable shall keep his or their stable and stable-yard clean, and shall not permit, between the 15th day of May and the 1st day of November, more than four wagon loads of manure to accumulate in or near the same at any one time, except by express permission of the Board of Health, nor shall any manure be removed except in a tight vehicle, so protected that the manure, in process of removal, may not be dropped or left in any street, road, lane or way of this borough.

SEC. 16. No pig pen shall be built or maintained within the limits of this borough, without a permit from the Board of Health, or within one hundred feet of any well or spring of waters used for drinking purposes, or within thirty feet of any street or of any inhabited house, or unless constructed in the following manner, viz: so that the floor or floors of the same shall be not less than two feet from the ground, in order that the filth accumulating under the same may be easily removed, and such filth accumulating in, about and under the same shall be removed at least once a week and oftener if so ordered, and on the failure of any owner or occupier of such premises so to do, then the same shall be done by the Street Commissioner, by direction of the Board of Health.

SEC. 17. No privy-vault, cess-pool or reservoir into which a privy, water-closet, cess-pool, stable or sink is drained, unless it is water-tight, shall be constructed, dug or permitted to remain within one hundred feet or as deep as the lot will allow, of any well, spring or other source of water used for drinking or culinary purposes; unless the surface of such vault, cess-pool or reservoir is at a lower level than the bottom of such well. Earth privies and earth closets, with no vault, pit or depression below the surface of the ground, shall be accepted from this regulation, but sufficient dry earth or coal ashes must be used daily to absorb all the fluid part of the deposit, and the contents must be completely removed at least once every month.

SEC. 18. All privy-vaults, cess-pools or reservoirs as above named, shall be cleaned out at least twice a year, once in the spring not later than the 15th of May, and once in the autumn not earlier than the 15th of October of each year, they shall be thoroughly disinfected by adding to their contents, once every week, from one to four gallons of a disinfectant solution according to the size of the said vault, cess-pool or reservoir.

SEC. 19. All sewer-drains shall be water-tight, within the limits of this borough.

SEC. 20. No sewer drain shall empty into any lake, pond or other source of water used for drinking purposes, or into any standing water, within the jurisdiction of this borough.

SEC. 21. The sewerage from each building on every street provided with a common sewer, shall be conducted into said sewer.

SEC. 22. That portion of the house drain which is outside of the building and more than four feet from the foundation walls, shall be constructed of iron pipe or vitrified drain pipe.

SEC. 23. That portion of the drain pipe outside or under the building, and within four feet of the foundation walls, together with the soil-pipe, shall be constructed of cast iron with lead joints, or of wrought iron pipe with screwed joints, and in either case protected from rust. The water-pipe connected with the conductors from the roofs, and other pipes inside the building, or outside and within four feet of the foundation walls, shall likewise be constructed of cast iron with leaded joints or of wrought iron with screwed joints.

SEC. 24. The house drain and other pipes for the conveyance of sewerage shall be laid with uniform grade and with a fall of not less than one inch in four feet, except in those cases where the Board of Health may permit otherwise.

SEC. 25. All pipes connecting a water-closet with a soil-pipe shall be trapped, each separately, and close to the connection with each basin, sink, bowl or other fixture, unless adequate provision is made for downward ventilation through said waste-pipes, in which case one trap may serve for several fixtures.

SEC. 26. All soil-pipes shall be carried at their full size through the roof and left open. Provision shall also be made for admitting air to the house-drain side of the main trap, if such trap exists.

SEC. 27. The joints in the vitrified pipe shall be carefully cemented under and around the pipe, and the joints in the cast iron pipes shall be run and calked with lead.

SEC. 28. All changes in direction shall be made with curved pipes. All joints and pipes shall be made air tight. The whole work shall be done by skillful mechanics, in a thorough and workmanlike manner, and satisfactorily to the Board of Health.

SEC. 29. Before proceeding to construct any portion of a drainage system of a hotel, tenement, dwelling house or other building, the owner, builder or person constructing the same, shall file with the Board of Health a plan thereof, showing the whole drainage system, from its connection with the common sewer to its terminus in the house, together with the location and size of all branches, traps, ventilating pipes and fixtures.

SEC. 30. All drains now built shall be reconstructed whenever in the opinion of the Board of Health, it may be necessary.

