The Elk Advocate,

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER, Devoted to the Interests of the People of Elk Co IS PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY JOHN F. MOORE. Office in the Court House.

Terms-One Dollar and Fifty Cents per annum, invariably in advance. No deviation from these terms.

Rates of Advertising.

Transient Advertisemements pers qure of 10 lines or less, 3 times or less......\$2 00

1 square....\$7 00 | column....\$20 00 2 squares....12 00 | column.....\$5 00 3 squares....15 00 | column.....\$66 00 The above rates will be strictly adhered to in all advertising from this date.

BLANKS.

Single quire....\$2 50 6 quires \$3 qr..\$1 75 3 quires \$9 qr... 2 50 Over 6. \$9 qr... 1 50 #ANDBILLS.

sheet. 25 or less 2 00 | 1 sheet. 25 or less 5 00 | 4 sheet. 24 or less 9 00 | Nov. 28, 1867.

JOHN F MOORE.

Editor and Proprietor. TIME OF HOLDING COURT. Second Monday in January.

Last Monday in April. First Monday in August. First Monday in November.

J. S. BORDWELL, M. D.

ECLECTIC PHYSICIAN The word eclectic means to choose or select medicines from all the different schools of medicine; using remedies that hre safe, and discarding from practice all "Wellicines that have an impurious effect on the leftfem, such as mercury, antimony.

lend, copper, &c.
I lay aside the lance—the old blood-letter, reducer or deposter, and equalize the circulation and restere the system to its natural state by alteratives and tonics. I shall bereafter give particular attention to chronic diseases, each as l'obenmatism, Dyspepsia, Liver complaint, Catarrh, Neu-ralgia, diseases of the throat, urinary organs, and all diseases peculiar to females, &c.

CATARRH I treat with a new instrument of a late invention, which cures every case. TEETH extracted without pain. Office and residence south of the jail on Centre St. Office hours from 7 to 8 a. m.

12 to 1 p. m; 6 to 7 p. m. Dec. 23'67.-ly. J. S. BORDWELL.

GREAT REDUCTION PRICE OF FURNITURE !

Mr. Charles L. Bayer desires respectful-y to inform the citizens of Eik County that he has now the most complete, cheapest. and best lot of Furniture in the county.His Furniture is all made in his own shop. he can therefore warrant it to be neat and durable. He has a large assortment of Bureaus, Lounges, Sofas, Cuairs, Tables, War-Irobes, Cupboards, Bookcases, Bookstands, Washstands, Towel Racks, Hall Racks, What Nots, Bedsteads of Whitewood Walnut and Cherry, Brackets, Picture Frames, and everything usually kept in a first class Furniture Ware-Room.

He has connected with his establishment a steam turning lathe, which will enable him to do all kinds of turning in a neat and

workmanlike manner.
All he asks is a fair trial, and if his wares do not give satisfaction, he will re-

fund the money.
CHARLES L. BAYER.

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEW ING MACHINES .- The under signed having been appointed Sole Agent for the sale of Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines for Elk county. He keeps an assortment constantly on hand. Machines sold at Philadelphia and New Yor prices.— Any parties desirous of obtaining address J. K. WILLTMG J. K. WHITMORE, March 9t-'66-1y.

NOTICE OF APPEAL.—The Commissioners of Lik County, will hold ap-

Feb. 18, for Spring Creck, at Irwins. 19, for Jones, at the Wilcox House.

20, for Highland, at Charles Stubbs. 25, for Horton, at D. Oysters,

26, for Fox, at John Kochs. 27, for Jay, at M. Spangler's, 28, for Benezet, at Aliza Winslaw's,

Mar. 2, for St. Mar's at M. Wellendorf's. 3, for Benzinger, at J., Windfelder's.

4, for Ridgway, at Com. Office.
On the 5th of March the appeal on un seated lands will be held at hidgway.

PROPOSALS FOR LUMBER!

The C. lumbia Bridge Company will receive proposals, addressed to G. B. Robers, Chief Enginneer, Office Pennsylvania Railroad Company, Philadelphia, until February 20, 1868, for about

3,300 000 Feet White Pine, B. M. 700,000 Feet White Oak, B. M. 1,900 000 Shert Joint Shingles,

To be delivered on the framing ground, at the Bridge in Columbia, Pa., on or before the 1st day of August 1868.