SEC. 31. The following named diseases are declared to be communicable and dangerous to the public health, viz: Small-pox, Varicella (Varioloid), Cholera, (Asiatic or Epidemic), Scarlet Fever, (Scarlatina, Scarlet Rash), Measels, Diptheria, (Diptheritic Croup, Diptheria Sore Throat), Typhoid Fever, Typhus Fever, Yellow Fever, Spotted Fever, (Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis), Relapsing Fever, Epidemic Dysentery, Hydrophobia, Rabies, Glanders, Farcy, and Leprosy, and shall be understood to be included in the following regulations, unless certain of them only are specified.

SEC. 32. Whenever any householder knows that any person within his family or household has a communicable disease, dangerous to the public health, he shall immediately report the same to the Board of Health, giving the street and number, or location of the house.

SEC. 33. Whenever any physician finds that any person whom he is called upon to visit has a communicable disease, dangerous to the public health, he or she shall immediately report the same to the Board of Health, giving the street and number or location of the house, on receipt of which report the Health Officer shall immediately notify the teacher or principal of every school, academy, seminary or kindergarden in the borough requesting said teachers or principals to dispense with the attendance of all pupils residing in the family in which such disease exists. No physician who acts in good faith, in obedience to this ordinance, report a case as one of the communicable disease which subsequently proves not to be such, shall be liable to a suit for damages for such error in reporting. It shall be the duty of such physician and of all other attendants upon persons effected with such diseases to avoid exposure to the public of any garments or clothing about their own persons that may have been subjected to the risk of infection.

SEC. 34. No person shall, within the limits of this borough, unless by permit of the Board of Health, carry or remove from one building to another, any patient affected with any communicable disease, dangerous to the public health. Nor shall any person by any exposure of any individual, so affected, or the body of such individual, or of any article capable of conveying contagion or infection, or by any negligent act connected with the care or custody thereof, or by a needless exposure of himself or herself cause or contribute to the spread of disease from such individual or dead body.

SEC. 35. There shall not be a public or church funeral of any person who has died of Asiatic cholera, small-pox, typhoid fever, diptheria, yellow fever, scarlet fever or measles, and the family of the deceased, shall in all such cases limit the attendance to as few as possible to prevent the exposure of other persons to contagion or infection; and the person authorizing the public notice of death of such person, shall have the name of the disease which caused the death appear in such public notice.

SEC. 36. No person suffering from or having very recently recovered from small-pox, scarlet fever, diptheria, yellow fever or measles, shall expose himself, nor shall any one expose any one under his charge in a similar condition, in any conveyance, without having previously notified the owner or person in charge of such conveyance of the fact of such condition as above stated. It shall be the duty of the Board of Health to have this section printed on a card and to furnish the owner of each public conveyance with a copy thereof; and it shall be the duty of the owner of such conveyance to display such card in such conveyance. And the owner or person in charge of such conveyance must not, after the entry of any person so infected into his conveyance, allow any other person to enter it without having sufficiently disinfected it under the direction of the Board of Health.

SEC. 37. No person shall let or hire any house, or room, or room in a house in which a communicable disease, dangerous to the public health, has recently existed, until the room or house and premises therewith connected have been disinfected to the satisfaction of the Board of Health, and for the purpose of this section the keeper of a hotel, inn or other house for the reception of lodgers, shall be deemed to let or hire part of a house to any person admitted as a guest into such hotel, inn or house.

SEC. 38. Members of any household in which small-pox, diptheria, scarlet fever or measels exists, shall abstain from attending places of public amusement, worship or education, and as far as possible, from visiting other private houses.

SEC. 39. The clothing, bed clothing and bedding of persons who have been sick with any communicable disease, dangerous to the public health and the rooms which they have occupied during such sickness, together with their furniture, shall be disinfected under the direction of the Board of Health.

SEC. 40. No animal effected with a communicable disease, dangerous to public health, shall not be brought or kept within the limits of this borough except by permission of the Board of Health, and bodies of animals dead of such disease or killed on account thereof, shall not be buried within five hundred feet of any residence, nor disposed of otherwise than as the said Board of Health Officer shall direct.

SEC. 41. No milk which has been watered, adulterated, reduced or changed in any respect from its natural condition by the addition of any foreign substance, shall be brought into, held, kept or offered for sale at any place in this borough.

SEC. 42. No meat, fish, birds, fowls, fruit, vegetables, milk and nothing for human food not being then healthy, fresh, sound, wholesome, fit and safe for such use, nor any animal or fish that died by disease, and no carcass of of any calf, pig or lamb, which at the time of its death was less than four week old, and no meat therefrom shall be brought within the limits of this borough or offered or held for sale as food any where in said borough.

SEC. 43. It shall be the duty of the occupant of every house within the limits of this borough in the month of May in each and every year, to cleanse the cellar thereof of all dirt, vegetable and other impure matter calculated to engender disease, and to cause them to be thoroughly whitewashed with fresh lime.

SEC. 44. It shall be the duty of every adult and every parent, guardian or master of every minor, residing within the limits of this borough who has not had small-pox, or been vaccinated so as to have taken cow-pox regularly, to be, if an adult, vaccinated, or, in case of a minor, to cause such minor to be vaccinated, within six months from the date of the passage of this ordinance, unless unable to do so by reason of poverty; and it shall be lawful for any regularly educated physician residing in this borough on application of such resident adult, or parent, master or guardian of such resident minor, as are unable by reason of poverty to pay the vaccination fee, to vaccinate said adult or said minor and present his bill therefor, properly authenticated, for an amount not exceeding the fee usually charged for such service, and to recover the same of and from the corporation.

SEC. 45. No pupil shall be allowed to attend the public schools of this borough who has not been vaccinated successfully within seven years.

SEC. 46. No parent, guardian or master, in whose house or family there shall have been a communicable disease, dangerous to public health, shall permit any child residing in said house or family to attend any public, private or Sunday School, after the cessation of said disease, within a period of ten days after the house shall have been thoroughly disinfected and cleansed, and it shall be the duty of the school board to have this section printed on cards, mentioning the names of the diseases declared communicable and dangerous to the public health, in this ordinance and posted in every school room in this borough; and it shall be the duty of each teacher to read the section to the school at least once a month and whenever any epidemic shall appear. And it shall be the duty of the Board of Health to have this section printed on cards and furnished to every private school, academy, seminary, kindergarten and Sunday School in this borough and request the person or persons in charge of such private institutions to post such cards in conspicuous places, and read the section to the school at least once a month, and whenever any epidemic shall prevail.

SEC. 47. Every undertaker or other person who may have charge of the funeral of any dead person, shall secure a properly filled out certificate of death and its probable cause, in accordance with the form prescribed by the State Board of Health, and shall present the same to the designated officer or member of the Board of Health, and obtain a burial or transit permit therewith, at least twenty-four hours before the time appointed for such funeral, and he shall not remove any dead body until such burial or transit permit shall have been procured.

SEC. 48. Every person who acts as a sexton or undertaker, or cemetery keeper within the limits of this borough, or has charge or care of any tomb, vault, burying ground or other place for the reception of the dead, or where the bodies of any human beings are deposited, shall so conduct his business and so care for any such place above named, as to avoid detriment or danger to the public health; and every person undertaking preparation for the burial of a dead body from communicable disease as herein before enumerated, shall adopt such precautions as the Board of Health may prescribe to prevent the spread of such disease. No dead body shall be exhumed and removed between the months of May and October inclusive, and no body dead from small-pox shall ever be exhumed and removed.

SEC. 49. Every person violating sections 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 39, 40, 41, or 42 of this ordinance, shall be liable, for every such offense, upon conviction before any burgess, justice or magistrate, to a fine of not less than $10 or more than $100, at the discretion of the convicting burgess, justice or magistrate, besides costs, which the convicting burgess, justice or magistrate may inflict if he sees fit.

SEC. 50. Every person violating any other section or provision of this ordinance, shall be liable for every such offence, upon conviction before any burgess, justice or magistrate, to a fine of not less than $5 or more than $20, at the discretion of the convicting burgess, justice or magistrate, besides costs, which the convicting burgess, justice or magistrate may inflict if he sees proper.

SEC. 51. All police officers, constables and watchmen are enjoined, and all citizens are respectfully desired to give information to the Board of Health, of any violation of these ordinances providing for the cleanliness and health of the borough may be fully executed, and all offenders promptly punished.