The lumber to be of the best quality of

bridge lumber, and subject to the inspec tion, measurement, and approval of such Agent as the Company may appoint. Detailed bills and specifications oured by addressing G. B. ROBERTS, Penn's R. R. Office, Philad's. Feb. 8, '68 3t.

ATTENTION LUMBERMEN!

THE EAGLE TURBINE WATER WHEEL, patented July 30, 1867, is superior to any wheel in use. signed have the agency for said wheel in the State of Pennsylvania, and can recome mend it as being the best manufactured. For further particulars, and circulars, in quire at our Foundry in Kersey, where machinery, mill-gearing, castings and steam engines will be made to order at reasonable prices. We expect by giving satisfaction in our work to receive a good share of public patronage.

J. F. ROBERTSON, R. BELL

Kersey, Pa., jan16 1868pd.

HE ELK ADVOCATE

RIDG WAY, PENNA. FEBRUARY 29, 1868.

JOHN F. MOORE, Editor & Proprietor.

VOLUME SEVEN-NUMBER 50

A Wonderful Bream.

It was during the year 1861, in the thriving little town of Argentiere, near the foot of the Chevennes Mountains, in France. The day was charming. Many of the inhabitants were traversing the highways, erjoying the agreeable ness of the weather. Among the number was a tall young man, apparently not more than twenty five years of age. In his right he eareied a cane, and in his left a small carset bag. His gait was quick, and from his expression be seemed to be bent upon some important er rand. In this manner he went along, occasionally glancing around to view the surrounding objects. He had hardly gone more than a quarter of a mile when he came to a small street, which was in the suburbs of the town. He turned and proceeded up this. Pres. ently, after walking but a short distance, he arrived at an ion. Here he hesitated; and after viewing the exterior, he muttered to himself the following words:

" It is very singular that this is the first inn I have seen throughout my route. However, I will put up here."

So saying, he entered the building, and baving registered his name, he was shown to a room. After ordering his dinner, he went into his apartment to rest hi nself. His order was immediately responded to, and after eating, he prepared to retire, intending to partake of a long and hearty sleep, so that early the next morning he might visit the various merchants of the town. He ascordingly went to bed and was soon wrapped in slumber. While thus sleephe had a dream that made the strongest impression on him. We will give it as from the lips of the dreamer:

" I thought I had arrived at the same town, but in the middle of the evening, which was really the case; that I had put up at the same inn, and gone out immediately, as an unacquainted stranger would do, in order to see whatever was worthy of observation in the place. I walked down the main street into anoth er street apparently leading into the country. I had gone no great distance when I came to a church, which I stopped to examine. After satisfying my curiosity, I advanced to a by-path which branched off to the main street. Obeying an impulse which I could neither account for nor control, I struck into this path, though it was winding, rough and unfrequented, and presently reached a miserable cottage, in front of which was a garden covered with weeds. I had no difficulty in getting into the garden, for the hedge had several wide gaps in it. I approached an old well that stood solitary and gloomy in a distant corner; and looking down into it, beheld, without any possibility of this take, a corpse which had been stabbed in several places. I counted the wounds and wide gashes. There were six."

At this moment he awoke with his bair on end, trembling in every limb, and cold drops of perspiration bedewing his forcheud-awoke to find himself comfortably in bed, his carpet-bag lying near him, and the morning sun beaming through his curtains. What a difference! He sprang from his bed, dressed himself, and as it was yet early, sought an appetite for his breakfast by a morning walk. He went accordingly into the street and strolled along. The farther he went the stronger came the confused recollection of the objects that presented themselves to his view.

"It is very strange," said he, to him self; "I have never been in this place before, and I could swear that I've seen this house, and the next, and that other on the left."

On he went, till he came to a corner of a street crossing the one down which he had come. Before long he arrived at the church with the same architectural features that had attracted his notice in the dream; and then the high road, along which he had pursued his way, coming at length to the same by path that had presented itself to his imagination a few hours before-there was no possibility of doubt or mistake. Every tree and every turn was familiar

doubting that the next moment would bring him to the cottage; and this was really the case. In all its exterior appearances it corresponded with what he had seen in his dream. Who, then, could wonder that he determined to as. certain whether the coincidence would hold good in every point? He entered the garden, and even went round the cottage, which seemed to be inhabited; but nowhers' could be find any signs of a well. He then hastened back to the inn in a state of excitement hard to de. scribe. He could not make up his mind to allow such extraordinary coincidences to pass unnoticed. But how was he to obtain a clue to the awful mystery? He went to the landlord, and asked him directly to whom the cottage belonged that was on the by-

"I wonder, sir," said he, " what caus ed you to take such particular notice of that wretched little hovel? It is inhabited by an old man and his wife, who have the character of being very unsocial. They scarcely ever leave the house, see nobody, and nobody goes to see them. I never heard anything ngainst them beyond this. Of late, their very existence appears to have been forgotten, and I believe that you are the first who for years has turned their

steps to the lonely spot."

These details, instead of satisfying his curiosity, only roused it the more. Breakfast was served, but he could cat none; and he felt that it he presented himself to the merchants in such a state of excitement they might think him mad. He walked up and down the room and looked out of the window, endeavoring to interest himself in a quarrel between two men in the street; but the garden and cottage preoccupied his mind; and at last, snatching up his hat, he made his way into the street. Hastening to the nearest magistrate, be re-

"It is very strange," said the officer, and after what has happened, I don't think it would be right to leave the mate ter without further investigation, I command; you can then go once more to the hovel, and search every part of it. You may, perhaps, make some very important discovery."

He allowed but a very few migutes to elapse before he was on his way accompanied by the two officers. After knocking at the door, and waiting for some time, the old man opened the door. He received them somewhat uncivily, but showed no mark of suspicion when they told him they wished to search the

"Very well; as fast and as soon as you please," was the reply. " Have you a well here?"

" No. sir; we are obliged to get our water from a spring about a quarter of a mils distant."

They searched the house, but discovered nothing of any consequence. Meanwhile the old man gazed upon them with an impenetrable vacancy of look, as if he could not understand why they were intruding on his property. Finally, they forsook the cottage, with. out finding anything to corroborate their suspicions. By this time a number of persons had collected together outside, having been drawn to the spot by the sight of a stranger with two policemen. They were asked if they knew anything of a well in those parts. They replied they did not; the idea seemed to per. plex them. At length an old woman came forward leaning on a crutch.

"A well?" said she. "Is it a well you are looking for? That has been gone this thirty years. I remember as if it were yesterday, how I used to throw stones into it just to hear them splash in the water."

"Do you remember where that well used to be?" asked the gentleman: "

" As near as I can recollect," replied the old woman, " it is on the very spot where you are now standing."

tto suddenly started as if he had trodden upon a serpent. They at once to him. He harried forward, no longer commenced digging up the ground.

At about twenty inches deep, they came to a layer of brick, which being broken up, revealed some rotten boards. These were easily removed, when they beheld the dark mouth of the well.

"I was quite certain that was the spot," said the old woman. "What a fool you were to stop it up, and then have to travel so far for water !"

A sounding line, furnished with hooks, was now let down into the well-the crowd hard pressing around them breath lessly bending over the black and fetid hole, the secrets of which seemed hidden in impenetrable obscurity. This like a stun wall. was repeated several times without any result. At length, penetrating below of considerable weight; and after much time and effort they succeeded in raising it from the obscure hole. It was an old chest. The sides and lid were decayed, and it needed no locksmith to open it. Within it they found what they were sure they would find, and which filled the spectators with korror -the remains of a human body.

The police officers now rushed into the house and secured the old man. As to his wife, she at first could not be found. But, after a fatiguing search, she was discovered beneath a pile of times. wood, being much bruised by the heavy logs above her. By this time nearly the whole population of the town had collected around the spot.

The old couple were brought before the proper authorities and separately examined. The man persisted in his denial most obstinately; but his wife at once confessed that she and her husband, a very long time ago, had murdered a pedlar wno possessed a large sum of money. He had passed the night at their house; and they, taking advantage of the heavy sleep that encompassed him, had strangled him, after which they placed his body in a chest. The lated the whole circumstance briefly chest was thrown into a well, and the well stopped up.

The two criminals had reason to believe themselves free from detection, as there were no witnesses of the crime, and its traces had been carefully concealwill place two of the police at your ed. Nevertheless they had not been able to hush the voice of conscience. They fled from their fellow men. They were intimidated at the slightest noise, and silence thrilled them with fear. They had often thought of flying to some distant land; but some inexplicable influence kept them near the remains of their victim. Terrified by the deposition of his wife, the old man at length made a similar confession; and six weeks after the guilty couple ex pired on the scaffold.