SEC. 52. All Ordinances or parts of Ordinances inconsistant herewith be, and are hereby repealed.

Ordinances presented to the Town Council of the Borough of Patton, Cambria county, Pa., for the better preservation of the Public Health, by the Board of Health for above mentioned Borough.

Attest:—JOHN BOYCE,
Pres. Board of Health.
J. HARRY McCORMICK, M. D. Sec.

FIFTH AVENUE RESTAURANT,
I. R. SNYDER, Prop'r,
Fifth avenue, below Beck's Hotel, will serve good meals at all hours. Keeps everything to be had in a first-class restaurant. Oysters served in every style. We make a specialty of
OYSTERS IN THE HALF SHELL.

MAHAFFEY HOUSE
Mahaffey, Clearfield Co., Pa.
Accommodations first-class. Best of Liquors and Wines at the bar. Stabling attached.
GEORGE FERGUSON,
6tf Prop'r.

AUGUST K. HUBER,
STONE MASON,
Mellon Avenue, PATTON, PA.
I am prepared to do all kinds of work in my line at reasonable prices. Contracts taken and estimates furnished when desired. Satisfaction guaranteed. Give me a call.

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4th Ave., near R. R. Station.
Shoes made to order and repairing of all kinds done promptly. Prices moderate. 18tf.

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Attorney-at-Law,
PATTON, PA.
Office in the Good Building.

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CONTRACTOR & BUILDER.
25 Years Experience.
All Work Guaranteed to Give Good Satisfaction According to Plans and Specifications.
Am stopping at the Commercial Hotel.

P. P. Young & Bro.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
FRESH MEAT
OF ALL KINDS.
Bologna, Lard, Etc.
FIFTH AVENUE,
Patton, Pa.

W. E. Probert,
—ARTISTIC—
Barber and Hair Dresser,
IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.
NEXT DOOR TO POSTOFFICE.

A. G. Diehl,
(Successor to Samuel E. Jones,)
PRACTICAL BLACKSMITH,
Magee Avenue,
Across Chest Creek.
HORSE SHOEING
A specialty. Prices are moderate. All work done with neatness and dispatch.
Call and See Me,
A. G. DIEHL,
Patton, Pa.

The Patton
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Represents the following old reliable Fire Insurance companies:
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HOME, of New York,
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Will attend to all business with promptness and fidelity.
Office opposite the Mountain House.

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—DEALER IN—
Flour and Feed, Hay, Grain, Lime, Etc.,
Prices the Lowest for
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Store on Beach Avenue, near R. R. Depot.

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PALMER HOUSE,
J. M. Robinson, Prop'r.
Located on the corner of Magee and Fifth avenues, in the central and business part of the town, only one minute's walk from the railroad station.
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Rates, $2.00 per day.
—o—
A Modern Hotel, heated by steam—entirely new—sample rooms—livery in connection—first-class in every respect—headquarters for Commercial men.
—o—
Good Bar in connection.

A Modern Time Piece
Is a necessary companion. There are Watches and Watches, but the Watches that
JAS. W. HOY,
sells you will run and keep time with the sun. A full line of Wathes and Clocks at lowest prices.
Repairing and Engraving
a Specialty. All repair work Guarranteed. Full line of Spectacles. Yours eyes fitted accurately.
Good Building, Patton, Pa.

Everbody is cordially invited to call and see our large stock of goods which are offered for sale at our store
AT A REASONABLE PRICE.
It will be our constant effort to supply the wants of all our customers and keep a good class of goods to select from. We have a full line of
DRY GOODS, BOOTS AND SHOES, GRCERIES,
And everything kept in a first-class general store. We make a specialty of the best grades of
FLOUR, - FEED, - HAY, - GRAIN, - ETC.
A large assortment of CARPETS, OIL CLOTH, MATTING, Etc., kept on hand. Also QUEENS, WARE, DISHES and TINWARE.
All kinds of Shelf Hardware kept on hand.
No trouble to show goods. Come in and look around.
Respectfully.
GEO. S. GOOD,
Patton, Pa.

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will interest you. They have a complete line of choice, seasonable goods, embracing almost everything in the general merchandise line, which they are offering to the public at the lowest possible
Hard Times Prices!
Right Goods At the Right Prices,
Is the Text of Their Story.
Corner Magee and Fifth Avenues.