GRANT AND HANCOCK .- The corres pondence between these officers, upon the occasion of the removal, by the latter, of nine members of the City Couneil of New Orleans, shows that General Hancock is a man whose ability, firmness and will are at least equal to those of the General-in-Chief. He removed these councilmen, of whom several were negroes, because they dared to violate one of his orders. Gen. Grant immediately directed him to suspend the order of removal, and to send him, by mail, a statement of his reasons for issuing it. Gen. Hancock telegrophed, in reply, that his own action had been in strict conformity to that of General Mower in a similar case, and which had been approved by the General in Chief; that his self respect as Commander of the District had made it absolutely necessary for him to issue it; and to suspend the order would be to destroy his usefulness there. He then added that, if after this statement it should still be required of him to revoke his order, his sense of what he considered due to himself and to his position, would compel him to ask to be relieved of his present command. This firm and manly protest of Gen. Hancock had its effeets upon the mind of General Grant, who instantly telegraphed him not to suspend the order. It is thus that the right triumphs when it is bravely and ably championed.

-The sleighing continues good.

Jash Billings on the Grow. Next to the monkey, the crew laz the most deviltry to spare. They are born very wild, can be tomed ag casy in

a goat kan, but a tame crow is skitcely vorse than a sore thumb.

If there is conything a bout the hence that they kant get into, it is becau-e the thing aint big rauff, I had rather watch a distrikt skool than one time crow. Crows live on what they can steal, and they will steal anything that aint tied down.

They are fond ov most wittles, and are the first to hold an laquest ever a departed hoss, or a still sheep. They are a fine bird to hunt, but a hard one to kill; they kan see 2 miles first, and will smell a gun right through the side ov a mountain.

They are not songstirs although they have a good voice to cultivate, but what they do sing they seem to understand thoroughly; long practiss has made them perfect.

The crow is a tuff bird, and kan stand the heat like a blacksmith and the cold

They b'ld their nest among a treeand lay twice, and both eggs would the mud, the hooks caught in something batch out if the wazlaid in a snow bank there ain't no such thing as stopping a

Crows are very lengthly-I believe they live always; I never knu one to die a natral deth, and don't believe tha

The are alway thin in flesh, and are like an injun rubber shu; poor inside and out.

The are not considered fine eating, although I have read somewhere ov bil. ed crow, but still I never heard ov the same man hankering for biled crow 2

This essa on the crow is capied from natur and it it is true I aint to blame for it-datur made the crow, I didn't.

Clippings from Exchanges.

-The President of the Loyal League at Leesburg, Virginia, is in jail for horse stealing.

-A shoemaker at Havana, recently murdered his wife by chopping her to pieces with an axe.

-Bishop Morris, of the M. E. Church, recommends the appointment of a number of new bishops.

-A man in Chesterfield, New Hampshire, weighs 100 pounds, his wife 300, one of his daughters 200, and the other -A number of dishonest railroad

conductors in New Hampshire have got themselves into trouble by retaining fares to a large amount. -It is suspected that a young lady

in Bangor, Maine, who died recently, was poisoned by an overdose of arsenic, which she was in the liabit of taking to improve her complexion. -A large Democratic mass meeting

was held in New Orleans on the 15th instant. Resolutions were adopted endorsing President Johnson, and affiliating with the Northern Democracy. -At Mound City, Ill., there are eight

Monitors laid up, and as the care of them is rather a costly and troublesome job. it is proposed to excavate a basin, at the cost of \$100,000 in which they may be allowed to rot or rust without further expense. -- Hon Thomas C. McCreary, of

Davis county, Ky., has been elected to fill the unexpired term in the United States Senate, made vacant by the res. ignation of Senator Guthrie. Mr. McCreary is a Democrat of commanding abilities. -A large number of counterfeit \$2

United States legal tender notes are in circulation. They are distinguishable by the courseness of the vignetic of Hamilton, and the peculiar color of the green ink with which the black is

-A gathering of leading Democrats from all parts of the country will short,. ly he held at New York, with a view especially to elicit the opinion of representative men from different sections, as to the availability of certain persons whose names are beginning to be mentioned as candidates for President and Vice President.

-About 150 persons sat down to a horseflesh banquet recently in London, many of whom were tamous opicures .-The banquet was made up of various dishes and sauces, and a monster joint of roast horse weighing 280 pounds, was carved and served up. A correspondent of the London Times says it was certainly a meat which once tasted, would be taken without hesitation.